Registration No. 333-248247

### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 3 TO FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

## Corsair Gaming, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

3577 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

82-2335306 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

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(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\hfill\Box$ 

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\Box$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

П П Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company П

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered(1)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price Per Share	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(2)	Amount of Registration Fee(3)
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	16,100,000	\$18.00	\$289,800,000	\$37,616

- Includes 2,100,000 shares of common stock that may be sold if the option to purchase additional shares of common stock granted by the Registrant and the selling (1) stockholders named herein to the underwriters is exercised.
- Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine

Subject to completion, dated September 18, 202

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

14,000,000 Shares



#### Common Stock

This is an initial public offering of common stock of Corsair Gaming, Inc. We are selling 7,500,00 shares of our common stock. The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus are offering an additional 6,500,000 shares of our common stock. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares by the selling stockholders.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the common stock. It is currently estimated that the initial public offering price per share will be between \$16.00 and \$18.00.

Following the completion of this initial public offering, we expect to be a "controlled company" under the Nasdaq rules and will be exempt from certain corporate governance requirements of such rules. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to this Offering" and "Principal and Selling Stockholders."

Our common stock has been approved for listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "CRSR."

We will be treated as an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, for certain purposes until we complete this offering. As such, in this registration statement we have taken advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations that apply to emerging growth companies regarding audited financial information and executive compensation arrangements.

See "See" beginning on page 18 to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	<u>Per Share</u>	IOlai
Initial public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds to Corsair Gaming, Inc., before expenses	\$	\$
Proceeds to the selling stockholders, before expenses		

<sup>(1)</sup> See "Underwriting" for a description of the compensation payable to the underwriters.

To the extent that the underwriters sell more than 14,000,000 shares of common stock, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional 2,100,000 shares from the selling stockholders at the initial public offering price less the underwriting discount.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares to purchasers on or about , 2020.

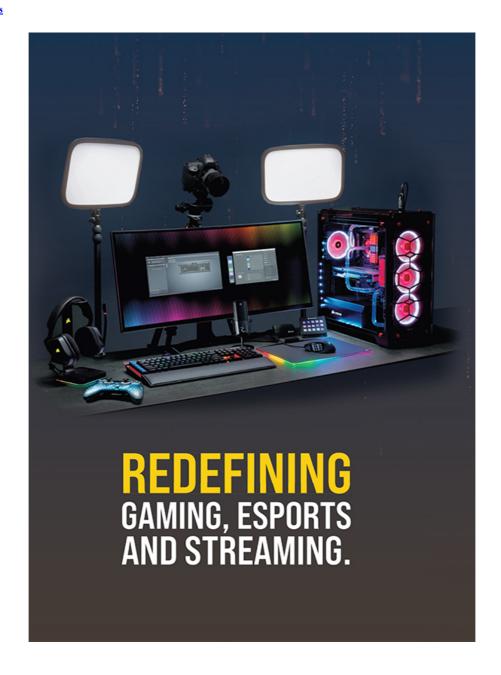
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC Barclays Credit Suisse

Macquarie Capital Baird Cowen Stifel

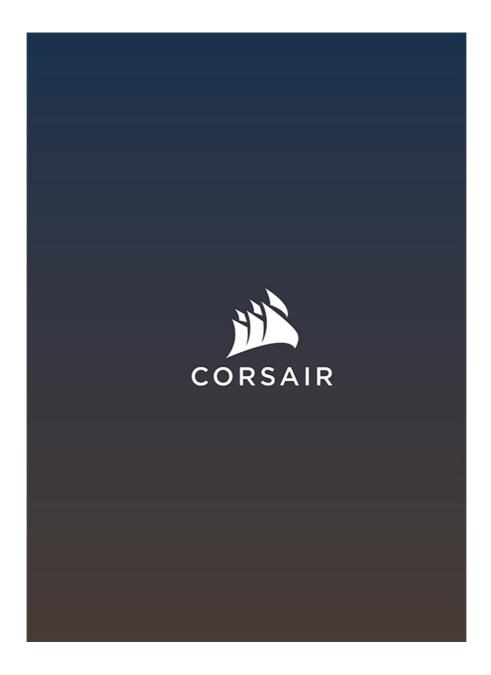
Co-Managers

Wedbush Securities Academy Securities

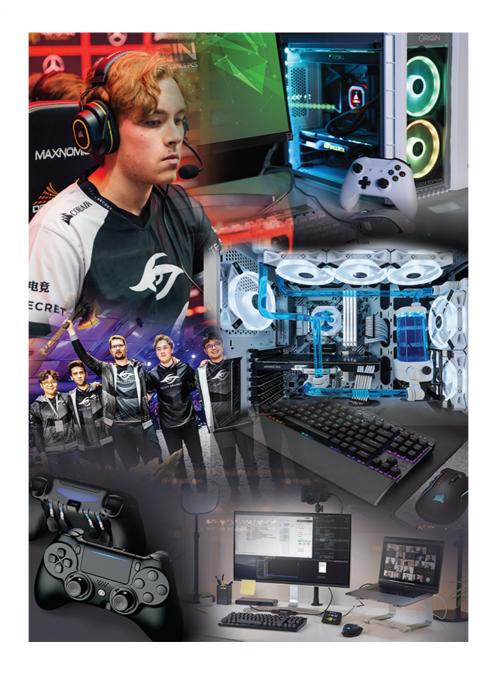
Prospectus dated , 2020.



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The most successful player in Call of Duty history with 33 Major Championships.

Twitter: 830.8k Instagram: 203k Twitch: 393k

"Virtuoso by far has the best audio out of all the headsets I've used"

A former Rainbow Six Siege champion turned streamer. KingGeorge is recognized as one of the most popular figures in the Rainbow Six Community.

Twitter: 120.7k Instagram: 131k Twitch: 761k

"The M55 RGB PRO is a great lightweight mouse for the fast-paced gameplay of FPS games. It's comfortable to grip and fits my hand better than most of the other mice out there that I've tried."





# (S) SCUFGAMING

One of the most notable controller players in the world. He has won multiple tournaments across many games including Gears of War, Fortnite, and Call of Duty.

Twitter: 1.5M Instagram: 2.2M Twitch: 4M YouTube: 2.7M

"I've used SCUF controllers for the last 5 years and it's always been my controller of choice even before I was partnered.... SCUF controllers allow me to keep my thumbs on the joysticks while doing everything that I need to do."



"I would literally not be able to stream without Elgato. You guys make products that are easy enough for anyone to use, but so powerful that it seems like I have a full studio team behind me."

Twitter: 86.6k Instagram: 16k Twitch: 672k Facebook: 15.5k \$40,000+ raised for charity







### **ORIGIN**

Meyers Leonard, also known as The Hammer, is an American professional basketball player for the Miami Heat who is an investor in FaZe Clan and streams on Twitch in his spare time.

"The dopest PC on the planet. Custom Miami Vice / ML Hammer design. The team at @ORIGINPC absolutely crushed this project! Thank you!"

Social media stats taken 06/08/2020



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We and the selling stockholders have not authorized anyone to provide any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this prospectus or in any free writing prospectuses we have prepared. We, the selling stockholders and the underwriters take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the shares offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of our common stock.

Through and including , 2020 (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to a dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to an unsold allotment or subscription.

For investors outside of the United States: Neither we, the selling stockholders nor the underwriters have done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. You are required to inform yourself about, and to observe any restrictions relating to, this offering and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

Numerical figures included in this prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, numerical figures shown as totals in various tables may not be arithmetic aggregations of the figures that precede them.

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#### **INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA**

Certain of the market data and other statistical information contained in this prospectus, such as the size, growth and share of the industries and the constituent market segments we operate in, are based on information from independent industry organizations and other third-party sources, industry publications, surveys and forecasts. Some market data and statistical information contained in this prospectus, such as our leadership position in the cooling solutions market, are also based on management's estimates and calculations, which are derived from our review and interpretation of the independent sources, our internal market and brand research and our knowledge of the industries we operate in. While we believe such information is reliable, we have not independently verified any third-party information, and our internal data has not been verified by any independent source. Information that is based on estimates, forecasts, projections or similar methodologies is inherently subject to uncertainties, and actual events or circumstances may differ materially from events and circumstances that are assumed in this information.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all the information that you should consider before deciding to invest in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including "Risk Factors" and our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. Unless we state otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all information in this prospectus gives effect to the Reorganization defined and described below. In this prospectus, the terms "Corsair" "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Corsair Gaming, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries after giving effect to the Reorganization described below. References to the "selling stockholders" refer to the selling stockholders named in this prospectus.

#### Overview

We are a leading global provider and innovator of high-performance gear for gamers and content creators. Our industry-leading gaming gear helps digital athletes, from casual gamers to committed professionals, to perform at their peak across PC or console platforms, and our streaming gear enables creators to produce studio-quality content to share with friends or to broadcast to millions of fans. We design and sell high-performance gaming and streaming peripherals, components and systems to enthusiasts globally.

We have served the market for over two decades and many of our products maintain a number one U.S. market share position, according to data from NPD Group and internal estimates. We have built a passionate base of loyal customers due to our brand authenticity and reputation as provider of innovative and finely engineered products that deliver an uncompromising level of performance.

Competitive gaming rewards speed, precision and reliability. As in other sports, specialized high-performance gear such as gaming mice, keyboards, headsets and performance controllers allow digital athletes to perform at their best. Modern games also require significant processing power to render high-resolution graphics, and reward the speed and precision of user inputs, driving demand for powerful gaming components and systems. Further, in a world where the ability to create content is democratized and competition for viewer engagement is greater than ever, content creators, particularly streamers, are increasingly seeking ways to maximize the quality of their video capture and broadcasting, which requires specialized high-performance gear.

Our solution is the most complete suite of gear among our major competitors, and addresses the most critical components for both game performance and streaming. Our product offering is enhanced by our two proprietary software platforms: iCUE for gamers and Elgato's streaming suite for content creators. These software platforms provide unified, intuitive performance, and aesthetic control and customization across their respective product families. We group our gear into two categories:

- Gamer and creator peripherals. Includes our high-performance gaming keyboards, mice, headsets and controllers, as well as our streaming gear including capture cards, studio accessories, among others.
- Gaming components and systems. Includes our high-performance power supply units, or PSUs, cooling solutions, computer cases, and DRAM modules, as well as high-end prebuilt and custom-built gaming PCs, among others.

We believe our brand, scale and global reach provide significant competitive advantages. As of June 30, 2020, we had shipped over 190 million gaming and streaming products since 1998, with over

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85 million in the past five years. Our gear is sold to end users in more than 75 countries, primarily through online and brick-and-mortar retailers, including leading global retailers such as Amazon and Best Buy, and through our direct online channel. Due to our gamer and creator-centric design philosophy we have received over 4,000 product awards from magazines and websites in approximately 45 countries since 2016, of which more than 3,500 were "Gold," "Editor's Choice," "Approved," or similar awards, including multiple perfect "10 out of 10" or similar perfect ratings.

We believe our brand, market position and operational excellence will allow us to continue to capture a growing share of the rapidly expanding gaming and streaming gear market, estimated at over \$36 billion in 2019 by Jon Peddie Research. We intend to continue to grow by offering market-leading gear to gamers and content creators, expanding the breadth of our product suite to meet the needs of our customers, growing our worldwide market share, continuing to invest in marketing, product innovation and sales, and selectively pursuing accretive acquisitions.

Since 2017, our net revenue has grown significantly. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our net revenue was \$855.5 million, \$937.6 million, \$1,097.2 million, \$486.2 million and \$688.9 million, respectively. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our gross margin was 20.2%, 20.6%, 20.4%, 19.3% and 26.7%, respectively. We generated net income (loss) of \$7.4 million, \$(13.7) million, \$(8.4) million, \$(15.9) million and \$23.8 million for 2017, 2018, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our adjusted operating income was \$63.1 million, \$61.6 million, \$65.8 million, \$18.3 million and \$72.4 million, respectively, our adjusted net income was \$34.3 million, \$20.0 million, \$27.5 million, \$0.6 million and \$43.6 million, respectively and our adjusted EBITDA was \$67.5 million, \$67.4 million, \$71.6 million, \$20.8 million and \$76.7 million respectively. Our revenue, gross margin, net income (loss), adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA each increased for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019 to the same period in 2020 from \$973.1 million to \$1,299.9 million, from 20.1% to 24.2%, from \$(26.7) million to \$31.3 million, from \$51.2 million to \$119.9 million, from \$7.4 million to \$70.4 million and from \$56.6 million to \$127.6 million, respectively.

Adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA are not financial measures under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. See "Selected Financial Data—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for an explanation of how we compute these non-GAAP financial measures and for their reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. Net revenue, gross margin and net income for the year ended December 31, 2017 are unaudited pro forma financial information derived from the audited statements of operations of the Predecessor and Successor. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of the pro forma amounts.

#### **Our Industry**

Since traditional arcade games of the 1970s, gaming has evolved into the mainstream and taken a central place in the global entertainment landscape. There were an estimated 2.6 billion gamers worldwide across all devices spending more than \$148.8 billion on games in 2019, according to Newzoo. Based on the latest available Nielsen data, gaming today represents approximately 11% of leisure time in the United States, surpassing activities such as using social media and messaging.

In parallel, digital content creation today has democratized, with content sharing, video-first communication and voice-chat being the norm among creators, viewers and gamers. Streaming is now ubiquitous, with over 2 billion monthly users watching pre-recorded videos on YouTube and over 12

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billion live streaming hours watched across Twitch, YouTube Gaming and Facebook Gaming in 2019. Further, viewership of eSports, the peak of competitive gaming, has grown to surpass multiple traditional, mature sports. For example, the League of Legends World Championship attracted over 100 million live viewers in November 2019, which is comparable to the live viewers on FOX's broadcast of the Super Bowl in February 2020, and more than five times than the viewers for game six of the 2019 NBA Finals. A virtuous circle of eSports players, viewers and revenue, catalyzed by the growing proliferation of streaming, is both attracting new gamers and increasing the performance focus of existing gamers, who advance from less engaged gaming to high-performance gameplay.

Historically, gamers and streamers were required to use hardware that was designed for office use, lacking integration capabilities and, most importantly, the performance and features necessary to maximize a gamer's or streamer's potential. Because both gaming and streaming have reached a level of innovation, sophistication and competition that, even on an amateur level, allows for limited margin for error, competitive gamers and streamers require high-performance gear.

#### **Our Market Opportunity**

The global gaming PC and streaming gear markets, including peripherals, components and prebuilt PCs and laptops specifically designed for PC gaming, totaled approximately \$36 billion in 2019, according to Jon Peddie Research.

In 2019, there were an estimated 524 million PC gamers, comprising committed, competitive and casual PC gamers. Approximately 94 million of these gamers spent over \$1,000 on their gaming PC systems. These gamers, comprising committed and competitive PC gamers, represented approximately \$30 billion of the global gaming PC gear market. Further, approximately 27 million of these gamers, comprising committed PC gamers, spent over \$1,800 on their gaming PC systems, representing \$18 billion of the global gaming PC gear market. Globally, committed, competitive and casual gamers are estimated to have each spent on average \$651, \$179 and \$14, respectively, on gaming PC gear in 2019.

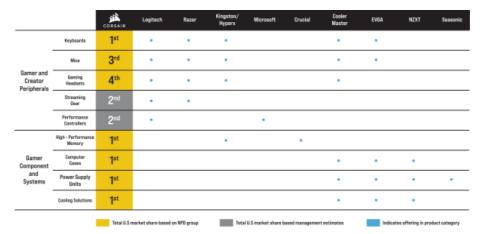
Further, there were an estimated 729 million console gamers globally in 2019, according to Newzoo, driving demand for gaming console gear including controllers and console headsets. In addition, there were an estimated 6 million committed streamers on Twitch and YouTube alone in 2019, with those who purchased streaming gear spending an average of over \$240 on capture cards, Stream Decks, microphones, lighting and other streaming gear in 2019.

As gaming, eSports and streaming continue to expand in the mainstream, casual gamers increasingly aspire to emulate committed gamers such as eSports athletes, and amateur streamers increasingly seek to improve their production value quality. We expect this will bring new customers into the gaming and streaming gear market, and push existing customers to improve their performance and content quality, in part through related gear spending.

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#### **Our Market Leadership**

Our focus on gamers and content creators, and our dedication to providing them with integrated high-performance gear have earned us a number one U.S. market share position in many of our key product lines according to June 2020 data from the NPD Group on a trailing twelve month basis and internal estimates.



We maintain our market leadership by staying true to the following principles:

- We practice a gamer- and creator-centric design philosophy. Gamers look for gaming gear to play the most
  sophisticated games at the highest performance levels, while being able to customize such gear for differentiated
  control and style. Similarly, content creators seek gear that delivers exceptional production quality while remaining low
  in complexity, so they can focus on maximizing creativity. We continue to update and improve our gear on a regular
  basis to address the changing needs of gamers and content creators.
- We prioritize high performance and professional quality. Our gaming and streaming gear meets our customers'
  demanding requirements and features highly differentiated characteristics, including: gaming precision and speed, live
  streaming quality and user experience, gaming PC performance, durability and ergonomics.

### **Our Competitive Strengths**

We are a leading global provider and innovator of high-performance gaming gear. We believe that we have a strong position in our target market, which consists of gamer and creator peripherals, and gaming components and systems markets, as a result of the following competitive strengths:

 Leading brand recognition for performance drives strong customer loyalty. Since our founding in 1994, we have shipped more than 190 million gaming and streaming products as of June 30, 2020 and actively nurtured a passionate and engaged global customer base by maintaining a long history of delivering innovative, finely engineered

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products that have expanded the frontiers of gaming performance. As a result, we believe we have established ourselves as a leading brand among gaming enthusiasts and streamers, many of whom are active and prominent in eSports and act as ambassadors for our branded gear.

- Differentiated, gamer and streamer-centric R&D engine focused on delivering a broad portfolio of highperforming gear. We are an innovation-driven company with a rigorous development process designed to consistently deliver high-performance and quality gaming and streaming gear to the market. Our focus on innovation and performance has also earned us significant industry recognition.
- **Differentiated software-driven ecosystem.** Since our inception, we have concentrated our efforts on helping gamers succeed, which has led us to develop what we believe to be the most complete ecosystem of high-performance gaming gear in the market, which is connected through our iCUE software. We have applied the same ethos to our product development for streaming gear, developing a suite of streaming software under our Elgato brand that help streamers optimize their gear and maximize content quality.
- Global sales and distribution network. As a global company, we have developed a comprehensive worldwide
  marketing and distribution network. In this network, we have established a multichannel sales model and have longstanding relationships with key distributors and retailers globally, as well as direct-to-consumer sales channels. We
  currently ship to more than 75 countries across six continents, with our gear being sold at leading retailers including
  Amazon, Best Buy, JD.com, MediaMarkt and Walmart.
- Management team of visionary leaders with deep industry experience and proven ability to execute. We have
  a strong management team of experienced and talented executives with a track record of execution and deep
  industry knowledge.

#### **Our Growth Strategy**

We intend to grow our business by increasing value to our customers, expanding our market opportunity and further differentiating ourselves from competitors. Key components of our strategy include:

- Advance as the global leader in high-performance gaming and streaming gear. The gaming and streaming gear
  category is benefiting from the growing popularity of eSports and streaming, which are driving an increase in gaming
  and streaming participants as well as spend per participant on high-performance gear. We believe our brand name,
  high-performance gear and market position will allow us to capture a large share of this market growth and we intend
  to continue to make significant marketing investments in leading eSports teams, athletes, streamers and social media
  influencers.
- Continue to develop innovative, market-leading gaming and streaming gear. We intend to prioritize investment
  in creating innovative gaming and streaming gear and related software to enhance the customer experience by
  delivering cutting-edge technology.
- Expand into new gear and services that grow our market opportunity. Since our inception, we have successfully entered a number of new gear categories, including

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gaming PC peripherals, streaming accessories, console controllers, and prebuilt and gaming PCs and laptops. As the gaming and content creation landscape continues to evolve, we intend to continue to introduce new products and services to address our customers' new and changing needs, and to grow our market opportunity.

- Leverage our software platforms to sell more gear to existing customers. Our software platforms integrate and
  enhance our ecosystem of gaming and streaming gear, which drives customer loyalty and allows us to successfully
  sell additional gear to existing customers.
- Strengthen relationships with end-users by increasing direct-to-consumer sales. Through our acquisitions of
  Origin and SCUF in 2019, we acquired two companies whose sales are primarily generated through direct-toconsumer channels. While sales from this channel are a relatively small contributor to our revenue today, we believe
  direct-to-consumer sales represent a significant avenue to drive growth by facilitating increased market penetration
  across our product categories.
- Continue to grow market share globally. As a globally recognized brand, we have a footprint that reaches customers in more than 75 countries. We will continue to invest in enhancing our sales and distribution infrastructure to expand our leadership position in the Americas and Europe. In the gaming peripherals market, we have increased our U.S. market share from 5.0% in December 2013 to 18.3% in June 2020 on a trailing twelve month basis according to NPD Group. We are a clear market leader in the gaming PC components market. According to NPD Group, we have increased our U.S. market share from 26.2% in December 2015 to 41.9% in June 2020 on a trailing twelve month basis. Additionally, for the twelve months ended June 2020, we had number one U.S. market share in gaming computer cases with a 18% market share, cooling solutions with a 53% market share, PSUs with a 42% market share and high-performance memory with a 54% market share. We view the Asia Pacific region as a long-term growth opportunity and recently invested in our local sales force and regional management to build out distributor networks and retail partnerships.
- Selectively pursue complementary acquisitions. We plan to evaluate, and may pursue acquisitions, such as our
  acquisitions of Elgato, Origin and SCUF, which we believe strengthen our capabilities in existing segments as well as
  diversify our product offerings, broaden our end-user base or expand our geographic presence.

#### **Our Solutions**

We design our high-performance gear to address the needs of gamers and content creators. To help our customers perform at their peak, whether in game or on camera, we have developed the industry's most complete integrated ecosystem of gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems.

- Gamer and creator peripherals. Our gamer and creator peripherals seek to provide the fastest, highest fidelity, and most seamless interface between digital athletes and their game, and content creators and their viewers. Our solutions include our high-performance gaming keyboards, mice, headsets, and controllers, as well as our streaming gear including capture cards, Stream Decks, microphones and studio accessories, among others.
- Gaming components and systems. We develop and sell high-performance gaming components to help gamers build their own custom gaming PCs. We also develop and sell complete high-performance gaming systems using our gaming components. Our

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prebuilt systems and user-built systems are designed to deliver maximum performance, all the while providing our customers the design aesthetic and customizability they demand. Our solutions include our high-performance power supply units, or PSUs, cooling solutions, computer cases, and DRAM modules, as well as high-end prebuilt and custom-built gaming PCs, among others.

• **PC Gaming Software**. Our product offering is enhanced by our two proprietary software platforms: iCUE for gamers and Elgato's streaming suite for content creators. These software platforms provide unified, intuitive performance, and aesthetic control and customization across their respective product families.

Our iCUE software platform powers the full range of our gear from a single intuitive interface, providing advanced performance tuning, user customization and system monitoring. By enabling our customers to fine tune the response of our gaming gear to maximize performance and match their personal preferences and styles of play, we believe that iCUE provides a distinct competitive advantage.

#### **Risks Associated with Our Business**

Investing in our stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described in "Risk Factors" before making a decision to invest in our common stock. If any of these risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition and results of operations would likely be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of our common stock would likely decline and you may lose part or all of your investment. Below is a summary of some of the principal risks we face:

- Our competitive position and success in the market depend to a significant degree upon our ability to build and
  maintain the strength of our brand among gaming enthusiasts and any failure to build and maintain our brand may
  seriously harm our business.
- Our success and growth depend on our ability to continuously develop and successfully market new gear and
  improvements. If we are unable to do so, demand for our current gear may decline and new gear we introduce may
  not be successful.
- We depend upon the introduction and success of new third-party high-performance computer hardware, particularly
  graphics processing units, or GPUs, and central processing units, or CPUs, and sophisticated new video games to
  drive sales of our gear. If newly introduced GPUs, CPUs and sophisticated video games are not successful, or if the
  rate at which those products are introduced declines, it may seriously harm our business.
- We face intense competition, and if we do not compete effectively, we could lose market share, demand for our gear could decline and our business may be seriously harmed.
- If the gaming industry, including streaming and eSports, does not grow as expected or declines, our business could be seriously harmed.
- Our growth prospects are, to a certain extent, connected with the ongoing growth of streaming and eSports, and any
  reduction in the growth or popularity of streaming and eSports may seriously harm our business.

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- If we lose or are unable to attract and retain key management, our ability to compete could be seriously harmed and our financial performance could suffer.
- We rely on highly skilled personnel and if we are unable to attract, retain or motivate key personnel or hire qualified
  personnel our business may be seriously harmed.
- Currency exchange rate fluctuations could result in our gear becoming relatively more expensive to our overseas
  customers or increase our manufacturing costs, each of which may seriously harm our business.
- Total unit shipments of our gear tend to be higher during the third and fourth quarters of the year. As a result, our sales are subject to seasonal fluctuations, which may seriously harm our business.
- The coronavirus outbreak has had, and could continue to have, a materially disruptive effect on our business.
- We have identified material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting. If our remediation of the
  material weaknesses is not effective or we otherwise fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls in the
  future, we may not be able to accurately or timely report our financial condition or results of operations, which may
  adversely affect investor confidence in us and, as a result, the value of our common stock.
- · We are controlled by a single stockholder, whose interest in our business may be different than yours.
- We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of the Nasdaq Global Select Market or, Nasdaq, rules and, as a result, will qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements. You will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to such requirements.

### The Reorganization and the Acquisition Transaction

In connection with the consummation of this offering, we completed a corporate reorganization, or the Reorganization, which was substantially comprised of the transactions set forth in this section.

Prior to the Reorganization, we had 843.46 shares of common stock outstanding, certain of our subsidiaries and assets were held by other entities and management and certain other holders held units in our direct parent, Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, or EagleTree. EagleTree, through its general partner, is managed by affiliates of EagleTree Capital, LP, a private equity investment firm. In addition, prior to the Reorganization we had 852.3 shares of preferred stock outstanding, which in connection with the Reorganization converted into 0.56 shares of our common stock in order to simplify our capital structure.

Separately, because prior to the Reorganization our North American operations and the majority of our international operations were conducted by certain operating subsidiaries held by separate entities, Corsair Gaming, Inc. and Corsair Holdings (Lux) S.à r.l., or Corsair Luxco, respectively, each of which was substantially owned by and under common control of EagleTree, part of the Reorganization included the transfer of all of the outstanding capital stock of Corsair Luxco to Corsair Gaming, Inc. so that all of our subsidiaries and assets are either directly or indirectly owned by

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Corsair Gaming, Inc. As consideration for all of the outstanding stock of Corsair Luxco, Corsair Gaming, Inc. issued 2,095.64 shares of our common stock to EagleTree. Following this transaction and the others mentioned above, we had 2,939.66 shares of common stock outstanding.

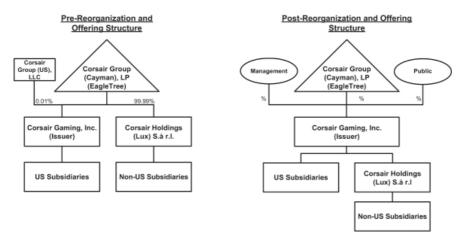
In order for management and certain other holders to hold our common stock directly, part of the Reorganization also included us entering into one or more exchange agreements with such holders, pursuant to which such holders will exchange EagleTree units for shares of our common stock on a pro rata basis to their holdings in EagleTree prior to the Reorganization. Further, the holders of outstanding options to acquire units in EagleTree pursuant to the Corsair Gaming (Cayman) LP's 2017 Equity Incentive Program, or the 2017 Program, had their outstanding options assumed and converted into options to purchase our common stock on a pro rata basis with an adjusted exercise price to reflect the assumption. In connection with this assumption, we also assumed the 2017 Program by Corsair Gaming. Inc.

Following the above, we implemented a 1-for-28,693.596843964 stock split resulting in there being 84,349,366 shares of our common stock outstanding following the Reorganization but prior to the completion of this offering. Following the stock split and prior to the offering, the direct non-EagleTree holders of Corsair Gaming, Inc. common stock will own substantially the same ownership percentage in Corsair Gaming, Inc. as they did in EagleTree before the Reorganization. As a result of the Reorganization, prior to our initial public offering, EagleTree holds substantially all of our outstanding common shares and will hold approximately 77.6% of our common shares (or 75.3% if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full) following the consummation of this offering.

On August 28, 2017, EagleTree consummated the purchase of the shares of the subsidiaries of Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd., or Predecessor, for aggregate consideration of approximately \$550 million, or the Acquisition Transaction. In the Acquisition Transaction, Corsair Gaming, Inc. acquired the interests of the operating subsidiaries conducting our North American operations and Corsair Holdings (Lux) S.à r.l. indirectly acquired the operating subsidiaries conducting our international operations. Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd. is our Predecessor for financial reporting purposes.

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The following chart generally summarizes our organizational structure prior to and following the Reorganization and the offering. This chart is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to represent all legal entities owned or controlled by us:



#### **Corporate Information**

We were originally incorporated in 1994 and began selling branded high-performance gaming PC memory in 1998. In connection with the Acquisition Transaction, Corsair Gaming, Inc. was formed as a Delaware corporation on July 19, 2017. Our corporate headquarters are located at 47100 Bayside Pkwy, Fremont, CA 94538, and our telephone number is +1 (510) 657-8747. Our website address is www.corsair.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and does not constitute a part of this prospectus.

#### **JOBS Act**

We will be treated as an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act, for certain purposes until the earlier of the date on which we complete this offering or December 31, 2020. As such, in this prospectus we have taken advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations that apply to emerging growth companies regarding audited financial information and executive compensation arrangements.

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#### THE OFFERING

Issuer Corsair Gaming, Inc.
Common stock offered by us 7,500,000 shares.

Common stock offered by the selling stockholders 6,500,000 shares.

Common stock to be outstanding after this offering 91,849,366 shares.

Option to purchase additional shares of common 2,100,000 shares.

stock from the selling stockholders

Use of proceeds We estimate that the net proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock in this

offering by us will be approximately \$111.6 million, at an assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus), after deducting the underwriting discounts and

commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We currently expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock in this offering by us for debt reduction, working capital and general corporate purposes. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders in this offering. See "Use of Proceeds" for a more complete description of the intended use of proceeds from

this offering.

Risk factors Investing in shares of our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk

Factors" for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before investing

in shares of our common stock.

Controlled Company

After the consummation of this offering, we will be considered a "controlled company" for the purposes of the Nasdaq rules as EagleTree will, in the

company" for the purposes of the Nasdaq rules as Eagle I ree will, in the aggregate, have more than 50% of the voting power for the election of directors. See "Principal and Selling Stockholders." As a "controlled company," we will not be subject to certain corporate governance requirements, including that: (1) a majority of our board of directors consists of "independent directors" as defined under the rules of Nasdaq; (2) our board of directors have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee purpose and responsibilities; and (3) our director nominations be made, or recommended to the full board of directors, by our independent directors or by a nominations committee that is composed entirely of independent directors and that we adopt a written charter or board resolution addressing the nominations process. As a result, we may not have a majority of independent directors on our board of

directors, an entirely independent nominating and

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corporate governance committee or an entirely independent compensation committee, unless and until such time as we are required to do so. See "Management—Controlled Company Exception."

Nasdaq Global Select Market symbol

"CRSR"

In this prospectus, the number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after this offering is based on 84,349,366 shares of our common stock being outstanding as of June 30, 2020, assuming the Reorganization occurred as of such date, see "— Reorganization", and excludes:

- 10,164,388 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options, assuming the Reorganization had occurred as of June 30, 2020, having a weighted-average exercise price of \$5.38 per share;
- 5,125,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Incentive Award Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under this plan (including any additional shares due to an automatic increase from any award terminating, expiring or lapsing under the 2017 Program without any shares being delivered), which will become effective immediately prior to the consummation of this offering; and
- 1,025,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Employee Stock
  Purchase Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future
  issuance under this plan, which will become effective immediately prior to the consummation of this offering.

Unless otherwise indicated, this prospectus reflects and assumes:

- · the completion of the Reorganization;
- the filing of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and the adoption of our amended and restated bylaws, which will occur immediately prior to the consummation of this offering;
- no exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option to purchase additional shares of common stock from the selling stockholders; and
- no exercise of outstanding options after June 30, 2020.

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#### **SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA**

As a result of the Acquisition Transaction, we applied purchase accounting and a new basis of accounting beginning on August 28, 2017, the date of the Acquisition Transaction. Further, we were required by GAAP to record all assets and liabilities at fair value as of the effective date of the Acquisition Transaction. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented for two periods: (i) the accounts of Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries through August 27, 2017 and (ii) our and our subsidiaries' accounts on and after August 28, 2017. We refer to the periods through August 27, 2017 as the Predecessor and the periods on and after August 28, 2017 as the Successor. These periods have been separated by a line on the face of the financial statements to highlight the fact that the financial information for such periods has been prepared under two different historical-cost bases of accounting.

The summary statement of operations data as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the period from January 1, 2017 to August 27, 2017, which relate to the Predecessor, and for the period from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017, which relate to the Successor, are derived from audited financial statements that are not included in this prospectus. The summary statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2018 and 2019, which relate to the Successor, are derived from audited financial statements that are included in this prospectus. The summary statement of operations data for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020 and the summary balance sheet data as of June 30, 2020 are derived from our unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We have prepared the unaudited financial statements on the same basis as the audited financial statements and have included, in our opinion, all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that we consider necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information set forth in those statements. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future and our historical results for the six months ended June 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the remainder of 2020.

Although the period from January 1, 2017 to August 27, 2017 relates to the Predecessor and the period from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017 relates to the Successor, in order to assist in the period to period comparison, we are presenting an unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of such pro forma information.

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You should read the following financial information together with the information under "Capitalization," "Selected Financial Data," "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our combined consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Predecessor							Successor										
	Year Ended December 31,			Period from January 1 to August 27,		·	Period from August 28, 2017 to December 31,		Pro Forma Year Ended December 31.		Year Ended December 31,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
	20	2015 2016		2017		"	2017		2017		2018 2019			2019 202			2020	
	(In thousands)		<u> </u>		(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)		(Unaudited) (In thousands)		(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)			(Unaudited) (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)						
Statements of Operations Data: Net revenue	\$ 5	509.752	\$	595,402	s	489.439	\$	366.110	\$	855.549	\$	937.553	•	1.097.174	\$	486,247	\$	688.925
Cost of revenue		412,084	Ф	467,424	Ģ	393.204	Ф	289,854	φ	683,058	Φ	744,858	Φ	872,887	Þ	392.640	à	505,239
Gross profit	_	97,668		127,978	_		_	76,256	_		_	192,695	-	224,287	-		_	
Operating expenses:		97,008		127,978		96,235		70,250		172,491		192,695		224,287		93,607		183,686
Product development		12.170		14.997		11.955		9.199		25.598		31.990		37.547		18.899		23.383
Sales, general and		12,170		14,551		11,555		5,155		25,550		31,330		37,347		10,033		25,565
administrative		60,573		73,175		69,326		54,526		117.596		138,915		163,033		76.181		110,556
Total operating expenses	_	72,743	_	88,172	_	81.281	_	63,725	_	143,194	_	170,905	_	200,580	_	95,080	_	133,939
Operating income (loss) from		12,140		00,172	_	01,201	_	00,720	_	140,104	_	170,505	_	200,000	_	35,000	_	100,000
continuing operations		24.925		39.806		14,954		12.531		29.297		21.790		23,707		(1,473)		49.747
Other (expense) income:		24,525		33,000		14,554		12,551		29,291		21,730		25,707		(1,473)		45,141
Interest expense		(4,543)		(3,474)		(2,249)		(8,753)		(24,490)		(32,680)		(35,548)		(17,944)		(18,946)
Other (expense) income, net		(1,385)		(2,236)		613		(96)		517		183		(1,558)		(1,078)		(52)
Total other expense		(5,928)		(5,710)	_	(1,636)	_	(8.849)		(23,973)	_	(32,497)	_	(37,106)	_	(19,022)	_	(18,998)
Income (loss) from continuing		(0,020)		(0,710)	-	(1,000)	_	(0,043)	_	(20,010)	-	(02,431)	_	(07,100)	_	(10,022)	-	(10,000
operations before income taxes		18,997		34,096		13.318		3.682		5,324		(10,707)		(13,399)		(20,495)		30.749
Income tax (expense) benefit		(3,401)		(5,519)		(4,775)		1,877		2,115		(3,013)		5,005		4,570		(6,932)
Net income (loss) from continuing	_	(0,401)		(0,010)	_	(4,770)	_	1,077	_	2,110	_	(0,010)		0,000		4,070	_	(0,502
operations		15.596		28.577		8.543		5.559		7.439		(13,720)		(8,394)		(15,925)		23,817
Discontinued operations:  Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes		(111)				_				-		-		_		_		
Income tax benefit		319			_		_		_				_		_			
Net income from discontinued																		
operations		208																
Net income (loss)	\$	15,804	\$	28,577	\$	8,543	\$	5,559	\$	7,439	\$	(13,720)	\$	(8,394)	\$	(15,925)	\$	23,817
Net income (loss) per share(1) (Successor)																		
Basic							\$	0.07			\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.28
Diluted							\$	0.07			\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.28
Weighted-average shares used to compute net income (loss) per share (Successor)																		
Basic							l <u> </u>	75,024,636			_	75,457,693	_	6,223,451		5,881,321		84,088,872
Diluted								75,024,636				75,457,693	_7	76,223,451	7	5,881,321	- 1	86,201,471
Non-GAAP financial measures(2):							1 =										_	
Adjusted operating income	\$	27,878	\$	42,202	\$	30,703	\$	32,413	\$	63,116	\$	61,578	\$	65,768	\$	18,259	\$	72,427
Adjusted net income	\$	17,917	\$	30,450	\$	23,989	\$	23,133	\$	34,324	\$	19,993	\$	27,504	\$	646	\$	43,563
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	29.990	\$	43,269	\$	33,765	\$	33,773	\$	67.538	\$	67,431	\$	71.594	\$	20.758	\$	76,739

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Net income per share information for the Predecessor periods is not presented because it is not meaningful due to the change in capital structure that occurred as a result of the Acquisition Transaction.

Adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA are financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the section titled "Selected Financial Data — Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for information regarding our use of these non-GAAP financial measures and their reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

	Predecessor		As Adjusted(1)				
	As of December 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2019	As of June 30, 2020	As of June 30, 2020 audited)	
Cash and restricted cash	\$ 49.014	\$ 19.030	\$ 27.920	\$ 51.947	\$ 111.315	\$ 136,315	
Inventories	94,854	114,986	149,022	151,063	144,386	144,386	
Working capital	90,344	102,081	97,199	129,880	137,961	162,961	
Intangible assets, net	19	259,363	247,812	291,027	271,772	271,772	
Goodwill	_	203,122	226,679	312,750	310,682	310,682	
Total assets	236,716	734,607	810,993	1,059,718	1,126,904	1,151,904	
Debt, net	70,959	284,156	422,717	505,812	493,218	406,643	
Deferred tax liabilities	151	42,314	34,690	33,820	31,657	31,657	
Convertible preferred stock	69,231	_	_	_	_	_	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	33,990	5,560	(93,161)(2)	(106,030)(2)	(82,213)(2)	(82,213)	
Total shareholders' (deficit) equity	(38,229)	254,661	162,702	216,775	240,506	352,081	

As adjusted balance sheet data gives further effect to the sale by us of 7,500,000 shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus), after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds." We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of shares of our common stock in this offering by the selling stockholder; accordingly, there is no impact upon the as adjusted capitalization for these shares.

Reflects the payment of an \$85 million special dividend. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources"

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#### **RISK FACTORS**

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below, together with the risks and uncertainties described elsewhere in this prospectus, including in our financial statements and related notes, before deciding whether to purchase shares of our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, reputation, financial condition, results of operations, revenue and future prospects could be seriously harmed. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that adversely affect our business. Unless otherwise indicated, references to our business being seriously harmed in these risk factors and elsewhere will include harm to our business, reputation, financial condition, results of operations, revenue and future prospects. In that event, the market price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment.

#### Risks Related to Our Business

Our competitive position and success in the market depend to a significant degree upon our ability to build and maintain the strength of our brands among gaming enthusiasts and streamers, and any failure to build and maintain our brands may seriously harm our business.

We regard our brands as a valuable asset, and we consider it essential to both maintaining and strengthening our brands that we be perceived by current and prospective customers as a leading supplier of cutting-edge, high-performance gear for gaming and streaming. This requires that we constantly innovate by introducing new and enhanced gear that achieves significant levels of acceptance among gamers. We also need to continue to invest in, and devote substantial resources to, advertising, marketing and other efforts to create and maintain brand recognition and loyalty among our retailer and distributor customers, gamers. However, product development, marketing and other brand promotion activities may not yield increased net revenue and, even if they do, any increased net revenue may not offset the expenses incurred in building our brands. Further, certain marketing efforts such as sponsorship of eSports athletes, content creators or events could become prohibitively expensive, and as a result these marketing initiatives may no longer be feasible.

If we fail to build and maintain our brands, or if we incur substantial expenses in an unsuccessful attempt to build and maintain our brands, our business may be harmed. Our brands may also be damaged by events such as product recalls, perceived declines in quality or reliability, product shortages, damaging action or conduct of our sponsored eSports athletes or content creators and other events, some of which are beyond our control.

Our success and growth depend on our ability to continuously develop and successfully market new gear and improvements. If we are unable to do so, demand for our current gear may decline and new gear we introduce may not be successful.

The gear we sell, which includes gamer and creator peripherals, and gaming components and systems, is characterized by short product life cycles, frequent new product introductions, rapidly changing technology and evolving industry standards. In addition, average selling prices of some of our gear tend to decline as the gear matures, and we expect this trend to continue. As a result, we must continually anticipate and respond to changing gamer requirements, innovate in our current and emerging categories of gear, introduce new gear and enhance existing gear in a timely and efficient manner in order to remain competitive and execute our growth strategy.

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We believe that the success of our gear depends to a significant degree on our ability to identify new features or category opportunities, anticipate technological developments and market trends and distinguish our gear from those of our competitors. In order to further grow our business, we also will need to quickly develop, manufacture and ship innovative and reliable new gear and enhancements to our existing gear in a cost-effective and timely manner to take advantage of developments in enabling technologies and the introduction of new computer hardware, such as new generations of GPUs and CPUs, and computer games, all of which drive demand for our gear. Further, our growth depends in part on our ability to introduce and successfully market new gear and categories of gear. For example, we entered the console controller market in 2019 following our acquisition of SCUF and in the future intend to introduce other gear designed to appeal to the console gaming market. To the extent we do so, we will likely encounter competition from large, well-known consumer electronics and peripherals companies. Some of these companies have significantly greater financial, manufacturing, marketing and other resources than we do and may be able to devote greater resources to the design, development, manufacturing, distribution, promotion, sale and support of their products. We cannot predict whether we will be successful in developing or marketing new gear and categories of gear and, if we fail to do so, our business may be seriously harmed.

In addition, we have recently implemented a work from home policy for many of our employees as a result of the recent COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak, which may have a substantial impact on attendance, morale and productivity, disrupt access to facilities, equipment, networks, corporate systems, books and records and may add additional expenses and strain on our business. The duration and extent of the impact from the coronavirus outbreak on our business depends on future developments that cannot be accurately predicted at this time, such as the severity and transmission rate of the virus, the extent and effectiveness of containment actions and the impact of these and other factors on our employees. If our employees are required to work from home for many months, it could ultimately negatively impact new gear and improvements and potentially result in delays or releasing significant updates.

If we do not execute on these factors successfully, demand for our current gear may decline and any new gear that we may introduce may not gain widespread acceptance. If this were to occur, our business may be seriously harmed. In addition, if we do not continue to distinguish our gear through distinctive, technologically advanced features and designs, as well as continue to build and strengthen our brand recognition and our access to distribution channels, our business may be seriously harmed.

We depend upon the introduction and success of new third-party high-performance computer hardware, particularly GPUs and CPUs, and sophisticated new video games to drive sales of our gear. If newly introduced GPUs, CPUs and sophisticated video games are not successful, or if the rate at which those products are introduced declines, it may seriously harm our business.

We believe that the introduction of more powerful GPUs, CPUs and similar computer hardware that place increased demands on other system components, such as memory, power supply or cooling, has a significant effect on the demand for our gear. The manufacturers of those products are large, public, independent companies that we do not influence or control. As a result, our business results can be materially affected by the frequency with which new high-performance hardware products are introduced by these independent third parties, whether these products achieve widespread acceptance among gamers and whether additional memory, enhanced PSUs or cooling solutions, new computer cases or other peripheral devices are necessary to support those products. Although we believe that, historically, new generations of high-performance GPUs and CPUs have positively affected the demand for our gear, we cannot assure you that this will be the case in the future. For example, the introduction of a new generation of highly efficient GPUs and CPUs that

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require less power or that generate less heat than prior generations may reduce the demand for both our power supply units and cooling solutions. In the past, semiconductor and computer hardware companies have typically introduced new products annually, generally in the second calendar quarter, which has tended to drive our sales in the following two quarters. If computer hardware companies do not continue to regularly introduce new and enhanced GPUs, CPUs and other products that place increasing demands on system memory and processing speed, require larger power supply units or cooling solutions or that otherwise drive demand for computer cases and other peripherals, or if gamers do not accept those products, our business may be seriously harmed.

We also believe that sales of our gear are driven by conditions in the computer gaming industry. In particular, we believe that our business depends on the introduction and success of computer games with sophisticated graphics that place greater demands on system processing speed and capacity and therefore require more powerful GPUs or CPUs, which in turn drives demand for our DRAM modules, PSUs, cooling systems and other components and peripherals. Likewise, we believe that the continued introduction and market acceptance of new or enhanced versions of computer games helps sustain consumer interest in computer gaming generally. The demand for our gear would likely decline, perhaps substantially, if computer game companies and developers do not introduce and successfully market sophisticated new and improved games that require increasingly high levels of system and graphics processing power on an ongoing basis or if demand for computer games among computer gaming enthusiasts or conditions in the computer gaming industry deteriorate for any reason. As a result, our sales and other operating results fluctuate due to conditions in the market for computer games, and downturns in this market may seriously harm our business.

We face intense competition, and if we do not compete effectively, we could lose market share, demand for our gear could decline and our business may be seriously harmed.

We face intense competition in the markets for all of our gear. We operate in markets that are characterized by rapid technological change, constant price pressure, rapid product obsolescence, evolving industry standards and new demands for features and performance. We experience aggressive price competition and other promotional activities by competitors, including in response to declines in consumer demand and excess product supply or as competitors seek to gain market share.

In addition, because of the continuing convergence of the markets for computing devices and consumer electronics, we expect greater competition in the future from well-established consumer electronics companies. Many of our current and potential competitors, some of which are large, multi-national businesses, have substantially greater financial, technical, sales, marketing, personnel and other resources and greater brand recognition than we have. Our competitors may be in a stronger position to respond quickly to new technologies and may be able to design, develop, market and sell their products more effectively than we can. In addition, some of our competitors are small or mid-sized specialty companies that can react to changes in industry trends or consumer preferences or to introduce new or innovative products more quickly than we can. As a result, our product development efforts may not be successful or result in market acceptance of our gear. Our primary competitors include:

Competitors in the gamer and creator peripherals market. Our primary competitors in the market for gaming keyboards and mice include Logitech and Razer. Our primary competitors in the market for headset and related audio products include Logitech, Razer and Kingston through its HyperX brand. Our primary competitors in the gamer and creator streaming gear market include Logitech, following its acquisition of Blue Microphones, and AVerMedia. Our primary competitors in the performance controller market include Microsoft and Logitech.

Competitors in the gaming components and systems market. Our primary competitors in the market for PSUs, cooling solutions and computer cases include Cooler Master, NZXT, EVGA,

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Seasonic and Thermaltake. Our primary competitors in the market for DRAM modules include G.Skill, Kingston through its HyperX brand and Micron through its Crucial division. Our primary competitors in the market for prebuilt gaming PCs and laptops include Dell through its Alienware brand, HP through its Omen brand, Asus and Razer. Our primary competitors in the market for custom-built gaming PCs and laptops include iBuypower and Cyberpower.

Competitors in new markets. We are considering introducing new gear for gamers or streamers and content creators and, to the extent we introduce gear in new categories, we will likely experience substantial competition from additional companies, including large computer gaming and streaming peripherals and consumer electronics companies with global brand recognition and significantly greater resources than ours.

Our ability to compete successfully is fundamental to our success in existing and new markets. We believe that the principal competitive factors in our markets include performance, reliability, brand and associated style and image, time to market with new emerging technologies, early identification of emerging opportunities, interoperability of products and responsive customer support on a worldwide basis. If we do not compete effectively, demand for our gear could decline, our net revenue and gross margin could decrease and we could lose market share, which may seriously harm our business.

Further, our ability to successfully compete depends in large part on our ability to compete on price for our high-performance gear. Much of the gear we sell is priced higher than products offered by our competitors. If gamers or streamers are not willing to pay the higher price point for our gear, we will either need to discount our gear or our sales volume could decrease. In either event, our business could be seriously harmed.

If gaming, including streaming and eSports, does not grow as expected or declines our business could be seriously harmed.

Over the past two decades, gaming has grown from a relatively niche industry to a significant segment of the global entertainment industry with a wide following across various demographic groups globally. This growth includes, and has been driven by, the rapid expansion of live game streaming by content creators and the growing popularity of professional competitive gaming, also referred to as eSports. However, the continued growth of the video gaming industry will depend on numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control, including but not limited to:

- the rate of growth of PCs and gaming consoles or the migration of gamers to mobile devices and tablets away from PCs, which historically have been the core focus of our business;
- the contained growth of streaming, including its popularity among fans and aspiring content creators and how it impacts their desire to purchase high-performance gaming and streaming gear;
- the continued growth of eSports, including its increasing popularity among fans and amateur eSports athletes and how it
  impacts their desire to purchase high-performance gaming gear;
- · general economic conditions, particularly economic conditions adversely affecting discretionary consumer spending;
- social perceptions of gaming, especially those related to the impact of gaming on health and social development;

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- the introduction of legislation or other regulatory restrictions on gaming, such as restrictions addressing violence in video games and addiction to video games, also referred to as Gaming Disorder by the World Health Organization;
- the relative availability and popularity of other forms of entertainment; and
- · changes in consumer demographics, tastes and preferences.

We generate a significant portion of our net revenue from gaming-related gear. As a result, any decline or slowdown in the growth of the gaming industry or the declining popularity of the gaming industry could materially and adversely affect our business. Further, while Newzoo has reported that there were 2.4 billion mobile gamers in 2019, but because we are focused on developing gear for gamers, we have no specific plans to attract gamers who use only mobile devices or tablets and we have no plans to develop gear specifically designed for gamers who use mobile devices or tablets. As a result, if gamers migrate to mobile devices or tablets and away from PCs and consoles, our business may be seriously harmed. In addition, we cannot assure you that the active demographics in gaming will continue to buy into and drive the growth in gamer culture and the games industry overall nor can we assure you that gaming will expand into new demographics that will drive growth. Further, if gamers' interest in video games is diminished, this may seriously harm our business

Our growth prospects are, to a certain extent, connected with the ongoing growth of eSports and live game streaming and any reduction in the growth or popularity of eSports or live game streaming may seriously harm our business.

The success of our business depends on eSports and live game streaming driving significant growth in the high-performance gaming and content streaming market, which could prompt strong growth in the sales of our gear. However, there are a number of factors which could result in the eSports or live game streaming markets having limited or negative impact on our sales and overall growth. These factors include:

- our competitors marketing products that gain broader acceptance among eSports participants or streamers and content creators;
- eSports amateurs and/or spectators not purchasing our gear that is utilized by eSports athletes and teams or streamers and content creators, including the eSports athletes and teams, and streamers we sponsor;
- the popularity of eSports games that do not utilize any of our gear, for example games that run on mobile devices or tablets that replace more traditional eSports; and
- our research and development and the gear we sell failing to satisfy the increasing high-performance requirements of competitive gamers or streamers.

Further, there are a number of factors which could result in the growth in the eSports or live game streaming markets stagnating, or even decreasing. These factors include:

- consumer interest in watching either live or streamed broadcasts of competitors playing video games diminishing or even disappearing;
- regulations limiting the broadcast of eSports or live streaming;

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- reduced accessibility of streaming and other gaming video content, whether due to platform fragmentation, the erection of paywalls, or otherwise; and
- economics or monetization of eSports performing below expectations, ultimately causing a decrease in outside investments in eSports.

If one or more of the above factors are realized, our business may be seriously harmed.

If we lose or are unable to attract and retain key management, our ability to compete could be seriously harmed and our financial performance could suffer.

Our performance depends to a significant degree upon the contributions of our management team, particularly Andrew J. Paul, our co-founder, Chief Executive Officer and President. If we lose the services of one or more of our key executives, we may not be able to successfully manage our business, meet competitive challenges or achieve our growth objectives. To the extent that our business grows, we will need to attract and retain additional qualified management personnel in a timely manner, and we may not be able to do so.

We rely on highly skilled personnel and if we are unable to attract, retain or motivate key personnel or hire qualified personnel our business may be seriously harmed.

Our performance is largely dependent on the talents and efforts of highly skilled individuals, particularly our marketing personnel, sales force, electrical engineers, mechanical engineers and computer professionals. Our future success depends on our continuing ability to identify, hire, develop, motivate and retain highly skilled personnel and, if we are unable to hire and train a sufficient number of qualified employees for any reason, we may not be able to implement our current initiatives or grow, or our business may contract and we may lose market share. Moreover, certain of our competitors or other technology businesses may seek to hire our employees. We cannot assure you that our stock-based and other compensation will provide adequate incentives to attract, retain and motivate employees in the future, particularly if the market price of our common stock does not increase or declines. If we do not succeed in attracting, retaining and motivating highly qualified personnel, our business may be seriously harmed. Further, we also face significant competition for employees, particularly in the San Francisco Bay Area where our headquarters are located, and as a result, skilled employees in this competitive geographic location can often command higher compensation and may be difficult to hire.

Currency exchange rate fluctuations could result in our gear becoming relatively more expensive to our overseas customers or increase our manufacturing costs, each of which may seriously harm our business.

Our international sales and our operations in foreign countries subject us to risks associated with fluctuating currency exchange rates. Because sales of our gear is denominated primarily in U.S. dollars, an increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the currency used in the countries where our gear is sold may result in an increase in the price of our gear in those countries, which may lead to a reduction in sales. For example, continuing uncertainty of financial conditions in Europe, including concerns regarding the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union, and the resulting economic instability and fluctuations in the values of the Euro and British pound compared to the U.S. dollar have led to variations in the local currency selling prices of, and therefore affected demand for, our gear in Europe and the United Kingdom. Likewise, because we pay our suppliers and third-party manufacturers, most of which are located outside of the United States, primarily in U.S. dollars, any decline in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the applicable local currency, such as the Chinese Renminbi or the New Taiwan dollar, may cause our suppliers and manufacturers to raise the prices

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they charge us. In addition, we generally pay our employees located outside the United States in the local currency and, as a result of our foreign sales and operations, we have other expenses, assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies and changes in the value of the U.S. dollar could result in significant increases in our expenses that may seriously harm our business.

Total unit shipments of our gear tend to be higher during the third and fourth quarters of the year. As a result, our sales are subject to seasonal fluctuations, which may seriously harm our business.

We have experienced and expect to continue to experience seasonal fluctuations in sales due to the spending patterns of gamers who purchase our gear. Our total unit shipments have generally been lowest in the first and second calendar quarters due to lower sales following the fourth quarter holiday season and because of the decline in sales that typically occurs in anticipation of the introduction of new or enhanced GPUs, CPUs and other computer hardware products, which usually takes place in the second calendar quarter and which tends to drive sales in the following two quarters. As a consequence of seasonality, our total unit shipments for the second calendar quarter. We expect these seasonality trends to continue. As a result, our total unit shipments are subject to seasonal fluctuations, which may seriously harm our business.

Our results of operations are subject to substantial quarterly and annual fluctuations, which may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Our results of operations have in the past fluctuated, sometimes substantially, from period to period, and we expect that these fluctuations will continue. A number of factors, many of which are outside our control, may cause or contribute to significant fluctuations in our quarterly and annual net revenue and other operating results. These fluctuations may make financial planning and forecasting more difficult. In addition, these fluctuations may result in unanticipated decreases in our available cash, which could negatively impact our business. These fluctuations also could both increase the volatility and adversely affect the market price of our common stock. There are numerous factors that may cause or contribute to fluctuations in our operating results. As discussed below, these factors may relate directly to our business or may relate to technological developments and economic conditions generally.

Factors affecting our business and markets. Our result of operations may be materially adversely affected by factors that directly affect our business and the competitive conditions in our markets, including the following:

- · changes in demand for our lower margin products relative to demand for our higher margin gear;
- introduction or enhancement of products by us and our competitors, and market acceptance of these new or enhanced products;
- loss of significant retail customers, cancellations or reductions of orders and product returns;
- fluctuations in average selling prices of and demand for our gear;
- · change in demand for our gear due to our gear having higher price-points than products supplied by our competitors;
- · discounts and price reductions offered by our competitors;

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- a delay, reduction or cessation of deliveries from one or more of the third parties that manufacture our gear;
- increased costs or shortages of our gear or components used in our gear;
- changes in the frequency with which new high-performance computer hardware, particularly GPUs and CPUs, and sophisticated new computer games that drive demand for additional DRAM modules, higher wattage PSUs, enhanced cooling solutions and peripherals are introduced;
- fluctuations in the available supply of high-performance computer hardware resulting in the increased costs to gamers, which could ultimately lead to decreased demand for our gaming gear, due to factors such as component supply shortages or gamers purchasing GPUs for non-gaming purposes such as cryptocurrency mining;
- potential changes in trade relations arising from policy initiatives implemented by the current U.S. administration, which has been critical of existing and proposed trade agreements;
- unexpected changes in laws, including tax and trade laws, and regulatory requirements;
- delays or problems in our introduction of new gear;
- delays or problems in the shipment or delivery of gear to customers;
- changes in freight costs;
- · changes in purchasing patterns by the distributors and retailers to which we sell our gear;
- seasonal electronics product purchasing patterns by our retail and distributor customers, as well as the gamers and streamers that purchase their gear directly from us;
- · competitive pressures resulting in, among other things, lower selling prices or loss of market share; and
- cost and adverse outcomes of litigation, governmental proceedings or any proceedings to protect our brand or other intellectual property.

General economic conditions. Our business may be materially adversely affected by factors relating to global, national and regional economies, including:

- uncertainty in economic conditions, either globally or in specific countries or regions;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates;
- outbreaks of pandemics, such as the novel coronavirus;
- the impact of political instability, natural disasters, war and/or events of terrorism;
- macro-economic fluctuations in the United States and global economies, including those that impact discretionary consumer spending such as may result from the recent COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak;
- · changes in business cycles that affect the markets in which we sell our gear; and
- the effect of fluctuations in interest rates on consumer disposable income.

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Technological factors. In addition to technological developments directly relating to our gear, more generalized changes in technology may have a significant effect on our operating results. For example, our business could be seriously harmed by rapid, wholesale changes in technology in or affecting the markets in which we compete or widespread adoption of cloud computing.

One or more of the foregoing or other factors may cause our expenses to be disproportionately higher or lower or may cause our net revenue and other operating results to fluctuate significantly in any particular quarterly or annual period. Our results of operations in one or more future quarters or years may fail to meet the expectations of investment research analysts or investors, which could cause an immediate and significant decline in the market price of our common stock.

#### Cloud computing may seriously harm our business.

Cloud computing refers to a computing environment in which software is run on third-party servers and accessed by end-users over the internet. In a cloud computing environment a user's computer may be a so-called "dumb terminal" with minimal processing power and limited need for high-performance components. Through cloud computing, gamers will be able to access and play graphically sophisticated games that they may not be able to otherwise play on a PC that is not fully equipped with the necessary, and often expensive, hardware. If cloud computing is widely accepted, the demand for high-performance computer gaming hardware products such as the PC high-performance memory, prebuilt and custom gaming PCs and laptops, and other PC gaming components we sell, could diminish significantly. As a result, if cloud computing gaming were to become widely adopted, such adoption could seriously harm our business.

# Conditions in the retail and consumer electronics markets may significantly affect our business and could have an adverse effect on our net revenue.

We derive most of our revenue from higher priced gear sold through online and brick-and-mortar retailers to gamers, and we are vulnerable to declines in consumer spending due to, among other things, depressed economic conditions, reductions in disposable income and other factors that affect the retail and consumer electronics markets generally. In addition, our revenues are attributable to sales of high-performance gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems, all of which are products that are geared to the computer gaming market which, like other consumer electronic markets, is susceptible to the adverse effects of poor economic conditions.

Other significant negative effects could include limited growth or reductions in worldwide sales of products that incorporate DRAM modules, such as PCs, smartphones and servers, resulting in excess supply in the worldwide DRAM market and reduced demand for our gear from our customers as they limit or lower their spending and inventory levels. Adverse economic conditions may also reduce our cash flow due to delays in customer payments, increase the risk of customer bankruptcy or business failures and result in increases in bad debt write-offs and receivables reserves.

Other negative effects on our business resulting from adverse economic conditions worldwide may include:

- · higher costs for promotions, customer incentive programs and other initiatives used to stimulate demand;
- increased risk of excess and obsolete inventories, which may require write-downs or impairment charges;

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- financial distress or bankruptcy of key suppliers or third-party manufacturers, resulting in insufficient product quantities to meet demand or increases in the cost of producing our gear; and
- financial distress or bankruptcy of key distributors, resellers or retailers.

Depressed economic conditions, whether in our key regional markets or globally, could result in a decline in both product prices and the demand for our gear, which may seriously harm our business.

Our sponsorship of individuals, teams and events within the gaming community is subject to numerous risks that may seriously harm our business.

We interact with the gaming community in numerous ways, including through the sponsorship of streamers, eSports events, tournaments, eSports athletes and teams. These sponsored events and individuals are associated with our brand and represent our commitment to the gaming community. We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain our existing relationships with any of our sponsored individuals or teams in the future or that we will be able to attract new highly visible gamers to endorse our gear. Additionally, certain individuals or teams with greater access to capital may increase the cost of certain sponsorships to levels we may choose not to match. If this were to occur, our sponsored individuals, teams or events may terminate their relationships with us and endorse our competitors' products, and we may be unable to obtain endorsements from other comparable alternatives. In addition, if any of our sponsored individuals or teams become unpopular or engage in activities perceived negatively in the gaming community or more broadly, our sponsorship expenditures could be wasted and our brand reputation could be damaged which, in turn, could seriously harm our business.

DRAM integrated circuits account for most of the cost of producing our DRAM modules and fluctuations in the market price of DRAM integrated circuits may have a material impact on our net revenue and gross profit.

DRAM integrated circuits, or ICs, account for most of the cost of producing our DRAM modules. The market for these ICs is highly competitive and cyclical. Prices of DRAM ICs have historically been subject to volatility over relatively short periods of time due to a number of factors, including imbalances in supply and demand. We expect these fluctuations will recur in the future, which could seriously harm our business. For example, changes in the selling prices of our DRAM modules can have a substantial impact on our net revenue as our performance memory products represents a significant portion of our overall net revenue. In addition, declines in the market price of ICs enable our competitors to lower prices and we will likely be forced to lower our product prices in order to compete effectively which could have an adverse effect on our net revenue. Further, because we carry inventories of DRAM ICs and DRAM modules at our facility in Taiwan, fluctuations in the market price of these ICs can have an effect on our gross margin. For example, declines in the prices of these ICs and their related products have tended to have a negative short-term impact on gross margin of our DRAM modules. In addition, selling prices of our DRAM modules, on the one hand, and market prices of DRAM ICs, on the other hand, may rise or fall at different rates, which may also affect our gross margin. Any of these circumstances could materially adversely affect our net revenue and gross margins.

We use DRAM ICs produced by Samsung, Micron and Hynix in our DRAM modules. We purchase those DRAM ICs, pursuant to purchase orders and not long-term supply contracts, largely from third-party distributors and, to a lesser extent, directly from those manufacturers. According to market share data for DRAM IC manufacturers appearing on the website of DRAM Exchange, a market research firm, Samsung, a manufacturer of DRAM ICs, had an approximately 46% share of the

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worldwide DRAM IC market for 2017, compared to approximately 29% for Hynix and approximately 21% for Micron in each case for the same period. However, should supply from any of these vendors be limited, we cannot assure you that we would be able to meet our needs by purchasing DRAM ICs produced by other manufacturers or from agents and distributors. Further, there are a limited number of companies capable of producing the high-speed DRAM ICs required for our high-performance DRAM modules, and any inability to procure the requisite quantities and quality of DRAM ICs could reduce our production of DRAM modules and could seriously harm our husiness.

#### The coronavirus outbreak has had, and could continue to have, a materially disruptive effect on our business.

A novel strain of coronavirus emerged in December 2019. This coronavirus and COVID-19, the disease it causes, has spread globally and has resulted in authorities implementing numerous measures to try to contain the virus, such as travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, shelter-in-place orders and shutdowns. For example, starting in mid-March 2020, the governor of California, where our headquarters are located, issued shelter-in-place orders restricting non-essential activities, travel and business operations for an indefinite period of time, subject to certain exceptions for necessary activities. Such orders or restrictions, have resulted in our headquarters closing, work stoppages, slowdowns and delays, travel restrictions and cancellation of events, among other effects, thereby negatively impacting our operations.

The spread of COVID-19 has and could continue to seriously harm our business. Current and potential impacts include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the extended closures in early February 2020 and slow ramp up of capacity of many factories in China and other
  countries in Asia where many of our products and the components and subcomponents used in the manufacture of our
  gear created, and could continue to create, supply chain disruptions for our gear;
- supply and transportation costs have increased, and may continue to increase, as alternate suppliers are sought;
- labor shortages within delivery and other industries due to extended worker absences could create further supply chain disruptions;
- extended employee absences could negatively impact our business, including potential reductions in the availability of the sales team to complete sales and delays in deliverables and timelines within our engineering and support functions;
- fluctuations in foreign exchange rates could make our products less competitive in a price-sensitive environment for our non-US customers; and
- significant disruption of global financial markets, reducing our ability to access capital, which could in the future negatively
  affect our liquidity, including our ability to repay the indebtedness outstanding from our credit facilities.

The extent to which the COVID-19 outbreak ultimately impacts our business, sales, results of operations and financial condition will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including, but not limited to, the duration and spread of the outbreak, its severity, the actions to contain the virus or treat its impact, and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions can resume. Even after the COVID-19 outbreak has subsided, we may continue to experience significant impacts to our business as a result of its global economic impact, including any economic downturn or recession that has occurred or may occur in the future.

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A significant portion of our net revenue is generated by sales of DRAM modules and any significant decrease in the average selling prices of our DRAM modules would seriously harm our business.

A significant percentage of our net revenue is generated by sales of DRAM modules. In particular, net revenue generated by sales of DRAM modules accounted for a total of 43.7%, 41.8%, 39.1% and 38.2% of our net revenue in 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively. As a result, any significant decrease in average selling prices of our DRAM modules, whether as a result of declining market prices of DRAM ICs or for any other reason, would seriously harm our business. Selling prices for our DRAM modules tend to increase or decrease with increases or decreases, respectively, in market prices of DRAM ICs.

Sales to a limited number of customers represent a significant portion of our net revenue, and the loss of one or more of our key customers may seriously harm our business.

In 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, sales to Amazon, accounted for 17.7%, 22.4%, 25.1% and 26.8% respectively, of our net revenue, and sales to our ten largest customers accounted for 43.4%, 51.0%, 51.6% and 52.4% of the same periods, respectively, of our net revenue. Our customers typically do not enter into long-term agreements to purchase our gear but instead enter into purchase orders with us from time to time. These purchase orders may generally be cancelled and orders can be reduced or postponed by the customer. In addition, our customers are under no obligation to continue purchasing from us and may purchase similar products from our competitors, and some of our customer agreements contain "most favored nation" clauses. Further, while we maintain accounts receivables insurance for many of our customers, we do not maintain such coverage for Amazon or for any customer in China. As a result, if either Amazon or any customer in China were to default on its payment to us, we would not be covered by such insurance, and our business may be seriously harmed. If the financial condition of a key customer weakens, if a key customer stops purchasing our gear, or if uncertainty regarding demand for our gear causes a key customer to reduce their orders and marketing of our gear, our business could be seriously harmed. A decision by one or more of our key customers to reduce, delay or cancel its orders from us, either as a result of industry conditions or specific events relating to a particular customer or failure or inability to pay amounts owed to us in a timely manner, or at all, may seriously harm our business. In addition, because of our reliance on key customers, the loss of one or more key customers as a result of bankruptcy or liquidation or otherwise, and the resulting loss of sales, may seriously harm our business. Additionally, some of our customer agreements contain "most favored nation" clauses.

We have limited manufacturing facilities that only assemble our DRAM modules, custom built PCs, custom cooling and controllers, we have no guaranteed sources of supply of products or components and we depend upon a small number of manufacturers, some of which are exclusive or single-source suppliers, to supply our gear, each of which may result in product or component shortages, delayed deliveries and quality control problems.

We maintain limited manufacturing facilities that only produce DRAM modules, custom built PCs, custom cooling and performance controllers, and as a result, we depend entirely upon third parties to manufacture and supply the gear we sell and the components used in our gear such as gaming peripherals and gaming components. Our gear that is manufactured by outsourced parties is generally produced by a limited number of manufacturers and in some instances is purchased on a purchase order basis. For example, each model of our gaming keyboards, gaming mice, gaming headsets, computer cases, PSUs and cooling solutions is produced by a single manufacturer. We do not have long-term supply agreements with some of our manufacturers and suppliers. In addition, we carry limited inventories of our gear, and the loss of one or more of these manufacturers or suppliers, or a significant decline in production or deliveries by any of them, could significantly limit our shipments of gear or prevent us from shipping that gear entirely.

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Our reliance upon a limited number of manufacturers and suppliers exposes us to numerous risks, including those described below.

Risks relating to production and manufacturing. Our business could be seriously harmed if our manufacturers or suppliers ceased or reduced production or deliveries, raised prices, lengthened production or delivery times or changed other terms of sale. In particular, price increases by our manufacturers or suppliers could seriously harm our business if we are unable to pass those price increases along to our customers. Furthermore, the supply of products from manufacturers and suppliers to us could be interrupted or delayed, and we may be unable to obtain sufficient quantities of our products because of factors outside of our control. For example, our manufacturers and suppliers may experience financial difficulties, be affected by natural disasters or pandemics, have limited production facilities or manufacturing capacity, may experience labor shortages or may be adversely affected by regional unrest or military actions. In addition, we may be slower than our competitors in introducing new products or reacting to changes in our markets due to production or delivery delays by our third-party manufacturers or suppliers. Likewise, lead times for the delivery of products being manufactured for us can vary significantly and depend on many factors outside of our control, such as demand for manufacturing capacity and availability of components. In addition, if one of our exclusive or single-source manufacturers were to stop production, or experience product quality or shortage issues, we may be unable to locate or engage a suitable replacement on terms we consider acceptable and, in any event, there would likely be significant delays before we were able to transition production to a new manufacturer and potentially significant costs associated with that transition.

Risks relating to product quality. Our manufacturers or suppliers may provide us with products or components that do not perform reliably or do not meet our quality standards or performance specifications or are susceptible to early failure or contain other defects. This may seriously harm our reputation, increase our warranty and other costs or lead to product returns or recalls, any of which may seriously harm our business.

Risks relating to product and component shortages. From time to time we have experienced product shortages due to both disruptions in supply from the third parties that manufacture or supply our gear and our inability or the inability of these third-party manufacturers to obtain necessary components, and we may experience similar shortages in the future. Moreover, procurement of the other components used in our gear is generally the responsibility of the third parties that manufacture our gear, and we therefore have limited or no ability to control or influence the procurement process or to monitor the quality of components.

Any disruption in or termination of our relationships with any of our manufacturers or suppliers or our inability to develop relationships with new manufacturers or suppliers as and when required would cause delays, disruptions or reductions in product shipment and may require product redesigns, all of which could damage relationships with our customers, seriously harm our brand, increase our costs and otherwise seriously harm our business. Likewise, shortages or interruptions in the supply of products or components, or any inability to procure these products or components from alternate sources at acceptable prices in a timely manner, could delay shipments to our customers and increase our costs, any of which may seriously harm our business.

If our proprietary iCUE software or Elgato streaming software suite have any "bugs" or glitches, or if we are unable to update the iCUE software or Elgato streaming software suite to incorporate innovations, our business may be seriously harmed

Because most of the gear we sell is linked through either our iCUE software or our Elgato streaming software suite, "bugs" or other glitches in the software may cause it to not perform reliably, meet our quality standards or meet performance specifications. Further, even if we detect any bugs or

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other glitches in the iCUE software or our Elgato streaming software suite we may be unable to update the affected software effectively to remediate these problems. In addition, in order for us to stay competitive, we need to update the iCUE software, Elgato streaming software suit and any other software utilized by our gear, to incorporate innovations and other changes to address gamers and content creators' changing needs. If we are unable to update the iCUE software or our Elgato streaming software suite to include such updates or address any bugs or glitches, its use to gamers and content creators may be substantially diminished, which could seriously harm our business.

The need to continuously develop new gear and product improvements increases the risk that our gear will contain defects or fail to meet specifications, which may increase our warranty costs and product returns, lead to recalls of gear, damage our reputation and seriously harm our business.

Gear that does not meet specifications or that contains, or is perceived by our customers or gamers to contain, defects could impose significant costs on us or seriously harm our business. Our gear may suffer from design flaws, quality control problems in the manufacturing process or components that are defective or do not meet our quality standards. Moreover, the markets we serve are characterized by rapidly changing technology and intense competition and the pressure to continuously develop new gear and improvements and bring that gear and improvements to market quickly heightens the risks that our gear will be subject to both quality control and design problems. Because we largely rely on third parties to manufacture our gear and the components that are used in our gear, our ability to control the quality of the manufacturing process and the components that are used to manufacture our gear is limited. Product quality issues, whether as a result of design or manufacturing flaws or the use of components that are not of the requisite quality or do not meet our specifications, could result in product recalls, product redesign efforts, lost revenue, loss of reputation, and significant warranty and other expenses. In that regard, we have previously voluntarily recalled the SF-series PSUs. Recalls of gear and warranty-related issues can be costly, cause damage to our reputation and result in increased expenses, lost revenue and production delays. We may also be required to compensate customers for costs incurred or damages caused by defective gear. If we incur warranty or product redesign costs, institute recalls of gear or suffer damage to our reputation as a result of defective gear, our business could be seriously harmed

While we operate a facility in Taiwan that assembles, tests and packages most of our DRAM modules and certain other products, we rely upon manufacturers in China to produce a significant portion of our other products, which exposes us to risks that may seriously harm our business.

We operate a facility in Taiwan that assembles, tests, packages and ultimately supplies nearly all of our DRAM modules and a significant portion of our cooling solutions and prebuilt and custom gaming systems. We also assemble, test, package and ultimately supply our custom-built PCs in our U.S. facility, and our customized gaming controllers in our U.S. and U.K. facilities. All of the other gear we sell, including the components used to assemble our DRAM modules, are produced at factories operated by third-parties located in China, Taiwan and countries in Southeast Asia. The fact that all of these facilities, manufacturers, suppliers and factories are concentrated in Taiwan and China exposes us to numerous risks.

We believe one of the most significant risks associated with this concentration in Taiwan and China is that production may be interrupted or limited because of labor shortages in southern China and by strains on the local infrastructure. In addition, production at facilities located in China or Taiwan, including our own manufacturing, testing and packaging facility in Taiwan, and deliveries from those facilities, may be adversely affected by tensions, hostilities or trade disputes involving China, Taiwan, the United States or other countries. There is considerable potential political instability in Taiwan related to its disputes with China. Although we do not do business in North Korea, any future increase in tensions between South Korea and North Korea, such as an outbreak or escalation of military

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hostilities, or between Taiwan and China could materially adversely affect our operations in Asia or the global economy, which in turn may seriously harm our business.

Other risks resulting from this concentration of our manufacturing facilities and our suppliers in Taiwan and China include the following:

- the interpretation and enforcement of China's laws continues to evolve, which may make it more difficult for us to obtain a reliable supply of our gear at predictable costs;
- these facilities are located in regions that may be affected by earthquakes, typhoons, other natural disasters, pandemic
  outbreaks, political instability, military actions, power outages or other conditions that may cause a disruption in supply;
- · our costs may be increased and deliveries of our gear may be decreased or delayed by trade restrictions; and
- our reliance on foreign manufacturers and suppliers exposes us to other risks of doing business internationally, some of which are described below under "We conduct our operations and sell our gear internationally and the effect of business, legal and political risks associated with international operations may seriously harm our business."

In addition, if significant tariffs or other restrictions are placed on Chinese imports or any related counter-measures are taken by China, our business may be seriously harmed if such tariffs or counter-measures affect the manufacturing costs of any of our gear. Further, such tariffs could adversely impact our gross profits if we cannot pass the increased costs incurred as a result of these tariffs through to our consumers, or if the resulting increased prices result in a decrease in consumer demand.

The occurrence of any one or more of these risks may seriously harm our business.

If we do not successfully coordinate the worldwide manufacturing and distribution of our gear, we could lose sales.

Our business requires that we coordinate the manufacture and distribution of our gear over a significant portion of the world. We rely upon third parties to manufacture our gear and to transport and distribute our gear to our customers. If we do not successfully coordinate the timely and efficient manufacturing and distribution of our gear, our costs may increase, we may experience a build-up in inventory, we may not be able to deliver sufficient quantities to meet customer demand and we could lose sales, each of which could seriously harm our business.

Our operating results are particularly sensitive to freight costs, and our costs may increase significantly if we are unable to ship and transport finished products efficiently and economically across long distances and international borders, which may seriously harm our business.

All of our gear is manufactured in Asia, and we transport significant volumes of finished products across long distances and international borders. As a result, our operating results can be significantly affected by changes in transportation costs. In that regard, although we ship our DRAM modules, which have selling prices that are relatively high compared to their size and weight, by air, we generally use ocean freight to ship our other products because of their relatively low selling prices compared to their size and weight. If we underestimate the demand for any of the products we ship by ocean freight, or if deliveries of those products to us by our manufacturers are delayed or interrupted,

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we may be required to ship those products by air in order to fill orders on a timely basis. Shipping larger or heavier items, such as cases or PSUs, by air is significantly more expensive than using ocean freight. As a result, any requirement that we ship these products by air, whether because we underestimate demand or because of an interruption in supply from the manufacturers who produce these products or for any other reason, could materially increase our costs. In addition, freight rates can vary significantly due to large number of factors beyond our control, including changes in fuel prices or general economic conditions or the threat of terrorist activities or acts of piracy. If demand for air or ocean freight should increase substantially, it could make it difficult for us to procure sufficient cargo transportation space at prices we consider acceptable, or at all. Increases in our freight expenses, or any inability to ship our gear as and when required, may seriously harm our business.

Because our gear must cross international borders, we are subject to risk of delay if our documentation does not comply with customs rules and regulations or for similar reasons. In addition, any increases in customs duties or tariffs, as a result of changes to existing trade agreements between countries or otherwise, could increase our costs or the final cost of our gear to our retailer customers or gamers or decrease our margins. The laws governing customs and tariffs in many countries are complex, subject to many interpretations and often include substantial penalties for non-compliance.

# We may be subject to future tax audits in various jurisdictions, which may seriously harm our business.

We operate in multiple jurisdictions, are taxed pursuant to the tax laws of each of these jurisdictions and may be subject to future tax audits in each of these jurisdictions. Because we have substantial operations in a number of locations worldwide, tax authorities in various jurisdictions may raise questions concerning matters such as transfer pricing, whether revenues or expenses should be attributed to particular countries, the presence or absence of permanent establishments in particular countries and similar matters. In addition, we have engaged in a number of material restructuring transactions in various jurisdictions, including in the Acquisition Transaction, and the tax positions we have adopted in connection with these restructuring transactions may be subject to challenge. While we have contractual rights to indemnification in respect of certain taxable periods ending on or before the date of the Acquisition Transaction, such indemnity protection does not address all potential tax risks that may arise from such taxable periods, and we cannot assure you that we would be successful in collecting on an indemnification claim if such tax matters were to arise. Accordingly, a material assessment by a tax authority in any jurisdiction could require that we make significant cash payments without reimbursement. If this were to occur, our business may be seriously harmed.

# Our effective tax rate may increase in the future, including as a result of the Reorganization and recent U.S. tax legislation.

Our effective tax rate may be impacted by changes in or interpretations of tax laws in any given jurisdiction, utilization of or limitations on our ability to utilize any tax credit carry-forwards, changes in geographical allocation of revenue and expense and changes in management's assessment of matters such as our ability to realize the value of deferred tax assets. In the past, we have experienced fluctuations in our effective income tax rate which reflects a variety of factors that may or may not be present in any given year.

As a result of the Reorganization, we acquired a number of non-U.S. affiliated entities with substantial non-U.S. assets and operations. Following the Reorganization, we may be subject to current U.S. federal income taxes on the earnings of such non-U.S. affiliates in a manner that may adversely impact our effective tax rate.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, or Tax Act, was enacted, which has significantly changed the U.S. federal income taxation of U.S. corporations, including by reducing

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the U.S. corporate income tax rate, limiting interest deductions, permitting immediate expensing of certain capital expenditures, adopting elements of a partially territorial tax system, revising the rules governing net operating losses and the rules governing foreign tax credits, and introducing new anti-base erosion provisions. The legislation is unclear in many respects and could be subject to potential amendments and technical corrections, as well as interpretations and implementing regulations by the Treasury and Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, any of which could lessen or increase certain adverse impacts of the legislation. In addition, it is unclear how these U.S. federal income tax changes will affect state and local taxation, which often uses federal taxable income as a starting point for computing state and local tax liabilities.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security, or CARES, Act was enacted, which provides temporary relief from certain aspects of the Tax Act that had imposed limitations on the utilization of certain losses, interest expense deductions, and minimum tax credits. We have recorded additional income tax benefits of \$0.6 million in the first quarter of 2020 resulting from the enactment of the CARES Act.

In light of these factors, we cannot assure you that our effective income tax rate will not change in future periods. Accordingly, if this were to occur, and if our effective tax rate were to increase, our business may be seriously harmed.

# Our ability to utilize our net operating loss, or NOL, carryforwards and certain other tax attributes may be limited.

Our ability to utilize our NOL carryforwards to offset potential future taxable income and related income taxes that would otherwise be due is dependent upon our generation of future taxable income before the expiration dates of the NOL carryforwards, and we cannot predict with certainty when, or whether, we will generate sufficient taxable income to use all of our NOL carryforwards.

Under Sections 382 and 383 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, if a corporation undergoes an "ownership change," generally defined as a greater than 50 percentage point change (by value) in its equity ownership by certain stockholders over a three-year period, the corporation's ability to use its pre-change NOL carryforwards and other pre-change tax attributes (such as research and development tax credits) to offset its post-change income or taxes may be limited. We have experienced ownership changes in the past, and we may experience ownership changes in the future and/or subsequent shifts in our stock ownership (some of which may be outside our control), including as a result of this offering. As a result, if we earn net taxable income, our ability to use our pre-change NOL carryforwards to offset U.S. federal taxable income may be subject to limitations under Section 382, which could potentially result in increased future tax liability to us. In addition, at the state level, there may be periods during which the use of NOL carryforwards is suspended or otherwise limited, which could accelerate or permanently increase state taxes owed.

Technological developments or other changes in our industry could render our gear less competitive or obsolete, which may seriously harm our business.

Our industry is characterized by rapidly evolving technology and standards. These technological developments require us to integrate new technology and standards into our gear, create new and relevant categories of gear and adapt to changing business models in a timely manner. Our competitors may develop or acquire alternative and competing technologies and standards that could allow them to create new and disruptive products or produce similar competitive products at lower costs of production. Advances in the development of gaming, computing and audiovisual technology could render our gear less competitive or obsolete. For example, the emergence of augmented reality and virtual reality headsets could render certain of our gamer and creator peripherals such as

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keyboards and mice less relevant, similar to how cloud computing could drastically reduce the need for gaming components and systems. If we are unable to provide new gear for augmented or virtual reality devices, our business may be seriously harmed. In addition, government authorities and industry organizations may adopt new standards that apply to our gear. As a result, we may need to invest significant resources in research and development to maintain our market position, keep pace with technological changes and compete effectively. Our product development expenses were \$25.6 million, \$32.0 million, \$37.5 million and \$23.4 million for 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, representing 3.0%, 3.4%, 3.4% and 3.4% of our net revenue for these periods, respectively. Our failure to improve our gear, create new and relevant categories of gear and adapt to changing business models in a timely manner may seriously harm our business.

We order most of our gear from third-party manufacturers based on our forecasts of future demand and targeted inventory levels, which exposes us to the risk of both product shortages, which may result in lost sales and higher expenses, and excess inventory, which may require us to sell our gear at substantial discounts and lead to write-offs.

We depend upon our product forecasts to make decisions regarding investments of our resources and production levels of our gear. Because of the lead time necessary to manufacture our gear and the fact that we usually have little or no advance notice of customer orders, we must order our gear from third-party manufacturers and therefore commit to substantial purchases prior to obtaining orders for those products from our customers. This makes it difficult for us to adjust our inventory levels if orders fall below our expectations. Our failure to predict low demand for product can result in excess inventory, as well as lower cash flows and lower margins if we were unable to sell a product or if we were required to lower product prices in order to reduce inventories, and may also result in inventory write-downs. In addition, the cancellation or reduction of orders by our customers may also result in excess inventory. On the other hand, if actual orders exceed our expectations, we may need to incur additional costs, such as higher shipping costs for air freight or other expedited delivery or higher product costs for expedited manufacturing, in order to deliver sufficient quantities of products to meet customer orders on a timely basis or we may be unable to fill some orders altogether. In addition, many of the types of gear we sell have short product life cycles, so a failure to accurately predict and meet demand for products can result in lost sales that we may be unable to recover in subsequent periods. These short life cycles also make it more likely that slow moving or excess inventory may become obsolete, requiring us to sell our gear at significant discounts or write off entirely excess or obsolete inventory. Any failure to deliver gear in quantities sufficient to satisfy demand can also seriously harm our reputation with both our retailer customers and end-consumers.

Over the past few years, we have expanded the number and types of gear we sell, and the geographic markets in which we sell them, and we will endeavor to further expand our product portfolio and sales reach. The growth of our product portfolio and the markets in which we sell our gear has increased the difficulty of accurately forecasting product demand. We have in the past experienced significant differences between our forecasts and actual demand for our gear and expect similar differences in the future. If we do not accurately predict product demand, our business may be seriously harmed.

Order cancellations, product returns, price erosion, product obsolescence and retailer and distributor customer and gamer incentive programs may result in substantial inventory and/or receivables write-downs and seriously harm our business.

The gear we sell is characterized by rapid technological change and short product life cycles. As a result, the gear that we hold in inventory may be subject to significant price erosion or may become obsolete, requiring inventory write-downs. We may experience excess or unsold inventory for a number of reasons, including demand for our gear being lower than our forecasts, order cancellations by our customers and product returns.

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In that regard, rights to return products vary by customer and range from the right to return defective products to limited stock rotation rights allowing the exchange of a limited percentage of the customer's inventory for new product purchases. If the estimated market values of products held in our finished goods and work in process inventories at the end of any fiscal quarter are below our cost of these products, we will recognize charges to write down the carrying value of our inventories to market value.

In addition, we provide a variety of rebates to both customers and gamers, including instant rebates, volume incentive rebates, back end rebates and mail-in rebates. We also have contractual agreements and cooperative marketing, promotional and other arrangements that provide rebates and other financial incentives to our retailer customers and gamers. To a limited extent, we also offer financial incentives related to retailer customer inventory of specific products. The aggregate amount of charges incurred as a result of all of these rebates and other financial incentives is offset from our gross revenue. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and for six months ended June 30, 2020, our gross revenue was reduced approximately by between 6% and 9% as a result of these rebates and other financial incentives. In the future, we also may be required to write down inventory or receivables due to product obsolescence or because of declines in market prices of our gear. Any write-downs or offsets could seriously harm our business.

Our indemnification obligations to our customers and suppliers for intellectual property infringement claims could require us to pay substantial amounts and may seriously harm our business.

We indemnify a limited number of retailer customers for damages and costs which may arise if our gear infringe third-party patents or other proprietary rights. We may periodically have to respond to claims and litigate these types of indemnification obligations. Any such indemnification claims could require us to make substantial settlement, damages or royalty payments or result in our incurring substantial legal costs. Our insurance does not cover intellectual property infringement. The potential amount of future payments to defend lawsuits or settle or otherwise satisfy indemnified claims under any of these indemnification provisions may be unlimited. We also have replacement obligations for product warranty claims relating to our gear. Our insurance does not cover such claims. Claims for intellectual property infringement and product warranty claims may seriously harm our business.

From time to time, we pay licensing fees in settlement of certain intellectual property infringement claims made by third parties. We cannot assure you that licensing fees paid under these circumstances will not seriously harm our business.

If we are unable to integrate our gear and proprietary software with third-party hardware, operating system software and other products, the functionality of our gear would be adversely affected, which may seriously harm our business.

The functionality of some of our gear depends on our ability to integrate that gear with the hardware, operating system software and related products of providers such as Intel, AMD, NVIDIA, Microsoft, Sony and Asus, among others. We rely to a certain extent on the relationships we have with those companies in developing our gear and resolving issues. We cannot assure you that those relationships will be maintained or that those or other companies will continue to provide the necessary information and support to allow us to develop gear that integrate with their products or that third party developers will continue to develop plugins for and integrations with our proprietary software, including Stream Deck. If integration with the products of those or other companies becomes more difficult, our gear would likely be more difficult to use or may not be compatible with key hardware, operating systems or other products, which would seriously harm our reputation and the utility and desirability of our gear, and, as a result, would seriously harm our business.

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One of our strategies is to grow through acquisitions, which could result in operating difficulties, dilution to our stockholders and other seriously harmful consequences.

One of our strategies is to grow through acquisitions and we may also seek to grow through other strategic transactions such as alliances and joint ventures. In particular, we believe that our future growth depends in part on our ability to enhance our existing product lines and introduce new gear and categories of gear through acquisitions and other strategic transactions. There is substantial competition for attractive acquisitions and other strategic transactions, and we may not be successful in completing any such acquisitions or other strategic transactions in the future. Acquisitions may be particularly challenging during the COVID-19 pandemic. For example, we will likely not be able to travel to conduct in-person meetings and due diligence sessions with potential target companies. If we are successful in making any acquisition or strategic transaction, we may be unable to integrate the acquired business effectively or may incur unanticipated expenditures, which could seriously harm our business. The COVID-19 pandemic may make integration of these businesses even more difficult. Acquisitions and strategic transactions can involve a wide variety of risks depending upon, among other things, the specific business or assets being acquired or the specific terms of any transaction.

In addition, we may finance acquisitions or investments, strategic partnerships or joint ventures by issuing common stock, which may be dilutive to our stockholders, or by incurring indebtedness, which could increase our interest expense and leverage, perhaps substantially. Acquisitions and other investments may also result in charges for the impairment of goodwill or other acquired assets. Acquisitions of, or alliances with, technology companies are inherently risky, and any acquisitions or investments we make, or alliances we enter into, may not perform in accordance with our expectations. Accordingly, any of these transactions, if completed, may not be successful and may seriously harm our business.

In addition, foreign acquisitions or strategic transactions with foreign partners involve additional risks, including those related to integration of operations across different geographies, cultures and languages, as well as risks related to fluctuation in currency exchange rates and risks associated with the particular economic, political and regulatory environment in specific countries.

We need substantial working capital to operate our business, and we rely to a significant degree upon credit extended by our manufacturers and suppliers and borrowings under our revolving credit facility to meet our working capital needs. If we are unable to meet our working capital needs, we may be required to reduce expenses or product purchases, or delay the development, commercialization and marketing of our gear, which would seriously harm our business.

We need substantial working capital to operate our business. We rely to a significant degree upon credit extended by many of our manufacturers and suppliers in order to meet our working capital needs. Credit terms vary from vendor to vendor but typically allow us zero to 120 days to pay for the products. However, notwithstanding the foregoing, there are instances when we are required to pay for gear in advance of it being manufactured and delivered to us. We also utilize borrowings under our revolving credit facility to provide working capital, and access to external debt financing has historically been and will likely continue to be very important to us. As a result of any downturn in general economic conditions or conditions in the credit markets or other factors, manufacturers and suppliers may be reluctant to provide us with the same credit that they have in the past, which would require that we increase the level of borrowing under our revolving credit facility or obtain other external financing to provide for our substantial working capital needs. Additional financing may not be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. In particular, our access to debt financing may be limited by a covenant in our credit facilities, which requires our Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in our credit facilities) to be no greater than 8.0 to 1.0 if the revolving credit part of our credit facilities is more than

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35% drawn. As a result, the restriction imposed by our debt covenants could limit, perhaps substantially, the amount we are permitted to borrow under our credit facilities or under other debt arrangements.

To the extent we are required to use additional borrowings under our revolving credit facility or from other sources (if available and if permitted by the credit facility) to provide working capital, it could increase our interest expense and expose us to other risks of leverage. Any inability to meet our working capital or other cash needs as and when required would likely seriously harm our business, results of operations and financial condition and adversely affect our growth prospects and stock price and could require, among other things, that we reduce expenses, which might require us to reduce shipments of our gear or our inventory levels substantially or to delay or curtail the development, commercialization and marketing of our gear.

Indebtedness and the terms of our credit facilities may impair our ability to respond to changing business and economic conditions and may seriously harm our business.

We had \$503.5 million of indebtedness as of June 30, 2020. We have incurred significant indebtedness under our credit facilities to fund working capital and other cash needs and we expect to incur additional indebtedness in the future, particularly if we use borrowings or other debt financing to finance all or a portion of any future acquisitions. In addition, the terms of our credit facilities require, and any debt instruments we enter into in the future may require, that we comply with certain restrictions and covenants. These covenants and restrictions, as well as any significant increase in our indebtedness, could adversely impact us for a number of reasons, including the following:

Cash flow required to pay debt service. We may be required to dedicate a substantial portion of our available cash flow to debt service. This risk is increased by the fact that borrowings under our credit facilities bear interest at a variable rate. This exposes us to the risk that the amount of cash required to pay interest under our credit facilities will increase to the extent that market interest increases. Our indebtedness and debt service obligations may also increase our vulnerability to economic downturns and adverse competitive and industry conditions.

Adverse effect of financial and other covenants. The covenants and other restrictions in our credit facilities and any debt instruments we may enter into in the future may limit our ability to raise funds for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, product development and other general corporate requirements, which may adversely affect our ability to finance our operations, any acquisitions or investments or other capital needs or engage in other business activities that would be in our interests. Restrictive covenants may also limit our ability to plan for or react to market conditions or otherwise limit our activities or business plans and place us at a disadvantage compared to our competitors.

Risks of default. If we breach or are unable to comply with a covenant or other agreement contained in a debt instrument, the lender generally has the right to declare all borrowings outstanding under that debt instrument, together with accrued interest, to be immediately due and payable and may have the right to raise the interest rate. Upon an event of default under our credit facilities, the lender may require the immediate repayment of all outstanding loans and accrued interest. In addition, during the continuance of certain events of default under our credit facilities (subject to a cure period for some events of default), interest may accrue at a rate that is 200 basis points above the otherwise applicable rate. As a result, any breach or failure to comply with covenants contained in our debt instruments could seriously harm our business. Moreover, our credit facilities are secured by substantially all of our assets (including capital stock of our subsidiaries), except assets of our foreign subsidiaries and some of the shares of our foreign subsidiaries, and if we are unable to pay indebtedness secured by collateral when due, whether at maturity or if declared due and payable by the lender following

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default, the lender generally has the right to seize and sell the collateral securing that indebtedness. We cannot assure you that we will not breach the covenants or other terms of our credit facilities or any other debt instruments in the future and, if a breach occurs, we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain necessary waivers or amendments from the lender or to refinance the related indebtedness on terms we find acceptable, or at all. As a result, any breach or default of this nature may seriously harm our business.

Restrictions under our credit facilities. We must comply with covenants under our current credit facilities, one of which requires our Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in our credit facilities) to be no greater than 8.0 to 1.0 if the revolving credit part of our credit facilities is more than 35% drawn. Our Consolidated Total Net Leverage Ratio as of June 30, 2020 was 2.5 to 1.0 and as of June 30, 2020, on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the consummation of this offering based on the assumed offering price and amount of shares offered by us as set forth on the cover of this prospectus, was 1.8 to 1.0. While we anticipate we will be in compliance with this covenant immediately following the consummation of this offering, we cannot assure you that we will not breach these covenants in our credit facilities in the future or other covenants in our future credit facilities.

Our credit facilities also include covenants that limit or restrict our ability to, among other things, incur liens on our properties, make acquisitions and other investments and sell assets, subject to specified exceptions. In addition to the covenants described in the preceding sentence, we are also prohibited from incurring indebtedness other than debt owed to the lender under our credit facilities, debt associated with certain liens permitted by our credit facilities or subordinated debt. Our credit facilities also contain restrictions on our ability to pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our common stock or redemptions or repurchases of our common stock.

The phase-out of the London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, or the replacement of LIBOR with a different reference rate, may adversely affect interest rates.

Borrowings under our credit facilities bear interest at rates determined using LIBOR as the reference rate. On July 27, 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority (the authority that regulates LIBOR) announced that it would phase-out LIBOR by the end of 2021. It is unclear whether new methods of calculating LIBOR will be established such that it continues to exist after 2021, or if alternative rates or benchmarks will be adopted, and currently it appears highly likely that LIBOR will be discontinued or substantially modified by 2021. Changes in the method of calculating LIBOR, or the replacement of LIBOR with an alternative rate or benchmark, may adversely affect interest rates and result in higher borrowing costs. This could materially and adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows, and liquidity. We cannot predict the effect of the potential changes to LIBOR or the establishment and use of alternative rates or benchmarks. Furthermore, we may need to renegotiate our revolving credit facility or incur other indebtedness, and changes in the method of calculating LIBOR, or the use of an alternative rate or benchmark, may negatively impact the terms of such indebtedness.

We conduct our operations and sell our gear internationally and the effect of business, legal and political risks associated with international operations may seriously harm our business.

Sales to customers outside the United States accounted for 69.9%, 64.9%, 64.7% and 63.7% of our net revenue for 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively. In addition, substantially all of the gear that we sell is manufactured at facilities in Asia. Our international sales and operations are subject to a wide range of risks, which may vary from country to country or region to region. These risks include the following:

export and import duties, changes to import and export regulations, and restrictions on the transfer of funds;

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- political and economic instability;
- problems with the transportation or delivery of our gear;
- issues arising from cultural or language differences and labor unrest;
- longer payment cycles and greater difficulty in collecting accounts receivable;
- compliance with trade and technical standards in a variety of jurisdictions;
- difficulties in staffing and managing international operations, including the risks associated with fraud, theft and other illegal conduct;
- compliance with laws and regulations, including environmental, employment and tax laws, which vary from country to country and over time, increasing the costs of compliance and potential risks of non-compliance;
- difficulties enforcing our contractual and intellectual property rights, especially in those foreign countries that do not respect and protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the United States and European countries;
- the risk that trade to or from some foreign countries, or companies in foreign countries that manufacture our gear or supply components that are used in our gear, may be affected by political tensions, trade disputes and similar matters, particularly between China and Taiwan or between China and the United States;
- United States and foreign trade restrictions, including those that may limit the importation of technology or components to
  or from various countries or impose tariffs or quotas;
- difficulties or increased costs in establishing sales and distribution channels in unfamiliar markets, with their own market characteristics and competition; and
- imposition of currency exchange controls or taxes that make it impracticable or costly to repatriate funds from foreign countries.

To the extent we successfully execute our strategy of expanding into new geographic areas, these and similar risks will increase. We cannot assure you that risks relating to our international operations will not seriously harm our business.

System security and data protection breaches, as well as cyber-attacks, could disrupt our operations, reduce our expected revenue and increase our expenses, which may seriously harm our business.

Security breaches, computer malware and cyber-attacks have become more prevalent and sophisticated in recent years. These threats are constantly evolving, making it increasingly difficult to successfully defend against them or implement adequate preventative measures. These attacks have occurred on our systems in the past and are expected to occur in the future. Experienced computer programmers, hackers and employees may penetrate our security controls and misappropriate or compromise our confidential information or that of our employees or third parties. These attacks may create system disruptions or cause shutdowns. These hackers may also develop and deploy viruses, worms and other malicious software programs that attack or otherwise exploit security vulnerabilities in our systems. For portions of our information technology infrastructure, including business management

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and communication software products, we rely on products and services provided by third parties. These providers may also experience breaches and attacks to their products which may impact our systems. Data security breaches may also result from non-technical means, such as actions by an employee with access to our systems. To defend against security threats, both to our internal systems and those of our customers, we must continuously engineer more secure products and enhance security and reliability features, which may result in increased expenses.

Actual or perceived breaches of our security measures or the accidental loss, inadvertent disclosure or unapproved dissemination of proprietary information or sensitive or confidential data about us, our partners, our customers or third parties could expose us and the parties affected to a risk of loss or misuse of this information, resulting in litigation and potential liability, paying damages, regulatory inquiries or actions, damage to our brand and reputation or other serious harm to our business. Our efforts to prevent and overcome these challenges could increase our expenses and may not be successful. We may experience interruptions, delays, cessation of service and loss of existing or potential customers. Such disruptions could adversely impact our ability to fulfill orders and interrupt other critical functions. Delayed sales, lower margins or lost customers as a result of these disruptions may seriously harm our business

We may not be able to maintain compliance with all current and potentially applicable U.S. federal and state or foreign laws and regulations relating to privacy and cybersecurity, and actions by regulatory authorities or changes in legislation and regulation in the jurisdictions in which we operate could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We are subject to a variety of laws and regulations that relate to the collection, processing, storing, disclosing, using, transfer and protecting of personal data and other data and the privacy of individuals. These laws and regulations constantly evolve and remain subject to significant change. In addition, the application and interpretation of these laws and regulations are often uncertain. Because we store, process and use data, some of which contain personal data, we are subject to complex and evolving federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding privacy, data protection and other matters. Many of these laws and regulations are subject to change and uncertain interpretation. The U.S. federal and state governments and agencies may in the future enact new legislation and promulgate new regulations governing collection, use, disclosure, storage, processing, transmission and destruction of personal data and other information. New privacy laws add additional complexity, requirements, restrictions and potential legal risk, require additional investment in resources to compliance programs, and could impact trading strategies and availability of previously useful data.

In addition, California enacted the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, or the CCPA, which came into force in 2020 (and is discussed in further detail below), which has encouraged "copycat" legislative proposals in other states across the country such as Nevada, Virginia, New Hampshire, Illinois and Nebraska. These legislative proposals may add additional complexity, variation in requirements, restrictions and potential legal risk, require additional investment in resources to compliance programs, and could impact strategies and availability of previously useful data.

Compliance with existing and emerging privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations could result in increased compliance costs and/or lead to changes in business practices and policies, and any failure to protect the confidentiality of client information could adversely affect our reputation, lend to private litigation against us, and require additional investment in resources, impact strategies and availability of previously useful data any of which could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition

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The collection, storage, transmission, use and distribution of user data could give rise to liabilities and additional costs of operation as a result of laws, governmental regulation and risks of security breaches.

In connection with certain of our gear, we collect data related to our gamers and streamers. This data is increasingly subject to legislation and regulations in numerous jurisdictions around the world. Government actions are typically intended to protect the privacy and security of personal information and its collection, storage, transmission, use and distribution in or from the governing jurisdiction. In addition, because various jurisdictions have different laws and regulations concerning the use, storage and transmission of such information, we may face requirements that pose compliance challenges in existing markets as well as new international markets that we seek to enter.

Existing privacy-related laws and regulations in the United States and other countries are evolving and are subject to potentially differing interpretations, and various U.S. federal and state or other international legislative and regulatory bodies may expand or enact laws regarding privacy and data security-related matters. For example, the European Union General Data Protection Regulation, or GDPR, which came into effect on May 25, 2018, has led to more stringent operational requirements for processors and controllers of personal data, including, for example, requiring expanded disclosures about how personal information is to be used, limitations on retention of information, mandatory data breach notification requirements, and higher standards for data controllers to demonstrate that they have obtained valid consent or have another legal basis in place to justify their data processing activities. The GDPR provides that EU member states may make their own additional laws and regulations in relation to certain data processing activities, which could limit our ability to use and share personal data or could require localized changes to our operating model. Under the GDPR, fines of up to 620 million or up to 4% of the total worldwide annual revenue of the preceding financial year, whichever is higher, may be assessed for non-compliance. These new laws also could cause our costs to increase and result in further administrative costs.

Further, the United Kingdom's decision to leave the EU, often referred to as Brexit, has created uncertainty with regard to data protection regulation in the United Kingdom. In particular, while the Data Protection Act of 2018, which "implements" and complements the GDPR, achieved Royal Assent on May 23, 2018 and is now effective in the United Kingdom, it is still unclear whether transfer of data from the EEA to the United Kingdom will remain lawful under GDPR. During the period of "transition" (i.e., until December 31, 2020), EU law will continue to apply in the United Kingdom, and the GDPR will be converted into UK law. Beginning in 2021, the UK will be a "third country" under the GDPR, and we may incur liabilities, expenses, costs, and other operational losses under the GDPR and applicable EU Member States, and the United Kingdom privacy laws, in connection with any measures that we take to comply with them.

Although there are legal mechanisms to allow for the transfer of personal data from the United Kingdom, EEA and Switzerland to the United States, uncertainty about compliance with such data protection laws remains, and such mechanisms may not be available or applicable with respect to the personal data processing activities necessary to research, develop and market our products and services. For example, legal challenges in Europe to the mechanisms allowing companies to transfer personal data from the EEA to the United States could result in further limitations on the ability to transfer personal data across borders, particularly if governments are unable or unwilling to reach new or maintain existing agreements that support cross-border data transfers, such as the EU-U.S. and Swiss-U.S. Privacy Shield Frameworks. Specifically, on July 16, 2020, the Court of Justice of the European Union invalidated Decision 2016/1250 on the adequacy of the protection provided by the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework. To the extent that we were to rely on the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework, we will not be able to do so in the future, which could increase our costs and limit our ability to process personal data from the EU. The same decision also casts doubt on the alternatives to

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the Privacy Shield, in particular the European Commission's Standard Contractual Clauses to lawfully transfer personal data from Europe to the United States and most other countries, and by requiring additional risk assessments increasing the regulatory burden relating to such alternatives. At present, there are few if any viable alternatives to the Privacy Shield and the Standard Contractual Clauses.

In addition, the CCPA, which came into force in 2020, creates individual privacy rights for California consumers and increases the privacy and security obligations of entities handling certain personal data. For example, the CCPA gives California residents expanded rights to access and require deletion of their personal data, opt out of certain personal data sharing and receive detailed information about how their personal data is used. Failure to comply with the CCPA creates additional risks including enforcement by the California attorney general, private rights of actions for certain data breaches, and damage to reputation. The CCPA may increase our compliance costs and potential liability. Additionally, a new California ballot initiative, the California Privacy Rights Act, has garnered enough signatures to be included on the November 2020 ballot in California, and if voted into law, would impose additional data protection obligations on companies doing business in California. It would also create a new California data protection agency specifically tasked to enforce the law, which would likely result in increased regulatory scrutiny of California businesses in the areas of data protection and security.

Furthermore, information security risks have generally increased in recent years because of the proliferation of new technologies and the increased sophistication and activities of perpetrators of cyber-attacks. Hackers and data thieves are increasingly sophisticated and operating large-scale and complex automated attacks. As cyber threats continue to evolve, we may be required to expend additional resources to further enhance our information security measures, develop additional protocols and/or to investigate and remediate any information security vulnerabilities. We cannot guarantee that our facilities and systems will be free of security breaches, cyber-attacks, acts of vandalism, computer viruses, malware, ransomware, denial-of-service attacks, misplaced or lost data, programming and/or human errors or other similar events. Any compromise or perceived compromise of the security of our systems could damage our reputation, result in disruption or interruption to our business operations, reduce demand for our products and subject us to significant liability and expense as well as regulatory action and lawsuits, which would harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

In addition, any failure or perceived failure by us to comply with privacy or security laws, policies, legal obligations or industry standards, or any security incident that results in the actual or alleged unauthorized release or transfer of personal data, may result in governmental enforcement actions and investigations, including fines and penalties, enforcement orders requiring us to cease processing or operating in a certain way, litigation and/or adverse publicity, including by consumer advocacy groups, and could cause our customers to lose trust in us, which could have material impacts on our revenue and operations and could seriously harm our business.

# Failure to comply with other laws and governmental regulations may seriously harm our business.

Our business is subject to regulation by various federal and state governmental agencies. Such regulation includes the consumer protection laws of the Federal Trade Commission, the import/export regulatory activities of the Department of Commerce, the product safety regulatory activities of the Consumer Products Safety Commission, the regulatory activities of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the environmental regulatory activities of the Environmental Protection Agency, the labor regulatory activities of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and tax and other regulations by a variety of regulatory authorities in each of the areas in which we conduct business. We are also subject to regulation in other countries where we conduct business. In certain jurisdictions, such regulatory requirements may be more stringent than in the United States. We

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are also subject to a variety of federal, state and foreign employment and labor laws and regulations, including the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act and other laws and regulations related to working conditions, wage-hour pay, overtime pay, employee benefits, anti-discrimination and termination of employment.

Noncompliance with applicable regulations or requirements could subject us to investigations, sanctions, mandatory product recalls, enforcement actions, fines, damages, civil and criminal penalties or injunctions. In certain of these instances the former employee has brought legal proceedings against us, and we expect that we will encounter similar actions against us in the future. An adverse outcome in any such litigation could require us to pay damages, which may include punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs.

As a result, noncompliance or any related enforcement or civil actions could result in governmental sanctions and possible civil or criminal litigation, which could seriously harm our business and result in a significant diversion of management's attention and resources.

Failure to comply with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, other applicable anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws, and applicable trade control laws could subject us to penalties and other adverse consequences that may seriously harm our business

Our gear is manufactured and/or assembled in China, Taiwan, where we maintain a manufacturing facility, countries in Southeast Asia and the United Kingdom and we sell our gear in many countries outside of the United States. Our operations are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or the FCPA, as well as the anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws in the countries where we do business. The FCPA prohibits covered parties from offering, promising, authorizing or giving anything of value, directly or indirectly, to a "foreign government official" with the intent of improperly influencing the official's act or decision, inducing the official to act or refrain from acting in violation of lawful duty, or obtaining or retaining an improper business advantage. The FCPA also requires publicly traded companies to maintain records that accurately and fairly represent their transactions and to have an adequate system of internal accounting controls. In addition, other applicable anti-corruption laws prohibit bribery of domestic government officials, and some laws that may apply to our operations prohibit commercial bribery, including giving or receiving improper payments to or from non-government parties, as well as so-called "facilitation" payments. In addition, we are subject to U.S. and other applicable trade control regulations that restrict with whom we may transact business, including the trade sanctions enforced by the U.S. Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control. or OFAC.

While we have implemented policies, internal controls and other measures reasonably designed to promote compliance with applicable anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws and regulations, and certain safeguards designed to ensure compliance with U.S. trade control laws, our employees or agents may engage in improper conduct for which we might be held responsible. Any violations of these anti-corruption or trade controls laws, or even allegations of such violations, can lead to an investigation and/or enforcement action, which could disrupt our operations, involve significant management distraction, and lead to significant costs and expenses, including legal fees. If we, or our employees or agents acting on our behalf, are found to have engaged in practices that violate these laws and regulations, we could suffer severe fines and penalties, profit disgorgement, injunctions on future conduct, securities litigation, bans on transacting government business, delisting from securities exchanges and other consequences that may seriously harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, our brand and reputation, our sales activities or our stock price could be adversely affected if we become the subject of any negative publicity related to actual or potential violations of anti-corruption, anti-bribery or trade control laws and regulations.

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We may be adversely affected by the financial condition of retailers and distributors to whom we sell our gear and may also be adversely affected by the financial condition of our competitors.

Retailers and distributors of consumer electronics products have, from time to time, experienced significant fluctuations in their businesses and some of them have become insolvent. A retailer or distributor experiencing such difficulties will generally not purchase and sell as much of our gear as it would under normal circumstances and may cancel orders. In addition, a retailer or distributor experiencing financial difficulties generally increases our exposure to uncollectible receivables. Moreover, if one of our distributor or retailer customers experiences financial distress or bankruptcy, they may be required to liquidate their inventory of our gear, or similar products that compete with our gear, at reduced prices, which can result in substantial over-supply and reduced demand for our gear over the short term. If any of these circumstances were to occur, it could seriously harm our business.

Likewise, our competitors may from time to time experience similar financial difficulties or may elect to terminate their sales of certain products. If one of our competitors experiences financial distress or bankruptcy and is forced to liquidate inventory or exits a product line and disposes of inventory at reduced prices, this may also result in over-supply of and reduced demand for our gear and could have a short-term adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

# Our online operations are subject to numerous risks that may seriously harm our business.

Our online operations, where we sell a number of products through our online store, subject us to certain risks that could seriously harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. For example, the operation and expansion of our online store may seriously harm our relationships with our retailers and distributors. Further, existing and future regulations and laws could impede the growth of our online operations. These regulations and laws may involve taxes, tariffs, privacy and data security, anti-spam, content protection, electronic contracts and communications, consumer protection and social media marketing. We cannot be sure that our practices have complied, comply or will comply given the all such laws and regulations. Any failure, or perceived failure, by us to comply with any of these laws or regulations could result in damage to our reputation, a loss in business and proceedings or actions against us by governmental entities or others. Any such proceeding or action could hurt our reputation, force us to spend significant amounts in defense of these proceedings, distract our management, increase our costs of doing business and decrease the use of our sites by gamers, streamers and suppliers and may result in the imposition of monetary liability.

In addition, our online store is partially handled by a third-party ecommerce service provider. We rely on this service provider to handle, among other things, payment and processing of online sales. If the service provider does not perform these functions satisfactorily, we may find another third-party service provider or undertake such operations ourselves, but we may not be able to successfully do either. In either case, our online sales and our customer service reputation could be adversely affected which, in turn, may seriously harm our business.

We may recognize restructuring and impairment charges in future periods, which will adversely affect our operating results and could seriously harm our business.

Depending on market and economic conditions in future periods, we may implement restructuring initiatives. As a result of these initiatives, we could incur restructuring charges, lose key personnel and experience disruptions in our operations and difficulties in delivering our gear.

We are required to test goodwill, intangible assets and other long-lived assets for recoverability and may be required to record charges if there are indicators of impairment, and we have in the past

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recognized impairment charges. As of June 30, 2020, we had approximately \$310.7 million of goodwill, \$271.8 million of intangible assets and \$14.7 million of other long-lived assets. One of our strategies is to grow through acquisitions of other businesses or technologies and, if we are successful in doing so, these acquisitions may result in goodwill and other long-lived assets. The risk that we will be required to recognize impairment charges is also heightened by the fact that the life cycles of much of the gear we sell are relatively short, which increases the possibility that we may be required to recognize impairment charges for obsolete inventory. Impairment charges will adversely affect our operating results and could seriously harm our business.

Our future success depends to a large degree on our ability to defend the Corsair brand and product family brands such as SCUF, Vengeance, K70, Elgato and iCUE from infringement and, if we are unable to protect our brand and other intellectual property, our business may be seriously harmed.

We consider the Corsair brand to be one of our most valuable assets. We also consider the Elgato, Origin, and SCUF brands; proprietary technology brands such as iCUE and Slipstream; and major product family brands such as Corsair ONE, Dark Core, Dominator, Glaive, Harpoon, Ironclaw, K70, Nightsword, Scimitar, Vengeance, and Void to be important to our business. Our future success depends to a large degree upon our ability to defend the Corsair brand, proprietary technology brands and product family brands from infringement and to protect our other intellectual property. We rely on a combination of copyright, trademark, patent and other intellectual property laws and confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions such as nondisclosure terms to protect our intellectual property. Although we hold a trademark registration on the Corsair name in the United States and a number of other countries, the Corsair name does not have trademark protection in other parts of the world, including some major markets, and we may be unable to register the Corsair name as a trademark in some countries. Likewise, we hold a trademark registration on certain brands such as K70 only in the United States, Australia and New Zealand and therefore such brands do not have trademark protection in other parts of the world. If third parties misappropriate or infringe on our brands or we are unable to protect our brands, or if third parties use the Corsair, Corsair ONE, Dark Core, Dominator, Elgato, Glaive, Harpoon, iCUE, Ironclaw, K70, Nightsword, Origin, SCUF, Slipstream, Scimitar, Vengeance and Void brand names, or other brand names we maintain, to sell their products in countries where we do not have trademark protection, it may seriously harm our business.

We hold a limited number of patents and pending patent applications. It is possible that any patent owned by us will be invalidated, deemed unenforceable, circumvented or challenged and that our pending or any future patent applications will not be granted. In addition, other intellectual property laws or our confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions may not adequately protect our intellectual property and others may independently develop similar technology, duplicate our gear, or design around any intellectual property rights we may have. Any of these events may seriously harm our business.

Certain of the licenses pursuant to which we are permitted to use the intellectual property of third parties can be terminated at any time by us or the other party. If we are unable to negotiate and maintain licenses on acceptable terms, we will be required to develop alternative technology internally or license it from other third parties, which may be difficult and costly or impossible.

The expansion of our business will require us to protect our trademarks, domain names, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property rights in an increasing number of jurisdictions, a process that is expensive and sometimes requires litigation. If we are unable to protect and enforce our trademarks, domain names, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property rights, or prevent third parties from infringing upon them, our business may be seriously harmed.

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We have taken steps in the past to enforce our intellectual property rights and expect to continue to do so in the future. However, it may not be practicable or cost-effective for us to enforce our rights with respect to certain items of intellectual property rights fully, or at all, particularly in developing countries where the enforcement of intellectual property rights may be more difficult than in the United States. It is also possible that, given the costs of obtaining patent protection, we may choose not to seek patent protection for certain items of intellectual property that may later turn out to be important.

Some of our products contain open source software, which may pose particular risks to our proprietary software and products.

Our products rely on software licensed by third parties under open source licenses, including as incorporated into software we receive from third-party commercial software vendors, and will continue to rely on such open source software in the future. Use of open source software may entail greater risks than use of third-party commercial software, as open source licensors generally do not provide support, updates, warranties or other contractual protections regarding infringement claims or the quality of the code, and the wide availability of source code to components used in our products could expose us to security vulnerabilities. Furthermore, the terms of many open source licenses have not been interpreted by U.S. courts, and there is a risk that such licenses could be construed in a manner that imposes unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to market or commercialize our products. As a result, we may face claims from third parties claiming ownership of what we believe to be open source software. In addition, by the terms of some open source licenses, under certain conditions, we could be required to release our proprietary source code, and to make our proprietary software available under open source licenses, including authorizing further modification and redistribution. These claims or requirements could result in litigation and could require us to purchase a costly license or cease offering the implicated products unless and until we can reengineer them to avoid infringement or release of our proprietary source code. This re-engineering process could require significant additional research and development resources. In addition, we have intentionally made certain software we have developed available on an open source basis, both by contributing modifications back to existing open source projects, and by making certain internally developed tools available pursuant to open source licenses, and we plan to continue to do so in the future. While we engage in a review process for any such contributions, which is designed to protect any code that may be competitively sensitive, it is still possible that our competitors or others could use this code for competitive purposes, or for commercial or other purposes beyond what we intended. Any of these risks could be difficult to eliminate or manage, and, if not addressed, could seriously harm our business.

We are, have in the past been, and may in the future be, subject to intellectual property infringement claims, which are costly to defend, could require us to pay damages or royalties and could limit our ability to use certain technologies in the future

Companies in the technology industry are frequently subject to litigation or disputes based on allegations of infringement or other violations of intellectual property rights. We have faced claims that we have infringed, or that our use of components or products supplied to us by third parties have infringed, patents or other intellectual property rights of others in the past and may in the future face similar claims. While we are currently involved in an intellectual property infringement claim, we do not believe such claim will have a material adverse effect on our business.

Any intellectual property claims, with or without merit, can be time-consuming, expensive to litigate or settle and can divert management resources and attention. For example, in the past we have settled claims relating to infringement allegations and agreed to make royalty or license payments in connection with such settlements. An adverse determination could require that we pay damages, which could be substantial, or stop using technologies found to be in violation of a third-party's rights and

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could prevent us from selling some of our gear. In order to avoid these restrictions, we may have to seek a license for the technology. Any such license may not be available on reasonable terms or at all, could require us to pay significant royalties and may significantly increase our operating expenses or otherwise seriously harm our business or operating results. As a result, we may be required to develop alternative non-infringing technologies, which could require significant effort and expense and might not be successful or, if alternative non-infringing technologies already exist, we may be required to license those technologies from third parties, which may be expensive or impossible. If we cannot license or develop technologies for any infringing aspects of our business, we may be forced to halt sales of our gear incorporating the infringing technologies and may be unable to compete effectively. Any of these results may seriously harm our business.

We and our contract manufacturers may be adversely affected by seismic activity or other natural disasters, and our business continuity and disaster recovery plans may not adequately protect us from a serious disaster.

Our corporate headquarters are located in the San Francisco Bay Area and the testing and packaging of most of our DRAM modules take place in our facility in Taiwan. Both locations are known to experience earthquakes from time to time, some of which have been severe. In addition, typhoons and other severe weather systems frequently affect Taiwan. Most of the third-party facilities where our gear and some of the components used in our gear is manufactured are located in China, Taiwan and other areas that are known for seismic activity and other natural disasters. Earthquakes in any of the foregoing areas may also result in tsunamis. We do not carry earthquake insurance. As a result, earthquakes or other natural disasters could severely disrupt our operations, either directly or as a result of their effect on third-party manufacturers and suppliers upon whom we rely and their respective supply chains and may negatively impact the ordering patterns of our customers and may seriously harm our business.

We will incur significant expenses as a result of being a public company, which will negatively impact our financial performance.

As a public company, we will incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a private company. We will be subject to the reporting requirements of the U.S. Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, which will require, among other things, that we file with the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our business and financial condition. In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, as well as rules subsequently adopted by the SEC and the stock exchange on which our securities are listed to implement provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, impose significant requirements on public companies, including requiring establishment and maintenance of effective disclosure and financial controls and changes in corporate governance practices. Further, pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, or the Dodd-Frank Act, the SEC has adopted additional rules and regulations in these areas, such as mandatory "say-on-pay" voting requirements. Stockholder activism, the current political environment and the current high level of government intervention and regulatory reform may lead to substantial new regulations and disclosure obligations, which may lead to additional compliance costs and impact the manner in which we operate our business in ways we cannot currently anticipate.

We expect the rules and regulations applicable to public companies to substantially increase our legal and financial compliance costs and to make some activities more time-consuming and costly. If these requirements divert the attention of our management and personnel from other business concerns, they could seriously harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. The increased costs will decrease our net income or increase our net loss, and may require us to reduce costs in other areas of our business or increase the prices of our gear. For example, we expect these rules and regulations to make it more difficult and more expensive for us to obtain director and officer

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liability insurance, and we may be required to incur substantial costs to maintain the same or similar coverage. We cannot predict or estimate the amount or timing of additional costs we may incur to respond to these requirements. The impact of these requirements could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on our board of directors, our board committees or as executive officers. Furthermore, if we are unable to satisfy our obligations as a public company, we could be subject to delisting of our common stock, fines, sanctions and other regulatory action and potentially civil litigation.

Although we ceased to be an "emerging growth company," we can continue to take advantage of certain reduced disclosure requirements in this registration statement, which may make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We ceased to be an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act on December 31, 2019. However, because we ceased to be an "emerging growth company" after we confidentially submitted our registration statement related to this offering to the SEC, we will continue to be treated as an "emerging growth company" for certain purposes until the earlier of the date on which we complete this offering or December 31, 2020. As such, we have taken advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations regarding audited financial information and executive compensation arrangements in our registration statement related to this offering that are not available to non-emerging growth companies. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we have relied on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result, there may be less demand for our common stock and the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock may decrease.

As a public reporting company, we will be subject to rules and regulations established from time to time by the SEC and Nasdaq regarding our internal controls over financial reporting. We may not complete needed improvements to our internal controls over financial reporting in a timely manner, or these internal controls may not be determined to be effective, which may adversely affect investor confidence in our company and, as a result, the value of our common stock and your investment.

Upon completion of this offering, we will become a public reporting company subject to the rules and regulations established from time to time by the SEC and Nasdaq. These rules and regulations will require, among other things, that we establish and periodically evaluate procedures with respect to our internal controls over financial reporting. Reporting obligations as a public company are likely to place a considerable strain on our financial and management systems, processes and controls, as well as on our personnel. In addition, as a public company we will be required to document and test our internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act so that our management can certify as to the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting by the time our annual report for the year ending December 31, 2021 is due and thereafter, which will require us to document and make significant changes to our internal controls over financial reporting. Likewise, our independent registered public accounting firm will be required to provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting at such time as we cease to be an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act. As a result, we will be required to improve our financial and managerial controls, reporting systems and procedures, to incur substantial expenses to test our systems to make such improvements and to hire additional personnel. If our management is unable to certify the effectiveness of our internal controls or if our independent registered public accounting firm cannot deliver (at such time as it is required to do so) a report attesting to the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting, or if we identify or fail to remediate material weaknesses in our internal controls such as those described more fully below, we could be subject to regulatory scrutiny and a loss of public confidence, which could seriously harm our reputation and the m

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financial and management personnel, processes and controls, we may not be able to manage our business effectively or accurately report our financial performance on a timely basis, which could cause a decline in our common stock price and may seriously harm our business.

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting. If our remediation of the material weaknesses is not effective or we otherwise fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls in the future, we may not be able to accurately or timely report our financial condition or results of operations, which may adversely affect investor confidence in us and, as a result, the value of our common stock.

In connection with the preparation of our 2018 audited financial statements, we identified material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal controls over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

These material weaknesses related to maintaining an insufficient compliment of appropriately trained resources, which resulted in the failure to identify risks related to appropriate process level controls over accounting across multiple areas of financial reporting, including inventory, income taxes, general information technology controls, warranty reserves, sales returns and web based sales.

After these material weaknesses were identified, during 2019 management implemented a remediation plan that included hiring key accounting personnel. While we have taken steps to remediate these material weaknesses, we cannot assure you that these measures will significantly improve or fully remediate the material weaknesses described above. If we are unable to remediate the above material weaknesses, our reputation and the market price of our stock could be seriously harmed.

We are subject to various environmental laws, conflict mineral-related provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act and other regulations that could impose substantial costs upon us and may seriously harm our business.

Our operations, properties and the gear we sell are subject to a variety of U.S. and foreign environmental laws and regulations governing, among other things, air emissions, wastewater discharges, management and disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous materials and waste, and remediation of releases of hazardous materials. Our failure to comply with present and future requirements under these laws and regulations, or environmental contamination or releases of hazardous materials on our leased premises, as well as through disposal of our gear, could cause us to incur substantial costs, including clean-up costs, personal injury and property damage claims, fines and penalties, costs to redesign our gear or upgrade our facilities and legal costs, or require us to curtail our operations. Environmental contamination or releases of hazardous materials may also subject us to claims of property damage or personal injury, which could result in litigation and require us to make substantial payments to satisfy adverse judgments or pay settlements. Liability under environmental laws can be joint and several and without regard to comparative fault. We also expect that our operations will be affected by new environmental laws and regulations on an ongoing basis, which will likely result in additional costs. Environmental laws and regulations could also require that we redesign our gear or change how our gear is made, any of which could seriously harm our business. The costs of complying with environmental laws and regulations or the effect of any claims or liability concerning or resulting from noncompliance or environmental contamination could also seriously harm our business.

Under the Dodd-Frank Act, the SEC adopted disclosure and reporting requirements for companies that use "conflict" minerals originating from the Democratic Republic of Congo or adjoining

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countries. We continue to incur costs associated with complying with these requirements, such as costs related to developing internal controls for the due diligence process, determining the source of any conflict minerals used in our gear, auditing the process and reporting to our customers and the SEC. In addition to the SEC regulation, the European Union, China and other jurisdictions are developing new policies focused on conflict minerals that may impact and increase the cost of our compliance program. Also, since our supply chain is complex, we may face reputational challenges if we are unable to sufficiently verify the origins of the subject minerals. Moreover, we are likely to encounter challenges to satisfy those customers who require that all of the components of our gear are certified as "conflict free." If we cannot satisfy these customers, they may choose a competitor's products.

The U.S. federal government has issued new policies for federal procurement focused on eradicating the practice of forced labor and human trafficking. In addition, the United Kingdom and the State of California have issued laws that require us to disclose our policy and practices for identifying and eliminating forced labor and human trafficking in our supply chain. While we have a policy and management systems to identify and avoid these practices in our supply chain, we cannot guarantee that our suppliers will always be in conformance to these laws and expectations. We may face enforcement liability and reputational challenges if we are unable to sufficiently meet these expectations.

# Risks Related to This Offering

# We are controlled by EagleTree, whose interests in our business may be different than yours.

As of June 30, 2020, EagleTree beneficially owned approximately 92% of our common stock and is able to control our affairs in all cases. Following this offering (including the sale of shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders), EagleTree will continue to own approximately 77.6 % of our common stock (or 75.3 % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full). Further, pursuant to the terms of an Investor Rights Agreement between us and EagleTree, EagleTree has the right, among other things, to designate the chairman of our board of directors, as well as the right to nominate up to five out of eight directors to our board of directors as long as affiliates of EagleTree beneficially own at least 50% of our common stock, four directors as long as affiliates of EagleTree beneficially own at least 40% and less than 50% of our common stock, two directors as long as affiliates of EagleTree beneficially own at least 30% and less than 40% of our common stock, two directors as long as affiliates of EagleTree beneficially own at least 10% and less than 30% of our common stock and one director as long as affiliates of EagleTree beneficially own at least 10% and less than 20% of our common stock. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Investor Rights Agreement".

As a result of the foregoing, EagleTree or its respective designees to our board of directors will have the ability to control the appointment of our management, the entering into of mergers, sales of substantially all or all of our assets and other extraordinary transactions and influence amendments to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws. So long as EagleTree continues to beneficially own a majority of our common stock, they will have the ability to control the vote in any election of directors and will have the ability to prevent any transaction that requires stockholder approval regardless of whether other stockholders believe the transaction is in our best interests. In any of these matters, the interests of EagleTree may differ from or conflict with your interests. Moreover, this concentration of stock ownership may also adversely affect the trading price for our common stock to the extent investors perceive disadvantages in owning stock of a company with a controlling stockholder. In addition, EagleTree is in the business of making investments in companies and may, from time to time, acquire interests in businesses that directly or indirectly compete with our business, as well as businesses that are our significant existing or potential suppliers or customers.

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EagleTree may acquire or seek to acquire assets that we seek to acquire and, as a result, those acquisition opportunities may not be available to us or may be more expensive for us to pursue.

We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of the Nasdaq rules and, as a result, will qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements. You will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to such requirements.

After the completion of this offering, EagleTree will continue to control a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock. As a result, we will be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the Nasdaq corporate governance standards. Under these rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain corporate governance requirements, including requirements that:

- a majority of our board of directors consist of "independent directors" as defined under the rules of Nasdag;
- our board of directors have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee purpose and responsibilities; and
- our director nominations be made, or recommended to the full board of directors, by our independent directors or by a
  nominations committee that is composed entirely of independent directors and that we adopt a written charter or board
  resolution addressing the nominations process.

Following this offering, we intend to utilize certain of these exemptions. As a result, pursuant to an agreement with EagleTree, nominations for certain of our directors will be made by EagleTree based on its ownership of our outstanding voting stock. See "Management." Accordingly, for so long as we are a "controlled company," you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance requirements of Nasdaq. In the event that we cease to be a "controlled company" and our shares continue to be listed on Nasdaq, we will be required to comply with these provisions within the applicable transition periods.

# The market price of our common stock may be volatile and may decline.

Prior to this offering, our common stock has not been sold in a public market. We cannot predict the extent to which a trading market will develop or how liquid that market might become. An active trading market for our common stock may never develop or may not be sustained, which could adversely affect your ability to sell your common stock and the market price for the common stock. The initial public offering price for our common stock was determined by negotiations between us, the selling stockholders and the underwriters and does not purport to be indicative of prices at which our common stock will trade upon completion of this offering.

The stock market in general, and the market for stocks of technology companies in particular, has been highly volatile. As a result, the market price of our common stock is likely to be volatile, and investors in our common stock may experience a decrease, which could be substantial, in the value of their common stock or the loss of their entire investment for a number of reasons, including reasons unrelated to our operating performance or prospects. The market price of our common stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a broad and diverse range of factors, including those described elsewhere in this "Risk Factors" section and this prospectus and the following:

• variations in our operating performance and the performance of our competitors;

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- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly or annual operating results;
- changes in estimates or recommendations by securities analysts concerning us or our competitors;
- publication of research reports by securities analysts about us or our competitors or our industry;
- our failure or the failure of our competitors to meet analysts' estimates or guidance that we or our competitors may give to the market:
- additions and departures of key personnel;
- strategic decisions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions, divestitures, spin-offs, joint ventures, strategic
  investments or changes in business strategy;
- · developments of new technologies or other innovations;
- the passage of legislation or other regulatory developments affecting us or our industry;
- · speculation in the press or investment community;
- · changes in accounting principles;
- the outbreak of epidemics or pandemics, such as the coronavirus pandemic;
- · natural disasters, terrorist acts, acts of war or periods of widespread civil unrest; and
- · changes in general market and economic conditions.

In the past, securities class action litigation has often been initiated against companies following periods of volatility in their stock price. This type of litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources and could also require us to make substantial payments to satisfy judgments or to settle litigation.

An active, liquid and orderly market for our common stock may not develop, and you may not be able to resell your common stock at or above the public offering price.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for shares of our common stock, and an active public market for our shares may not develop or be sustained after this offering. We, the selling stockholders and the representatives of the underwriters will determine the initial public offering price of our common stock through negotiation. This price will not necessarily reflect the price at which investors in the market will be willing to buy and sell our shares following this offering. In addition, an active trading market may not develop following the consummation of this offering or, if it is developed, may not be sustained. The lack of an active market may impair your ability to sell your shares at the time you wish to sell them or at a price that you consider reasonable. An inactive market may also impair our ability to raise capital by selling shares and may impair our ability to acquire other businesses, applications, or technologies using our shares as consideration.

# Future sales of our common stock in the public market could cause our stock price to fall.

If our existing stockholders sell, or indicate an intention to sell, substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market after the lock-up and other legal restrictions on resale discussed in this prospectus lapse, the trading price of our common stock could decline. Based upon the number of

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shares outstanding as of June 30, 2020, upon the closing of this offering, we will have outstanding a total of 91,849,366 shares of common stock, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option. Of these shares, all of the shares of our common stock sold in this offering, plus any shares sold upon exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, will be freely tradable, without restriction. In the public market immediately following this offering.

The lock-up agreements pertaining to this offering will expire 180 days from the date of this prospectus. After the lock-up agreements expire, as of June 30, 2020, up to approximately 77.8 million additional shares of common stock will be eligible for sale in the public market, approximately 75.1 million of which shares are held by directors, executive officers and other affiliates and will be subject to Rule 144 under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC may, however, in its sole discretion, permit our officers, directors, the selling stockholders and the other stockholders who are subject to these lock-up agreements to sell shares prior to the expiration of the lock-up agreements.

In addition, as of June 30, 2020, approximately 10.2 million shares of common stock that are either subject to outstanding options or reserved for future issuance under our equity incentive plans will become eligible for sale in the public market to the extent permitted by the provisions of various vesting schedules, the lock-up agreements and Rule 144 and Rule 701 under the Securities Act. If these additional shares of common stock are sold, or if it is perceived that they will be sold, in the public market, the trading price of our common stock could decline.

After this offering, assuming the selling stockholders sell 6.5 million shares and there is no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, the holders of approximately 71.3 million shares of our common stock, or approximately 77.6% of our total outstanding common stock based upon the number of shares outstanding as of June 30, 2020, will be entitled to rights with respect to the registration of their shares under the Securities Act, subject to vesting schedules and to the lock-up agreements described above. Registration of these shares under the Securities Act would result in the shares becoming freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act, except for shares purchased by affiliates. Any sales of securities by these stockholders could have a material adverse effect on the trading price of our common stock.

# Purchasers in this offering will immediately experience substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of their shares.

Assuming that the initial public offering price of our common stock is \$17.00 per share (which is the midpoint of the estimated price range appearing on the cover page of this prospectus), the initial public offering price of our common stock will be substantially higher than the adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock, calculated as described below under "Dilution," immediately after this offering. Therefore, if you purchase our common stock in this offering, you will suffer an immediate dilution of \$19.58 in as adjusted net tangible book value per share from the assumed initial public offering price, assuming an initial public offering price of our common stock of \$17.00 per share (which is the midpoint of the estimated price range appearing on the cover page of this prospectus). For more information, including information as to how we compute as adjusted net tangible book value per share, see "Dilution" below.

If we sell shares of our common stock in future financings, stockholders may experience immediate dilution and, as a result, our stock price may decline.

We may from time to time issue additional shares of common stock at a discount from the current trading price of our common stock. As a result, our stockholders would experience immediate dilution upon the purchase of any shares of our common stock sold at such discount. In addition, as opportunities present themselves, we may enter into financing or similar arrangements in the future,

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including the issuance of debt securities, preferred stock or common stock. If we issue common stock or securities convertible into common stock, our common stockholders would experience additional dilution and, as a result, our stock price may decline.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws contain antitakeover provisions that could delay, deter or prevent takeover attempts that stockholders may consider favorable or attempts to replace or remove our management that would be beneficial to our stockholders.

Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws could delay, deter or prevent a change in control or other takeover of our company that our stockholders might consider to be in their best interests, including transactions that might result in a premium being paid over the market price of our common stock and also may limit the price that investors are willing to pay in the future for our common stock. These provisions may also have the effect of preventing changes in our management. For example, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws include anti-takeover provisions that:

- authorize our board of directors, without further action by the stockholders, to issue preferred stock in one or more series
  and, with respect to each series, to fix the number of shares constituting that series and to establish the rights and other
  terms of that series, which may include dividend and liquidation rights and preferences, conversion rights and voting
  rights;
- require that actions to be taken by our stockholders may only be taken at an annual or special meeting of our stockholders and not be taken by majority written consent when EagleTree owns less than a majority of our outstanding common stock:
- specify that special meetings of our stockholders can be called only by the Secretary at the direction of our board of
  directors or the Chairman of our board of directors and not by our stockholders or any other persons when EagleTree
  owns less than a majority of our outstanding common stock;
- establish advance notice procedures for stockholders to submit nominations of candidates for election to our board of directors and other proposals to be brought before a stockholders meeting;
- provide that directors may be removed only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of at least 66-2/3% in voting power
  of the then-outstanding shares of capital stock of our company when EagleTree owns less than 50% in voting power of
  our stock entitled to vote at an election of directors;
- provide for the sole power of the board of directors, or EagleTree in the case of a vacancy of one of their respective board designees, to fill any vacancy on the board of directors, whether such vacancy occurs as a result of an increase in the number of directors or otherwise;
- · divide our board of directors into three classes, serving staggered terms of three years each;
- do not give the holders of our common stock cumulative voting rights with respect to the election of directors, which
  means that the holders of a majority of our outstanding shares of common stock can elect all directors standing for
  election:

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- require the affirmative vote by the holders of at least two-thirds of the combined voting power of all shares of our
  outstanding capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of our directors (voting as a single class) in order to
  amend certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws, including those provisions changing the size of the
  board of directors, the removal of certain directors, the availability of action by majority written consent of the stockholders
  or the restriction on business combinations with interested stockholders, among others; and
- when EagleTree owns less than a majority of our outstanding common stock, require the affirmative vote by the holders of
  at least two-thirds of the combined voting power of all shares of our outstanding capital stock entitled to vote generally in
  the election of our directors (voting as a single class) for any amendment, alteration, change, addition, rescission or
  repeal of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation.

We have opted out of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or DGCL, which prevents stockholders holding more than 15% of our outstanding common stock from engaging in certain business combinations involving us unless certain conditions are satisfied. However, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include similar provisions that we may not engage in certain business combinations with interested stockholders for a period of three years following the time that the stockholder became an interested stockholder, subject to certain conditions. Pursuant to the terms of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, EagleTree will not be considered an interested stockholder for purposes of this provision.

Claims for indemnification by our directors and officers may reduce our available funds to satisfy successful third-party claims against us and may reduce the amount of money available to us.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws provide that we will indemnify our directors and officers, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law.

In addition, as permitted by Section 145 of the DGCL, our amended and restated bylaws to be effective immediately prior to the completion of this offering and our indemnification agreements that we have entered into with our directors and officers provide that:

- we will indemnify our directors and officers for serving us in those capacities or for serving other business enterprises at
  our request, to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. Delaware law provides that a corporation may indemnify such
  person if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the
  best interests of the registrant and, with respect to any criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such
  person's conduct was unlawful;
- we may, in our discretion, indemnify employees and agents in those circumstances where indemnification is permitted by applicable law;
- we are required to advance expenses, as incurred, to our directors and officers in connection with defending a proceeding, except that such directors or officers shall undertake to repay such advances if it is ultimately determined that such person is not entitled to indemnification;
- we will not be obligated pursuant to our amended and restated bylaws to indemnify a person with respect to proceedings initiated by that person against us or our other

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indemnitees, except with respect to proceedings authorized by our board of directors or brought to enforce a right to indemnification:

- the rights conferred in our amended and restated bylaws are not exclusive, and we are authorized to enter into
  indemnification agreements with our directors, officers, employees and agents and to obtain insurance to indemnify such
  persons; and
- we may not retroactively amend our amended and restated bylaw provisions to reduce our indemnification obligations to directors, officers, employees and agents.

We do not currently intend to pay dividends on our common stock, and, consequently, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We do not currently intend to pay any cash dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. We currently intend to invest our future earnings, if any, to fund our growth. Therefore, you are not likely to receive any dividends on your common stock for the foreseeable future. Since we do not intend to pay dividends, your ability to receive a return on your investment will depend on any future appreciation in the market value of our common stock. There is no guarantee that our common stock will appreciate or even maintain the price at which our holders have purchased it.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish or cease publishing research or reports about our business, if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our shares or if our operating results do not meet their expectations, the market price of our common stock could decline.

The market price of our common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to publish reports on us regularly, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause the market price or trading volume of our common stock to decline. Moreover, if one or more of the analysts who cover our company downgrade our common stock or if our operating results or prospects do not meet their expectations, the market price of our common stock could decline.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for substantially all disputes between us and our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or employees.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware is the sole and exclusive forum for: (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, employees or agents to us or our stockholders; (c) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws; or (d) any action asserting a claim related to or involving our company that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will also provide that the federal district courts of the Unites States will be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action against us or any of our directors, officers, employees or agents and arising under the Securities Act. The choice of forum provision may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other

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employees, which may discourage such lawsuits against us and our directors, officers and other employees. Alternatively, if a court were to find the choice of forum provision contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could seriously harm our business. The choice of forum provision requiring that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware be the exclusive forum for certain actions would not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Exchange Act.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will contain a provision renouncing our interest and expectancy in certain corporate opportunities.

Under our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, none of EagleTree or any of its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates, or any of their officers, directors, agents, stockholders, members or partners will have any duty to refrain from engaging, directly or indirectly, in the same business activities, similar business activities or lines of business in which we operate. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no officer or director of ours who is also an officer, director, employee, managing director or other affiliate of EagleTree will be liable to us or our stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty by reason of the fact that any such individual was presented with a corporate opportunity, other than specifically in their capacity as one of our officers or directors, and ultimately directs such corporate opportunity to EagleTree instead of us, or does not communicate information regarding a corporate opportunity to us that the officer, director, employee, managing director or other affiliate has directed to EagleTree. For instance, a director of our company who also serves as a director, officer or employee of EagleTree, or any of its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates may pursue certain acquisitions or other opportunities that may be complementary to our business and, as a result, such acquisition or other opportunities may not be available to us. As of the date of this prospectus, this provision of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will relate only to the EagleTree director designees. We expect that our board of directors initially will consist of eight directors, three of whom will be an EagleTree director designee. These potential conflicts of interest could seriously harm our business if attractive corporate opportunities are allocated by EagleTree to itself or its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates instead of to us.

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# SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus includes forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to, among other things, our operations and financial performance. These forward-looking statements are included throughout this prospectus, including in the sections entitled "Prospectus Summary," "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business" and relate to matters such as our industry, business strategy, goals and expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources and other financial and operating information. We have used the words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "foreseeable," "future," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "seek," "will" and similar terms and phrases to identify forward-looking statements in this prospectus.

The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are based on management's current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. We cannot assure you that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. Actual results may differ materially from these expectations due to changes in global, regional or local economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, including, for example, the COVID-19 pandemic. We believe that these factors include but are not limited to those described under "Risk Factors." These factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included in this prospectus. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement made by us in this prospectus speaks only as of the date of this prospectus. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures, investments or other strategic transactions we may make. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by any applicable securities laws.

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# TRADEMARKS, TRADE NAMES AND SERVICE MARKS

This prospectus includes our trademarks, trade names and service marks, such as Corsair, Corsair ONE, Dark Core, Dominator, Elgato, Glaive, Harpoon, iCUE, Ironclaw, K70, Nightsword, Origin, SCUF, Slipstream, Scimitar, Vengeance and Void which are protected under applicable intellectual property laws and are our property. This prospectus also contains trademarks, trade names and service marks of other companies, which are the property of their respective owners. Solely for convenience, trademarks, trade names and service marks referred to in this prospectus may appear without the ®, TM or SM symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the right of the applicable licensor to these trademarks, trade names and service marks. We do not intend our use or display of other parties' trademarks, trade names or service marks to imply, and such use or display should not be construed to imply, a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us by, these other parties.

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# **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that the net proceeds from the sale of 7,500,000 shares of common stock that we are selling in this offering will be approximately \$111.6 million at an assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus), after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders in this offering.

Each \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, by approximately \$7.0 million, assuming that the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same. While we anticipate any increase or decrease in the number of shares sold in this offering would only affect the number of shares sold by the selling stockholders, if we were to increase (decrease) the number of shares we are offering by 1,000,000, it would increase (decrease) the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, by approximately \$15.8 million, assuming the assumed initial public offering price stays the same. We do not expect that a change in the offering price or the number of shares by these amounts would have a material effect on our intended uses of the net proceeds from this offering, although it may affect the amount of time prior to which we may need to seek additional capital.

We intend to use our net proceeds from this offering to repay approximately \$86.6 million of outstanding indebtedness under our first lien term loan and the remaining proceeds for working capital and general corporate purposes.

As of June 30, 2020, \$463.5 million was outstanding under the first lien term loan and the interest rate for borrowings under the first lien term loan was either, at our election, a base rate plus a margin range from 2.75% to 3.25% or an adjusted Eurodollar rate plus a margin range from 3.75% to 4.25%. The base rate is equal to the greater of (i) the prime rate, (ii) the sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) the sum of the adjusted Eurodollar rate for an interest period of one month plus 1.0% or (iv) 2.0%. The first lien term loan matures on August 28, 2024.

Pending the use of the proceeds from this offering, we intend to invest the net proceeds in interest-bearing, investment-grade securities, certificates of deposit or government securities.

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# **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings, if any, to fund the development and expansion of our business, and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

Any future determination related to dividend policy will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on a number of factors, including future earnings, capital requirements, financial conditions, future prospects, contractual restrictions and covenants and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

Further, our credit facilities also contain restrictions on our ability to pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our common stock or redemptions or repurchases of our common stock and future credit facilities or other borrowing arrangements may contain similar provisions.

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# **CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our cash and restricted cash and capitalization as of June 30, 2020, on:

- an actual basis after giving effect to (i) the Reorganization and (ii) the filing and effectiveness of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, which will occur prior to this offering; and
- on an as adjusted basis to give further effect to the sale by us of 7,500,000 shares of common stock in this offering at an
  assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this
  prospectus), after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses
  payable by us and the application of the net proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds."

You should read this table together with "Summary Financial Data," "Selected Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Underwriting" and our audited financial statements and unaudited financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	As of June 30, 2020			
	Actual		As Adjusted(1)	
	(Unaudited) (In thousands, except share and per share data)			
Cash and restricted cash	\$	111,315	\$	136,315
Debt	\$	493,218	\$	406,643
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, par value \$0.0001, 300,000,000 shares authorized, 84,349,366 shares issued and outstanding; and 91,849,366 shares issued and outstanding, as adjusted		8		9
Additional paid-in capital		328,588		440,162
Accumulated deficit		(82,213)		(82,213)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,877)		(5,877)
Total stockholders' equity		240,506		352,081
Total capitalization	\$	733,724	\$	758,724

<sup>(1)</sup> A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) the amount of cash and restricted cash, additional paid-in capital total stockholders' equity and total capitalization by approximately \$7.0 million, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. While we anticipate any increase or decrease in the number of shares sold in this offering would only affect the number of shares sold by the selling stockholders, each increase (decrease) of 1,000,000 shares in the number of shares offered by us would increase (decrease) cash and restricted cash, additional paid-in capital, total stockholders' equity and total capitalization by approximately \$15.8 million, assuming the assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) remains the same, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The as adjusted information discussed above is illustrative only and will be adjusted based on the actual public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of shares of our common stock in this offering by the selling stockholder; accordingly, there is no impact upon the as adjusted capitalization for these shares.

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The outstanding share information in the table above is based on 84,349,366 shares of our common stock being outstanding as of June 30, 2020, assuming the Reorganization has occurred as of such date, see section titled "Prospectus Summary—Reorganization", and excludes the following:

- 10,164,388 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options, assuming the Reorganization had occurred as of June 30, 2020, having a weighted-average exercise price of \$5.38 per share;
- 5,125,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Incentive Award
  Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under
  this plan (including any additional shares due to an automatic increase from any award terminating, expiring or lapsing
  under the 2017 Program without any shares being delivered), which will become effective immediately prior to the
  consummation of this offering; and
- 1,025,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under this plan, which will become effective immediately prior to the consummation of this offering.

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#### DILUTION

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your interest will be immediately diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share of our common stock in this offering and the net tangible book value per share of our common stock after this offering. As of June 30, 2020, we had a historical net tangible book value of \$(349.0) million, or \$(2.07) per share of common stock. Our net tangible book deficit represents total tangible assets less total liabilities, all divided by the number of shares of common stock outstanding on June 30, 2020. After giving effect to the Reorganization, our pro forma net tangible book value as of June 30, 2020 would have been approximately \$(349.0) million, or \$(4.14) per share.

After giving effect to the Reorganization and the sale of shares of common stock by us in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of June 30, 2020 would have been approximately \$(237.4) million, or \$(2.58) per share. This represents an immediate increase in as adjusted net tangible book value of \$1.56 per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$19.58 per share to new investors. The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

Assumed initial public offering price per share		\$17.00
Historical net tangible book deficit per share as of June 30, 2020	\$(2.07)	
Pro forma decrease in net tangible book value per share	\$(2.07)	
Pro forma net tangible book value per share as of June 30, 2020	\$(4.14)	
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to new investors	\$ 1.56	
Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering		\$ (2.58)
Dilution per share to new investors participating in this offering		\$19.58

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) our as adjusted net tangible book value as of June 30, 2020 after this offering by approximately \$7.0 million, or approximately \$.08 per share, and would increase (decrease) dilution to investors in this offering by approximately \$.92 per share, assuming that the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We may also increase or decrease the number of shares we are offering. While we anticipate any increase or decrease in the number of shares sold in this offering would only affect the number of shares sold by the selling stockholders, if we were to increase (decrease) the number of shares we are offering by 1,000,000, it would increase (decrease) our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of June 30, 2020 after this offering by approximately \$15.8 million, or approximately \$.20 per share, and would increase (decrease) dilution to investors in this offering by approximately (\$.20) per share, assuming the assumed initial public offering price per share remains the same, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The as adjusted information is illustrative only, and we will adjust this information based on the actual initial public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing.

To the extent that outstanding options with an exercise price per share that is less than the as adjusted net tangible book value per share, before giving effect to the issuance and sale of shares in this offering, are exercised, new investors will experience further dilution. In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of these securities could result in further dilution to our stockholders.

#### **Index to Financial Statements**

The following table shows, as of June 30, 2020, on an as adjusted basis, after giving effect to the pro forma adjustments described above, the Reorganization, the number of shares of common stock purchased from us in this offering, the total consideration paid to us and the average price paid per share by existing stockholders and by new investors purchasing common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover of this prospectus), before deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us:

	Shares Pur	chased	Total Consideration			rice
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Pe	r Share
Existing stockholders	84,349,366	91.8%	\$318,844,993	71.4%	\$	3.78
Investors purchasing shares from us	7,500,000	8.2%	\$127,500,000	28.6%	\$	17.00
Total	91,849,366	100%	\$446,344,993	<u>100</u> %	\$	4.86

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering is based on 84,349,366 shares of our common stock being outstanding as of June 30, 2020, assuming the Reorganization occurred as of such date, see "Prospectus Summary—Reorganization", and excludes the following:

- 10,164,388 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options, assuming the Reorganization had occurred as of June 30, 2020, having a weighted-average exercise price of \$5.38 per share;
- 5,125,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Incentive Award
  Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under
  this plan (including any additional shares due to an automatic increase from any award terminating, expiring or lapsing
  under the 2017 Program without any shares being delivered), which will become effective immediately prior to the
  consummation of this offering; and
- 1,025,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to future awards under our 2020 Employee Stock
  Purchase Plan, as well as any automatic increases in the number of shares of our common stock reserved for future
  issuance under this plan, which will become effective immediately prior to the consummation of this offering.

Sales by the selling stockholders in this offering will cause the number of shares held by existing stockholders to be reduced to 77,849,366 shares, or 84.8% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding following the completion of this offering, and will increase the number of shares held by new investors to 14,000,000 shares, or 15.2% of the total number of shares outstanding following the completion of this offering.

If the underwriters' overallotment option is exercised in full, the number of shares held by the existing stockholders after this offering would be reduced to 82.5% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering, and the number of shares held by new investors would increase to 16,100,000 or 17.5% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering.

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#### SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As a result of the Acquisition Transaction, we applied purchase accounting and a new basis of accounting beginning on August 28, 2017, the date of the Acquisition Transaction. Further, we were required by GAAP to record all assets and liabilities at fair value as of the effective date of the Acquisition Transaction. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented for two periods: (i) the accounts of Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries through August 27, 2017 and (ii) our and our subsidiaries' accounts on and after August 28, 2017. We refer to the periods through August 27, 2017 as the Predecessor and the periods on and after August 28, 2017 as the Successor. These periods have been separated by a line on the face of the financial statements to highlight the fact that the financial information for such periods has been prepared under two different historical-cost bases of accounting.

The selected statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2015 presented below, and the selected statements of operations data presented below as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the period from January 1, 2017 to August 27, 2017, which relate to the Predecessor, and for the period from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017, which relate to the Successor, are derived from audited financial statements that are not included in this prospectus. The selected statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2018 and 2019, which relate to the Successor, are derived from audited financial statements that are included in this prospectus. The selected statement of operations data for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020 and the selected balance sheet data as of June 30, 2020 are derived from our unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We have prepared the unaudited financial statements on the same basis as the audited financial statements and have included, in our opinion, all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that we consider necessary for a fair statement of the financial information set forth in those statements. The financial data for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 are derived by adding the financial data from our audited 2019 financial statements to the financial data from our unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and subtracting the financial data from our unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and subtracting the financial data from our unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and subtracting the financial data from our unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and subtracting the financial data from our unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and subtracting the financial data from our unaudited

Although the period from January 1, 2017 to August 27, 2017 relates to the Predecessor and the period from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017 relates to the Successor, in order to assist in the period to period comparison, we are presenting an unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of the pro forma amounts.

# **Index to Financial Statements**

The following selected financial data should be read with "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

		Predeces	sor		I						Successor						
		Year Ended December 31,				eriod from August 28, 2017 to ecember 31.	Yea	o Forma ar Ended ember 31.		Year E Decem			Six Month June		nded		Months June 30,
	2015	2016	A	2017	De	2017	Dec	2017		2018	2019		2019		2020	2019	2020
			nds)			(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)		naudited) housands)		In thousan share and amou		_				thousands id per share its)	
Statements of Operations Data:																	
Net revenue	\$509.752	\$595,402	\$	489.439	\$	366,110	\$	855.549	\$	937.553	\$ 1.097.174	\$	486,247	\$	688.925	\$973,109	\$1,299,852
Cost of revenue	412,084	467,424		393,204		289,854		683,058		744,858	872,887		392,640		505,239	777,434	985,486
Gross profit	97.668	127.978		96.235		76.256		172,491		192.695	224,287		93,607		183,686	195,675	314,366
Operating expenses:	,	,		,		,		,		,			,		,	,	,
Product development	12,170	14,997		11,955		9,199		25,598		31,990	37,547		18,899		23,383	37,116	42,031
Sales, general and																	
administrative	60,573	73,175		69,326	l	54,526		117,596		138,915	163,033		76,181		110,556	147,837	197,408
Total operating expenses	72,743	88,172		81,281		63,725		143,194		170,905	200,580		95,080		133,939	184,953	239,439
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	24,925	39,806		14,954		12,531		29,297		21,790	23,707		(1,473)		49,747	10,722	74,927
Other (expense) income:				·		·				•	•		, ,				-
Interest expense	(4,543)	(3,474)		(2,249)		(8,753)		(24,490)		(32,680)	(35,548)		(17,944)		(18,946)	(36,198)	(36,550)
Other (expense) income, net	(1,385)	(2,236)		613		(96)		517		183	(1,558)		(1,078)		(52)	(1,401)	(532)
Total other expense	(5,928)	(5,710)		(1,636)		(8,849)		(23,973)		(32,497)	(37,106)		(19,022)		(18,998)	(37,599)	(37,082)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	18,997	34,096		13,318		3,682		5,324		(10,707)	(13,399)		(20,495)		30,749	(26,877)	37,845
Income tax (expense) benefit	(3,401)	(5,519)		(4,775)		1,877		2,115		(3,013)	5,005		4,570		(6,932)	188	(6,497)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	15,596	28,577		8,543		5,559		7,439		(13,720)	(8,394)		(15,925)		23,817	(26,689)	31,348
Discontinued operations: Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes Income tax benefit	(111) 319	_=		<u>=</u>						_ 			_ 		_ 		
Net income from discontinued operations	208	_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_	_
Net income (loss)	\$ 15,804	\$ 28,577	\$	8,543	\$	5,559	\$	7,439	\$	(13,720)	\$ (8,394)	\$	(15,925)	\$	23,817	\$ (26,689)	\$ 31,348
Net income (loss) per share(1)(3) (Successor) Basic					\$	0.07			\$	(0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.28		
Diluted					\$	0.07			\$	(0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$	(0.21)	\$	0.28		
Weighted-average shares used to compute net income (loss) per share (Successor)									_			_					
Basic					_	75,024,636			_7	5,457,693	76,223,451	_7	5,881,321	84	4,088,872		
Diluted						75,024,636			7	5,457,693	76,223,451	7	5,881,321	86	6,201,471		
Non-GAAP financial measures(2)(3):												_					
Adjusted operating income Adjusted net income Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 27,878 \$ 17,917 \$ 29,990	\$ 42,202 \$ 30,450 \$ 43,269	\$ \$	30,703 23,989 33,765	\$ \$ \$	32,413 23,133 33,773	\$ \$ \$	63,116 34,324 67,538	\$ \$	61,578 19,993 67,431	\$ 65,768 \$ 27,504 \$ 71,594	\$ \$	18,259 646 20,758	\$ \$ \$	72,427 43,563 76,739	\$ 51,211 \$ 7,420 \$ 56,633	\$ 119,936 \$ 70,421 \$ 127,575

<sup>(1)</sup> Net income per share information for the Predecessor periods is not presented because it is not meaningful due to the change in capital structure that occurred as a result of the Acquisition Transaction.

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- (2) Adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA are financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the section titled "—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for information regarding our use of these non-GAAP financial measures and their reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
- (3) The amounts for net income (loss) per share (Successor) and the weighted-average shares used to compute net income (loss) per share (Successor) have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effect of the Reorganization.

	Pre	Predecessor Successor									
	Dec	As of ember 31, 2016	Dec	As of ember 31, 2017	Dec	As of ember 31, 2018	Dec	As of cember 31, 2019	30	of June ), 2020 audited)	
Cash and restricted cash	\$	49,014	\$	19,030	\$	27,920	\$	51,947	\$	111,315	
Inventories		94,854		114,986		149,022		151,063		144,386	
Working capital		90,344		102,081		97,199		129,880		137,961	
Intangible assets, net		19		259,363		247,812		291,027		271,772	
Goodwill		_		203,122		226,679		312,750		310,682	
Total assets		236,716		734,607		810,993		1,059,718	1	,126,904	
Debt, net		70,959		284,156		422,717		505,812		493,218	
Deferred tax liabilities		151		42,314		34,690		33,820		31,657	
Convertible preferred stock		69,231		_		_		_		_	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		33,990		5,560		(93,161)(1)		$(106,030)^{(1)}$		(82,213)(1)	
Total stockholders' (deficit) equity		(38,229)		254,661		162,702		216,775		240,506	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the payment of an \$85 million special dividend. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

#### Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement our financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP, we believe that certain non-GAAP financial measures provide management and other users with additional meaningful financial information that should be considered when assessing our ongoing performance. We use these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate our operating performance and trends, and to make planning decisions.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not based on any standardized methodology prescribed by GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to similarly-titled measures presented by other companies. We believe that non-GAAP measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP and that these measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures. See "—Limitations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

We use adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA to evaluate our operating performance and trends and make planning decisions. We believe that adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA help identify underlying trends in our business that could otherwise be masked by the effect of the expenses and other items that we exclude in such non-GAAP measures. Accordingly, we believe that adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results, enhancing the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects, and allowing for greater transparency with respect to a key financial metric used by our management in its financial and operational decision-making.

# Adjusted Operating Income

We define adjusted operating income as operating income adjusted to exclude intangible asset impairment and amortization, stock-based compensation, a retention bonus, certain Acquisition Transaction-related expenses and integration expense, acquisition accounting impact related to fair value of deferred revenue and inventory, executive transition costs, debt modification costs and other non-deferred costs associated with this offering.

#### **Index to Financial Statements**

The following table presents a reconciliation of operating income (loss) to adjusted operating income (unaudited, in thousands):

		Predeces	sor	Successor										
	Year E Decem	Ended ber 31, 2016	Period from January 1 to August 27, 2017	Period from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017	Pro Forma Year Ended December 31, 2017(5)		Ended ber 31, 2019	Six M Ended	onths June 30,		Months June 30,			
Operating income (loss)	\$24.925	\$39.806		\$ 12.531	\$ 29,297	\$21,790	\$23,707	\$ (1.473)	\$49.747	\$10,722	\$ 74.927			
add:	Ψ24,020	ψ 00,000	Ψ 14,554	Ψ 12,001	Ψ 20,201	Ψ21,700	Ψ20,707	ψ (1,470)	ψ45,141	ψ 10,72E	Ψ 14,521			
Intangible asset impairment and amortization	289	175	22	10.173	29.671	30.893	30.123	16.144	16.839	32,267	30.818			
Stock-based compensation	1,319	1,028	3,174	662	1,327	2,751	3,848	1,946	2,655	3,637	4,557			
Retention bonus(1)	1,345	1,193	765	7	547	· -	· —	· -	· -	· —				
Acquisition Transaction costs(2)	_	_	11,788	9,040	2,274	1,342	_	_	_	_	_			
Other Acquisition-related costs(3)	_	_	_	_	_	1,219	2,464	579	1,750	962	3,635			
Acquisition accounting impact related to the fair value adjustment of SCUF deferred revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,067	_	_	_	1,067			
Acquisition accounting impact related to the fair value adjustment of Elgato and SCUF inventory	_	_	_	_	_	1,495	1,604	_	394	1,495	1,998			
Executive transition costs	_	_	_	_	_	_	984	411	_	411	573			
Non-deferred offering costs(4)	_	_	_	_	_	1,705	1,135	652	754	1,334	1,237			
Debt modification costs						383	836		288	383	1,124			
Adjusted Operating Income	\$27,878	\$42,202	\$ 30,703	\$ 32,413	\$ 63,116	\$61,578	\$65,768	\$18,259	\$72,427	\$51,211	\$ 119,936			

In connection with a special dividend that the Predecessor paid in July 2014, our board of directors approved that such dividend should be paid to holders of any unvested stock options outstanding as of the date of the extraordinary dividend, as such options vested, pursuant to the Predecessor's 2013 Share Incentive Plan. As such options vested in periods subsequent to the date of the extraordinary dividend, we made cash payments in an amount equal to the sum holders would have received from the extraordinary dividend had such options been vested when the extraordinary dividend was declared and we recognized these payments as employee-related expenses. The above reflects the payment of such expenses, of which no further payments were made following the date of the Acquisition Transaction.

Represents transaction-related expenses related to the Acquisition Transaction, which includes non-recurring integration costs.

Represents transaction-related expenses related to the Elgato, Origin and SCUF acquisitions.

Primarily represents legal and professional fees incurred solely in connection with the preparation for this offering that will not be offset against the proceeds from this offering, and similar costs will not be incurred again in the future in connection with us being a public company.

Includes certain pro forma adjustments. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of the pro forma amounts.

#### Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted EBITDA

We defined adjusted net income (loss) as net income (loss) adjusted to exclude intangible asset impairment and amortization, stock-based compensation, a retention bonus, certain Acquisition Transaction-related expenses and integration expense, acquisition accounting impact related to fair value of deferred revenue and inventory, executive transition costs, debt modification costs, loss on extinguishment of debt, non-deferred costs associated with this offering and the related tax effects of each of these adjustments.

We define adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) adjusted to exclude stock-based compensation, a retention bonus, certain Acquisition Transaction-related expenses and integration

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expense, acquisition accounting impact related to fair value of deferred revenue and inventory, executive transition costs, debt modification costs, loss on extinguishment of debt, intangible asset impairment and amortization, depreciation and amortization, interest expense, tax expense and non-deferred costs associated with this offering.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income (loss) to adjusted net income and adjusted EBITDA (unaudited, in thousands):

		Predeces	ssor	_ [	_									
	Decem	Ended ber 31,	Period from January 11 August 27	0	Au 2 Dec	iod from gust 28, 017 to ember 31,	Ϋ́	ro Forma ear Ended cember 31,	Year E Decemi	ber 31,	Six Mo Ended J	une 30,	Ended .	Months June 30,
N. C	2015	2016	2017	_		2017	_	2017(6)	2018	2019	2019	2020	2019	2020
Net income (loss)	\$15,596	\$28,577	\$ 8,54	3	\$	5,559	\$	7,439	\$(13,720)	\$ (8,394)	\$(15,925)	\$23,817	\$(26,689)	\$ 31,348
add (less):				_										
Intangible asset impairment and amortization	289	175		22		10,173		29,671	30,893	30,123	16,144	16,839	32,267	30,818
Stock-based compensation	1,319	1,028	3,17			662		1,327	2,751	3,848	1,946	2,655	3,637	4,557
Retention bonus(1)	1,345	1,193	. 76			7		547		_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition Transaction costs(2)	_		11,78	18		9,040		2,274	1,342					
Other Acquisition-related costs(3)	_	_	-	-		_		_	1,219	2,464	579	1,750	962	3,635
Acquisition accounting impact related to the fair value adjustment of SCUF deferred revenue	_	_		_		_		_	_	1,067	_	_	_	1,067
Acquisition accounting impact related to the fair value adjustment of Elgato and SCUF inventory	_	_		_		_		_	1,495	1,604	_	394	1,495	1,998
Executive transition costs	_	_		_		_		_	.,	984	411	_	411	573
Debt modification costs	_	_		_		_		_	383	836		288	383	1,124
Loss on debt extinguishment(4)	_	_		_		_		_		_	_	392	_	392
Non-deferred offering costs(5)	_	_		_		_		_	1.705	1,135	652	754	1,334	1,237
Non-GAAP income tax adjustment	(632)	(523)	(30	(3)		(2,308)		(6,934)	(6,075)	(6,163)	(3,161)	(3,326)	(6,380)	(6,328)
Adjusted Net Income	\$17,917	\$30,450	\$ 23,98	19	\$	23,133	\$	34,324	\$ 19,993	\$27,504	\$ 646	\$43,563	\$ 7,420	\$ 70,421
add (less):														
Depreciation and amortization	3,497	3,303	2,44	9		1,456		3,905	5,670	7,384	3,577	4,364	6,823	8,171
Interest expense (exclude loss on debt														
extinguishment)	4,542	3,474	2,24	9		8,753		24,490	32,680	35,548	17,944	18,554	36,198	36,158
Tax expense (benefit)	4,034	6,042	5,07	8		431		4,819	9,088	1,158	(1,409)	10,258	6,192	12,825
Adjusted EBITDA	\$29,990	\$43,269	\$ 33,76	55	\$	33,773	\$	67,538	\$ 67,431	\$71,594	\$ 20,758	\$76,739	\$ 56,633	\$127,575

In connection with a special dividend that the Predecessor paid in July 2014, our board of directors approved that such dividend should be paid to holders of any unvested stock options outstanding as of the date of the extraordinary dividend, as such options vested, pursuant to the Predecessor's 2013 Share Incentive Plan. As such options vested in periods subsequent to the date of the extraordinary dividend, we made cash payments in an amount equal to the sum holders would have received from the extraordinary dividend was declared and we recognized these payments as employee-related expenses. The above reflects the payment of such expenses, of which no further payments were made following the date of the Acquisition (1) Transaction.

Represents transaction. Represents transaction-related expenses related to the Acquisition Transaction, which includes non-recurring integration costs.

Represents transaction-related expenses related to the Elgato, Origin and SCUF acquisitions.

Represents non-cash charges due to losses we recognized in connection with the write-off of a portion of the unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs in connection with the prepayment of our term loans.

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- (5) Primarily represents legal and professional fees incurred solely in connection with the preparation for this offering and similar costs will not be incurred again in the future in connection with us being a public company.
- offering, and similar costs will not be incurred again in the future in connection with us being a public company.

  (6) Includes certain pro forma adjustments. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of the pro forma amounts.

#### Limitations of Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, and should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, these measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of these non-GAAP financial measures, including:

- adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA exclude stock-based compensation, which has recently been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense for our business and an important part of our compensation strategy;
- adjusted EBITDA excludes depreciation and amortization expense and, although these are non-cash expenses, the
  assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future;
- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal
  payments on our debt, which reduces cash available to us;
- · adjusted EBITDA does not reflect income tax expense that reduces cash available to us; and
- the expenses and other items that we exclude in our calculation of adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss)
  and adjusted EBITDA may differ from the expenses and other items, if any, that other companies may exclude from
  similar measures when they report their operating results.

Because of these limitations, adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA should be considered along with other operating and financial performance measures presented in accordance with GAAP.

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#### UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE ACQUISITION TRANSACTION

As a result of the Acquisition Transaction, we applied purchase accounting and a new basis of accounting beginning on August 28, 2017, the date of the Acquisition Transaction. Further, we were required by GAAP to record all assets and liabilities at fair value as of the effective date of the Acquisition Transaction. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented for two periods: (i) the accounts of Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries through August 27, 2017 and (ii) our and our subsidiaries' accounts on and after August 28, 2017. We refer to the periods through August 27, 2017 as the Predecessor and the periods on and after August 28, 2017 as the Successor. These periods have been separated by a line on the face of the financial statements to highlight the fact that the financial information for such periods has been prepared under two different historical-cost bases of accounting.

Furthermore, prior to the consummation of this offering, we will complete a corporate reorganization, or the Reorganization, which will be accounted for as a combination of entities under common control.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 illustrates the effects as if the Acquisition Transaction and the Reorganization had occurred on January 1, 2017. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 was derived from the audited statements of operations and accompanying notes for the Predecessor from January 1 to August 27, 2017 and the Successor from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017. The Successor had no operations from January 1, 2017 to August 28, 2017, the date of the Acquisition Transaction.

An unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of December 31, 2017, 2018, 2019 and as of June 30, 2020 is not presented because the Predecessor consolidated balance sheet, including acquisition-related adjustments, has already been included in our historical balance sheets as of December 31, 2017, 2018, 2019 and as of June 30, 2020, which are included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma financial information included herein has been prepared by us, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations has been adjusted to give pro forma effect to events that are (1) directly attributable to the Acquisition Transaction and the Reorganization, (2) expected to have a continuing impact on our combined results, and (3) factually supportable. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations does not include the effects of any potential cost savings or other synergies that could result from the Acquisition Transaction. The detailed assumptions used to prepare the unaudited pro forma financial information are contained in the notes hereto and such assumptions should be reviewed in their entirety.

The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to reflect the results the combined company may achieve in future periods or the financial condition or results of operations that actually would have been realized had we completed the Acquisition Transaction and the Reorganization on January 1, 2017.

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# Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations for the Acquisition Transaction For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Historio	cal	Pro Forma					
	Predecessor  Period from January 1 to August 27, 2017	Successor Period from August 28 to December 31, 2017	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma for the Year Ended December 31, 2017				
Net revenue	\$ 489,439	\$ 366,110	\$ —	\$ 855,549				
Cost of revenue	393,204	289,854	<u> </u>	683,058				
Gross profit	96,235	76,256	_	172,491				
Operating expenses:								
Product development	11,955	9,199	4,444(a)(c)	25,598				
Sales, general and administrative	69,326	54,526	(6,256)(a)(b)(c)(d)(e)	117,596				
Total operating expenses	81,281	63,725	(1,812)	143,194				
Operating income	14,954	12,531	1,812	29,297				
Other (expense) income:								
Interest expense	(2,249)	(8,753)	(13,488) <sup>(f)</sup>	(24,490)				
Other (expense) income, net	613	(96)	<del>_</del>	517				
Total other expense	(1,636)	(8,849)	(13,488)	(23,973)				
Income (loss) before income taxes	13,318	3,682	(11,676)	5,324				
Income tax (expense) benefit	(4,775)	1,877	5,013(g)	2,115				
Net income (loss)	\$ 8,543	\$ 5,559	\$ (6,663)	\$ 7,439				
Net income per share, basic and diluted		\$ 0.07	<u> </u>	\$ 0.10				
Weighted-average shares used to compute net income per share, basic and diluted		75,024,636		75,024,636				

Refer to the accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations.

The pro forma adjustments are explained in Note 3.

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#### Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations for the Acquisition Transaction

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Acquisition Transaction is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. The excess purchase consideration over the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed was recorded as goodwill. The goodwill arising from the acquisition is largely attributable to the prospects for significant future earnings due to the expectation of continued growth in the gaming market. Under the acquisition method, our acquisition-related transaction costs, for example, advisory, legal, accounting and other professional fees incurred in the Acquisition Transaction are not included as consideration transferred but are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred. These costs are not presented in the unaudited pro forma results of operations because they will not have a continuing impact on the combined results.

The Reorganization has been accounted for as a combination of entities under common control.

In connection with the Reorganization, all share and per share data in the accompanying unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the Acquisition Transaction and related notes have been retroactively revised to reflect the Reorganization.

The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 illustrates the effects as if the Acquisition Transaction and the Reorganization had occurred on January 1, 2017. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 was derived from the audited statements of operations and accompanying notes for the Predecessor from January 1, 2017 to August 27, 2017 and the Successor from August 28, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to reflect the results we may achieve in future periods or the financial condition or results of operations that actually would have been realized had we completed the Acquisition Transaction and the Reorganization on January 1, 2017.

The unaudited pro forma statement of operations should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," our audited financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2017, and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### 2. Purchase Price Consideration and Purchase Price Allocation

The total purchase price consideration in the Acquisition Transaction consisted of the following:

	-	lugusi zo,
		2017
	(in	thousands)
Cash consideration	\$	457,044
Common stock consideration		10,168
Payment for Seller's indebtedness		71,721
Payment for Seller's transaction expenses		10,677
Total purchase price consideration	\$	549,610

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The total purchase price in the Acquisition Transaction was allocated to the net tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The following table sets forth the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	August 28, 2017 (in thousands)
Assets acquired:	(iii tiiousaiius)
Cash	\$ 9,070
Restricted cash	1,237
Accounts receivable	109,832
Inventories	110,614
Prepaid and other assets	7,221
Property and equipment	6,797
Intangible assets	269,536
Other long-term assets	1,220
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable and related party payable	(100,295)
Deferred tax liabilities	(45,369)
Other current liabilities and accrued expenses	(23,375)
Total identifiable net assets	346,488
Goodwill	203,122
Total assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$ 549,610

We are amortizing the acquired intangible assets over their estimated useful lives of up to ten years.

# 3. Acquisition Pro Forma Adjustments

The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 reflects the following pro forma adjustments related to the Acquisition Transaction:

- (a) Amortization of Intangible Assets—This adjustment reflects the additional amortization expense of \$19.3 million that would have been recognized on the acquired intangible assets had the Acquisition Transaction been consummated on January 1, 2017. This amortization expense consists of \$4.6 million related to the acquired developed technology included in product development expense, \$14.2 million related to the acquired customer relationships and \$0.5 million related to the acquired non-compete agreements included in sales, general and administrative expense.
- (b) Amortization of Favorable Leases—This adjustment reflects an additional amortization expense of \$0.1 million that would have been recognized on the acquired favorable leases had the Acquisition Transaction been consummated on January 1, 2017
- (c) Stock-Based Compensation—This adjustment eliminates stock-based compensation that was recognized in the amount of \$2.5 million related to the acceleration of vesting of certain unvested share-based awards in contemplation of the Acquisition Transaction, of which \$0.2 million is recorded in product development expense and \$2.3 million is recorded in sales, general and administrative expense. These stock-based compensation charges were eliminated as they will not have a continuing impact on our results of operations.
- (d) Transaction Costs—This adjustment eliminates acquisition-related transaction costs of \$11.8 million incurred in the Predecessor period from January 1, 2017 through August 27, 2017

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and \$6.8 million incurred in the Successor period from August 28, 2017 through December 31, 2017. These transaction costs are eliminated as they represent charges directly attributable to the Acquisition Transaction that will not have a continuing impact on our results of operations.

- (e) **Bonus Payments**—This adjustment eliminates bonus payments of \$0.2 million paid to certain employees in connection with the Acquisition Transaction. The costs are eliminated as they represent charges directly attributable to the Acquisition Transaction that will not have a continuing impact on our results of operations.
- (f) Interest Expense—In conjunction with the closing of the Acquisition Transaction, we entered into multiple credit facilities, with various lenders to consummate the Acquisition Transaction. This adjustment represents the incremental interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts related to the credit facilities had the Acquisition Transaction been consummated on January 1, 2017. In addition, the adjustment eliminates the interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts associated with the historical debt of the Predecessor that was repaid and was not assumed upon the closing of the Acquisition Transaction. The interest rate assumed on the credit facilities for purposes of preparing this pro forma adjustment is based on the rates of 6.4% and 10.2% under the first and second lien term loans as of December 31, 2017. A 1/8% increase or decrease in interest rates would have resulted in a change in interest expense of approximately \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2017.
- (g) **Tax Impact of Acquisition**—This adjustment reflects the income tax effect of the pro forma adjustments based on the estimated blended federal and state statutory tax rate in effect during the year ended December 31, 2017 of 38.5% and estimated foreign jurisdiction statutory tax rate of 16.5%, adjusted for impact to valuation allowance. The pro forma adjustment does not reflect the future effective tax rate impact of potential U.S. taxes on foreign earnings.

### 4. Reorganization Pro Forma Impact

We assessed whether reflecting the Reorganization as if it had occurred on January 1, 2017 would have resulted in any additional income to be recognized under Section 951 of the Code. The assessment indicated that the additional income for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 would be \$1.5 million, \$0.1 million, \$6.4 million and \$21.8 million, respectively, fully offset by available net operating loss carryovers.

In the assessment, we also considered the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted on December 22, 2017 by the U.S. Congress with significant tax changes effective January 1, 2018. With the exception of the limitation on interest deduction in Section 163(j) of the Code, the reduction of the statutory tax rate from 35% to 21% and the unlimited carryforward period of our net operating losses, we have determined that prior to the Reorganization certain provisions of the tax reform did not apply and therefore we have not assessed the tax impact associated with these provisions to our financial statements. At the completion of the Reorganization, the impact of the Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income and Foreign Derived Intangible Income provisions of the tax reform is expected to increase.

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#### UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE SCUF ACQUISITION

On December 19, 2019, or the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date, we consummated the closing of our acquisition of SCUF Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries, or SCUF, and acquired 100% of their equity interests for total consideration of \$136.3 million pursuant to the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger we entered into with SCUF on November 6, 2019. We financed the acquisition by issuing new common stock and an additional term loan.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are based on our historical combined consolidated financial statements and SCUF's historical consolidated financial statements, as adjusted to give effect to our merger with SCUF and the related financing transactions, as well as the Reorganization. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, gives effect to these transactions as if they had occurred on January 1, 2019. A pro forma balance sheet has not been presented, as the merger was already reflected in our audited combined consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2019, included in this prospectus. All share and per share data of December 31, 2019 historical results have been retroactively revised to reflect the Reorganization. See "Prospectus Summary—Reorganization".

The assumptions and estimates underlying the unaudited adjustments to the pro forma condensed combined statements of operations are described in the accompanying notes, which should be read together with the pro forma condensed combined statements of operations.

The unaudited pro forma financial information for the SCUF Acquisition is based on a preliminary valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed used in the preliminary allocation of the purchase price for the business combination. Accordingly, the pro forma purchase price adjustments are subject to further adjustments as additional information becomes available and as additional analysis is performed. The preliminary pro forma purchase price adjustments have been made solely for the purposes of providing the unaudited pro forma financial statements included herewith. A final determination of these fair values shall be based on the actual net tangible and intangible assets of SCUF that existed as of the closing date of the transaction. In addition, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not reflect the costs of any integration activities or benefits that may result from realization of future cost savings from operating efficiencies or revenue synergies expected to result from the acquisition.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with our historical combined consolidated financial statements and SCUF's historical consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements for the SCUF Acquisition are provided for informational purposes only, in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X, and are not necessarily indicative of the income or results that would have occurred had the SCUF Acquisition been completed as of the date indicated. In addition, the unaudited pro forma financial information for the SCUF Acquisition does not purport to be indicative of the future financial position or operating results of the combined operations.

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# Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition for the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

		Historical			
	Corsair	SCUF	Reclassifications (Note 2)	Pro Forma Adjustments (Note 5)	Pro Forma Combined
Net revenue	\$ 1,097,174	\$ 68,326	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,165,500
Cost of revenue	872,887	41,829	(5,482)(a)	3,505(a)	912,739
Gross profit	224,287	26,497	5,482	(3,505)	252,761
Operating expenses:					
Product development	37,547	_	_	2,586(b)	40,133
Sales, general and administrative	163,033	28,624	11,509(a)(b)	(9,949)(c)	193,217
Asset impairment charges			9,733(c)		9,733
Total operating expense	200,580	28,624	21,242	(7,363)	243,083
Operating (loss) income	23,707	(2,127)	(15,760)	3,858	9,678
Other (expense) income:		, ,	, ,		
Interest expense	(35,548)	(5,319)	<del>-</del>	521(d)	(40,346)
Other (expense) income, net	(1,558)	(236)	_	_	(1,794)
Impairment loss	_	(9,733)	9,733(c)	_	_
Transaction costs	_	(6,027)	6,027(b)	_	_
Total other expense	(37,106)	(21,315)	15,760	521	(42,140)
Loss before income taxes	(13,399)	(23,442)		4,379	(32,462)
Income tax benefit	5,005	4,926	_	(2,114)(e)	7,817
Net loss	\$ (8,394)	\$(18,516)	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 2,265	\$ (24,645)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)				\$ (0.29)
Weighted-average shares used to compute net loss per share, basic and diluted	75,957,102			8,101,458(f)	84,058,560

Refer to the accompanying notes to the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition.

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#### Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the SCUF Acquisition for the year ended December 31, 2019 combines our combined consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 with SCUF's consolidated statement of operations for the period ended December 18, 2019.

The historical consolidated financial statements have been adjusted in the pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the SCUF Acquisition to give effect to pro forma events that are (1) directly attributable to the business combination, (2) factually supportable and (3) expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results following the business combination.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 805, *Business Combinations* with Corsair considered as the accounting acquirer and SCUF as the accounting acquiree. Accordingly, consideration paid by us to complete the acquisition has been allocated to identifiable assets and liabilities of SCUF based on preliminary fair values as of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date. Management made a preliminary allocation of the consideration transferred to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the information available and management's preliminary valuation of the fair value of tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The finalization of the purchase accounting assessment may result in changes to the valuation of both the consideration transferred and of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which could be material. Accordingly, the pro forma adjustments related to the allocation of consideration transferred are preliminary and have been presented solely for the purpose of providing unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations in this prospectus. Management expects to finalize the accounting for the business combination as soon as practicable within the measurement period in accordance with ASC 805, but in no event later than one year from the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date.

Prior to the consummation of the Offering, we will effect a Reorganization, see "Prospectus Summary—Reorganization", and we will file an amended and restated certificate of incorporation, pursuant to which we will have 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, authorized for issuance. All share and per share data in the accompanying unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operation for SCUF acquisition and related notes have been retroactively revised to reflect the Reorganization.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information for the SCUF Acquisition has been prepared for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to represent what the actual combined consolidated results of operations would have been had the acquisition actually occurred on January 1, 2019, nor are they necessarily indicative of future combined consolidated results of the combined company. The actual results of operations may differ significantly from the pro forma amounts reflected herein due to a variety of factors.

#### 2. Reclassification Adjustments to SCUF's Historical Consolidated Statement of Operations

Certain reclassification adjustments have been made to SCUF's historical consolidated statement of operations to conform to our financial statement presentation, including:

a) outbound shipping and handling costs of \$5.5 million that was presented as part of cost of revenue has been reclassified to sales, general and administrative expenses,

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#### Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition—(Continued)

- transaction costs in connection with the SCUF acquisition of \$6.0 million that were presented as part of other expense have been reclassified to sales, general and administrative expenses, and
- impairment loss of \$9.7 million relating to certain assets and property and equipment that were presented as part of other
  expense has been reclassified to operating expense to conform with applicable accounting guidance.

#### 3. Financing Transactions

The SCUF Acquisition was funded through a combination of debt financing and equity financing.

In connection with the SCUF Acquisition, on the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date we amended our current first lien term loan and borrowed an additional \$115.0 million, which bears interest at either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%. (iii) one

month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus a margin or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin. The margin ranges from 2.75% to 3.25% for base rate loans and ranges from 3.75% to 4.25% for Eurodollar loans, based on our net leverage ratio.

On December 19, 2019, our direct parent, EagleTree, issued additional units to raise capital for the consideration payable for the acquisition of SCUF. EagleTree issued 14,092,098 units, which following the Reorganization represents 7,046,049 shares of our common stock, as a result of the capital call, for a total capital contribution of \$53.5 million. In addition, part of SCUF's purchase consideration was settled by the issuance of 2,110,818 units of EagleTree, which following the Reorganization represents 1,055,408 shares of our common stock, with a fair value of approximately \$8.0 million at the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date.

The net proceeds of the term loan and capital contribution were used to repay our revolver outstanding balance of \$25.6 million on the Closing date and the remainder to fund the SCUF Acquisition, including paying off SCUF's outstanding debts at the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date.

#### 4. Preliminary Purchase Price Allocation

Subsequent to the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date, we recorded measurement period adjustments which reduced purchase price by \$1.5 million, inventories by \$0.5 million, and goodwill by \$1.0 million, and accordingly, the SCUF total adjusted purchase consideration was \$136.3 million. The SCUF purchase consideration consisted of (i) \$128.2 million cash consideration (including the payment of SCUF's transaction costs and debt on behalf of SCUF), (ii) \$8.0 million equity consideration (an issuance of 2,110,818 units of EagleTree, which following the Reorganization represents 1,055,408 shares of our common stock), (iii) \$1.6 million estimated contingent cash consideration relating to our expected utilization of the acquired SCUF tax liabilities or tax benefits relating to pre-acquisition SCUF results over the next 4 years of tax filings, (iv) additional cash earn-out based on the achievement of certain SCUF standalone EBITDA targets for 2019 and SCUF's ability to renew a licensing agreement with a certain vendor, and these contingent cash earn-outs were determined to have zero value based on the assessment of the outcome of these contingent events on the acquisition date, and (v) net of \$1.5 million contingent cash consideration paid on the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date that is expected to be returned by the Sellers to us to fund an incentive payment to certain ex-SCUF employees who joined us and are required to remain in employment through a contractual service period. The purchase price is subject to further adjustments of certain net working capital items within 12 months of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date.

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# Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition—(Continued)

The following table summarizes the preliminary allocation of the purchase consideration to the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The primary areas of the purchase price allocation that are not yet finalized consist of inventory valuation, federal and state income tax, and other tax considerations and the valuation of identifiable intangible assets acquired.

	(In f	thousands)
Assets acquired:		
Cash	\$	6,947
Accounts receivable		4,587
Inventories		12,800
Prepaid and other assets		1,377
Identifiable Intangible assets		71,890
Property and equipment		2,927
Other assets		40
Liabilities assumed:		
Accounts payable		(9,182)
Sales tax payable		(5,533)
Deferred revenue		(3,752)
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		(8,416)
Deferred tax liabilities		(10,015)
Net identifiable net assets acquired	\$	63,670
Goodwill		72,642
Net assets acquired	\$	136,312

The following table summarizes the components of identifiable intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of the acquisition date:

	<u>Fair Valu</u> (In thousan	
Patents	\$ 30,	500 8
Developed technology	18,6	600 6
Customer Relationships		590 5
Trade name	22,2	200 15
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$ 71,8	890

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# Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition—(Continued)

# 5. Pro Forma Adjustments

(a) Represents the following adjustments to cost of revenue (in thousands):

Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense	\$(1,832)
Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable patent intangible assets based on preliminary fair	
value which is amortized over eight years of estimated useful life	3,805
Eliminate SCUF's historical depreciation expense	(1,634)
Recognize depreciation expense resulting from fair value adjustment relating to property and equipment	2,976
Recognize expense for retention bonus incentive offered to SCUF's employees, as part of the acquisition, that will have	
a continuing impact on our results of operation	154
Recognize stock-based compensation expense for SCUF's employees enrolled in our equity plan after the acquisition. SCUF's historical equity plan was paid out and terminated as of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date according to the	
terms of the plan in the event of a change in control.	36
Total	\$ 3,505
(b) Represents the following adjustments to product development expenses (in thousands):	
(b) Represents the following adjustments to product development expenses (in thousands):  Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense	\$ (588)
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible asset, developed technology, based on	\$ (588) 2,998
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense	, ,
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible asset, developed technology, based on preliminary fair value which is amortized over six years of estimated useful life	, ,
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible asset, developed technology, based on preliminary fair value which is amortized over six years of estimated useful life Recognize expense for retention bonus incentive offered to SCUF's employees, as part of the acquisition, that will have a	2,998
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible asset, developed technology, based on preliminary fair value which is amortized over six years of estimated useful life Recognize expense for retention bonus incentive offered to SCUF's employees, as part of the acquisition, that will have a continuing impact on our results of operation Recognize stock-based compensation expense for SCUF's employees enrolled in our equity plan after the acquisition.	2,998
Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible amortization expense Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible asset, developed technology, based on preliminary fair value which is amortized over six years of estimated useful life Recognize expense for retention bonus incentive offered to SCUF's employees, as part of the acquisition, that will have a continuing impact on our results of operation Recognize stock-based compensation expense for SCUF's employees enrolled in our equity plan after the acquisition. SCUF's historical equity plan was paid out and terminated as of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date according to the	2,998

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# Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the SCUF Acquisition—(Continued)

(c) Represents the following adjustments to sales, general and administrative expenses (in thousands):

Eliminate SCUF's historical intangible asset amortization expense	\$(2,945)
Recognize amortization expense related to purchased identifiable intangible assets, primarily customer relationships and trade name, based on preliminary fair values which are amortized over four and fifteen years of useful life, respectively	1.549
Eliminate SCUF's historical depreciation expense	(650)
Recognize depreciation expense resulting from fair value adjustment relating to property and equipment	1,395
Eliminate historical stock-based compensation expense of SCUF's equity plan that was paid out and terminated as of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date	(177)
Recognize stock-based compensation expense under our equity plan as a result of SCUF's employees enrolled after the acquisition	504
Eliminate SCUF's historical compensation costs directly attributable to the acquisition and will not have a continuing impact on our results of operations	(970)
Recognize expense for retention bonus incentive offered to SCUF's employees, as part of the acquisition, that will have a continuing impact on our results of operation	509
Eliminate SCÜF's historical transaction costs and our historical acquisition-related cost related to the SCUF acquisition as these charges will not have a continuing impact on our results of operations	(9,164)
Total	\$(9,949)
(d) Represents the following adjustments to interest expense (in thousands):	
Eliminate SCUF's historical interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs as the historical debt was fully repaid on the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date	\$ 5,319
Recognize interest expense and amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs associated with the additional \$115.0 million borrowed on the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date to fund the acquisition and pay down our outstanding revolver. The additional debt proceeds were received net of \$3.5 million of debt discount and issuance costs, in aggregate. The interest expense for the pro forma adjustment is estimated using an all-in rate of 5.9% on	
December 31, 2019	(7,556)
Eliminate our historical interest expense related to borrowings from the revolver which was fully repaid at the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date	2,758
Total	\$ 521

- (e) This adjustment reflects the income tax effect of the pro forma adjustments based on the estimated blended federal and state statutory tax rate in effect during the year ended December 31, 2019 of 24.5% and estimated foreign jurisdiction statutory tax rate of 19.0%, and also a \$2.1 million adjustment to reverse the tax benefit from the realization of deferred tax assets as a result of acquiring SCUF that is not expected to have a continuing impact to our operating results. The pro forma adjustment does not reflect the future effective tax rate impact of potential U.S. taxes on foreign earnings.
- (f) On December 19, 2019, our direct parent, EagleTree, issued additional units to raise capital for the consideration payable for the acquisition of SCUF. EagleTree issued 14,092,098 units, which following the Reorganization represents 7,046,049 shares of our common stock, as a result of the capital call, for a total capital contribution of \$53.5 million. In addition, part of SCUF's purchase consideration was settled by the issuance of 2,110,818 units of EagleTree, which following the Reorganization represents 1,055,408 shares of our common stock with a fair value of approximately \$8.0 million at the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date. These additional shares are assumed outstanding as of the beginning of the year ended December 31, 2019.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the section titled "Selected Financial Data" and our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to those differences include, but are not limited to, those identified below and those discussed above in the section titled "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### Overview

We are a leading global provider and innovator of high-performance gear for gamers and content creators. We design industry-leading gaming gear that helps digital athletes, from casual gamers to committed professionals, to perform at their peak across PC or console platforms, and streaming gear that enables creators to produce studio-quality content to share with friends or to broadcast to millions of fans. We develop and sell high-performance gaming and streaming peripherals, components and systems to enthusiasts globally.

We have been a leader and pioneer in our industry for more than two decades, serving competitive gamers and content creators globally. Many of our products maintain a number one U.S. market share position, according to data from NPD Group and internal estimates. Our brand authenticity is important to our customers, and we are known for offering innovative, finely engineered products that have expanded the frontiers of gaming performance. For example, we created the first mechanical, per-key red-green-blue, or RGB, backlit keyboard and brought liquid cooling for PCs to the mainstream. We invented back-paddles for performance controllers under the SCUF brand and invented the Stream Deck solution under the Elgato brand. Our heritage in designing high-performance memory and power supply units, or PSUs, is unmatched. Our reputation and loyal customers have allowed us to continue to innovate and successfully expand our product suite worldwide. We have built our brands globally through a focus on gamers and content creators, and by delivering an uncompromising level of performance across all our products.

From 2018 to 2019, we completed three acquisitions with the goal of strengthening our capabilities in existing product segments, diversifying our offerings and expanding our sales channels. In July 2018, we completed the acquisition of certain assets and technology from Elgato Gaming, a leading provider of hardware and software for content creators, based in Munich, Germany. The addition of Elgato's portfolio of game and creator streaming accessory products has allowed us to enter into the game streaming and video production market. In July 2019, we completed the acquisition of Origin PC Corporation, a company based in Florida, specializing in delivering hand-built, personalized high-end gaming PCs. In December 2019, we completed the acquisition of SCUF Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries. SCUF, headquartered in Georgia, specializes in delivering superior accessories and customized gaming controllers for gaming consoles and PCs that are used by top professional gamers as well as competitive amateur gamers. The addition of Origin and SCUF's products enhances and expands our product offering to PC and console gamers, respectively. See Note 5 to our combined consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information regarding our business acquisitions. Elgato and SCUF are now part of our gamer and creator peripherals segment and their results of operations are included in our combined consolidated statements of operations beginning July 2, 2018 and December 19, 2019, respectively. Origin is now part of our gaming components and systems segment and its results of operations are included in our combined consolidated statements of operations beginning July 22, 2019.

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We are growing rapidly. In 2018 we had net revenue of \$937.6 million, net income (loss) of (\$13.7) million, adjusted operating income of \$61.6 million, adjusted net income of \$20.0 million and adjusted EBITDA of \$67.4 million. In 2019 we had net revenue of \$1.1 billion, net income (loss) of (\$8.4) million, adjusted operating income of \$65.8 million, adjusted net income of \$27.5 million and adjusted EBITDA of \$71.6 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, we had net revenue of \$486.2 million and \$688.9 million, respectively, net income (loss) of (\$15.9) million and \$23.8 million, respectively, adjusted operating income of \$18.3 and \$72.4 million, respectively, adjusted net income of \$0.6 million and \$43.6 million, respectively, and adjusted EBITDA of \$20.8 million and \$76.7 million, respectively. For 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our gross margin was 20.6%, 20.4%, 19.3% and 26.7%, respectively. Our revenue, gross margin, net income (loss), adjusted operating income, adjusted net income and adjusted EBITDA each increased for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019 to the same period in 2020 from \$973.1 million to \$1.3 billion, from 20.1% to 24.2%, from \$(26.7) million to \$31.3 million, from \$51.2 million to \$119.9 million, from \$7.4 million to \$70.4 million and from \$56.6 million to \$127.6 million, respectively. See the section titled "Selected Financial Data—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for an explanation of how we compute these non-GAAP financial measures and for their reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

Our solution is a complete suite of gaming and streaming gear that addresses the most critical components for game performance and is designed to work seamlessly with our proprietary software platform, iCUE, to optimize performance, customization and style. Our business has two operating segments:

- gamer and creator peripherals, which includes keyboards, mice, mousepads, gaming headsets, gaming chairs, gamer
  and creator streaming gear including game and video capture hardware, microphones, video production accessories and
  docking stations, and following our SCUF acquisition, console and PC gaming accessories including controllers; and
- gaming components and systems, which includes PSUs, cooling solutions including fans and liquid cooling products, computer cases, prebuilt and custom built gaming PCs and laptops, and high-performance memory components such as DRAM modules.

The percentage of our net revenue from our gamer and creator peripherals segment and gaming components and systems segment were 26.8% and 73.2%, respectively, for 2019 and 27.0% and 73.0%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The percentage of gross profit from our gamer and creator peripherals segment and gaming components and systems segment were 63.7% and 36.3%, respectively, for 2019 and 33.1% and 66.9%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Gross margin for our gamer and creator peripherals segment and gaming components and systems segment were 27.7% and 17.8%, respectively, for 2019 and 32.7% and 24.4%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

We are headquartered in California. Our products are primarily designed in the United States, Germany, China and Taiwan. We operate a facility in Taiwan where we assemble, test, package and ultimately supply nearly all of our DRAM modules and a significant portion of our cooling solutions and custom prebuilt gaming systems. We also assemble, test, package and ultimately supply our custom-built PCs in our U.S. facility, and our customized gaming controllers in our U.S. and U.K. facilities. All of the other gear we sell is produced at factories operated by third-parties located in China, Taiwan and countries in Southeast Asia. These third-party manufacturers are responsible for procuring most of the components used in the manufacturing of our gear from third-party suppliers. We also outsource packaging and fulfillment to third-party logistics providers in some regions around the world. As of June 30, 2020, we had shipped over 190 million gaming products since 1998, with over 85 million gear shipments in the past five years.

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Our gear is purchased by gaming enthusiasts worldwide through either our retail channel or our direct-to-consumer channel. In our retail channel, we distribute our gear either directly to the retailer or through key distributors. Retailers in our network include Amazon, Best Buy, JD.com, MediaMarkt and Walmart. While we historically have sold our gear directly to consumers through our website, following our acquisitions of SCUF and Origin in 2019 the volume of direct-to-consumer sales has increased as both of these companies primarily generated sales through direct-to-consumer channels. While sales from our direct-to-consumer channel comprised only 3% of our net revenue in 2019 (prior to the inclusion of results from the SCUF acquisition) and 9% of our net revenue in the six months ended June 30, 2020, we believe direct-to-consumer sales represent a significant avenue to drive growth by facilitating increased market penetration across our product categories. We expect net revenue from our direct-to-consumer channel to increase as a percentage of total net revenue in future periods. Through both our retail and direct-to-consumer channels, we currently ship to more than 75 countries across six continents. In 2019, sales to the Americas, EMEA and Asia Pacific represented 41.9%, 37.1% and 21.0%, respectively, of net revenue, and such regions in the six months ended June 30, 2020 represented 43.6%, 36.2% and 20.2%, respectively, of net revenue.

#### **Factors Affecting Our Business**

Our results of operations and financial condition are affected by numerous factors, including those described above under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus and those described below.

*Impact of Industry Trends*. Our results of operations and financial condition are impacted by industry trends in the gaming market, including:

- Increasing gaming engagement. Gaming today represents approximately 11% of leisure time in the United States, surpassing activities such as using social media and messaging. According to a 2019 survey by Nielsen, 71% of millennial gamers in the United States watch gaming video content on platforms like YouTube and Twitch for an average of almost six hours per week. Of these viewers, roughly equal numbers cite "learning gameplay strategy from top players" and cite "enjoy the personalities of the creators" as their reason for watching. Five of YouTube's 10 highest earning stars in 2019 produced gaming content. We believe that gaming's increasing time share of global entertainment consumption will drive continued growth in spending on both games and gaming and streaming gear.
- Introduction of new high-performance computing hardware and sophisticated games. We believe that the introduction of more powerful CPUs and GPUs that place increased demands on other system components, such as memory, power supply or cooling, has a significant effect on increasing the demand for our gear. In addition, we believe that our business success depends in part on the introduction and success of games with sophisticated graphics that place increasing demands on system processing speed and capacity and therefore require more powerful CPUs or GPUs, which in turn drives demand for our high-performance gaming components and systems, such as PSUs and cooling solutions, and our gaming PC memory. As a result, our operating results may be materially affected by the timing of, and the rate at which computer hardware companies introduce, new and enhanced CPUs and GPUs, the timing of, and rate at which computer game companies and developers introduce, sophisticated new and improved games that require increasingly high levels of system and graphics processing power, and whether these new products and games are widely accepted by gamers.

**Product Mix.** Our gamer and creator peripherals segment has a higher gross margin than our gaming components and systems segment. As a result, our overall gross margin is affected by changes

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in product mix. One of our strategies is to increase the percentage of our net revenue generated by our higher margin gamer and creator peripherals segment, which has grown in recent years. For example, net revenue from the sales of our gamer and creator peripherals segment increased from \$233.5 million in 2018 to \$294.1 million in 2019, with gross profit increasing from \$73.5 million in 2018 to \$81.4 million in 2019. Net revenue of our gamer and creator peripherals segment increased from \$271.6 million in the twelve months period ended June 30, 2019 to \$350.6 million in the twelve months period ended June 30, 2020, with gross profit increasing from \$86.0 million to \$104.0 million over the same periods. External factors can have an impact on our product mix, such as popular game releases that can increase sales of peripherals and availability of new CPUs and GPUs that can impact component sales. In addition, within our gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems segments, gross margin varies between products, and significant shifts in product mix within either segment may also significantly impact our overall gross margin.

Sales Network. We operate a global sales network that consists primarily of retailers, as well as distributors we use to access certain retailers. Further, a limited number of retailers and distributors represent a significant portion of our net revenue, with Amazon accounting for 22.4%, 25.1% and 26.8% of our net revenue for 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and sales to our ten largest customers accounting for approximately 51.0%, 51.6% and 52.4% of our net revenue for the same periods, respectively. Our customers typically do not enter into long-term agreements to purchase our gear but instead enter into purchase orders with us. As a result of this concentration and the lack of long-term agreements with our customers, a primary driver of our net revenue and operating performance is maintaining good relationships with these retailers and distributors. To help maintain good relationships, we implement initiatives such as our updated packaging design which helps Amazon process our packages more efficiently. Further, given our global operations, a significant percentage of our expenses relate to shipping costs. Our ability to effectively optimize these shipping expenses, for example utilizing expensive shipping options such as air freight for smaller packages and more urgent deliveries and more cost-efficient options, such as train or boat, for other shipments, has an impact on our expenses and results of operations.

In addition, we also maintain a direct-to-consumer sales channel where sales are made directly to the end-consumer through our website. While sales from our direct-to-consumer channel comprised a small portion of net revenue, we believe direct-to-consumer sales represent a significant avenue to drive growth by facilitating increased market penetration across our product categories.

**New Product Introductions.** Gamers demand new technology and product features, and we expect our ability to accurately anticipate and meet these demands will be one of the main drivers for any future sales growth and market share expansion. To date, we have had several new product introductions that had a favorable impact on our net revenue and operating results, such as the introduction of our new high-end wireless headset in 2019, Virtuoso. However, we cannot assure you that our new product introductions will have a favorable impact on our operating results or that customers will choose our new gear over those of our competitors.

Seasonal Sales Trends. We have experienced and expect to continue to experience seasonal fluctuations in sales due to the buying patterns of our customers and spending patterns of gamers. Our net revenue has generally been lowest in the first and second calendar quarters due to lower consumer demand following the fourth quarter holiday season and because of the decline in sales that typically occurs in anticipation of the introduction of new or enhanced CPUs, GPUs, and other computer hardware products, which usually take place in the second calendar quarter and which tend to drive sales in the following two quarters. Further, our net revenue tends to be higher in the third and fourth calendar quarter due to seasonal sales such as "Black Friday," "Cyber Monday" and "Singles Day" in China, as retailers tend to make purchases in advance of these sales, and our sales also tend to be higher in the fourth quarter due to the introduction of new consoles and high-profile

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games in connection with the holiday season. As a consequence of seasonality, our net revenue for the second calendar quarter is generally the lowest of the year followed by the first calendar quarter. We expect these seasonality trends to continue.

Fluctuations in Currency Exchange Rates. We are subject to inherent risks attributed to operating in a global economy. Some of our international sales are denominated in foreign currencies and any unfavorable movement in the exchange rate between U.S. dollars and the currencies in which we conduct sales in foreign countries, in particular the Euro and the British Pound could have an adverse impact on our net revenue. In addition, we generally pay our employees located outside the United States in the local currency, with a significant portion of those payments being made in Taiwan dollars and Euros. Additionally, as a result of our foreign sales and operations, we have other expenses, assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies, in particular the Chinese Yuan, Euro and British Pound.

**Novel Coronavirus Outbreak**. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was identified in China, resulting in shutdowns of manufacturing and commerce, as well as global travel restrictions to contain the virus. The impact has since extended globally.

We have operations and employees in various regions affected by coronavirus, including our headquarters in California, which is subject to a shelter-in-place order. Our manufacturing facilities in Atlanta and the United Kingdom, and our contract manufacturing facilities in Southeast Asia, many of which have closed between one to two months in early 2020 have caused some disruptions in our supply chain which also resulted in increased air freight costs. Although we have seen some significant business disruptions due to COVID-19, the broader implications of COVID-19 on our results of operations and overall financial performance remain uncertain. The negative financial impact from the temporary stoppage in our factories, disruption in our supply chain and increased air freight costs experienced in the first quarter of 2020 was offset by strong revenue growth year-over-year partly due to an increase in demand for our gear as more people in more countries are under shelter-in-place restrictions. We believe that shelter-in-place and other similar restrictions have resulted in increased demand for our gear because such restrictions have limited people's access to alternative forms of entertainment and social interaction, and thus have increased the demand for home entertainment and connecting with others through content creation. Further, we believe the increased demand for our gear has been driven in part by individuals seeking to improve their work from home setup. This increase in demand has continued into the second quarter and we expect it to continue through the remainder of the year as the COVID-19 pandemic continues. However, as the global economic activity slows down, the demand for our gear could decline despite these trends. Moreover, travel restrictions, factory closures and disruptions in our supply chain are likely to happen and we or our suppliers may not be able to obtain adequate inventory to sell. The dynamic nature and uncertainty of the circumstances surrounding COVID-19 pandemic may have adverse consequences on our results of operations for 2020 and may negatively impact future fiscal periods in the event of prolonged disruptions associated with the outbreak. We continue to evaluate the nature and extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to our business and we have implemented various measures to attempt to mitigate the disruptive logistic impact specifically around managing inventory stocking level at our distribution hubs and determining the mode of shipment used to deploy our gear to the customers, and we are also ready to implement adjustments to our expenses and cash flow in the event of declines in revenues. Please see "Risk Factors" for further discussion of the possible impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business.

Integrated Circuits. Integrated circuits, or ICs, account for most of the cost of producing our high-performance memory products. IC prices are subject to pricing fluctuations which can affect the average sales prices of memory modules, and thus impact our net revenue, and can have an effect on gross margins. The impact on net revenues can be significant as our high-performance memory products, included within our gaming components and systems segment, represents a significant portion of our net revenue.

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#### **Components of our Operating Results**

#### Net Revenue

We generate all of our net revenue from the sale of gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems to retailers, including online retailers, gamers and distributors worldwide. Our revenue is recognized net of allowances for returns, discounts, sales incentives and any taxes collected from customers.

For a description of our revenue recognition policies, see the section titled "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—Revenue Recognition."

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of product costs, including costs of contract manufacturers, inbound freight costs from manufacturers to our distribution hubs as well as inter-hub shipments, cost of materials and overhead, duties and tariffs, warranty replacement cost to process and rework returned items, depreciation of tooling equipment, warehousing costs, excess and obsolete inventory write-downs, and certain allocated costs related to facilities and information technology, or IT, and personnel-related expenses and other operating expenses related to supply chain logistics.

#### Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of product development and sales, general and administrative expenses.

Product development. Product development costs are generally expensed as incurred and reported in the combined consolidated statements of operations. Product development costs consist primarily of the costs associated with the design and testing of new products and improvements to existing products. These costs relate primarily to compensation of personnel and consultants involved with product design, definition, compatibility testing and qualification.

We expense software development costs as incurred until technological feasibility has been established, at which time those costs are capitalized until the product is available for general release to customers. To date, almost all of our software development costs have been expensed as incurred because the period between achieving technological feasibility and the release of the software has been short and development costs qualifying for capitalization have been insignificant.

We expect our product development expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to make significant investments in developing new products and enhancing existing products.

Sales, general and administrative. Sales, general and administrative, or SG&A expenses represent the largest component of our operating expenses and consist of distribution costs, sales, marketing and other general and administrative costs. Distribution costs include outbound freight and the costs to operate our distribution hubs. Sales costs relate to the costs to operate our global sales force that works in conjunction with our channel partners. Marketing costs consist primarily of gaming team and event sponsorships, advertising and marketing promotions of our products and services and personnel-related cost. General and administrative costs consist primarily of personnel-related expenses for our finance, legal, human resources, IT and administrative personnel, as well as the costs of professional services related to these functions.

We expect our total sales, general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to actively promote and distribute a higher volume of our products and also due to the

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anticipated growth of our business and related infrastructure, including increase in legal, accounting, insurance, compliance, investor relations and other costs associated with becoming a public company.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of interest associated with our debt financing arrangements, including our revolving line of credit, amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts, loss from debt extinguishment, consisting of the write-off of unamortized debt discount and fees associated with the prepayment of our term loans, and the change in fair value of our interest rate cap contracts.

# Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net consists primarily of our foreign currency exchange gains and losses relating to transactions and remeasurement of asset and liability balances denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We expect our foreign currency gains and losses to continue to fluctuate in the future due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

#### Income Tax (Expense) Benefit

We are subject to income taxes in the United States and foreign jurisdictions in which we do business. These foreign jurisdictions have statutory tax rates different from those in the United States. Accordingly, our effective tax rates will vary depending on the relative proportion of foreign to United States income, the utilization of foreign tax credits and changes in tax laws. Deferred tax assets are reduced through the establishment of a valuation allowance, if, based upon available evidence, it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the tax and financial reporting bases of our assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in future years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

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# **Results of Operations**

The following tables set forth the components of our combined consolidated statements of operations for each of the periods presented. The period-to-period comparison of operating results is not necessarily indicative of results for future periods.

	Year Ended D	ecember 31,	Six Months Er	ided June 30,
	2018 2019		2019	2020
			(Unau	dited)
		(in tho	usands)	
Combined Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:				
Net revenue	\$ 937,553	\$1,097,174	\$ 486,247	\$ 688,925
Cost of revenue	744,858	872,887	392,640	505,239
Gross profit	192,695	224,287	93,607	183,686
Operating expenses:				
Product development	31,990	37,547	18,899	23,383
Sales, general and administrative	138,915	163,033	76,181	110,556
Total operating expenses	170,905	200,580	95,080	133,939
Operating income (loss)	21,790	23,707	(1,473)	49,747
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(32,680)	(35,548)	(17,944)	(18,946)
Other (expense) income, net	183	(1,558)	(1,078)	(52)
Total other expense, net	(32,497)	(37,106)	(19,022)	(18,998)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(10,707)	(13,399)	(20,495)	30,749
Income tax (expense) benefit	(3,013)	5,005	4,570	(6,932)
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,720)	\$ (8,394)	\$ (15,925)	\$ 23,817

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The following tables set forth the components of our combined consolidated statements of operations for each of the periods presented as a percentage of net revenue. The period-to-period comparison of our operating results as a percentage of net revenue is not necessarily indicative of results for future periods.

	Year Ended Dec	ambar 24	Six Mon Ended Jui	
	2018	2019	2019	2020
	2010	2013	(Unaudi	
Combined Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:			,	,
As a % of revenue				
Net revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue	79.4	79.6	80.7	73.3
Gross profit	20.6	20.4	19.3	26.7
Operating expenses:				
Product development	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.4
Sales, general and administrative	14.8	14.9	15.7	16.0
Total operating expenses	18.2	18.3	19.6	19.4
Operating income (loss)	2.3	2.2	(0.3)	7.2
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(3.5)	(3.2)	(3.7)	(2.8)
Other (expense) income, net		(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Total other expense, net	(3.5)	(3.4)	(3.9)	(2.8)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1.1)	(1.2)	(4.2)	4.5
Income tax (expense) benefit	(0.3)	0.5	0.9	(1.0)
Net income (loss)	(1.5)%	(0.8)%	(3.3)%	3.5%

Comparison of the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2020

# Net Revenue

December 31,	Year Ended
2019	2018
(in thous	
\$ 1.097.174	937.553
	2019 (in thous

Net revenue increased \$202.7 million, or 41.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019. We experienced double-digit revenue growth in both our gamer and creator peripherals segment and our gaming components and systems segment and we believe the increased demand of our products is generally due to shelter-in-place requirements caused by COVID-19, and to a lesser extent, the inclusion of post-acquisition revenues from our SCUF and Origin acquisitions.

Net revenue increased \$159.6 million, or 17.0%, in 2019 as compared to 2018, due to strong growth in both of our segments largely as a result of higher sales of Corsair-branded products and also from the addition of the Elgato product portfolio after its acquisition in July 2018. Net revenue of our gamer and creator peripherals segment increased \$60.6 million, or 26.0%, in 2019, compared to 2018,

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and net revenue of our gaming components and systems segment increased \$99.0 million, or 14.1%, in 2019 as compared to 2018.

#### Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Year Ended De	ecember 31,	Six Months En	ded June 30,
2018	2019	2019	2020
	(Unaudite		lited)
	(in thous	ands)	
\$ 192,695	\$ 224,287	\$ 93,607	\$ 183,686
20.6%	20.4%	19.3%	26.7%

Gross margin increased from 19.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2019 to 26.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2020, primarily due to an increase in margin in our gaming components and systems segment as well as the positive margin impact from sales of the higher margin SCUF products. We expect our 2020 gross margins to be higher than historical periods if the sales of our SCUF and streaming products, which have a higher average margin than other products in our product mix, remain consistent or higher for the remainder of 2020.

Gross margin for 2019 was positively impacted by a favorable shift in product mix but was largely offset by a negative impact from additional tariff costs, resulting in relatively flat gross margin of 20.4% in 2019 as compared to 20.6% in 2018.

# **Product Development**

Ye	Year Ended December 31, Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018	2019	2019	2020	
		<u></u>	(Unaud	dited)	
		(in thous	ands)		
\$	31,990	37,547	\$ 18,899	\$ 23,383	

Product development expenses increased \$4.5 million, or 23.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019. The increase was primarily driven by a \$2.8 million increase in personnel-related expenses due to headcount growth and higher bonus expense, the inclusion of \$2.7 million of SCUF's product development expenses following its acquisition, a \$1.7 million increase in consultant and contractor expenses, and a \$0.8 million increase in project materials costs, all of which are directly related to supporting our continued innovation and broadening our product portfolio. These increases were partially offset by a \$3.5 million decrease in amortization expense of developed technologies intangible assets.

Product development expenses increased \$5.6 million, or 17.4%, in 2019 as compared to 2018. The increase was primarily driven by a \$3.2 million increase in personnel-related expenses due to headcount growth, a \$1.6 million increase in consultant and contractor expenses and a \$0.5 million increase in IT-related expenses to support product development efforts.

#### Sales, General and Administrative (SG&A)

	Year Ended	December 31,	Six Months En	ded June 30,
	2018	2019	2019	2020
	·		(Unaudited)	
		(in the	ousands)	
Sales, general and administrative	\$ 138,915	\$ 163,033	\$ 76,181	\$ 110,556

SG&A expenses increased \$34.4 million, or 45.1%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to the inclusion of

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\$14.5 million of SCUF's SG&A expenses following its acquisition, a \$10.4 million increase in personnel-related costs primarily due to headcount growth and higher bonus expense, a \$5.0 million increase in outbound freight costs due to increase in sales, a \$1.7 million increase in professional and legal expenses, a \$1.5 million increase in facilities and maintenance expenses including distribution hub management fees and maintenance fees, and a \$0.7 million increase for bad debt expenses.

SG&A expenses increased \$24.1 million, or 17.4%, in 2019 as compared to 2018. The increase was primarily driven by a \$9.0 million increase in personnel-related costs due to headcount growth, a \$4.4 million increase in marketing and advertising expenses to increase worldwide brand awareness for our products, a \$3.6 million increase in outbound freight costs due to increased sales, an inclusion of \$4.0 million of SCUF's post acquisition SG&A expense, including debt refinancing costs for funding the acquisition, and acquisition and integration costs related to the SCUF acquisition, a \$2.1 million increase in professional fees, and a \$1.0 million one-time severance and separation cost with an executive.

#### Interest Expense and Other (Expense) Income, Net

Year Ended D	ecember 31,	Six Months Er	nded June 30,	
2018	2019	2019	2020	
		(Unau	idited)	
	(in thou	usands)		
\$ (32,680)	\$ (35,548)	\$ (17,944)	\$ (18,946)	
\$ 183	\$ (1.558)	\$ (1.078)	\$ (52)	

Interest expense increased \$1.0 million, or 5.6%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to additional cash interest for our additional debt borrowings entered into in December 2019 in connection with the SCUF acquisition, and to a lesser extent, the losses from our partial debt extinguishment and losses from change in fair value of our interest rate cap contracts. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in interest from borrowings from our line of credit.

Interest expense increased \$2.9 million, or 8.8%, in 2019 as compared to 2018. The increase was primarily due to additional cash interest and amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts for our additional debt borrowings entered into in March 2018, October 2018 and December 2019, as well as an increase in borrowings from our line of credit throughout 2019, as compared to 2018. See Note 8 to our combined consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information regarding our debt arrangements.

Other (expense) income, net relates primarily to the gains and losses resulting from the impact of foreign exchange rate changes on our cash, accounts receivable and intercompany balances denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies in our subsidiaries. The changes in other expense in the periods presented in the table above were primarily due to fluctuations of the Euro, British Pound and Chinese Yuan against the U.S. dollar in these periods.

# Income Tax (Expense) Benefit

	Year En	Year Ended December 31, Six Months E			nded June 30,			
	2018		2019		2019		2020	
	·				(Unau	udited)		
			(in thou	sand	s)			
nse) Benefit	\$ (3,01	3) \$	5,005	\$	4,570	\$	(6.932)	

Income tax expense increased \$11.5 million, or 251.7%, from \$4.6 million of tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2019 to \$6.9 million of tax expense for the six months ended June 30,

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2020. The increase in tax expense was primarily due to a \$51.4 million increase in income before tax for the same periods.

In 2019, we recognized an income tax benefit of \$5.0 million primarily due to an increase in loss before income tax compared to 2018, realizing a tax benefit of a net operating loss of a foreign subsidiary and management's reassessment of the realizability of our deferred tax assets from our U.S. net operating loss carried forward. In 2018, we recognized an income tax expense of \$3.0 million primarily due to management's assessment of the realizability of our deferred tax assets from tax credits and stock based compensation expenses that may not be realized.

# Segment Results

Our business has two operating segments as noted above. See Note 15 to our combined consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information regarding our business segments.

# Segment Net Revenue

The following table sets forth our net revenue by segment expressed both in dollars (thousands) and as a percentage of net revenue:

		Year Ended December 31,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018			2019		201	9	2020	)	
Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment	\$233,536	24.9%	\$ 2	294,141	26.8%	\$129,478	26.6%	\$185,976	27.0%	
Memory Products	405,642	43.3	4	63,406	42.2	211,966	43.6	282,852	41.1	
Other Component Products	298,375	31.8	3	39,627	31.0	144,803	29.8	220,097	31.9	
Gaming Components and Systems										
Segment	704,017	75.1	8	303,033	73.2	356,769	73.4	502,949	73.0	
Total Net Revenue	\$937,553	100.0%	\$1,0	97,174	100.0%	\$486,247	100.0%	\$688,925	100.0%	

Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment

Net revenue of the gamer and creator peripherals segment increased \$56.5 million, or 43.6%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to the inclusion of SCUF post-acquisition revenue and strong growth in streaming products and headsets sales, we believe driven in part by the COVID-19 shelter-in-place orders as consumers spend more time working and gaming at home, which were partially offset by a reduction in sales of our keyboard and mice products.

Net revenue of the gamer and creator peripherals segment increased \$60.6 million, or 26.0%, in 2019 as compared to 2018 primarily due to the addition of Elgato product portfolio which increased the volume of the segment's sales.

Gaming Components and Systems Segment

Net revenue of the gaming components and systems segment increased \$146.2 million, or 41.0%, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to an increase in sales volume for our memory and PSU products largely due to continued strong market demand, we believe driven in part by the COVID-19 shelter-in-place orders, and to a lesser extent, the inclusion of Origin post-acquisition revenue.

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Net revenue of the gaming components and systems segment increased \$99.0 million, or 14.1%, in 2019 as compared to 2018 primarily due to an increase in other components products sales following the normalization of the DIY PC market after the surge in the cryptocurrency mining in 2018, as well as an increase in sales volume in our DRAM products. The increase in our DRAM product sales was primarily due to market share gain in United States and China coupled with increased volumes due to lower selling prices.

#### Segment Gross Profit and Gross Margin

The following table sets forth our gross profit expressed in dollars (thousands) and gross margin (which we define as gross profit as a percentage of net revenue) by segment:

	Year Ended December 31,				Si				
	2018		2019		2019		2020	)	
			<u> </u>			(Unaı	udited)		
Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment	\$ 73,489	31.5%	\$ 81,363	27.7%	\$38,286	29.6%	\$ 60,876	32.7%	
•									
Memory Products	48,490	12.0	74,781	16.1	26,352	12.4	62,955	22.3	
Other Component Products	70,716	23.7	68,143	20.1	28,969	20.0	59,855	27.2	
Gaming Components and Systems Segment	119,206	16.9	142,924	17.8	55,321	15.5	122,810	24.4	
Total Gross Profit	\$192,695	20.6%	\$224,287	20.4%	\$93,607	19.3%	\$183,686	26.7%	

#### Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment

The gross profit of the gamer and creator peripherals segment increased in the six months ended June 30, 2020 by \$22.6 million, or 59.0%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to the inclusion of the gross profit from post-acquisition sales of SCUF products. The 3.1% increase in gross margin was primarily due to the addition of higher margin SCUF products and other higher margin products to our product mix and the strong growth in sales of higher margin streaming products, coupled with less promotional activities.

The gross profit of the gamer and creator peripherals segment increased in 2019 by \$7.9 million, or 10.7%, compared to 2018, largely due to the net revenue growth of 26.0% in the same period. The 3.8% decrease in gross margin was primarily due to increased promotional activity, additional tariff costs in 2019 and higher return and rework costs, partially offset by a favorable shift in product mix towards sales of higher margin Elgato products.

#### Gaming Components and Systems Segment

The gross profit of the gaming components and systems segment increased in the six months ended June 30, 2020 by \$67.5 million, or 122.0% as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to the strong revenue growth year-over-year. The 8.9% increase in gross margin was primarily due to a continued strong gross margin for memory products in addition to operational efficiencies and less promotional spending across other component product categories.

The gross profit of the gaming components and systems segment increased in 2019 by \$23.7 million, or 19.9%, compared to 2018, largely due to the net revenue growth of 14.1% in the same period. The 0.9% increase in gross margin was primarily due to efficiencies from our leading position in the consumer, high performance memory market, which were offset partially by unfavorable margin impact from higher tariff costs and lower selling prices of our PSU products resulting from the volatility in the cryptocurrency mining market.

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# Unaudited Quarterly Results of Operations Data and Other Data

The following table sets forth our unaudited quarterly consolidated statement of operations data for each of the quarter periods set forth below. The unaudited consolidated statement of operations data set forth below has been prepared on the same basis as our audited consolidated financial statements and, in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, that are necessary for the fair presentation of such data. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future and the results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year or any other period. The following quarterly financial data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Three Months Ended														
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	Septemb 2018		Dec	ember 31, 2018		:h 31, 119	June 30, 2019	Sep	tember 30, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
						(	In thou	usands	)						
Net revenues	\$ 242,133	\$208,558	\$ 21	7,962	\$	268,900	\$ 24	5,383	\$240,864	\$	284,372	\$	326,555	\$ 308,518	\$380,407
Cost of revenue	194,384	165,680	17	1,141		213,653	19	7,300	195,340		224,145		256,102	229,896	275,343
Gross profit	47,749	42,878	4	5,821		55,247	48	3,083	45,524		60,227		70,453	78,622	105,064
Operating expenses:															
Product development(1)	6,802	6,971		3,715		9,502		9,670	9,229		9,454		9,194	11,556	11,827
Sales, general and administrative(1),(2)	33,237	34,022	3	3,380		38,276	3	3,035	38,146		39,811		47,041	53,729	56,827
Total operating expenses	40,039	40,993	4.	2,095		47,778	4	7,705	47,375		49,265		56,235	65,285	68,654
Operating income (loss)	7,710	1,885		1,726		7,469		378	(1,851)		10,962		14,218	13,337	36,410
Other (expense) income:									, , ,						
Interest expense	(6,170)	(8,256)	(	3,802)		(9,452)	(9	9,005)	(8,939)		(9,119)		(8,485)	(9,374)	(9,572)
Other (expense) income, net	573	(67)		31		(354)		(889)	(189)		(399)		(81)	(63)	11
Total other expense, net	(5,597)	(8,323)	(	3,771)		(9,806)	(9	9,894)	(9,128)		(9,518)		(8,566)	(9,437)	(9,561)
Income (loss) from operations before		(0.400)				(0.00=)		. =							
income taxes	2,113	(6,438)	(-	1,045)		(2,337)		9,516)	(10,979)		1,444		5,652	3,900	26,849
Income tax (expense) benefit	(462)	1,831		(253)		(4,129)	_	1,023	3,547		75		360	(2,683)	(4,249)
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,651	\$ (4,607)	\$ (	1,298)	\$	(6,466)	\$ (8	3,493)	\$ (7,432)	\$	1,519	\$	6,012	\$ 1, 217	\$ 22,600
Non-GAAP Financial Metrics:															
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 18,124	\$ 13,432		7,307	\$	18,568	\$ 10	0,778	\$ 9,980	\$	22,367	\$	28,469	\$ 27,104	\$ 49,635
Adjusted operating income	\$ 16,477	\$ 12,149	\$ 1	5,698	\$	17,254	\$ 10	0,006	\$ 8,253	\$	20,895	\$	26,614	\$ 25,012	\$ 47,415
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ 8.990	\$ 4.229	\$	5.117	\$	1.657	\$	(394)	\$ 1.040	\$	10.017	\$	16.841	\$ 11.220	\$ 32.343

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					Three Mont	hs Ended				
As a % of revenue	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Net revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue	80.3	79.4	78.5	79.5	80.4	81.1	78.8	78.4	74.5	72.4
Gross profit	19.7	20.6	21.5	20.5	19.6	18.9	21.2	21.6	25.5	27.6
Operating expenses:										
Product										
development(1)	2.8	3.3	4.0	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.3	2.8	3.7	3.1
Sales, general and administrative(1),(2)	13.7	16.3	15.3	14.2	15.5	15.8	14.0	14.4	17.4	14.9
Total operating expenses	16.5	19.7	19.3	17.8	19.4	19.7	17.3	17.2	21.2	18.0
Operating income (loss)	3.2	0.9	2.2	2.8	0.2	(0.8)	3.9	4.4	4.3	9.6
Other (expense) income:										
Interest expense	(2.5)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(3.5)	(3.7)	(3.7)	(3.2)	(2.6)	(3.0)	(2.5)
Other (expense) income, net	0.2			(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.1)			
Total other expense, net	(2.3)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(3.6)	(4.0)	(3.8)	(3.3)	(2.6)	(3.1)	(2.5)
Income (loss) from operations before										
income taxes	0.9	(3.1)	(1.9)	(0.9)	(3.9)	(4.6)	0.5	1.7	1.3	7.1
Income tax (expense)										
benefit	(0.2)	0.9	(0.1)	(1.5)	0.4	1.5		0.1	(0.9)	(1.1)
Net income (loss)	0.7%	-2.2%	-2.0%	-2.4%	-3.5%	-3.1%	0.5%	1.8%	0.4%	5.9%
Non-GAAP Financial Metrics:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Adjusted EBITDA	7.5%	6.4%	7.9%	6.9%	4.4%	4.1%	7.9%	8.7%	8.8%	13.0%
Adjusted operating income	6.8%	5.8%	7.2%	6.4%	4.1%	3.4%	7.3%	8.1%	8.1%	12.5%
Adjusted net income (loss)	3.7%	2.0%	2.3%	0.6%	-0.2%	0.4%	3.5%	5.2%	3.6%	8.5%

(1) Includes intangible amortization as follows, expressed in dollars and as a percentage of cost of revenue and operating expenses:

							Т	hree Mont	hs E	nded							
	ch 31, 018	ie 30, 018	Se	ptember 30, 2018	De	cember 31, 2018		arch 31, 2019		ne 30, 2019	Sep	tember 30, 2019	De	cember 31, 2019	arch 31, 2020		ne 30, 2020
	 	 		2010				housands		.0.0		2010		2010		_	
Cost of revenue	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	127	\$ 974	\$	926
Product development	1,766	1,766		2,304		2,311		2,319		2,318		1,651		669	1,351		1,351
Sales, general and																	
administrative	 5,620	 5,618		5,749		5,759		5,756		5,751		5,757		5,775	6,122		6,115
Total intangible amortization	\$ 7,386	\$ 7,384	\$	8,053	\$	8,070	\$	8,075	\$	8,069	\$	7,408	\$	6,571	\$ 8,447	\$	8,392

					Three Monti	ns Ended				
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
As a % of cost of revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.3%
As a % of product development expenses	26.0	25.3	26.4	24.3	24.0	25.1	17.5	7.3	11.7	11.4
As a % of sales, general and administrative expenses	16.9	16.5	17.2	15.0	15.1	15.1	14.5	12.3	11.4	10.8
As a % of total operating expenses	18.4%	18.0%	19.1%	16.9%	16.9%		15.0%	11.5%	11.4%	10.9%

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes non-recurring acquisition and integration costs related to our Acquisition Transaction and other business acquisitions. See the section titled "Selected Financial Data—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for information regarding our use of non-GAAP financial measures and for their reconciliations to the most comparable GAAP measure.

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Our net revenues by segment for the following periods, expressed both in dollars and as a percentage of total net revenues, are set forth below:

					Three Mor	nths Ended				
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
					In thousands	s)				
Gamer and Creator Peripherals										
Segment	\$ 44,415	\$ 47,013	\$ 63,133	\$ 78,975	\$ 59,863	\$ 69,615	\$ 70,606	\$ 94,057	\$ 75,861	\$ 110,115
Memory Products	113,178	76,076	88,489	127,899	114,799	97,167	119,467	131,973	136,883	145,969
Other Component Products	84,540	85,469	66,340	62,026	70,721	74,082	94,299	100,525	95,774	124,323
Gaming Components and Systems										
Segment	197,718	161,545	154,829	189,925	185,520	171,249	213,766	232,498	232,657	270,292
Net revenue	\$242,133	\$208,558	\$ 217,962	\$ 268,900	\$245,383	\$240,864	\$ 284,372	\$ 326,555	\$308,518	\$380,407

	Three Months Ended												
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020			
Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment	18.3%	22.5%	29.0%	29.4%	24.4%	28.9%	24.8%	28.8%	24.6%	28.9%			
Memory Products Other Component Products	46.7 34.9	36.5 41.0	40.6 30.4	47.6 23.1	46.8 28.8	40.3 30.8	42.0 33.2	40.4 30.8	44.4 31.0	38.4 32.7			
Gaming Components and Systems Segment	81.7	77.5	71.0	70.6	75.6	71.1	75.2	71.2	75.4	71.1			
Net revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

Our gross profit and gross margin, which we define as gross profit as a percentage of net revenues, by segment are set forth below:

	Three Months Ended													
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020				
				(	In thousands	5)								
Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment	\$ 12,424	\$ 13,373	\$ 21,128	\$ 26,564	\$ 17,971	\$ 20,315	\$ 19,948	\$ 23,129	\$ 22,133	\$ 38,743				
Memory Products	14,244	9,008	9,609	15,629	14,614	11,738	21,882	26,547	32,005	30,950				
Other Component Products	21,081	20,497	16,084	13,054	15,498	13,471	18,397	20,777	24,484	35,371				
Gaming Components and Systems Segment	35,325	29,505	25,693	28,683	30,112	25,209	40,279	47,324	56,489	66,321				
Gross Profit	\$ 47,749	\$ 42,878	\$ 46,821	\$ 55,247	\$ 48,083	\$ 45,524	\$ 60,227	\$ 70,453	\$ 78,622	\$105,064				

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					Three Monti	ns Ended				
	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Gamer and Creator Peripherals Segment	28.0%	28.4%	33.5%	33.6%	30.0%	29.2%	28.3%	24.6%	29.2%	35.2%
Memory Products Other Component	12.6	11.8	10.9	12.2	12.7	12.1	18.3	20.1	23.4	21.2
Products	24.9	24.0	24.2	21.0	21.9	18.2	19.5	20.7	25.6	28.5
Gaming Components and Systems Segment	17.9	18.3	16.6	<u>15.1</u>	16.2	14.7	18.8	20.4	24.3	24.5
	19.7%	20.6%	21.5%	20.5%	19.6%	18.9%	21.2%	21.6%	25.5%	27.6%

# Quarterly Trends and Seasonality

Our overall operating results are subject to quarterly seasonal fluctuations due to the spending patterns of gamers who purchase our products. Our net revenue is generally lowest in the first and second quarters due to lower sales following the fourth quarter holiday season and because of the decline in sales that typically occurs in anticipation of the introduction of new or enhanced GPUs, CPUs and other computer hardware products, which usually takes place in the second quarter and which tends to drive sales in the following two quarters. As a consequence of seasonality, our total sales for the second calendar quarter are generally the lowest of the year, followed by sales for the first calendar quarter. Quarterly cost of revenue and total gross profit fluctuate from quarter to quarter based largely on sales performance and the mix of product segment net revenue. Our gross margins vary between product segments, and as a result, our total gross profit and gross margins can fluctuate depending on the net revenue performance by product segment. Similarly, within a product segment, we generally see fluctuations based on product cost of revenue mix that can impact the gross margin for a given segment. Quarterly operating expenses have varied over the periods presented reflecting investments in our operations and personnel in addition to fluctuations in spending on marketing related activities such as trade shows, events and sponsorships. Distribution costs within sales and marketing expenses vary quarterly and generally align with our net revenue. Acquisition transaction costs in general and administrative expenses and amortization of intangible assets were primary drivers of the increased operating expenses as a result of the acquisition transaction as noted elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

To date, our principal sources of liquidity have been the net proceeds we received from private sales of equity securities, borrowings under our credit facilities, as well as payments received from customers purchasing our gear. As of June 30, 2020, we had cash and restricted cash of \$111.3 million and \$48.0 million capacity under our revolving credit facility. Our total borrowings outstanding as of June 30, 2020 consisted of \$503.5 million of long-term debt.

We anticipate our principal uses of cash will include repayments of debt and related interest, purchases of inventory, payroll and other operating expenses related to the development and marketing of our gear, and purchases of property and equipment and other contractual obligations for the foreseeable future. We believe that our existing cash balances and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund our principal uses of cash for at least the next 12 months. Our future capital requirements may vary materially from those currently planned and will depend on many factors, including our rate of revenue growth, the timing and extent of spending on research and development efforts and other business initiatives, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing of new product introductions, market acceptance of our products and overall economic conditions. To the extent that current and anticipated future sources of liquidity are insufficient to fund our future business activities and requirements, we may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In addition, we may enter into other

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arrangements for potential investments in, or acquisitions of, complementary businesses, services or technologies, which could require us to seek additional equity or debt financing. The sale of additional equity would result in additional dilution to our stockholders. The incurrence of debt financing would result in debt service obligations and the instruments governing such debt could provide for operating and financial covenants that would restrict our operations. We cannot assure you that any such equity or debt financing will be available on favorable terms, or at all.

#### Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		Six Months End	ded June 30,
	2018	2019	2019	2020
	<u> </u>		(unaud	ited)
Net cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$ 422	\$ 37,103	\$ 3,250	\$ 75,608
Investing activities	(38,555)	(145,427)	(15,810)	(3,006)
Financing activities	47,354	132,314	(1,979)	(13,124)

#### Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was \$75.6 million and consisted of non-cash adjustments of \$24.8 million, net income of \$23.8 million, and \$27.0 million from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities. The non-cash adjustments consisted primarily of amortization of intangibles and depreciation, stock based compensation expense, amortization of debt issuance costs and provision for doubtful accounts. The net cash inflow from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities was primarily related to an increase in other liabilities and accrued expenses mainly from increase in bonus accrual, an increase in unearned revenue as our backlog increased from strong demand coupled with limited production capacity due to COVID-19, and an increase in accounts payable mainly due to timing of payments, as well as decreases in inventories and other assets. The cash inflow was partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$3.3 million and consisted of a net cash inflow of non-cash adjustments of \$18.6 million and \$0.5 million from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities, which were offset partially by a net loss of \$15.9 million. The non-cash adjustments consisted primarily of amortization of intangibles and depreciation, stock based compensation expense and amortization of debt issuance costs, which were partially offset by changes in deferred income taxes. The net cash inflow from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities was primarily related to decreases in accounts receivable and inventories, as well as an increase in other liabilities and accrued expenses. The cash inflow was partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable mainly due to timing of payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities for 2019 was \$37.1 million and consisted of non-cash adjustments of \$32.5 million, a net cash inflow of \$13.0 million from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities, which were offset partially by a net loss of \$8.4 million. The non-cash adjustments consisted primarily of amortization of intangibles and depreciation, stock based compensation expense and amortization of debt issuance costs, which were partially offset by changes in deferred income taxes. The net cash inflow from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities was primarily related to increases in accounts payable and other liabilities and accrued expenses mainly due to timing of payments, as well as a decrease in inventories. The cash inflow was partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable and other assets.

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Net cash provided by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$0.4 million and consisted of non-cash adjustments of \$39.6 million, which was offset partially by a net loss of \$13.7 million and a net cash outflow of \$25.5 million from changes in our net operating assets and liabilities. The non-cash adjustments consisted primarily of amortization of intangibles and depreciation, amortization of debt issuance costs and stock based compensation expense, which were partially offset by a change in deferred income taxes. The net cash outflow related to the changes in our net operating assets and liabilities was primarily attributable to increases in inventory purchases, prepaid and other assets and accounts receivable, partially offset by an increase in accounts payable due to an increase in inventory purchases and timing of payments.

# Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$3.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 for the purchase of capital equipment and software.

Cash used in investing activities was \$15.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and consisted of \$10.3 million payment for the deferred consideration of Elgato acquisition and \$5.4 million the purchase of capital equipment and software.

Cash used in investing activities was \$145.4 million for 2019 and consisted primarily of \$126.0 million that was used for the acquisition of SCUF and Origin, \$10.3 million payment for the deferred consideration of Elgato acquisition and \$8.8 million for the purchase of capital equipment and software.

Cash used in investing activities was \$38.6 million for 2018 and consisted primarily of \$30.2 million for the acquisition of Elgato and \$8.4 million for the purchase of capital equipment and software.

#### Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$13.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and consisted of repayment of debt of \$13.8 million, which included a \$10.0 million prepayment of our Second Lien Term Loan, and payment of offering costs of \$0.3 million. The cash outflow was partially offset by proceeds from issuance of common stock under the employee option plan of \$1.0 million.

Cash used in financing activities was \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and consisted of the repayment of debt of \$1.9 million and the repurchase of common stock of \$0.6 million. The cash outflow was partially offset by the borrowings under our credit facilities of \$0.5 million.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$132.3 million for 2019 and consisted of the net proceeds from issuance of debt of \$113.9 million and the proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$53.5 million, which were partially offset by the cash used for the repayment of our credit facilities of \$27.0 million, the repayment of debt of \$4.0 million, the payment of debt issuance costs of \$2.5 million and the repurchase of common stock of \$1.5 million.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$47.4 million for 2018 and consisted of the net proceeds from the issuance of debt of \$113.6 million and borrowings under our credit facilities of \$27.0 million, which were partially offset by a one-time cash dividend paid to stockholders of \$85.0 million, the payment of offering costs of \$3.3 million, the repayment of debt of \$3.1 million and the payment of debt issuance costs of \$1.8 million.

# Capital Expenditures

Our capital expenditures were \$8.4 million, \$8.8 million, \$5.4 million and \$3.0 million in 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. We have currently

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budgeted approximately \$10.0 million for capital expenditures in 2020. The planned increase in capital expenditures for 2020 is for additional manufacturing equipment to increase capacity and improve efficiency in our manufacturing operations, tooling costs required for new products, including new products following our acquisitions of Elgato, Origin and SCUF, and infrastructure and information technology investments

#### Credit Facilities and Dividend

In August 2017, we entered into a syndicated First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, or the First Lien, with various financial institutions. The First Lien originally provided a \$235 million term loan, or the First Lien Term Loan, for a business acquisition and to repay existing indebtedness of the acquired company and a \$50 million revolving line-of-credit, or the Revolver. The First Lien and the Revolver mature on August 28, 2024 and August 28, 2022, respectively.

Subsequently, we entered into several amendments to the First Lien and the principal amount of the First Lien Term Loan was increased by \$10 million in 2017 and increased by \$115 million in each of 2018 and 2019. The increase in First Lien in 2018 was primarily to fund an \$85 million dividend distribution to the unitholders of EagleTree and for operational needs. The increase in First Lien in 2019 was primarily to fund the acquisition of SCUF.

The First Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a rate equal to, at our election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus a margin of 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. The Revolver initially carried interest at a rate equal to, at our election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. As a result of the First Lien amendment in October 2018, the margin for the First Lien term loan and Revolver margin were both changed to range from 2.75% to 3.25% for base rate loans and to range from 3.75% to 4.25% for Eurodollar loans, in each case, based on our net leverage ratio.

Additionally, new contingent repayment provisions were added as a result of the First Lien amendment in October 2018. Five business days after a qualified initial public offering of our stock such as this offering, we will be required to prepay all amounts (principal and interest) outstanding under the Second Lien Term Loan (as defined below). Concurrently, we will also be required to prepay the First Lien Term Loan in an amount equal to the proceeds from this offering, less the amount used to repay the Second Lien Term Loan, multiplied by 50%.

We may prepay the First Lien Term Loan and the Revolver at any time without premium or penalty other than customary LIBOR breakage. According to the Consolidated Excess Cash Flow clause as defined in the First Lien Term Loan agreement, in April 2020, we prepaid \$2.6 million of the First Lien Term Loan.

In August 2017, we also entered into a syndicated Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, or the Second Lien, with various financial institutions. The Second Lien initially provided a \$65 million term loan, or the Second Lien Term Loan, with a maturity date of August 28, 2025, for a business acquisition and for general corporate operations purposes. The Second Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a base rate equal to that of the First Lien loan, plus a margin of 7.25% for base rate loans and 8.25% for Eurodollar loans.

In October 2017, we entered into an amendment to the Second Lien and the principal amount of the Second Lien Term Loan was reduced by \$15 million and the applicable interest rate margins for both the base rate loans and Eurodollar loans were increased by 0.25%.

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We may prepay the Second Lien Term Loan any time after the first and second anniversary without premium or penalty. On June 1, 2020, we paid down \$10.0 million of Second Lien Term Loan and the aggregate principal amount outstanding on the loan was reduced to \$40.0 million. Subsequently on August 6, 2020, we prepaid an additional \$15.0 million with our excess cash on hand. Accordingly, \$14.5 million (\$15.0 million principal net of \$0.5 million of unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs) of the Second Lien Term Loan balance at June 30, 2020 was reclassified from the debt, noncurrent portion to the debt, current portion on our combined consolidated balance sheet. On September 4, 2020, we prepaid an additional \$25.0 million of the outstanding principal on the Second Lien Term Loan with excess cash on hand. Following this repayment, the Second Lien Term Loan was fully repaid and all obligations and covenants thereunder were terminated.

All accrued and unpaid interest on the borrowed amounts is due and payable on a quarterly basis.

Our obligations under the First Lien are secured by substantially all of our personal property assets and those of our subsidiaries, including our intellectual property. Also pledged as security are all units held in our majority-owned subsidiaries. The First Lien Term Loan includes customary restrictive covenants that impose operating and financial restrictions on us, including restrictions on our ability to take actions that could be in our best interests. These restrictive covenants include operating covenants restricting, among other things, our ability to incur additional indebtedness, effect certain acquisitions or make other fundamental changes. We were in compliance with all of the covenants as of June 30, 2020.

In addition, the First Lien contains events of default that include, among others, non-payment of principal, interest or fees, breach of covenants, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, cross defaults to certain other indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency events, material judgments and events constituting a change of control. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an event of default, interest on the obligations may accrue at an increased rate in the case of a non-payment or bankruptcy and insolvency and the lenders may accelerate our obligations under the First Lien Term Loan, except that acceleration will be automatic in the case of bankruptcy and insolvency events of default.

# Contractual Obligations and Other Commitments

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2019:

		Payments Due by Period			
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years
			in thousands		
Debt principal and interest(1)	\$698,575	\$ 42,454	\$84,698	\$517,700	\$ 53,723
Non-cancellable purchase commitments	44,082	42,191	1,891	_	_
Operating leases(2)	18,621	7,525	8,487	2,609	
Total	\$761,278	\$ 92,170	\$95,076	\$520,309	\$ 53,723

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents our syndicated First Lien Term Loan and Second Lien Term Loan and our anticipated repayment schedule for the loans as of December 31, 2019. See Note 8 to our combined consolidated financial statements "Debt" for more information. The above table does not account for the subsequent repayment in full of the Second Lien Term Loan.

# Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements and do not have any holdings in variable interest entities.

<sup>(2)</sup> Consists of contractual obligations from our non-cancellable operating leases for office and warehouse spaces. Does not include a warehouse distribution agreement we entered into in April 2020 that has a term of 51 months commencing in August 2020 with total fixed payments of \$12.6 million.

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#### **Critical Accounting Polices and Estimates**

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our combined consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these combined consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined consolidated financial statements, as well as the reported revenue generated and expenses incurred during the reporting periods. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe that the accounting policies discussed below are critical to understanding our historical and future performance, as these policies relate to the more significant areas involving management's estimates, assumptions, and judgments.

#### Revenue Recognition

Our products are primarily sold through a network of distributors and retailers, including online retailers, and to a lesser extent direct to consumers. We sell hardware products, such as gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems, which may include embedded software that provides advanced performance tuning, user customization and system monitoring.

Hardware devices are generally plug and play, requiring no configuration and little or no installation. Revenue is recognized at a point in time when control of the products is transferred to the customer, which generally occurs upon shipment or delivery to customer.

We offer return rights and customer incentive programs. Customer incentive programs include special pricing arrangements, promotions, rebates and volume-based incentives.

We have agreements with certain customers that contain terms allowing price protection credits to be issued in the event of a subsequent price reduction. Our decision to make price reductions is influenced by product life cycle stage, market acceptance of products, the competitive environment, new product introductions and other factors. Accruals for estimated expected future pricing actions are recognized at the time of sale based on analysis of historical pricing actions by customer and by product, inventories owned by and located at distributors and retailers, current customer demand, current operating conditions, and other relevant customer and product information, such as stage of product life-cycle.

Rights of return vary by customer and range from the right to return products to limited stock rotation rights allowing the exchange of a percentage of the customer's quarterly purchases. Estimates of expected future product returns qualify as variable consideration and are recorded as a reduction of the transaction price of the contract at the time of sale based on historical return trends. Return trends are influenced by product life cycle status, new product introductions, market acceptance of products, sales levels, the type of customer, seasonality, product quality issues, competitive pressures, operational policies and procedures, and other factors. Return rates can fluctuate over time but are sufficiently predictable to allow us to estimate expected future product returns.

Customer incentive programs are considered variable consideration, which we estimate and record as a reduction to revenue at the time of sale based on historical experiences and forecasted incentives. Certain customer incentives require management to estimate the percentage of those

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programs which will not be claimed or will not be earned by customers based on historical experience and on the specific terms and conditions of particular programs. The percentage of these customer programs that will not be claimed or earned is commonly referred to as "breakage". We account for breakage as part of variable consideration, subject to constraint, and record the estimated impact in the same period when revenue is recognized at the expected value. Significant management judgments and estimates are used to determine the amount of variable consideration to be recognized, as well as any subsequent adjustments to it, such that it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue will not occur.

#### **Business Combinations**

We allocate the fair value of purchase consideration to tangible assets, liabilities including contingencies assumed, and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Any excess fair value of purchase consideration over the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. The allocation of the purchase consideration requires management to make estimates and assumptions, based in part on our judgments, in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, especially with respect to intangible assets. Our estimates and assumptions may include, but are not limited to, future cash flows of an acquired business, other assumptions and the appropriate discount rate. These estimates are inherently difficult, subjective and unpredictable, and if different estimates were used, the fair value allocation to the acquired intangible assets could be different. Therefore, our assessment of the estimated fair value of each of these assets can have a material effect on our combined consolidated financial statements.

Examples of critical estimates in valuing certain intangible assets and goodwill we have acquired include, but are not limited to assumptions regarding:

- · royalty rate range and forecasted revenue growth rate;
- the estimated useful life of the acquired intangibles; and
- discount rates.

#### **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2020, we had cash and restricted cash of \$111.3 million, which consisted primarily of bank deposits. Our cash is held for working capital purposes.

As of June 30, 2020, we had indebtedness of \$503.5 million under the syndicated First Lien Term Loan and Second Lien Term Loan, each of which bears variable market rates, primarily three-month LIBOR. A significant change in these market rates may adversely affect our operating results.

As of June 30, 2020, a hypothetical 100 basis point change in interest rates on our debt subject to variable interest rate fluctuations would increase or decrease our interest expense by approximately \$0.5 million in our combined consolidated financial statements on an annualized basis.

In April 2020, we entered into an interest rate cap arrangement of \$465 million notional amount, effective June 30, 2020 and maturing June 30, 2022, to manage part of our exposure to interest rate movements on our variable rate debt when three-month LIBOR exceeds 1.0%. As of June 30, 2020, three-month LIBOR was 0.30%.

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#### Foreign Currency Risk

All of our inventory purchases are denominated in U.S. dollars. Approximately 17% of our net revenue in the six months ended June 30, 2020 was denominated in foreign currencies and any unfavorable movement in the exchange rate between U.S. dollars and the currencies in which we conduct sales in foreign countries could have an adverse impact on our net revenue. Our operating expenses are denominated in the currencies of the countries in which our operations are located, which are primarily in the United States, Europe, China and Taiwan. Our operating results and cash flows are, therefore, subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. As we grow our operations, our exposure to foreign currency risk could become more significant. We analyzed our foreign currency exposure to identify assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. A hypothetical ten percent change in exchange rates between those currencies and the U.S. dollar would increase or decrease our gains or losses on foreign currency exchange of approximately \$3.7 million in our combined consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

We use derivative instruments, primarily forward contracts, to manage exposures to foreign currency exchange rates, primarily Chinese Yuan, Euro and British Pound, and we do not enter into foreign currency forward contracts for trading purposes. These contracts generally have maturity less than 12 months. We can provide no assurance that our strategy will be successful in the future and that exchange rate fluctuations will not seriously harm our business. The outstanding notional principal amount was \$8.0 million, \$18.3 million and \$19.1 million as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively. We recognized net gains (losses) of \$0.1 million, \$(0.2) million, \$(0.4) million and \$69 thousand from foreign currency forward contracts in 2018, 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

#### **JOBS Act**

We will be treated as an emerging growth company, as defined in the JOBS Act, for certain purposes until the earlier of the date on which we complete this offering or December 31, 2020. As such, in this prospectus we have taken advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations that apply to emerging growth companies regarding audited financial information and executive compensation arrangements.

# **Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 to our financial statements "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Recent Accounting Pronouncements" for more information.

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#### **BUSINESS**

#### Overview

We are a leading global provider and innovator of high-performance gear for gamers and content creators. We design industry-leading gaming gear that helps digital athletes, from casual gamers to committed professionals, to perform at their peak across PC or console platforms, and streaming gear that enables creators to produce studio-quality content to share with friends or to broadcast to millions of fans. We develop and sell high-performance gaming and streaming peripherals, components and systems to enthusiasts globally.

We have been a leader and pioneer in our industry for more than two decades, serving competitive gamers and content creators globally. Many of our products maintain a number one U.S. market share position, according to data from NPD Group and internal estimates. Our brand authenticity is important to our customers, and we are known for offering innovative, finely engineered products that have expanded the frontiers of gaming performance. For example, we created the first mechanical, per-key red-green-blue, or RGB, backlit keyboard and brought liquid cooling for PCs to the mainstream. We invented back-paddles for performance controllers under the SCUF brand and invented the Stream Deck solution under the Elgato brand. Our heritage in designing high-performance memory and power supply units, or PSUs, is unmatched. Our reputation and loyal customers have allowed us to continue to innovate and successfully expand our product suite worldwide. We have built our brands globally through a focus on gamers and content creators, and by delivering an uncompromising level of performance across all our products.

Gaming has grown rapidly to take a central place in the global entertainment landscape, growing at a 10.4% compound annual growth rate, or CAGR, over the last two years. There were an estimated 2.6 billion gamers worldwide spending more than \$148.8 billion on games in 2019, more than on music and the global box office combined. During this time, the advancement of internet and mobile technologies, paired with the increasing prevalence of social media has revolutionized the gaming industry by significantly expanding the gaming audience, driving interactivity and competition, and giving rise to global phenomena of eSports and live game streaming.

Digital content creation today is democratized, with content sharing, video-first communication and voice-chat being the norm among creators, viewers and gamers. Streaming is now ubiquitous, with over 2 billion monthly users watching pre-recorded videos on YouTube and over 12 billion live streaming hours watched across Twitch, YouTube and Facebook Gaming in 2019. In conjunction, viewership of eSports, the peak of competitive gaming, has grown to surpass multiple traditional, mature sports. For example, the League of Legends World Championship attracted over 100 million live viewers in November 2019, which is comparable to the live viewers on FOX's broadcast who watched the Super Bowl in February 2020, and more than five times than the viewers for game six of the 2019 NBA Finals.

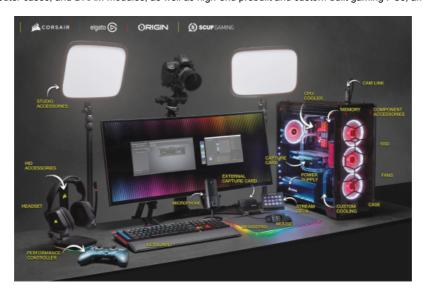
We believe that the growth in gamers, streaming, and eSports has enhanced demand for our gear, by inspiring gamers and creators to reach for the next level of performance and content quality. Competitive gaming rewards speed, precision and reliability. As in other sports, specialized high-performance gear such as gaming mice, keyboards, headsets and performance controllers allow digital athletes to perform at their best. Modern games also require significant processing power to render high-resolution graphics, and reward the speed and precision of user inputs, driving demand for powerful gaming components and systems. Further, in a world where the ability to create content is democratized and competition for viewer engagement is greater than ever, content creators, particularly streamers, are increasingly seeking ways to maximize the quality of their video capture and broadcasting, which requires specialized high-performance gear.

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Our solution is the most complete suite of gear among our major competitors, and addresses the most critical components for game performance and streaming. Our product offering is further enhanced by our two proprietary software platforms: iCUE for gamers and Elgato's suite of streaming applications for content creators. These software platforms provide unified, intuitive performance, and aesthetic control and customization across their respective product families.

We group our gear into two categories:

- Gamer and creator peripherals. Includes our high-performance gaming keyboards, mice, headsets and controllers, as well
  as our streaming gear including capture cards, Stream Decks, microphones and studio accessories, among others.
- Gaming components and systems. Includes our high-performance power supply units, or PSUs, cooling solutions, computer cases, and DRAM modules, as well as high-end prebuilt and custom-built gaming PCs, among others.



Our scale and global reach provide significant competitive advantages. As of June 30, 2020, we had shipped over 190 million gaming and streaming products since 1998, with over 85 million in the past five years. Our gear is sold to end users in more than 75 countries, primarily through online and brick-and-mortar retailers, including leading global retailers such as Amazon and Best Buy, and through our direct online channel. Due to our gamer and creator-centric design philosophy, we have received over 4,000 product awards from magazines and websites in approximately 45 countries, of which more than 3,500 were "Gold," "Editor's Choice," "Approved," or similar awards, including multiple perfect "10 out of 10" or similar perfect ratings.

We leverage our scale and operational expertise to acquire and integrate complementary brands and businesses into our portfolio, completing three successful acquisitions since 2018. Our acquisition of Elgato allowed us to enter the streaming gear market, the acquisition of Origin allowed us to offer custom-built gaming PCs, and the acquisition of SCUF Gaming allowed us to enter the console

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gear market with a leading brand of controllers. We share common DNA with these acquired businesses as each is a leading brand in its market, with a relentless focus on meeting the customer need for premium gear with differentiated performance characteristics.

We believe our brand, market position and operational excellence will allow us to continue to capture a growing share of the rapidly expanding gaming and streaming gear market, estimated at over \$36 billion in 2019 by Jon Peddie Research. We intend to continue to grow by offering market-leading gear to gamers and content creators, expanding the breadth of our product suite to meet the needs of our customers, growing our worldwide market share, continuing to invest in marketing, product innovation and sales, and selectively pursuing accretive acquisitions.

Since 2017, our net revenue has grown significantly. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our net revenue was \$855.5 million, \$937.6 million, \$1,097.2 million, \$486.2 million and \$688.9 million, respectively. For 2017, 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our gross margin was 20.2%, 20.6%, 20.4%, 19.3% and 26.7%, respectively. We generated net income (loss) of \$7.4 million, \$(13.7) million, \$(13.9) million, \$(15.9) million and \$23.8 million for 2017, 2018, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, our adjusted operating income was \$63.1 million, \$61.6 million, \$65.8 million, \$18.3 million and \$72.4 million, respectively, our adjusted net income was \$34.3 million, \$20.0 million, \$27.5 million, \$0.6 million and \$43.6 million, respectively, and our adjusted EBITDA was \$67.5 million, \$67.4 million, \$71.6 million, \$20.8 million and \$76.7 million, respectively. Our revenue, gross margin, net income (loss), adjusted operating income, adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA each increased for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019 to the same period in 2020 from \$973.1 million to \$1.3 billion, from 20.1% to 24.2%, from \$(26.7) million to \$31.3 million, from \$51.2 million to \$119.9 million, respectively.

Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income and adjusted net income (loss) are not financial measures under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. See "Selected Financial Data—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for an explanation of how we compute these non-GAAP financial measures and for their reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. Net revenue, gross margin and net income for the year ended December 31, 2017 are unaudited pro forma financial information derived from the audited statements of operations of the Predecessor and Successor. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information for the Acquisition Transaction" for an explanation of the pro forma amounts.

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#### **Our Industry**

# The popularity of gaming is increasing.

Since traditional arcade games of the 1970s, gaming has evolved into the mainstream and taken a central place in the global entertainment landscape. There were an estimated 2.6 billion gamers worldwide across all devices spending more than \$148.8 billion on games in 2019, according to Newzoo. Based on the latest available Nielsen data, gaming today represents approximately 11% of leisure time in the United States, surpassing activities such as using social media and messaging.

# **Evolution of Video Gaming and Player Base**



There are a number of positive factors we believe will continue to fuel the gaming market's expansion, and consequently, the demand for gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems:

- Tech-driven improvements in game quality. Across all gaming platforms, continued advances in computing power enable
  improved graphics rendering and physics modeling, as well as more detailed and interactive virtual environments. The
  screens that games are played on, whether computer monitors, TVs, or mobile screens, continue to increase in pixel
  count and refresh rate. We believe that these technological advances are making games more immersive relative to other
  forms of media and driving growth in the number of gamers, while simultaneously expanding the creative freedom
  available to game developers.
- Increasing availability and variety of high quality, interactive game content. Game publishers are increasingly using cutting-edge game development engines to rapidly create graphically sophisticated and engaging virtual worlds, many of which can support massive multiplayer experiences. Further, consumers themselves are taking an active role in content creation, such as through streaming gameplay, while other entertainment mediums, including film and television, are increasingly extending their intellectual property to games. We believe each of these trends is leading to more social and higher quality, interactive games that appeal to a growing and broader global audience.

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- Increasing gaming engagement. According to a 2019 survey by Nielsen, 71% of millennial gamers in the United States
  watch gaming video content on platforms like YouTube and Twitch for an average of almost six hours per week. Five of
  YouTube's 10 highest earning stars in 2019 produced gaming content. Gaming has also become more social,
  encouraging gamers and enthusiasts to form communities, participate in events to review games, provide
  recommendations, discuss walkthroughs and preview upcoming games. We believe that gaming's increasing time share
  of global entertainment consumption will drive continued growth in spending on both games and gaming and streaming
  gear.
- Decreasing barriers to gaming. In the 1970s, gamers had to go to an arcade to play video games. Now, billions of users have an entry-level gaming device in the form of a smartphone. The console and PC platforms represent a natural upgrade path for those seeking a more immersive or competitive gaming environment. This upgrade process has been assisted by the growth of cross-platform titles such as Fortnite, which highlight the competitive benefits of more powerful gaming platforms, and we expect continued growth in the number of competitive gamers as a result. In addition, the rise of free-to-play in games has driven proliferation of gaming content and more people to the entertainment medium. Further, we expect that cloud gaming services, which outsource gaming performance to the cloud, will increase the number of people gaming as a whole because these services allow individuals to experience gaming without a large upfront investment in gear, albeit with reduced fidelity and increased latency in the near term. We believe these services will increase demand for high performance gaming gear to augment cloud-based gameplay, and that a portion of these new gamers will ultimately purchase a high-performance gaming PC or become streamers.

# Content creation has democratized globally and is expanding the market for specialized gear.

Digital content creators today are able to easily create and share content, and video-first communication and voice-chat have become the norm among creators, viewers and gamers. According to a recent Harris poll, children are three times more likely to want to be a video content creator versus an astronaut. Streaming is ubiquitous and has become one of the most popular forms of entertainment, in which creators pre-record or broadcast activities, including gaming, to an online audience, potentially garnering global stardom due to their abilities and persona. Streaming platforms, such as Twitch, YouTube and Facebook Gaming in North America and Europe, or Huya and Douyu in the Asia Pacific region, have grown in popularity to the point that they rival certain major television channels in terms of audience. According to eMarketer, Amazon's streaming platform, Twitch attracted over 30 million monthly unique viewers in the U.S. in 2019, exceeding the U.S. subscription bases of Hulu and ESPN, respectively, and the annual viewership of many other traditional TV channels. Over 12 billion streaming hours were watched across Twitch, YouTube and Facebook Gaming in 2019, with over 7 million active streamers on Twitch alone in April 2020, according to StreamElements and TwitchTracker, respectively. Using these platforms, streamers offer viewers entertaining content and an opportunity to interact with one another, and in turn generate revenue through sponsorships, advertising income, in-stream donations, and offering content purchases.

Gaming is a primary content category in streaming. According to IDC, of the approximately 193 million gamers in the United States in the third quarter of 2019, 56%, or 108 million, reported watching gameplay livestreams or pre-recorded gaming videos. According to a 2019 survey by Nielsen, 71% of millennial gamers in the United States watch gaming video content on platforms like YouTube and Twitch for an average of almost six hours per week. Of these viewers, the most commonly given reason for watching is "learning gameplay strategy from top players." As viewers aspire to emulate committed gaming streamers, new customers enter competitive gaming and existing gamers develop

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an increased focus on performance, resulting in incremental spending on high-performance gaming gear.

Beyond success in gaming, applications for streaming gear are proliferating to areas including podcasting, video blogging, interactive fitness, remote learning, work-from-home, among others. While emerging, these applications represent a promising avenue for continued expansion of the streaming gear market opportunity.

# Illustrative Uses of Our Streaming Gear



Competitive gaming and eSports viewership are contributing to growth in gaming and streaming gear.

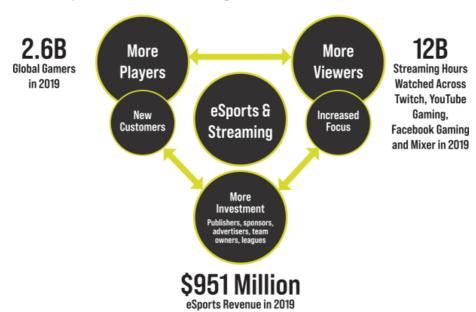
According to Newzoo, 443 million global unique viewers watched eSports in 2019, an audience that is expected to grow at a compound average annual growth rate, or CAGR, of 10% to 646 million viewers in 2023. In the same year, unique U.S. viewership for eSports exceeded that of Major League Soccer, and is expected to almost exceed the National Hockey League in 2023, according to Activate Research. Further, single eSports events such as the League of Legends 2019 World Championship, have enjoyed viewership of over 100 million, an audience significantly larger than the 19 million who watched Game 6 of the 2019 NBA Finals and comparable to the 100 million who watched the 2020 Super Bowl live on the Fox broadcast.

Similar to popular global sports such as basketball and soccer, eSports are exciting and easy to pick up, yet can take years to master, and provide digital playing fields of such complexity and competitive parity that exceptional displays of physical and mental skill can be demonstrated by the best players, and admired by players and fans alike. We believe this has fostered a passionate and cross-cultural community of digital athletes at professional, collegiate and recreational levels, all engaging in the pursuit of better performance.

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In eSports, as with traditional professional sports, amateur players around the world can watch the world's best compete at the highest level. The strategies, skill, and gear choices of these top digital athletes inspire and influence viewers, just as in traditional sports. A virtuous circle of eSports players, viewers and revenue from advertising and sponsorships, catalyzed by the growing proliferation of streaming, is both attracting new gamers and increasing the performance focus of existing gamers, who advance from less engaged gaming to high-performance gameplay.

# eSports and Streaming Creates a Virtuous Circle



Competitive gamers and streamers require high-performance gear, which traditional hardware devices generally do not offer.

Competitive gaming rewards speed, precision and reliability. As in other sports, specialized high-performance gear such as gaming mice, keyboards, headsets and customized controllers allow digital athletes to perform at their best. Modern games also require significant processing power to render high-resolution graphics, and reward the speed and precision of user inputs, driving demand for powerful gaming components and systems.

Content creators, and streamers especially, must produce studio-quality content to succeed in today's democratized media environment where competition for viewer engagement is greater than ever. To self-produce studio-quality live content, streamers require specialized high-performance gear, including video capture hardware, control panels, green screens, studio accessories, microphones, and cameras. As streamers compete to attract and retain viewers, production quality is a key differentiator.

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As a result, both gaming and streaming have reached a level of innovation, sophistication and competition that, even on an amateur level, allows limited margin for error. Historically, gamers and streamers were required to use hardware that was designed for office use, and consequently their gear was inadequate, lacking integration capabilities and, most importantly, the performance and features necessary to maximize a gamer's or streamer's potential. Advances in gear to address competitive gamer and streamer needs include:

- High-performance, professional features. Ultra-precise optical sensors in gaming mice, very low actuation distances in gaming keyboard switches, customizable rear paddles on performance controllers, liquid cooling solutions for high-performance processors and overclocked DRAM modules to process graphically complex games are required for gamers to perform at their best. Similarly, the broadcast quality expected of streamers has increased significantly and a traditional webcam does not confer the professional quality fans expect of content. Dedicated capture cards are required to record and broadcast video at high resolution, high fidelity microphones are required to ensure clear sound quality, studio lighting and green screens improve production quality, and dedicated software is required to integrate gear and optimize the streaming experience, preventing lag and fidelity loss.
- Gamer and streamer-centric design approach. Gamers striving for peak performance have heightened requirements for ergonomics and durability. Gamers and streamers often also wish to express their personal style or brand with their choice of gear, including a range of appealing design options and opportunities for customization.
- Integration. Gamers and streamers need all of their gear to integrate harmoniously and need the ability to fine-tune that
  gear, which we believe is an experience best delivered with a software platform that seamlessly integrates and unifies
  control across devices. Our two proprietary software ecosystems cover the broadest range of gaming peripherals,
  components and streaming gear and are unmatched by anything else in the market.

# **Our Market Opportunity**

The global gaming PC and streaming gear markets, including peripherals, components and prebuilt PCs and laptops specifically designed for PC gaming, totaled approximately \$36 billion in 2019, according to Jon Peddie Research.

In 2019, there were an estimated 524 million PC gamers, comprising committed, competitive and casual PC gamers. Approximately 94 million of these gamers spent over \$1,000 on their gaming PC systems. These gamers, comprising committed and competitive PC gamers, represented approximately \$30 billion of the global gaming PC gear market. Further, approximately 27 million of these gamers, comprising committed PC gamers, spent over \$1,800 on their gaming PC systems, representing \$18 billion of the global gaming PC gear market. Globally, committed, competitive and casual gamers are estimated to have each spent on average \$651, \$179 and \$14, respectively on gaming PC gear in 2019.

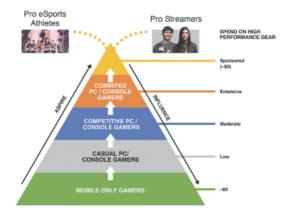
Further, there were an estimated 729 million console gamers globally in 2019, according to Newzoo, driving demand for gaming console gear including controllers and console headsets. In addition, there were an estimated 6 million committed streamers on Twitch and YouTube alone in 2019, with those who purchased streaming gear spending an average of over \$240 on capture cards, Stream Decks, microphones, lighting and other streaming gear.

As gaming, eSports and streaming continue to expand in the mainstream, casual gamers will increasingly aspire to emulate committed gamers such as eSports athletes, and amateur streamers will

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increasingly seek to improve their production value quality. We expect this will bring new customers into the gaming and streaming gear market, and push existing customers to improve their performance and content quality, in part through related gear spending.

# **Dynamics in the Gamer Pyramid**



# **Our Market Leadership**

Our focus on gamers and content creators, and our dedication to providing them with integrated high-performance gear have earned us a number one U.S. market share position in many of our key product lines according to June 2020 data from the NPD Group on a trailing twelve month basis and internal estimates.

		CORSAIR	Logitech	Razer	Kingston/ Hyperx	Microsoft	Crucial	Cooler Master	EVGA	NZXT	Seasonic
	Keyboards	1 <sup>st</sup>		•	•			•	•		
	Mice	3 <sup>rd</sup>	•	•	•			•	•		
Gamer and Creator Peripherals	Garning Headsets	4 <sup>th</sup>	•	•	•			•			
rengillerala	Streaming Sear	2 <sup>nd</sup>	•	•							
	Performance Controllers	2 <sup>nd</sup>	•			•					
	High - Performance Memory	1 <sup>st</sup>			•		•				
Gamer Component	Computer Cases	1 <sup>st</sup>						•	•	•	
and Systems	Power Supply Units	1 <sup>st</sup>						•	•	•	•
	Cooling Solutions	1 <sup>st</sup>						•	•	•	
		Total U.Sr	narket share based	on NPO group	Total	U.S market share b	xased managemen	t estimates	Indica	tes offering in pro	fuct category

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#### We practice a gamer and creator-centric design philosophy.

We believe that gamers of all skill levels seek high-performance gear that will help them "level up" to their greatest competitiveness, similar to the dynamic often seen in traditional sports. Due to the evolving nature of games, we believe that we benefit from a customer base that frequently looks to update their gaming gear so that they can play the most sophisticated games at the highest performance levels. Similarly, we believe that in a world where the ability to create content is more democratized, and competition for viewer engagement is higher than ever, creators, and particularly streamers, are increasingly looking to maximize the quality of their content creation. We have focused our gear design on addressing these needs, and continue to update and improve our gear on a regular basis to address the changing requirements of gamers and content creators.

Gamers also seek to improve their performance and differentiate themselves through customization. Most of our gear is linked together through our iCUE software, which allows gamers to modify functional profiles and implement macro-enabled actions. iCUE further supports managing RGB lighting profiles and monitoring the processing speed, operating temperature and other features of gaming components. Gamers can also generate their own customized RGB color patterns and share them with friends online.

Similarly, content creators seek gear that delivers exceptional production quality while remaining low in complexity, so they can focus on maximizing creativity. This requires a perfect harmony of gear and software. Our streaming software suite, under our Elgato brand, delivers integrated solutions for video capture from consoles, cameras, PCs and mobile devices; microphones and digital mixing systems; studio control via our category defining Stream Deck lineup; professional lighting, mounting and chroma keying sets, and more.

# We prioritize high performance and professional quality.

Providing gear to help increase the performance and experience for gamers, eSports athletes and streamers is our primary development focus. We believe this focus helps us to ensure that our gaming and streaming gear meets our customers' demanding requirements and features highly differentiated performance characteristics, including:

- Gaming precision and speed. Accuracy and repeatability are two of the most important features for gaming mice and keyboards. Our mice use custom sensors that we specially designed for competitive gaming. In addition, our premium keyboards are built utilizing aircraft grade aluminum chassis, so that they do not move in game play, and Germanengineered mechanical switches, which we believe are the most reliable available. Further, our keyboards have industry-leading key actuation as low as 1.0 millimeters, which gives gamers an extremely responsive key action when they are playing fast-action games. Our high-end performance controllers offer up to four paddles on the back, a patented technology which allows gamers to activate in-game actions without having to take their thumb off the control stick, improving speed and optimizing precision. In addition, our proprietary Slipstream wireless technology delivers unmatched reliability and sub-millisecond latency, offering the speed of a wired connection with the freedom of wireless.
- Live streaming quality and user experience. Traditional content creation gear lacks the technology or performance
  required for streamers to produce and broadcast professional quality streams. Our streaming gear captures exceptionally
  high quality video and high fidelity audio, enables real-time video editing, sound mixing and broadcasting, and allows our
  customers to create a professional-quality studio in their homes. Moreover, our

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streaming gear, combined with our streaming software suite, addresses one of the unique challenges faced by streamers: managing the "behind the camera" technical aspects of live video production, while simultaneously gaming at a near-professional level and interacting with their audience. Our integrated ecosystem of streaming gear and software dramatically streamlines the technical aspects of live video production, allowing our customers to focus on creating compelling content. For example, our Stream Deck product, which has up to 32 customizable LCD keys, can be programmed to launch customized multi-step actions with a single keystroke, ranging from switching scenes, incorporating third-party media such as GIFs into the broadcast and adjusting the audio and video.

- Gaming PC performance. In order to play modern, graphically intensive PC games competitively, a high performance gaming PC is required. Further, competitive PC gamers want both high quality graphics and high frame rates. High quality graphics enhance the immersive experience while higher frame rates have definitive, measurable performance benefits including smoother animations that improves target tracking, and lower system latency that reveals targets sooner and reduces the delay between a player's input and visual feedback. Many PC gamers consider 60 frames per second to be the minimum benchmark for competition and 240 frames per second has become the de facto standard for professional eSports athletes. We design each of our gaming components to support the overall speed of a gaming PC, for example, by enabling the CPU and GPU to run at its maximum power by supplying powerful PSUs and DRAM. Our premium PSUs can power the most powerful and advanced GPU and CPU configurations while remaining whisper-quiet. We designed our cooling solutions to increase gaming PC performance by efficiently removing excess heat while keeping fan noise at a minimum. Our cases are manufactured to improve performance through efficient thermal management while being both durable and aesthetically pleasing, such as incorporating large glass panels to show off the high-performance components inside. Our comprehensive line of PSUs and DRAM modules supports substantial CPU and GPU processing speeds and are rigorously tested to ensure maximum performance and overclocking capabilities.
- Durability. Gaming and streaming gear is susceptible to enhanced wear and tear as it is often subject to intense and
  prolonged use. We have engineered our gear with high-quality materials to help ensure our customers can have a
  consistent gaming and streaming experience and performance over time.
- Ergonomics. Gamers experience hours of intense mental and physical stress in high actions-per-minute games where the number of keystrokes and mouse clicks within a 60-second span is often measured in the hundreds. Our gear incorporates ergonomic design principles, developed through extensive feedback from professional gamers and content creators, to maximize comfort throughout prolonged gaming and streaming activity. We have designed our mice to address a wide range of hand sizes and each of the three primary mouse grips used by competitive gamers: fingertip, claw and palm. Our headsets are designed with lightweight frames and comfortable earcups to ensure user comfort over multi-hour gaming sessions. Our performance controllers are designed to reduce hand fatigue by spreading the work over more fingers, eliminating inefficient movements, and cutting controlled weight.

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We believe that an increasing population of gamers and content creators will seek to continuously optimize their gear, similar to the customer behavior of hobbyists and amateur athletes observed in traditional sports such as mountain biking, skiing or golfing. eSports (and Competitive Video Gaming)

Traditional Sports (e.g., Golfing, Skiing)





strative performance enhancing traditional sports gea

Gaming PCs that perform at this level can easily cost \$1,800 or more to build or buy. According to Jon Peddie Research, PC gamers that spent more than \$1,800 gaming PCs represented 51% of global spending in this market. Within this premium tier, many gamers are either building or upgrading their gaming PCs with individually selected high performance components. According to DFC Intelligence, these "DIY" PC gamers spent \$953 on average in 2019, representing 46% of global spending on gaming PCs, and this DIY market has grown at a 14% compounded annual growth rate from 2012 to 2019.

# **Our Competitive Strengths**

We are a leading global provider and innovator of high-performance gaming gear. We believe that we have a strong position in our target market, which consists of gamer and creator peripherals, and gaming components and systems markets, as a result of the following competitive strengths:

# Leading brand recognition for performance drives strong customer loyalty.

Since our founding in 1994, we have shipped more than 190 million gaming and streaming products as of June 30, 2020 and actively nurtured a passionate and engaged global customer base by maintaining a long history of delivering innovative, finely engineered products that have expanded the frontiers of gaming performance. Since people started building customized PCs in the 1990s for gaming, we have been at the forefront of providing high-performance gear gamers needed to maximize their performance. For example, we pioneered the performance PSU category and brought liquid cooling for PCs to the mainstream. We invented back-paddles for performance controllers under the SCUF brand and invented the Stream Deck under the Elgato brand. We created the first mechanical keyboard with individual addressable RGB lights per key. As a result, we believe we have established ourselves as a leading brand among gaming enthusiasts and streamers, many of whom are active and prominent in eSports and act as ambassadors for our branded gear.

We believe our strong brand name combined with the breadth of our high-performing gear and proprietary software provides us with a competitive advantage to launch new gear efficiently and gain market share quickly. In certain product categories we have expanded our brand leadership by investing in category-specific brands which carry the same brand ethos as Corsair for innovation and performance, including SCUF Gaming, Elgato and Origin. We believe our software including iCUE, which integrates nearly all of our gear, and Elgato streaming software suite, which optimizes streaming experiences, enhances our brand equity and creates an incentive for gamers and content creators to continue to purchase our gear, as it helps harmonize and improve gear performance.

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#### Differentiated, gamer and streamer-centric R&D engine focused on delivering a broad portfolio of high-performing gear.

We are an innovation-driven company with a rigorous development process designed to consistently deliver high-performance and quality gaming and streaming gear in the market. We focus on gamers and content creators, whose preferences and needs guide the development roadmap, often teaming up with committed gamers and streamers to incorporate their feedback into our designs, while also leveraging our strong supplier relationships for further feedback. This has allowed us to consistently grow our business and expand our product portfolio. For example, in 2019, we launched our premium headset, Virtuoso that brings high-fidelity audio and crystal clear chat quality to gamers and streamers. Similarly, in 2019 we also introduced a suite of peripherals powered by our proprietary SlipStream ultralow latency wireless interface that matches the speed and reliability of wired gaming mice.

Our focus on innovation and performance has also earned us significant industry recognition. Since 2016, we have received over 4,000 product awards from magazines and websites in approximately 45 countries, of which more than 3,500 were "Gold," "Editor's Choice," "Approved" or similar awards, including multiple perfect "10 out of 10" or similar perfect ratings.

#### Differentiated software-driven ecosystem.

We believe gamers are best served by an integrated ecosystem of gaming gear. We have developed a gear and software ecosystem that allows gamers to customize their individual gear to best fit their individual skill level, genres played and overall gameplay. We believe our set of gear, unified through our iCUE software, provides the customization and performance-tuning that athletes at all levels rely on to give their best performance. Once gamers have learned to fully utilize our ecosystem and tuning software, we believe they are more inclined to stay within our ecosystem and buy more gear from us, rather than consider buying from a competitor with a lacking or different gear control setup.

Live streamers face a unique set of challenges, as they are expected to game at a near-professional level, while interacting with their audience and simultaneously managing the technical aspects of producing and broadcasting live video. Our streaming software suite seeks to minimize this mental load by simplifying set up and streamlining the production and broadcast process. For example, the software supporting our Stream Deck product enables streamers to pre-program multistep actions such as control studio setup, insert graphics and sound effects and post content to social media, all of which can occur with the tap of a single button on the Stream Deck.

### Global sales and distribution network.

Our gear is purchased by gaming enthusiasts worldwide through either our retail channel or our direct-to-consumer channel. Retailers in our network include Amazon, Best Buy and JD.com. While we historically have sold our gear directly to consumers through our website, following our acquisitions of Origin and SCUF in 2019, the volume of direct-to-consumer sales has increased as both of these companies primarily generated sales through direct-to-consumer channels. Through both our retail and direct-to-consumer channels, we currently ship to more than 75 countries across six continents. In 2019, sales to the Americas, EMEA and Asia Pacific represented 41.9%, 37.1% and 21.0%, respectively, of net revenue, and such regions in the six months ended June 30, 2020 represented 43.6%, 36.2% and 20.2%, respectively, of net revenue.

Our retailers are already familiar with the high performance and quality of our existing gear, making our target end-users more likely to purchase additional gear from us as they build or upgrade

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their systems. As opposed to many of our competitors who only market a narrow product range and may lack the necessary resources to distribute their gear effectively, we believe our broad gear portfolio, sophisticated and experienced sales and marketing teams and global scale allow us to maintain long-term and trusted relationships with our vendors. This has over time resulted in additional shelf space, prominent gear displays and regular dialogue which helps us understand our retailer customer needs.

#### Management team of visionary leaders with deep industry experience and proven ability to execute.

We have a strong management team of experienced and talented executives with a track record of execution and deep industry knowledge. For example, our management team has more than 80 years of collective industry experience, with approximately 50 of these years spent in the PC industry and specifically with Corsair. This experience comprises a complementary mix of R&D, operations, marketing and sales skills. Our Co-Founder, Chief Executive Officer and President, Andrew J. Paul has further played a key role in crafting our mission, maintaining the authenticity of the brand and driving our growth over the past 26 years.

# **Our Growth Strategy**

We intend to grow our business by increasing value to our customers, expanding our market opportunity and further differentiating ourselves from competitors. Key components of our strategy include:

# Advance as the global leader in high-performance gaming and streaming gear.

The gaming and streaming gear category is benefiting from the growing popularity of eSports and streaming, which are driving an increase in gaming and streaming participants as well as spend per participant on high-performance gear. We believe our brand name, high-performance gear and market position will allow us to capture a large share of this market growth. In select categories we have invested in additional brands that carry our ethos of innovation and performance such as SCUF Gaming, Elgato and Origin, which appeal to users for particular uses. To further extend our leadership position, we intend to continue to make significant marketing investments in leading eSports teams, athletes, streamers and social media influencers. In an effort to further extend our leadership and positioning in these growth areas, we have sponsored eSports athletes, streamers, leagues, and events, including being the title sponsor and supplier of all peripherals for DreamHack, the world's largest online computer festival, in 2019.

#### Continue to develop innovative, market-leading gaming and streaming gear.

We intend to prioritize investment in creating innovative gaming and streaming gear and related software to enhance the customer experience by delivering cutting-edge technology. We believe our continued development of innovative, market-leading gear will help us gain new customers entering the gaming and streaming markets and will help us sell new gear to our existing customers. We have an exceptional engineering team, with approximately 20% of employees and contractors working on software solutions. We believe this strong bench of engineering expertise has helped us introduce 36 different products to the market across our categories in 2019 and 33 in 2018

#### Expand into new gear and services that grow our market opportunity.

Since our inception, we have successfully entered into a number of new gear categories. We entered the gaming peripherals market in 2010 and have since achieved a U.S. market share of 18.3% for the twelve months ended June 2020, according to NPD Group, with gains across all product

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categories offered. Our acquisitions of Elgato and SCUF Gaming in 2018 and 2019, respectively, have expanded our product offering and market opportunity in gamer and creator peripherals: our expansion into streaming accessories offers the potential to not only grow by increasing our penetration among game streamers, but also to grow across other streaming use cases, such as podcasting, video blogging, interactive fitness, remote learning and work-from-home; similarly, our expansion into performance controllers offers the potential to cross sell into a new gaming platform and audience.

In gaming components and systems, we continue to serve our customers with new gear and in differentiated ways. For example, the 2017 release of Corsair ONE allowed us to reach new market segments by offering a prebuilt gaming PC that delivers the performance of a custom high-end system without the time investment or technical knowledge building one requires. With our acquisition of Origin in 2019, we are able to offer high-end custom gaming PCs and laptops with premium components, but with no assembly required on our customers' part.

As the gaming and content creation landscape continues to evolve, we intend to continue to introduce new products and services to address our customers' new and changing needs, and to grow our market opportunity.

# Leverage our software platforms to sell more gear to existing customers.

Our software platforms integrate and enhance our ecosystem of gaming and streaming gear, which drives customer loyalty and allows us to successfully sell additional gear to existing customers.

Our iCUE software platform for gamers integrates our gaming gear with a single intuitive user interface, enabling performance tuning and monitoring, and the orchestration of sophisticated RGB lighting programs across all Corsair products. As customers add Corsair products, they integrate seamlessly into iCUE whereas competing products require separate software installations, fragmenting a gamer's control of their gear.

Our streaming software suite integrates our ecosystem of streaming gear and dramatically streamlines the technical aspects of live video production, allowing our customers to focus on creating compelling content. As live streaming requires seamless coordination between devices, loyalty to the Elgato brand ensures a customer's setup will deliver the desired performance.

#### Strengthen relationships with end-users by increasing direct-to-consumer sales.

Through our acquisitions of Origin and SCUF Gaming in 2019, we acquired two companies for which sales are primarily generated through direct-to-consumer channels. By forming a direct relationship with customers, we believe direct-to-consumer sales offer a better understanding of customer purchasing behavior, allow for superior product customization options for customers, generate higher customer retention, lower customer acquisition costs, and better enable ongoing customer services compared to sales through third-party online and brick-and-mortar retailers. While sales from this channel are a relatively small contributor to our revenue today, we believe direct-to-consumer sales represent a significant avenue to drive growth by facilitating increased market penetration across our product categories.

# Continue to grow market share globally.

As a globally recognized brand, we have a footprint that reaches customers in more than 75 countries. We will continue to invest in enhancing our sales and distribution infrastructure to expand our leadership position in North America and Europe. In the gaming peripherals market, we have increased our U.S. market share from 5.0% in December 2013 to 18.3% in June 2020 on a trailing twelve

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basis according to NPD Group. We are a clear market leader in the gaming PC components market. According to NPD Group, we have increased our U.S. market share from 26.2% in December 2015 to 41.9% in June 2020 on a trailing twelve month basis. Additionally, for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020, we had number one U.S. market share in gaming computer cases with a 18% market share, cooling solutions with a 53% market share, PSUs with a 42% market share and high-performance memory with a 54% market share. We view the Asia Pacific region as a long-term growth opportunity and recently invested in our local sales force and regional management to build out distributor networks and retail partnerships.

# Selectively pursue complementary acquisitions.

The markets for some of our gear are highly fragmented with a number of relatively small competitors which may lack the necessary resources to market and distribute their gear effectively. We believe our breadth of sales and marketing channels can add significant value to such companies as targets for acquisitions. In recent years, we have leveraged our scale and operational expertise to acquire and integrate complementary brands and businesses into our portfolio. We have completed three acquisitions since 2018. Our acquisition of Elgato allowed us to enter the streaming gear market, the acquisition of Origin allowed us to offer custom-built gaming PCs, and the acquisition of SCUF Gaming allowed us to enter the console gear market with a leading brand of performance controllers. We share common DNA with these acquired businesses. Each is a leading brand in its market, with a relentless focus on meeting the customer need for premium gear with differentiated performance characteristics. We plan to evaluate and may pursue acquisitions which we believe strengthen our capabilities in existing segments as well as diversify our product offerings, broaden our end-user base or expand our geographic presence.

#### **Our Solutions**

We design our high-performance gear to address the needs of competitive gamers and content creators. For competitive gamers, when milliseconds can mean the difference between victory and defeat, our gaming gear offers the speed, precision, and reliability to achieve that competitive edge. For live streamers, when viewers expect level gameplay and studio-quality production values, our streaming gear delivers exceptional video and audio quality with unmatched ease of control. To help our customers perform at their peak, whether in game or on camera, we have developed the industry's most complete integrated ecosystem of gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems.

#### Gamer and Creator Peripherals

Our gamer and creator peripherals seek to provide the fastest, most accurate, and most seamless interface between digital athletes and their game, and content creators and their viewers.

#### Keyboards

We have designed our keyboards to deliver the precision and performance gamers seek. Most utilize German-engineered mechanical key switches built to extremely tight tolerances so that each individual key begins to move under precisely the same pressure, registers a keystroke at the exact same depth of travel and delivers consistent tactile and auditory feedback to the gamer. To cater to the individual preferences of competitive PC gamers, we offer multiple versions of each keyboard model utilizing differently tuned key switches. For example, our most popular keyboard model comes in six different variations, with high or low-profile keys, tuned for either linear response or a tactile bump on activation, different levels of auditory feedback and actuation as low as 1.0 millimeter of key travel. Our latest keyboard, which we expect to release in the second half of 2020, features optical key switches, which register keypresses by interrupting an infrared beam, for even faster performance.

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Beyond offering a wide choice of key switches, our keyboards also include a selection of features tailored specifically towards serious gamers, such as:

- solid extruded aluminum frames, to provide a rigid and stable platform during intense gaming sessions;
- dedicated macro keys, supported by our iCUE software platform, which allow the user to trigger a pre-set, customized sequence of keystrokes with a single tap;
- N-key rollover and anti-ghosting circuitry, which ensures that simultaneous keystrokes are correctly registered by the game:
- · one-millisecond response time or better;
- specially shaped and textured gaming keycaps for the most critical gaming keys, so they can be identified instantly by touch: and
- · detachable wrist rests for comfort.

In addition to providing market-leading performance features, we believe our keyboards are industry-leaders in aesthetic design through their integration of dynamic RGB lighting, which allows gamers to control backlight color individually for every key on most models. This additional layer of customization is controlled by our iCUE software platform, enabling a huge range of customizable lighting patterns and effects synchronized across all a gamer's Corsair gear.

	ELITE	PREMIUM	MAINSTREAM	WIRELESS
MSRP	~\$110 – \$200	~\$80 - \$150	~\$50	~\$110
Product Platforms	4	3	1	1
Extruded Aluminum Construction	/			
100% Mechanical Key Switches	/	/		/
Customizable RGB	/	/	<b>/</b>	
iCUE Integration	/	/	/	/

# Mice

We design mice that allow gamers to quickly and accurately translate their inputs into in-game actions. We have also designed our mice for specific game types such as first person shooter, or FPS, multiplayer online battle arena, or MOBA, real time strategy, or RTS, and massively multiplayer online, or MMO, and we have designed them to address a wide range of hand sizes and each of the three primary mouse grips used by competitive gamers: fingertip, claw and palm. Our high-performance mice include industry-leading technical features such as precise optical sensors, including a proprietary

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18,000 dots per inch, or dpi, sensor that enables pixel-precise tracking. They also feature advanced surface calibration, one-millisecond or faster response time, tuned mechanical buttons, highly rigid aluminum or durable resin frames and low-friction feet to ensure smooth and consistent movement. In addition, our proprietary Slipstream wireless technology delivers unmatched reliability and sub-millisecond latency, offering the speed of a wired connection with the freedom of a wireless mouse.

Our mice incorporate additional features tailored specifically towards competitive gamers, such as:

- user-configurable sensitivity profiles, supported by our iCUE software platform, that enable a user to precisely tune the mouse to match their gameplay style;
- macro buttons, supported by our iCUE software platform, which allow the user to trigger a pre-set, customized sequence
  of keystrokes with a single tap;
- buttons to toggle between sensitivity presets, so a gamer can easily switch between high sensitivity—which is optimal for rapid movements—to low sensitivity—which is optimal for slow but precise movements;
- · keypad integration, for games where rapid access to many additional buttons delivers a competitive advantage; and
- weight tuning and interchangeable thumb grips, to allow individual gamers to customize their mouse to their specific tactile preferences.

Beyond industry-leading features, our mice have been recognized for their aesthetic appeal and incorporate dynamic RGB lighting, controlled by our iCUE software platform, which offers gamers a further layer of personalization.

	DARK CORE	SCIMITAR	IRONCLAW	NIGHTSWORD	GLAIVE	M65	HARPOON
				•			
MSRP	~\$80 - \$90	~\$80	~\$80	~\$80	~\$70	~\$60	~\$30 - \$50
Optical Sensor	18,000 dpi	18,000 dpi	18,000 dpi	18,000 dpi	18,000 dpi	18,000 dpi	6,000 /12,000 dpi
Key Feature	Wireless Qi Charging	Integrated 12 Button Keypad	Contour Shape for Palm Grips and Larger Hands	Customizable Weight System	Interchangeable Thumb Grips	Customizable Weight Tuning	Entry Level
Wireless	/		(✓)				(✓)
Customizable RGB	<b>✓</b>	1	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>
iCUE Integration	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓
Game Genre	FPS/MOBA	MMO	FPS/MOBA	FPS/MOBA	FPS/MOBA	FPS	FPS

<sup>(✓)</sup> Available on select models

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# Gaming Headsets

We have designed our gaming headsets to provide clear and high-fidelity audio to give gamers a competitive advantage. These important gaming features, for example, enable committed players to pinpoint their enemy's location on the map from the sound of a single faint footstep, letting them avoid an ambush. To help ensure that a critical audio cue is not missed, we have developed gaming headsets with high-fidelity 50mm audio drivers, passive noise reduction and software-based 7.1 surround sound. Our gaming headsets also incorporate a crystal-clear microphone so the wearer can communicate effectively with their teammates. Many of our wireless headsets also utilize our branded Slipstream Wireless Technology, ensuring a highly reliable wireless connection and excellent wireless range. We package these high-performance features into a lightweight frame with comfortable earcups to ensure user comfort over multihour gaming sessions. Further, many of our gaming headsets are configurable with our iCUE software platform, including microphone volume, headset volume, equalizer functionality, stereo and software-based 7.1 surround sound support and dynamic RGB lighting.

	VIRTUOSO SERIES	VOID SERIES	HS SERIES
MSRP	~\$180 – \$210	~\$80 – \$130	~\$50 – \$100
Wireless	<b>✓</b>	/	(•')
7.1 Surround Sound	/	(•')	(✓)
Xbox, PS4, Nintendo Switch Compatibility	/	(•')	(✓)
Customizable RGB	<b>✓</b>	/	
iCUE Integration	✓ ·	/	(✓)
50mm Drivers	/	<b>/</b>	
High-Fidelity Microphone	/		

<sup>(✓)</sup> Available on select models

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# Streaming Gear

Following the Elgato acquisition in July 2018, we began to offer high-performance streaming accessories under the Elgato brand. Our streaming gear enables streamers to produce and broadcast professional quality streams. Our powerful capture cards allow gamers to encode in-game video at resolutions up to 4K and at 60 frames per second, edit the footage in real time, and upload it as to the internet as a live stream. Our software-controlled studio lighting and our green screens let streamers replicate the image quality and experience of a professional studio at home. Our Cam Link allows streamers to turn their DSLR, camcorder or action cam into an ultra-low latency 4K video source, providing superior image quality versus webcam alternatives. Our green screen backdrops ensures the create freedom to personalize your stream any way imaginable. Streamers can further improve the audio quality of their content using our range of dedicated microphones. Our Stream Deck, which has up to 32 customizable LCD keys, can be programmed to launch customized actions ranging from switching scenes, incorporating third-party media such as GIFs into the broadcast and adjusting the audio and video. Lastly, while these products were developed with the needs of live game streamers in mind, applications for our streaming gear are proliferating beyond gaming to areas including podcasting, video blogging, interactive fitness, remote learning, work-from-home and other applications.

	CAPTURE CARD	STREAM DECK	GREEN SCREEN	MICROPHONE	LIGHTING	CAM LINK
MSRP	~\$160 – \$400	~\$150 – \$250	~\$160	~\$120 – \$160	~\$130 – \$200	~\$130
Product Description	Ultra-low latency high performance capture cards offering up to 60 frames per second video capture at crystal clear 1080p / 4K resolution	Customizable game streaming device offering, one-touch media and shortcut functionality	Durable, portable, collapsible chromagreen backdrop for post-production editing	Advanced stand- alone microphones created especially for content creators, with Wave Link audio mixer software	Software and app- controlled LED studio lighting to elevate your content	Turn your DSLR, camcorder or action cam into an ultra- low latency 4K video source

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#### Performance Controllers

Following the SCUF Gaming acquisition in December 2019, we began to offer customized performance controllers for console and PC under the SCUF brand. SCUF created the market category of customized performance controllers in 2011 by modifying standard console controllers to add additional performance features including: SCUF's patented paddle control system, tunable trigger mechanisms, interchangeable thumb sticks, improved ergonomics and weight reduction options. Custom-built to each user's specifications, SCUF performance controllers offer a number of functional and design features that increase hand use and improve gameplay. SCUF's paddle control system, in particular, has revolutionized the way console games are played and has been adopted by many eSports athletes in console-based pro gaming leagues.

	PS4	хвох
MSRP	~\$170+	~\$160+
Console Compatibility	PS4 and PC	Xbox One and PC

# Complementary Accessories

In response to customer demand, we have introduced a range of complementary accessories to enhance our customers' gaming experience. These include mouse mats that enhance the performance of our gaming mice, motorsports-inspired gaming chairs that support proper posture during extended gaming sessions, headset stands, ambient lighting, and branded apparel.

	MOUSE PADS	CHAIRS	HEADSET STANDS	AMBIENT LIGHTING	
	***	<b>}</b> ■		1	,
MSRP	~\$10 – \$80	~\$300 – \$400	~\$40 – \$80	~\$90 – \$140	~\$10 – \$50
iCUE integration	(✓)		1	/	

# (✓) Available on select models.

# Gaming Components and Systems

Since 1998, we have developed and sold high-performance gaming components to help gamers maximize their experience, all the while providing the design aesthetic and customizability they demand. Moreover, we believe the powerful Corsair brand, software integration and superior product quality supports our significant price premium versus the competition. Compared to the average non-Corsair product, our computer cases, cooling solutions, PSUs and high-performance memory commanded price

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premiums of 45%, 86%, 31%, and 11%, respectively, in the United States for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020.

#### Computer Cases

We have designed our computer cases to support the full range of high-end PC components while improving performance through efficient thermal management. High-performance PCs generate large amounts of waste heat which forces CPUs and GPUs to throttle performance and, in extreme cases, can lead to system instability.

Our computer cases support enhanced airflow and liquid cooling solutions to help gaming PCs sustain peak performance. Further, we offer cases in a wide range of designs to allow gamers to express their personal style, from minimalist anodized aluminum cases, to aggressive supercar-inspired designs and all glass cases to showcase the high-performance components inside. In each of our models, we deliver a range of features our customers demand including builder-friendly ergonomics, tight manufacturing tolerances, power supply heat shrouds, removable air filters, noise dampening panels, scratch-resistance, mobility and compact case designs.

We also offer many of our cases as Smart Cases, providing the hardware to enable user-customizable fan speeds, temperature monitoring and customizable RGB lighting. These Smart Case functions are all controlled by our iCUE software, where users can precisely control fan speeds to improve cooling or reduce noise, monitor hardware temperatures to optimize system performance, and customize their system's lighting down to the individual LED.

	SUPER TOWER	FULL TOWER	MID TOWER	MICRO ATX
MSRP	\$500	\$130 – \$200	\$50 – \$220	\$40 – \$160
Number of Models	1	6	50	5

# Cooling Solutions

Our cooling solutions allow gaming PCs to deliver higher performance by efficiently removing excess heat from the GPU, CPU and case. We offer two types of cooling solutions: liquid cooling solutions and high-efficiency cooling fans.

Our liquid cooling solutions are a high-performance alternative to the basic air cooling used in most PCs. Air cooling systems typically consist of a single fan to blow air directly on a metal heatsink mounted to a processor. In contrast, our liquid cooling solutions pump coolant through a machined copper water block mounted directly to the CPU or GPU and dissipate the removed heat remotely through a high-efficiency radiator mounted in the computer case. Compared to basic air cooling, our liquid cooling solutions can significantly reduce processor temperatures, allowing that processor to be pushed to higher compute rates without throttling performance or causing system instability. In addition, due to our efficient designs, this improved cooling generally comes with significantly reduced

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fan noise. We offer a wide range of all-in-one, or AlO, liquid cooling solutions, as well as a complete line of custom liquid cooling solutions for our most advanced users to create powerful liquid cooling setups tailored for their system. Our liquid cooling solutions are also integrated into the iCUE software ecosystem, providing temperature monitoring, precise tuning of pump and fan speeds and customizable dynamic RGB lighting.

Our high-efficiency cooling fans are built to move air quickly and quietly remove excess heat from either a liquid cooling radiator or the interior of the computer case. Our cooling fans incorporate high-performance features such as magnetic levitation bearings, developed exclusively for us, which significantly reduce noise levels by eliminating almost all friction at the fan hub. We also offer designs with dynamic RGB integration such as our flagship QL series that incorporates 34 independent RGB LEDs in four separate translucent loops in the fan hub and outer ring. Like our other products, our cooling fans integrate into the iCUE software ecosystem, allowing precise control over fan speed, temperature monitoring and dynamic RGB lighting customization.

	CUSTOM COOLING SOLUTIONS	AIO COOLING SOLUTIONS	FAN SOLUTIONS
MSRP	~\$500 – \$1000+	~\$50 – \$190	~\$20 – \$50 per fan
iCUE Integration	/	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>
Customizable RGB	/	·	/
CPU Cooled	/	·	
GPU Cooled	/		

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# Power Supply Units

We engineer our premium PSUs to be extremely reliable, powerful, efficient and quiet. Since voltage fluctuations cause system crashes or even irreparable hardware damage, our PSUs are built to deliver extremely stable voltage in powering gaming components and systems, including the CPU and GPU.

Further, we are a pioneer of the integration of digital signal processors in our PSUs to provide maximum reliability. We also designed our PSUs for increased efficiency, saving money and increasing PC performance by preventing the creation of waste heat. We designed our PSUs to be exceptionally quiet, incorporating high-efficiency and thermally-controlled fans that turn off at low to medium loads. In addition, most of our PSUs are fully modular, simplifying installation and reducing cable clutter. Our PSUs are also integrated into the iCUE software ecosystem, providing fan and voltage control and performance logging.

	ELITE	PREMIUM	MAINSTREAM
	Avera MAXISCO		Accord MI CX750M
MSRP	~\$140 – \$500	~\$85 – \$200	~\$40 – \$110
Wattage Range	750 – 1,600 Watts	550 – 1,000 Watts	430 – 850 Watts
80 Plus Efficiency Certification	Titanium or Platinum	Gold	Bronze or White
iCUE Integration	/	/	

# High-Performance Memory

We pioneered the high-performance DRAM memory category in the 1990s and remain the U.S. market leader today. We have shipped 124 million units worldwide over the past 26 years. High-performance DRAM memory is an important gaming PC component for competitive gamer as it can substantially improve frame rates.

The current DRAM standard, DDR4, is manufactured to operate at a minimum of 2,133MHz.

We offer high-performance DRAM modules that operate at speeds as high as 5,000MHz, or more than twice as fast. Our internally designed multilayer printed circuit boards, or PCBs, and aluminum heat spreaders are built to efficiently dissipate heat to provide reliable performance even at extreme speeds. In addition, our memory modules are designed to be aesthetically pleasing and many models incorporate dynamic RGB lighting, controlled by our iCUE software platform, to offer gamers a further layer of personalization.

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Our most popular DDR4 DRAM kit has an aggregate capacity of 16GB at a speed of 3,200MHz. For maximum performance, gamers can spend over \$900 for 16GB of our highest specification 5,000 MHz memory. According to NPD Group, our average selling price premium was 21% over the U.S. market average selling price for our gaming PC memory modules between 2015 and 2019.

	DOMINATOR	VENGEANCE RGB	VENGEANCE
			CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
Design Focus	Performance, premium materials and refined aesthetics	Performance and aesthetics	Performance
Customizable RGB	·	/	

# Prebuilt and Custom-Built Gaming Systems

In 2017, we introduced our first prebuilt gaming system, Corsair ONE, which was awarded PC Gamer's Best Desktop PC 2017 and showcased our deep industry knowledge, design capabilities and engineering expertise. The Corsair ONE packed the performance typically found in a top-of-the-line 70 liter full tower gaming PC into an elegant, shoebox-sized aircraft-grade aluminum chassis. Since then we have updated and expanded the Corsair ONE line and added the complementary Corsair Vengeance line of prebuilt gaming PCs that incorporate more traditional gaming PC design cues. Following the Origin acquisition in July 2019, we began to offer high performance custom built gaming PCs and laptops together with unmatched customer support. Our complete gaming systems complements our gaming components business by targeting a different customer base with similar uncompromising performance needs, but without the time or expertise to build their own custom gaming PC.

	CORSAIR ONE	CORSAIR VENGEANCE	ORIGIN CUSTOM DESKTOP	ORIGIN CUSTOM LAPTOP
MSRP	~\$2,500-4,500	~\$1,800-2,450	~\$2000+	~\$2000+
High-Performance CPU	/	/	/	/
High-Performance GPU	<b>/</b>	/	<b>/</b>	/
Made with Corsair Components	<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>	✓	<b>/</b>
iCUE Integration	/	/	/	/

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# PC Gaming Software

Our product offering is enhanced by our two proprietary software platforms: iCUE for gamers and Elgato's suite of streaming applications for content creators. These software platforms provide unified, intuitive performance, and aesthetic control and customization across their respective product families.

#### iCUE Software Platform

Our iCUE software platform powers most of our gear from a single intuitive interface, providing advanced performance tuning, user customization and system monitoring. By enabling our customers to fine-tune the response of our gaming gear to maximize performance and match their personal preferences and styles of play, we believe that iCUE provides a distinct competitive advantage.

For our gamer peripherals, iCUE gives the user full control over all performance aspects of their gear. For our mice, this includes personalized sensitivity profiles, programmable macros, advanced surface calibration, tunable filtering of movement inputs when the mouse is lifted, software-based angle snapping and precision enhancement and button response optimization. For keyboards, this includes programmable macros and the deactivation of potential game-disrupting keys (e.g., the Windows or F1 buttons for accidental switching of applications). For headsets, this includes software-based 7.1 surround sound, customizable digital equalization and microphone controls.

For our gaming components and systems, iCUE gives the user advanced performance controls and system monitoring through a streamlined dashboard. This includes dynamic fan and pump speed controls, temperature logging, voltage monitoring, system load and memory settings.

Our iCUE software also provides practically unlimited customizable RGB lighting control and is able to seamlessly integrate sophisticated user-developed dynamic lighting programs across our products. In addition, we partner with major game publishers to integrate iCUE with major game titles so that an iCUE user's peripherals and components lighting responds dynamically to in-game events for an even more immersive gaming experience.





We intend to continue expanding iCUE's capabilities and adding new features over time to help our passionate customers achieve new levels of performance and further customize their gaming experience.

# Elgato streaming software suite

Our streaming software suite unlocks the full potential of our streaming gear and empowers creators to produce and broadcast professional-quality live content from their home studio. Our software covers video capture, lighting, audio, and creative workflow control.

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Live streamers face a unique set of challenges, as they are expected to game at a near-professional level, while interacting with their audience and simultaneously managing the technical aspects of producing a live broadcast. To minimize this mental load, we pioneered the concept of a control panel designed for streamers and content creators. Traditionally, this level of control was exclusive to mainstream entertainment broadcasters. Our streaming software simplifies set up and streamlines the production and broadcast process. For example, the software supporting our Stream Deck product enables streamers to pre-program multistep actions, such as controlling studio setup, inserting graphics and sound effects and posting to social media, all of which can occur at with the tap of a single button. Since launching in May 2017, Stream Deck has grown to 230,000 active monthly users and, since the platform was opened to third-party developers in early 2019, the Stream Deck Store has welcomed more than one hundred new plugins from over fifty third-party developers. Stream Deck has become a mainstay of streamers and content creators at all levels.



### **Product Development**

We believe that our future success depends on our ability to develop and market new products and product categories that extend our ecosystem as well as reach new market segments. Our product development efforts focus on broadening our portfolio with innovative, value-added products that provide gamers with more immersive experiences. This process begins with the initial market analysis and product definition phase, where we use deep knowledge of consumer preferences and feedback to decide the exact specifications of new products desired by our end-users. We then leverage third-party manufacturers and, in some cases, engineering and design firms to help us design, prototype and fabricate our products. We select these third-party partners through a comprehensive selection process and subject them to rigorous quality controls. We perform extensive in-house testing of our products with the latest CPUs and GPUs to ensure optimal performance and compatibility of our products with the most advanced hardware. Our rigorous product development and testing is designed to give us the ability to meet the needs of our end-users consistently with well-designed, high-performance and reliable products.

In order to execute our product development vision, we have assembled a product development team that includes highly skilled electrical and mechanical engineers, applications experts and engineering program managers with a thorough understanding of gaming gear, gaming trends and specific technical expertise spanning a broad range of gaming peripherals and components. As of June 30, 2020, our product development team included 392 employees working on product definition, design, compatibility testing and qualification.

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We strive to represent the Corsair brand through our products by always challenging ourselves to "build it better" through product innovation at every stage in the development process.

#### Marketing

Our marketing efforts are designed to enhance the Corsair, Elgato, Origin and SCUF brand names, to help us acquire new customers and to increase sales from our existing customers. We have structured our marketing organization to achieve both product- and geography-specific coverage. In addition, our marketing personnel regularly meets with other key industry suppliers such as Intel, AMD, NVIDIA and Asus, in order to ensure that our product development efforts appropriately address the needs of their new products and also to discuss trends and changes in the computer technology market.

We build awareness of our products and brand through advertising campaigns, public relations efforts, marketing development funds and other financial incentives provided to retailers to promote our products, end-user rebates, online social media outreach, online and in-store promotions and merchandising, our website and other efforts. We believe that our products and brand have also benefited from social medial influencers, customer referrals and positive product reviews. We also invest in sponsorships and partnerships with esports events, leagues teams and streaming influencers. For example, Corsair has sponsored gaming streamer Summit1g, whose Twitch channel has 5.2 million followers as of April 2020. In 2019, we had approximately 15.6 billion impressions across social media, influencers, sponsorships, reviews, advertising and other channels.

We benefit from an active computer gaming community whose members communicate with each other through various online social media such as forums, blogs and social networks, including Facebook, Twitter and YouTube. In addition to forums hosted by third-party domains, we host Corsair-branded forums that are accessible via our website. We actively participate in this community, enabling us to communicate directly with our end customers. Finally, we regularly publish technical and editorial content through various online and print channels and participate in industry trade shows, gaming competitions and other consumer-facing events that provide us with the opportunity to demonstrate our products.

#### Sales and Distribution

Our gear is purchased by gaming enthusiasts worldwide through either our retail channel or our direct-to-consumer channel. In our retail channel, we distribute our gear either directly to the retailer or through key distributors. While we historically have sold our gear directly to consumers through our website, following our acquisitions of Origin and SCUF Gaming in 2019, the volume of direct-to-consumer sales has increased as both of these companies primarily generated sales through direct-to-consumer channels. We believe direct-to-consumer sales represent a significant avenue to drive growth by facilitating increased market penetration across our product categories.

As of June 30, 2020, we maintained sales offices or sales personnel or representatives in the United States, Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, India, Italy, South Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Poland, Russia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom and Vietnam. As of June 30, 2020, our sales directors had an average of 17 years of sales and marketing experience in the information technology industry and our regional managers and sales representatives have an average of 13 years of sales and marketing experience.

We have divided our sales organization into four major regions—Europe (including the Middle East and Africa), North America, Latin America and Asia Pacific (including South Africa)—and we have

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local language-speaking sales representatives in the countries that, in the aggregate, generate the majority of our net revenue. We ship our products directly to approximately 50 retailers and over 160 distributors and, through distributors, supply our products to thousands of smaller online and brick-and-mortar retailers.

Our direct sales force supports leading online retailers, including as of June 30, 2020, Amazon and Newegg.com in North America; Amazon, Komplett, Mindfactory, LDLC and Scan in Europe; and JD.com, Tmall and PC Case Gear in the Asia Pacific region. We also have sales relationships with leading brick-and-mortar retailers, including as of June 30, 2020, Best Buy and Micro Center in North America and Boulanger, Elkjop, Fnac and Dixons in Europe. A small portion of our net revenue is from sales directly to original equipment manufacturers that manufacture gaming PCs. Our distributors sell our products primarily to online and brick-and-mortar retailers and to small system integrators and value added resellers. As of June 30, 2020, our major distributors were Ingram Micro and D&H in North America; S&K, Exertis and Littlebit in Europe; and Synnex Australia, Leader, ASK and Links in the Asia Pacific region.

In 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, Amazon accounted for more than 10% of our net revenue, at 22.4%, 25.1% and 26.8%, respectively.

### **Production and Operations**

We believe we have developed a global, scalable production and operations infrastructure that allows us to deliver our products cost-effectively and in a timely manner. We operate a facility in Taiwan where we assemble, test, package and ultimately supply nearly all of our DRAM modules and a significant portion of our liquid cooling products and prebuilt gaming systems. We also assemble, test, package and ultimately supply our custom-built PCs in our U.S. facilities, all of the other gear we sell is produced at factories operated by third-parties located in China, Taiwan and countries in Southeast Asia. In some regions, we also outsource storage and shipping to third-party logistics providers around the world.

Production of most of our high-speed DRAM modules involves testing and speed sorting of both DRAM ICs and modules and retail packing in our facility in Taoyuan, Taiwan. Our ability to test and sort DRAM modules efficiently enables us to grade them and offer high-performance DRAM modules at higher price points. For standard speed DRAM modules, we also procure assembled modules from approved subcontractors and then test and package them in our Taiwan facility.

In addition to our production capabilities, our corporate planning process places particular emphasis on driving efficiencies in demand forecasting, supply chain planning, procurement cycle time, freight costs and inventory management. Our goal of limiting the time DRAM modules are held in our inventory to a few weeks helps mitigate any impact that this volatility may have on our gross margins. Furthermore, given the products we sell and the global nature of our business, freight costs can have a significant impact on our expenses. Because of this, we have developed a sophisticated forecasting and planning process designed to reduce the cost of transporting our products to our regional distribution hubs and finally, to our customers.

Our operations outside of the United States expose us to a number of risks. For additional information, see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to our Business—While we operate a facility in Taiwan that assembles, tests and packages most of our DRAM modules, we rely upon manufacturers in Asia to produce all of our PSUs, cooling solutions, computer cases, gaming peripherals, and accessories, and the components for our DRAM modules, which exposes us to risks that may seriously harm our business" and "Risk Factors—Risks Related to our Business—We conduct our operations and sell our gear internationally and the effect of business, legal and political risks associated with international operations may seriously harm our business." For information about our net revenue and long-lived assets by geographic area, see Note 15 to our financial statements included in this prospectus.

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### Backlog

Sales of our products are generally made pursuant to purchase orders and customers typically do not enter into long-term purchase agreements or commitments with us. Customer purchase orders typically call for product shipment within a few weeks, except for DRAM modules orders that are typically requested in a few days. Consequently, we do not believe that our order backlog as of any particular date is material or a reliable indicator of sales for any future period.

### Competition

We face intense competition in the markets for all of our products. We operate in markets that are characterized by rapid technological change, constant price pressure, rapid product obsolescence, evolving industry standards and new demands for features and performance. We experience aggressive price competition and other promotional activities by competitors, including in response to declines in consumer demand and excess product supply or as competitors seek to gain market share.

We believe that the principal competitive factors that affect customer preferences include brand awareness, reputation, breadth and depth of product offering, product performance and quality, design and aesthetics, price, user experience, online product reviews and other value propositions. We believe we compete favorably based on these factors.

In recent years, we have added new product categories and we intend to introduce new product categories in the future. To the extent we are successful in adding new product categories, we will confront new competitors, many of which may have more experience, better known brands and greater distribution capabilities in the new product categories and markets than we do. In addition, because of the continuing convergence of the markets for computing devices and consumer electronics, we expect greater competition in the future from well-established consumer electronics companies. Many of our current and potential competitors, some of which are large, multinational businesses, have substantially greater financial, technical, sales, marketing, personnel and other resources and greater brand recognition than we have. Our competitors may be in a strong position to respond quickly to new technologies and may be able to design, develop, market and sell their products more effectively than we can. In addition, some of our competitors are small or mid-sized specialty companies, which may enable them to react to changes in industry trends or consumer preferences or to introduce new or innovative products more quickly than we can. As a result our product development efforts may not be successful or result in market acceptance of our products.

While we believe there is no single competitor that directly competes with our ecosystem across all our product categories, we face numerous competitors in each product category.

Competitors in the gamer and creator peripherals market. Our primary competitors in the market for gaming keyboards and mice include Logitech and Razer. Our primary competitors in the market for headset and related audio products include Logitech, Razer and Kingston through its HyperX brand. Our primary competitors in the gamer and creator streaming accessories market include Logitech, following its acquisition of Blue Microphones, and AVerMedia. Our primary competitors in the performance controller market include Microsoft and Logitech.

Competitors in the gaming components and systems market. Our primary competitors in the market for PSUs, cooling solutions and computer cases include Cooler Master, NZXT, EVGA, Seasonic and Thermaltake. Our primary competitors in the markets for DRAM modules include G.Skill, Kingston through its HyperX brand and Micron through its Crucial division. Our primary competitors in the market for prebuilt gaming PCs and laptops include Dell through its Alienware brand, HP through its Omen brand, Asus and Razer. Our primary competitors in the market for custom-built gaming PCs and laptops include iBuypower and Cyberpower.

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Competitors in new markets. We are considering a number of other new products and, to the extent we introduce products in new categories, we will likely experience substantial competition from additional companies, including large computer peripherals and consumer electronics companies with global brand recognition and significantly greater resources than ours.

Our ability to compete successfully is fundamental to our success in existing and new markets.

If we do not compete effectively, demand for our products could decline, our net revenues and gross margin could decrease and we could lose market share, which could seriously harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# Intellectual Property

We consider the Corsair brand to be among our most valuable assets. We also consider the Elgato, Origin, and SCUF brands; proprietary technology brands such as iCUE and Slipstream; and major product family brands such as Corsair ONE, Dark Core, Dominator, Glaive, Harpoon, Ironclaw, K70, Nightsword, Scimitar, Vengeance, and Void to be important to our business. Our future success depends to a large degree upon our ability to defend the Corsair brand and its associated sub-brands from infringement and, to a limited extent, to protect our other intellectual property. We rely on a combination of copyright, trademark, patent and other intellectual property laws and confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions such as non-disclosure terms to protect our intellectual property.

As of June 30, 2020, our patent portfolio consisted of 212 patents, including utility, invention, utility model and design patents, issued in strategic jurisdictions globally and 83 patent applications pending, consisting of 16 invention patent applications in the United States, 17 invention applications in EPO, 6 design patent applications in the United States, 3 invention patent applications in Taiwan, 29 invention patent applications in China, 4 design patent applications in the European Union, 5 invention patent applications in Canada, 16 invention patent applications in France, 16 invention patent applications in Germany, 16 invention patent applications in Ireland, 2 invention patent applications in Japan, 1 invention patent application in the United Kingdom and we have 1 jointly-owned design patent in the United States. Our patents expire in the United States, the European Union, Taiwan and China on various dates from 2022 through 2039.

As of June 30, 2020, our trademark portfolio consisted of 499 trademarks, for which we had 459 registrations globally including the European Union and with the World Intellectual Property Organization, or WIPO, and 40 pending applications for registrations globally including the European Union and with the WIPO. These include the registration of the Corsair name as a trademark in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Ecuador, Egypt, European Union, Hong Kong, India, Israel, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United States, the United Kingdom, Uruguay and Vietnam and pending applications to register the Corsair name as a trademark in Pakistan and China.

The expansion of our business has required us to protect our trademarks, domain names, copyrights and patents and, to the extent that we expand our business into new geographic areas, we may be required to protect our trademarks, domain names, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property in an increasing number of jurisdictions, a process that is expensive and sometimes requires litigation. If we are unable to protect our trademarks, domain names, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property rights, or prevent third parties from infringing upon them, our business may be adversely affected, perhaps materially. For additional information, see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to our Business—Our future success depends to a large degree upon our ability to defend the Corsair brand and its associated sub-brands from infringement and, to a limited extent, to protect our other

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intellectual property. We rely on a combination of copyright, trademark, patent and other intellectual property laws and confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions such as non-disclosure terms to protect our intellectual property. Companies in the technology industry are frequently subject to litigation or disputes based on allegations of infringement or other violations of intellectual property rights. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to our Business—We have in the past been, are currently, and may in the future be, subject to intellectual property infringement claims, which are costly to defend, could require us to pay damages or royalties and could limit our ability to use certain technologies in the future."

### **Employees**

As of June 30, 2020, we had a total of 1,990 employees, including temporary employees and dedicated sales and software developer contractors, of which 919 were in operations, 468 in marketing (includes warehouse personnel involved in distribution of products to customers) and sales, 392 in product development and 211 in finance, information technology, human resources, corporate and facilities. Our product development team includes employees working on product design, definition, compatibility testing and qualifications. We typically engage temporary workers and a limited number of independent contractors when necessary in connection with a particular project or order, to meet seasonal increases in demand or to fill vacancy while recruiting a permanent employee. None of our employees is currently represented by a labor union or is covered by a collective bargaining agreement with respect to his or her employment. To date we have not experienced any work stoppages, and we consider our relationship with our employees to be good.

### Seasonality

We have experienced and expect to continue to experience seasonal fluctuations in sales due to the buying patterns of our customers and spending patterns of gamers. Our net revenue has generally been lower in the first and second calendar quarters due to lower consumer demand following the fourth quarter holiday season and because of the decline in sales that typically occurs in anticipation of the introduction of new or enhanced CPUs and GPUs, which usually take place in the second calendar quarter and which tend to drive sales in the following two quarters. Further, our net revenue tends to be higher in the third and fourth calendar quarter due to seasonal sales such as "Black Friday," "Cyber Monday" and "Singles Day" in China, as retailers tend to make purchases in advance of these sales. Our sales also tend to be higher in the fourth quarter due to the introduction of new consoles and high-profile games in connection with the holiday season. As a consequence of seasonality, our net revenue for the second calendar quarter is generally the lowest of the year followed by the first calendar quarter. We expect these seasonality trends to continue.

### **Environmental Matters**

Our operations, properties and products are subject to a variety of U.S. and foreign environmental laws and regulations governing, among other things, air emissions, wastewater discharges, management and disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous materials and waste and remediation of releases of hazardous materials. We believe, based on current information that we are in material compliance with environmental laws and regulations applicable to us. However, our failure to comply with present and future requirements under these laws and regulations, or environmental contamination or releases of hazardous materials on our leased premises, as well as through disposal of our products, could cause us to incur substantial costs, including clean-up costs, personal injury and property damage claims, fines and penalties, costs to redesign our products or upgrade our facilities and legal costs, or require us to curtail our operations, any of which could seriously harm our business.

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### **Data Privacy and Security Laws**

Since we receive, use, transmit, disclose and store personal data, we are subject to numerous state and federal laws and regulations that address privacy, data protection and the collection, storing, sharing, use, transfer, disclosure and protection of certain types of data. Such regulations include the Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography And Marketing Act of 2003, the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, Section 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, the CCPA, and the GDPR, among others.

Various federal and state legislative and regulatory bodies, or self-regulatory organizations, may expand current laws or regulations, enact new laws or regulations or issue revised rules or guidance regarding privacy, data protection, consumer protection, and advertising.

The Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, and many state attorneys general are interpreting existing federal and state consumer protection laws to impose evolving standards for the online collection, use, dissemination and security of other personal data. Courts may also adopt the standards for fair information practices promulgated by the FTC, which concern consumer notice, choice, security and access. Consumer protection laws require us to publish statements that describe how we handle personal data and choices individuals may have about the way we handle their personal data. If such information that we publish is considered untrue, we may be subject to government claims of unfair or deceptive trade practices, which could lead to significant liabilities and consequences. Furthermore, according to the FTC violating consumers' privacy rights or failing to take appropriate steps to keep consumers' personal data secure may constitute unfair acts or practices in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act.

In addition, the CCPA, which came into force in 2020, creates individual privacy rights for California consumers and increases the privacy and security obligations of entities handling certain personal data. The CCPA provides for civil penalties for violations, as well as a private right of action for data breaches that is expected to increase data breach litigation. The CCPA may increase our compliance costs and potential liability. Additionally, a new California ballot initiative, the California Privacy Rights Act, appears to have garnered enough signatures to be included on the November 2020 ballot in California, and if voted into law by California residents, would impose additional data protection obligations on companies doing business in California, including additional consumer rights processes and opt outs for certain uses of sensitive data. It would also create a new California data protection agency specifically tasked to enforce the law, which would likely result in increased regulatory scrutiny of California businesses in the areas of data protection and security. Further, many similar laws have been proposed at the federal level and in other states. For instance, the state of Nevada recently enacted a law that went into force on October 1, 2019 and requires companies to honor consumers' requests to no longer sell their data.

### **Facilities**

As of June 30, 2020, our principal executive office is located in Fremont, California and consists of approximately 60,000 square feet of space under a lease that expires in March 2022. In addition to our headquarters, we lease a manufacturing facility and regional headquarters in Taipei, Taiwan, which consist of approximately 90,000 and 50,000 square feet of space, respectively, and have leases that expire between July 2020 and May 2025, respectively. We also lease space in Carlsbad, California; Miami, Florida; Suwanee, Georgia; Ljubljana, Slovenia; Wokingham, United Kingdom; Cheltenham, United Kingdom; Mönchengladbach, Germany; Munich, Germany; Hong Kong, China; Shenzhen, China; Shanghai, China; Taoyuan, Taiwan; Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam; Moscow, Russia and Almere, the Netherlands. Both our gamer and creator peripherals segment and gaming components and systems segment utilize each of our leased facilities.

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We lease all our facilities and do not own any real property. We believe our facilities are adequate and suitable for our current needs and that, should it be needed, suitable additional or alternative space will be available to accommodate our operations.

# **Legal Proceedings**

From time to time, we may become involved in litigation or other legal proceedings. We are not currently a party to any litigation or legal proceedings that, in the opinion of our management, are likely to have a material adverse effect on our business. Regardless of outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

### MANAGEMENT

### **Executive Officers and Directors**

Below is a list of our executive officers, directors and director nominees:

Name	Age	Position(s)	
Executive Officers			
Andrew J. Paul	63	Chief Executive Officer and Director	
Michael G. Potter	54	Chief Financial Officer	
Thi L. La	55	Chief Operating Officer	
Bertrand Chevalier	49	Chief Sales Officer	
Gregg A. Lakritz	59	Vice President, Corporate Controller	
Non-Employee Directors			
George L. Majoros, Jr.(2)(3)	59	Director, Chairman of the Board	
Stuart A. Martin(3)	39	Director	
Anup Bagaria(2)(3)	48	Director	
Jason Cahilly(1)(2)	50	Director	
Samuel R. Szteinbaum(1)(2)(3)	58	Director	
Randall J. Weisenburger(1)	61	Director	
Diana Bell(1)	68	Director Nominee	

- Member of the audit committee.

  Member of the compensation committee.
- Member of the nominating and corporate governance committee.

### **Executive Officers and Employee Directors**

Andrew J. Paul co-founded Corsair in 1994. He has served as our Chief Executive Officer and President since 1994 and we appointed Mr. Paul to our board of directors in September 2018. Previously, Mr. Paul served as President of the Multichip Division at Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, a provider of semiconductor devices. Mr. Paul also founded Multichip Technology, Inc., a provider of high-performance memory modules and electronics in 1987, and the business was sold to Cypress Semiconductor Corporation in 1993. Prior to that, he worked as a marketing manager at Integrated Device Technology, Inc. and in several sales and marketing positions at Fairchild Semiconductor Incorporated. Mr. Paul holds a B.Sc. (Hons) in Physics from The City University, London, England. We believe that Mr. Paul is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his deep knowledge of the business as the co-founder of Corsair and his experience in the computer components and peripherals industry.

Michael G. Potter has served as our Chief Financial Officer since November 2019. Previously, Mr. Potter worked as a business consultant, including interim Chief Financial Officer work and advising a large pension fund. Prior to that, from July 2011 to May 2016, Mr. Potter was Chief Financial Officer and Chief Legal Officer at Canadian Solar, a company listed on the Nasdag Exchange. Prior to that, Mr. Potter spent 10 years in the semiconductor industry holding multiple Chief Financial Officer roles at public companies including Lattice Semiconductor Corporation, Neophotonics and STATS ChipPac. Prior to that, Mr. Potter worked for six years at Honeywell in various financing and accounting positions, and at KPMG in Montreal working as an auditor. Mr. Potter is a member of the board of Cordelio Power, Inc. and serves as the chair of its audit committee. Mr. Potter is a Chartered Professional Accountant (CPA), CA. He received a Graduate Diploma of Public Accountancy from McGill University, and a BComm in Accounting from Concordia University.

Thi L. La has served as our Chief Operating Officer since August 2013. From May 2010 to August 2013 she served as our Senior Vice President and General Manager of our gaming PC

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component unit. Previously, from April 2008 to July 2010, Ms. La served as the Vice President of Global Operations and Information Technology at Opnext, Inc., a designer and manufacturer of optical gaming, modules and subsystems for communications uses. From 1997 to 2008 she held various positions at HP, including Director of Consumer Desktop PC, Display and Accessories for North America. Ms. La holds a B.S. in Electrical Engineering from San Jose State University.

**Bertrand Chevalier** has served as our Chief Sales Officer since August 2020 and our Senior Vice President, Worldwide Sales since January 2014. From September 2013 to December 2013, he served as our Vice President of Marketing, from January 2012 to August 2013 he served as our Senior Director of Product Marketing, and from May 2010 to January 2012 he served as our Director of Channel Marketing. Previously, from December 1995 to May 2010, he held various positions at Hewlett Packard, Inc., including Senior Operations & Supply Chain Manager. Mr. Chevalier holds a Master of Engineering from Institut Catholique d'Arts et Métiers.

Gregg A. Lakritz has served as our Vice President, Corporate Controller since November 2017. From July 2017 until October 2017 he served as a Senior Strategic Consultant at Trimble Inc., or Trimble. From September 2011 until June 2017 he worked at Harmonic Inc., a publicly traded company which sells high-performance video software and cable access solutions, where he served initially as the Vice President and Corporate Controller from September 2011 until December 2014, and then as Chief Accounting Officer, Vice President and Corporate Controller. Previously, he also served as a Corporate Controller at Trimble, from October 2005 until September 2011. Mr. Lakritz is a Certified Public Accountant and he earned a B.A. in Accounting from the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee and an M.B.A. from the University of Wisconsin-Madison.

### **Non-Employee Directors**

George L. Majoros, Jr. has served as a member of our board of directors since August 2017. Mr. Majoros is currently a Co-Managing Partner of EagleTree Capital, LP, or EagleTree Capital, having first joined EagleTree Capital's predecessor firm, Wasserstein Perella & Co., in 1993. He currently serves as a member of the board of trustees of Case Western Reserve University. Mr. Majoros has also served on the boards of directors of numerous public and private companies over the past 25 years. Prior to joining EagleTree Capital, Mr. Majoros practiced law with Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue, where he specialized in contested takeovers, mergers and acquisitions and corporate and securities law. Mr. Majoros received his A.B. in Economics from the University of Michigan and his J.D. from Case Western Reserve University Law School. We believe that Mr. Majoros is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his broad leadership skills and business experience gained in a variety of industries.

Stuart A. Martin has served as a member of our board of directors since August 2017. Mr. Martin joined EagleTree Capital's predecessor firm in 2004. Prior to EagleTree Capital, Mr. Martin worked at UBS Los Angeles, focusing on leveraged finance, consumer products and media transactions. Mr. Martin helps lead EagleTree's investment activities in the consumer products sector. He currently serves on the board of directors for Invincible Boat Company. He previously served on the boards of directors of Harry & David, Paris Presents and So Delicious Dairy Free. Mr. Martin received his B.A. in Economics from Pomona College and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. We believe that Mr. Martin is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his extensive financial and strategic experience gained over many years.

Anup Bagaria is currently Co-Managing Partner at EagleTree Capital, and we appointed Mr. Bagaria to our board of directors in September 2018. Mr. Bagaria joined EagleTree Capital's predecessor firm, Wasserstein Perella & Co., in 1994 and has served on the boards of directors of numerous private companies over the past 25 years. He also served as the Chief Executive Officer of

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New York Media. Mr. Bagaria received his S.B. from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. We believe that Mr. Bagaria is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his broad leadership skills and business experience gained in a variety of industries.

Jason Cahilly is currently the Chief Executive Officer of Dragon Group LLC, a private investment and consulting firm. We appointed Mr. Cahilly to our board of directors in September 2018. Mr. Cahilly also currently serves as a member of the boards of directors of Carnival Corporation & plc, a public travel and leisure company. Previously, Mr. Cahilly served as the Chief Strategic and Financial Officer of the National Basketball Association from January 2013 to June 2017, as well as a director of the board of NBA China. Prior to that, Mr. Cahilly spent 12 years at Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, where he served as Partner, Global Co-Head of Media & Telecommunications. Mr. Cahilly earned a B.A. from Bucknell University in International Relations and Economics and a J.D. from Harvard Law School. We believe that Mr. Cahilly is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his wealth of experience in a broad range of industries including in sports and entertainment.

Samuel R. Szteinbaum is currently the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the board of directors for preschool provider The Wonder Years, which he founded in 1988. We appointed Mr. Szteinbaum to our board of directors in September 2018. Previously, Mr. Szteinbaum served as the chairman of the board of directors of Asetek, Inc., a public company that trades on the Oslo stock exchange, from February 2009 until October 2018. Mr. Szteinbaum also served as a member of the board of directors of Sococo, Inc., a private software company, from 2008 until 2012. From June 1984 to November 2008, Mr. Szteinbaum held various positions at Hewlett-Packard Company, including serving as Vice President of the Consumer Products Group (Desktop and Notebook Computing) from May 2002 through October 2005, and as Vice President of and Chief Learning Officer from October 2005 to November 2008. Mr. Szteinbaum earned a B.A. in Mathematics and Economics from the University of California, Santa Cruz and an M.S. in Management from Purdue University. We believe that Mr. Szteinbaum is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his deep experience in the technology industry.

Randall J. Weisenburger has served as a member of our board of directors since July 2018. He started Mile 26 Capital, LLC in January 2015. Previously, Mr. Weisenburger was the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Omnicom Group Inc. from 1998 until September 2014. Before joining Omnicom, he was a founding member of Wasserstein Perella and a former member of the First Boston Corporation. At Wasserstein Perella, Mr. Weisenburger specialized in private equity investing and leveraged acquisitions. From 1993 through 1998, Mr. Weisenburger was President and Chief Executive Officer of the firm's merchant banking subsidiary, Wasserstein & Co. Additionally, he held various roles within WP's portfolio of investment companies including: Co-Chairman of Collins & Aikman Corp, CEO of Wickes Manufacturing, Vice Chairman of Maybelline Inc., and Chairman of American Law Media. Mr. Weisenburger currently serves as a member of the Boards of Directors of Carnival Corporation & plc, Valero Energy Corporation and Acosta Sales and Marketing Corp. He also serves as a member of the Board of Overseers of the Wharton School of Business at the University of Pennsylvania and is a trustee of Eisenhower Fellowships. Mr. Weisenburger previously served as a member of the Board of Directors of the New York City Health & Hospital Foundation and of the US Ski and Snowboard Foundation. He earned a B.S. in Accounting and Finance from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University and an M.B.A. from The Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania. We believe that Mr. Weisenburger is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to his experience as a senior executive of a large multi-national corporation and his extensive financial and accounting skill.

**Diana Bell** has agreed to serve as a member of our Board of Directors as of the pricing of this offering. Ms. Bell also currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of the Sutter Health Bay Area Hospitals and Fresh Lifelines for Youth. From June, 1975 to May 2007, Ms. Bell held various positions at Hewlett-Packard Company, each with increased impact and responsibility. There, she served as VP of the Mobile Computing Division and as Senior Vice President of the worldwide Total Customer Experience & Quality functions as well as Corporate Affairs. During the period following her

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work at HP, Ms. Bell provided one-off speaking or consulting engagements for organizations including: Pitney Bowes, Sun Power Corporation, the Leon H. Sullivan Foundation and the National Initiative for Service Excellence Inc. Ms. Bell served on the California Board of Accountancy from September 2009 to January 2015. From 2009 to April 2020, she served on the Board of Directors of Girl Scouts of Northern California. Ms. Bell holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics from Michigan State University and an M.B.A. from Clark Atlanta University. We believe that Ms. Bell is qualified to serve on our board of directors due to her extensive leadership experience in the technology industry.

# **Composition of the Board of Directors**

### Director Independence

Prior to the consummation of this offering, we expect that our board of directors will consist of eight members. Our board of directors has determined that each of Diana Bell, Jason Cahilly, Samuel R. Szteinbaum and Randall J. Weisenburger qualify as independent directors in accordance with Nasdaq listing requirements. Nasdaq's independent director definition includes a series of objective tests, including that the director is not, and has not been within the last three years, one of our employees and that neither the director nor any of his or her family members has engaged in various types of business dealings with us. In addition, as required by Nasdaq rules, our board of directors has made a subjective determination as to each independent director that no relationship exists that, in the opinion of our board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. In making these determinations, our board of directors reviewed and discussed information provided by the directors and us with regard to each director's business and personal activities and relationships as they may relate to us and our management. There are no family relationships among any of our directors or executive officers.

# Classified Board of Directors

In accordance with our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws to be in effect immediately prior to the consummation of this offering, our board of directors will be divided into three classes with staggered, three-year terms. At each annual meeting of stockholders, the successors to directors whose terms then expire will be elected to serve from the time of election and qualification until the third annual meeting following election. Effective upon the consummation of this offering, we expect that our directors will be divided among the three classes as follows:

- the Class I directors will be Andrew J. Paul, Samuel R. Szteinbaum and Jason Cahilly, and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2021;
- the Class II directors will be George L. Majoros, Jr., Anup Bagaria and Stuart A. Martin, and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2022; and
- the Class III directors will be Diana Bell and Randall J. Weisenburger, and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2023.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, amended and restated bylaws, and Investor Rights Agreement will provide that the authorized number of directors may be changed only by resolution of the board of directors and, as long as EagleTree owns at least 20% of our common stock, by a majority of the directors nominated by EagleTree, or EagleTree if no directors nominated by EagleTree are then serving as directors. Any additional directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors will be distributed among the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of the directors. The division of our board of directors into three classes with staggered three-year terms may delay or prevent a change of our management or a change in control of our company.

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### **Board Composition Arrangements**

Pursuant to the terms of an investor rights agreement between us and EagleTree, or the Investor Rights Agreement, EagleTree has the right, among other things, to designate the chairman of our board of directors for so long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 20% of our common stock, as well as the right to nominate up to five directors to our board of directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 50% of our common stock, four directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 30% and less than 50% of our common stock, three directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 30% and less than 40% of our common stock, two directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 20% and less than 30% of our common stock, and one director as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 10% and less than 20% of our common stock. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Investor Rights Agreement" contained elsewhere in this prospectus.

# Role of Board in Risk Oversight

Risk assessment and oversight are an integral part of our governance and management processes. Our board of directors encourages management to promote a culture that incorporates risk management into our corporate strategy and day-to-day business operations. Management discusses strategic and operational risks at regular management meetings, and conducts specific strategic planning and review sessions during the year that include a focused discussion and analysis of the risks facing us. Throughout the year, senior management reviews these risks with the board of directors at regular board meetings as part of management presentations that focus on particular business functions, operations or strategies, and presents the steps taken by management to mitigate or eliminate such risks.

Our board of directors does not have a standing risk management committee, but rather administers this oversight function directly through our board of directors as a whole, as well as through various standing committees of our board of directors that address risks inherent in their respective areas of oversight. While our board of directors is responsible for monitoring and assessing strategic risk exposure, our audit committee is responsible for overseeing our major financial risk exposures and the steps our management has taken to monitor and control these exposures. The audit committee also monitors compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and considers and approves or disapproves any related person transactions. Our nominating and corporate governance committee monitors the effectiveness of our corporate governance guidelines. Our compensation committee assesses and monitors whether any of our compensation policies and programs has the potential to encourage excessive risk-taking.

# **Controlled Company Exception**

After the completion of this offering, EagleTree will continue to control a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock. As a result, we will be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the Nasdaq corporate governance standards. Under the Nasdaq rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain Nasdaq corporate governance standards, including requirements that:

- a majority of our board of directors consist of "independent directors" as defined under the rules of Nasdaq;
- our board of directors have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee purpose and responsibilities; and

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our director nominations be made, or recommended to the full board of directors, by our independent directors or by a
nominations committee that is composed entirely of independent directors and that we adopt a written charter or board
resolution addressing the nominations process.

Following this offering, we intend to utilize certain of these exemptions. As a result, pursuant to an investor rights agreement with EagleTree, or the Investor Rights Agreement, nominations for certain of our directors will be made by EagleTree based on its ownership of our outstanding voting stock. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Investor Rights Agreement." In addition, for so long as we are a "controlled company" we may not have a majority of independent directors on our board of directors and our compensation committee and nominating and corporate governance committee may not consistent entirely of independent directors or be subject to annual performance evaluations. Accordingly, for so long as we are a "controlled company" you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the Nasdaq corporate governance requirements. In the event that we cease to be a "controlled company" and our shares continue to be listed on Nasdaq, we will be required to comply with these provisions within the applicable transition periods.

### Committees of the Board of Directors

The standing committees of our board of directors will consist of an audit committee, a compensation committee and a nominating and corporate governance committee. Our board of directors may also establish from time to time any other committees that it deems necessary or desirable.

Our chief executive officer and other executive officers will regularly report to the non-employee directors and the audit, compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees to ensure effective and efficient oversight of our activities and to assist in proper risk management and the ongoing evaluation of management controls.

### **Audit Committee**

The audit committee will consist of Randall J. Weisenburger, who serves as the Chair, Jason Cahilly, Samuel R. Szteinbaum and Diana Bell. All members of our audit committee meet the requirements for financial literacy under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and Nasdaq. Our board of directors has determined that Mr. Weisenburger is an audit committee financial expert as defined under the applicable rules of the SEC and has the requisite financial sophistication as defined under the applicable rules and regulations of Nasdaq. Under the rules of the SEC, members of the audit committee must also meet heightened independence standards. Our board of directors has determined that each of Messrs. Weisenburger, Cahilly and Szteinbaum and Ms. Bell are independent under the applicable rules of the SEC and Nasdaq.

The purpose of the audit committee is to assist the board of directors in its oversight of: (i) the integrity of our financial statements; (ii) our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iii) the independent auditor's qualifications and independence; (iv) the performance of our independent auditor; and (v) the design and implementation of our internal audit function, and the performance of the internal audit function after it has been established.

Our board of directors has adopted a written charter for the audit committee that satisfies the applicable standards of the SEC and Nasdaq, which will be available on our website upon the completion of this offering.

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# Compensation Committee

The compensation committee consists of Jason Cahilly, who serves as the Chair, Anup Bagaria, George L. Majoros, Jr. and Samuel R. Szteinbaum.

The purpose of the compensation committee is to assist our board of directors in discharging its responsibilities relating to (i) setting our compensation program and compensation of our executive officers, directors and key personnel, (ii) monitoring our incentive-compensation and stock-based compensation plans, (iii) succession planning for our executive officers, directors and key personnel and (iv) preparing the compensation committee report required to be included in our proxy statement under the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Our board of directors has adopted a written charter for the compensation committee that satisfies the applicable standards of the SEC and Nasdag, which will be available on our website upon the completion of this offering.

We intend to utilize certain of the "controlled company" exceptions which exempts us from the requirement that we have a compensation committee composed entirely of independent directors.

# Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The nominating and corporate governance committee consists of George L. Majoros, Jr., who serves as the Chair, Anup Bagaria, Stuart A. Martin and Samuel R. Szteinbaum.

The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for making recommendations to our board of directors regarding candidates for directorships and the size and composition of our board of directors. In addition, the nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for overseeing our corporate governance policies and reporting and making recommendations to our board of directors concerning governance matters.

Our board of directors has adopted a written charter for the nominating and corporate governance committee that satisfies the applicable standards of the SEC and Nasdaq, which will be available on our website upon the completion of this offering.

We intend to utilize certain of the "controlled company" exceptions which exempts us from the requirement that we have a nominating and corporate governance committee composed entirely of independent directors.

## **Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

None of the members of our compensation committee has at any time been one of our executive officers or employees. None of our executive officers currently serves, or has served during the last completed fiscal year, on the compensation committee or board of directors of any other entity that has one or more executive officers serving as a member of our board of directors or compensation committee.

# **Board Diversity**

Our nominating and corporate governance committee will be responsible for reviewing with the board of directors, on an annual basis, the appropriate characteristics, skills and experience required for the board of directors as a whole and its individual members. In evaluating the suitability of individual candidates (both new candidates and current members), the nominating and corporate

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governance committee, in recommending candidates for election, and the board of directors, in approving (and, in the case of vacancies, appointing) such candidates, may take into account many factors, including but not limited to the following:

- personal and professional integrity;
- · ethics and values;
- · experience in corporate management, such as serving as an officer or former officer of a publicly held company;
- experience in the industries in which we compete;
- · experience as a board member or executive officer of another publicly held company;
- diversity of expertise and experience in substantive matters pertaining to our business relative to other board members;
- · conflicts of interest; and
- practical and mature business judgment.

Our board of directors evaluates each individual in the context of the board of directors as a whole, with the objective of assembling a group that can best maximize the success of our business and represent stockholder interests through the exercise of sound judgment using its diversity of experience in these various areas.

# **Code of Ethics and Business Conduct**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics and Business Conduct that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer. Our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct will be available on our website upon the completion of this offering. Our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct is a "code of ethics," as defined in Item 406(b) of Regulation S-K. We will make any legally required disclosures regarding amendments to, or waivers of, provisions of our code of ethics on our website.

# **Director Compensation**

Historically, our non-employee directors have been compensated by Corsair Memory, Inc. for service on the boards of directors of us and Corsair Memory, Inc. and the advisory board of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP. All references to "we," "us" or "our" in this Director Compensation section will refer to Corsair Memory, Inc. and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP for actions taken prior to the completion of this offering and to Corsair Gaming, Inc. for actions taken on and after the completion of this offering. Our non-employee directors who were affiliated with our principal investors did not receive any cash or equity compensation in 2019. However, Messrs. Cahilly, Szteinbaum and Weisenburger, who are not affiliated with our principal investors, were paid \$100,000, \$73,125 and \$71,250, respectively, for their board service in 2019. In connection with this offering, the options held by Messrs. Szteinbaum, Cahilly and Weisenburger (the only non-employee directors who hold outstanding options) will be converted into equivalent options to purchase shares of Corsair Gaming, Inc.'s common stock and will be assumed by Corsair Gaming, Inc. In addition, we reimburse our non-employee directors for travel and other necessary business expenses incurred in the performance of their services for us. Mr. Cahilly was also compensated in 2019 for certain consulting services he provided to us outside of his role as a director in relation to business management.

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In February 2020, we adopted a non-employee director compensation policy for our non-employee directors who are not affiliated with our principal investors. Pursuant to the director compensation policy, our eligible non-employee directors will receive cash compensation, paid quarterly, as follows:

- Each non-employee director will receive an annual cash retainer in the amount of \$65,000 per year.
- The chairperson of the audit committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$30,000 per year for such chairperson's service on the audit committee. Each non-chairperson member of the audit committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$15,000 per year for such member's service on the audit committee.
- The chairperson of the compensation committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$20,000 per year for such chairperson's service on the compensation committee. Each non-chairperson member of the compensation committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$10,000 per year for such member's service on the compensation committee.
- Each non-chairperson member of the nominating and corporate governance committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$7,500 per year for such member's service on the nominating and corporate governance committee.

Under the director compensation policy, each eligible non-employee director who has served as a director for at least one year prior to applicable anniversary of the effective date of the policy will receive, within 30 days following each anniversary of the effective date of the director compensation policy, the following equity awards: (i) an option to purchase that number of units equal to the product of (a) \$50,000 divided by (b) the fair market value per unit of on the date of grant (the Annual Option Award) and (ii) a number of units equal to the product of (a) \$50,000 divided by (b) the fair market value per unit of on the date of grant (the Annual Unit Award, collectively, the Annual Awards). The Annual Awards are fully vested on the date of grant, subject to the director's continued service through the applicable date of grant. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the director compensation policy, (1) all equity awards outstanding and held by an eligible non-employee director will vest in full immediately prior to the occurrence of a change in control; (2) the equity awards granted under the policy all subject to mandatory adjustment in the event of certain changes in capitalization and certain similar qualifying events; (3) the equity awards granted under the policy are not subject to any mandatory redemption under the equity plan; and (4) the equity awards granted under the policy that are vested may be exercised at any time until the earlier to occur of (i) a change in control or (ii) the 10 year anniversary of the grant date of the applicable award.

In connection with the offering, we have approved an updated compensation policy for our non-employee directors (other than any individual who is (1) an employee of the company or any parent or subsidiary or (2) serving on the board as a stockholder representative), the Updated Director Compensation Program, to be effective in connection with the consummation of this offering that will supersede the director compensation policy discussed above. Pursuant to the Updated Director Compensation Program, our non-employee directors will receive cash compensation as follows:

- Each non-employee director will receive an annual cash retainer in the amount of \$65,000 per year.
- The chairperson of the audit committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$30,000 per year for such chairperson's service on the audit committee. Each non-chairperson member of the audit committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$15,000 per year for such member's service on the audit committee.

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- The chairperson of the compensation committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$20,000 per year for such chairperson's service on the compensation committee. Each non-chairperson member of the compensation committee will receive additional annual cash compensation in the amount of \$10,000 per year for such member's service on the compensation committee.
- The chairperson of the nominating and corporate governance committee will receive additional annual cash compensation
  in the amount of \$12,500 per year for such chairperson's service on the nominating and corporate governance committee.
  Each non-chairperson member of the nominating and corporate governance committee will receive additional annual cash
  compensation in the amount of \$7,500 per year for such member's service on the nominating and corporate governance
  committee.

Under the Updated Director Compensation Program, each non-employee director who is initially elected or appointed to the board subsequent to this offering on any date other than the date of an Annual Meeting will automatically, on the date of such director's election or appointment, be granted the following (the Initial Awards): (a) an option to purchase shares of our common stock, that have an aggregate grant date value on the date of grant of \$50,000 (pro-rated for any partial time from the director's start date through the date of the next Annual Meeting), and (b) restricted stock units with an aggregate value on the date of grant of \$50,000 (pro-rated for any partial time from the director's start date through the date of the next Annual Meeting). Each non-employee director who serving on the board as of any Annual Meeting (and will continue serving following such Annual Meeting) will automatically, on the date of such Annual Meeting, be granted the following (the Annual Awards): (a) an option to purchase shares of our common stock, that have an aggregate grant date value on the date of grant of \$50,000, and (b) restricted stock units with an aggregate value on the date of grant of \$50,000.

In addition, under the Updated Director Compensation Program, upon the consummation of this offering, each non-employee director who serving on the board will automatically be granted the following (the IPO Awards): (a) an option to purchase shares of our common stock, that have an aggregate grant date value on the date of grant of \$37,500, and (b) restricted stock units with an aggregate value on the date of grant of \$37,500. In satisfaction of the Annual Awards under the prior director compensation policy, each non-employee director, effective as of the consummation of this offering, will also be granted the following awards: (a) an option to purchase shares of our common stock, that have an aggregate grant date value on the date of grant of \$50,000, and (b) restricted stock units with an aggregate value on the date of grant of \$50,000. Such awards for service under the prior director compensation policy shall be fully vested on the date of grant in accordance with such policy.

The Initial Awards and the IPO Awards will vest on the first anniversary of the date of grant, subject to continued service through each applicable vesting date. The Annual Awards will vest on the earlier of the first anniversary of the date of grant or the date of the next annual stockholder's meeting to the extent unvested as of such date, subject to continued service through each applicable vesting date. The exercise price per share of director options is equal to the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the grant date, and the director awards will vest in full upon the consummation of a Change in Control (as defined in the 2020 Plan).

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The following table summarizes the total compensation earned during the year ended December 31, 2019 by our non-employee directors.

Name (2)	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash	Option Awards(1)	Other	Total
Name <sup>(3)</sup>	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)(2)	(\$)
Samuel R. Szteinbaum	73,125	0	0	73,125
Jason Cahilly	100,000	0	119,999	219,999
George L. Majoros, Jr.	0	0	0	0
Anup Bagaria	0	0	0	0
Stuart A. Martin	0	0	0	0
Randall J. Weisenburger	71,250	0	0	71,250

As of December 31, 2019, each of Messrs. Szteinbaum, Cahilly and Weisenburger held options to purchase 100,000 units of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, which are being converted into equivalent options to purchase 50,000 shares of Corsair Gaming, Inc.'s common stock. For a description of the other securities our non-employee directors hold, see "Principal and Selling Stockholders."

Amounts shown represent amounts earned by Mr. Cahilly for his consulting services provided to us in 2019.

Diana Bell has agreed to serve as a member of our Board of Directors as of the pricing of this offering and therefore is not included in this table, which reflects compensation earned during the year ended December 31, 2019. (1)

### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The following is a discussion and analysis of compensation arrangements of our named executive officers, or NEOs. This discussion contains forward looking statements that are based on our current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that we adopt may differ materially from currently planned programs as summarized in this discussion. As a former "emerging growth company" as defined in the JOBS Act which lost its status as of December 31, 2019, in accordance with Topic 10110.5 of the SEC Financial Reporting Manual, we are not required to include a Compensation Discussion and Analysis section and have elected to comply with the scaled disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies.

We seek to ensure that the total compensation paid to our executive officers is reasonable and competitive. Compensation of our executives is structured around the achievement of individual performance and near-term corporate targets as well as long-term business objectives. Our NEOs are employed with Corsair Memory, Inc. and all employee compensation matters have historically been decided by the board of directors of Corsair Memory, Inc., except for grants of equity awards, which have been made by the board of directors of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP. Following the closing of this offering, all compensation matters in respect to our NEOs will be determined by Corsair Gaming, Inc.'s board of directors or its compensation committee. All references to "we," "us" or "our" in this Executive Compensation section refer to Corsair Memory, Inc. for actions taken in respect of cash compensation prior to the completion of this offering, Corsair Group (Cayman), LP for actions taken in respect of equity compensation prior to the completion of this offering, and to Corsair Gaming, Inc. for actions taken on and after the completion of this offering.

Our NEOs for 2019 were as follows:

- · Andrew J. Paul, Chief Executive Officer;
- Thi L. La, Chief Operating Officer;
- · Michael G. Potter, Chief Financial Officer; and
- · Nick Hawkins, former Chief Financial Officer.

Mr. Potter was hired as our Chief Financial Officer in November 2019. In connection with Mr. Potter's appointment, Mr. Hawkins resigned his employment with us effective as of November 7, 2019.

# 2019 Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of our NEOs for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary <sup>(1)</sup> (\$)	Bonus <sup>(2)</sup> (\$)	Option Awards <sup>(3)</sup> (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation <sup>(4)</sup> (\$)	All Other Compensation <sup>(5)</sup> (\$)	Total (\$)
Andrew J. Paul	2019	671,875	100,000	0	450,022	11,200	1,233,097
Chief Executive Officer	2018	625,000	100,000	0	621,167	11,000	1,357,167
Thi L. La	2019	510,625	100,000	0	293,426	11,200	915,251
Chief Operating Officer	2018	475,000	100,000	0	383,369	11,000	969,369
Michael G. Potter Chief Financial Officer	2019	75,000	0	1,768,440	29,892	0	1,873,332
Nick Hawkins	2019	349,433	0	0	0	2,216,247	2,565,680
Chief Financial Officer(6)	2018	410,000	0	0	215,381	11,000	636,381

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- Amount reported for Mr. Potter represents the prorated portion of his annual base salary of \$450,000 earned after commencing his employment with us in November (1)
- (2) Amounts shown constitute discretionary cash bonuses paid to each of Messrs. Paul and La in connection with their contributions to certain transactions of the company in 2019 and 2018. Please see the descriptions of the dividend equivalent payments in "2019 Bonuses" below.
- (3)
- company in 2013 and 2016. Please see the descriptions of the invoked equivalent payments in 2019 Borduses below.

  Amounts shown represent the grant date fair value of options granted during fiscal year 2019 as calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 718. See Note 11 of the combined consolidated financial statements included in this registration statement for the assumptions used in calculating this amount.

  Amounts shown represent the annual performance-based cash bonuses earned by our NEOs based on the achievement of certain performance objectives during 2019. These amounts were paid to the named executive officers in early 2020. Since Mr. Hawkins was no longer employed with us by year-end, he was not eligible to receive any performance bonus for 2019. Please see the descriptions of the annual performance bonuses paid to our named executive officers under "2019 Bonuses" (4)
- Amounts shown for Messrs. Paul and La represent matching contributions under our 401(k) plan and for Mr. Hawkins include: (i) \$11,200 for matching contributions
- Announts shown for Mississ. Paul and La represent matching contributions under our 401(k) plan and for Mr. Hawkins include: (I) \$11,200 for matching contributions under our 401(k) plan; (ii) \$1,530,584 in the aggregate paid by our direct parent for the repurchase of certain units in our direct parent held by Mr. Hawkins; (iii) \$656,000 paid by us for cash severance; and (iv) \$18,464 paid by us in cash to cover Mr. Hawkins COBRA premiums.

  Mr. Hawkins resigned as our Chief Financial Officer effective as of November 7, 2019 in accordance with Mr. Hawkins' Terms of Separation Letter dated as of April 30, 2019 and Second Agreement to the Terms of Separation Letters effective as of November 7, 2019. Please see the description of these agreements in "Separation Agreement" below. (6)

## **Outstanding Equity Awards at 2019 Fiscal Year End**

The following table lists all outstanding equity awards held by our NEOs as of December 31, 2019. In connection with this offering, the options to purchase Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units held by our NEOs will be converted into equivalent options to purchase Corsair Gaming, Inc. common stock and will be assumed by Corsair Gaming, Inc. The share numbers and exercise prices set forth in the table below reflect the numbers after such assumption by the Company.

		Option Awards				
		Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised	Number Of Securities Underlying Unexercised		_	
Name	Vesting Commencement Date(1)	Options (#) Exercisable	Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	
Andrew J. Paul	8/28/2017 8/28/2017	200,000 200,000	300,000 300,000	2.20 5.52	11/12/2027 11/12/2027	
Thi L. La	8/28/2017 8/28/2017	185,000 185,000	277,500 277,500	2.20 5.52	11/12/2027 11/12/2027	
Michael G. Potter	11/1/2019	0	600,000	7.78	11/5/2029	
Nick Hawkins(2)	8/28/2017 8/28/2017	125,000 125,000	0 0	2.20 5.52	11/12/2027 11/12/2027	

<sup>(1)</sup> 

# **Narrative to Summary Compensation Table**

# 2019 Salaries

We pay each of our NEOs an annual base salary to compensate him or her for services rendered to our company. The annual base salary established by our board of directors for each NEO is intended to provide a fixed component of compensation reflective of the NEO's skill set, experience,

Each option vests and becomes exercisable in substantially equal installments on each of the first five anniversaries of the vesting commencement date subject to the holder continuing to provide services to us through the applicable vesting date. In accordance with Mr. Hawkins' Terms of Separation Letter dated as of April 30, 2019 and Second Agreement to the Terms of Separation Letters effective as of November 7, 2019, the unvested units subject to Mr. Hawkins' options terminated as of November 7, 2019, after giving effect to certain accelerated vesting, in connection with termination of employment, and he subsequently exercised the vested units subject to his options in 2020. (2)

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role and responsibilities. For fiscal year 2019, Mr. Paul's annual base salary was \$671,875, Ms. La's annual base salary was \$510,625, Mr. Potter's annual base salary was \$450,000 and Mr. Hawkins' annual base salary was \$410,000.

### 2019 Bonuses

We maintain an annual performance-based cash bonus program in which each of our NEOs participated in 2019. Each NEO's target bonus is expressed as a percentage of his or her annual base salary which can be achieved by meeting company and individual goals at target level. The 2019 annual bonuses for Messrs. Paul and Hawkins and Ms. La were targeted at 100%, 60% and 80% of their respective base salaries. Since Mr. Potter did not join the company until November 2019, he was eligible to receive a pro-rated portion of his performance bonus for 2019, and his target bonus is 65% of his base salary. Since Mr. Hawkins was no longer employed with us as of November 7, 2019, he was not eligible to receive any annual performance bonus, except for a cash payment equal to his target bonus amount under his severance agreement, as described below. Our board of directors has historically reviewed these target percentages to ensure they are adequate, but does not follow a formula. Instead, our board of directors set these rates based on each NEO's experience in his or her role with us and the level of responsibility held by the NEO, which we believe directly correlates to the NEO's ability to influence corporate results.

For determining performance bonus amounts, our board of directors set certain corporate performance goals after receiving input from our Chief Executive Officer, where two-thirds of the bonus amount was determined based on the achievement of certain EBITDA goals and one-third of the bonus amount was determined based on the achievement certain individual goals. Following its review and determinations of corporate and individual performance for 2019, our board of directors determined an achievement level of approximately 66.98% for Mr. Paul, approximately, 71.83% for Ms. La and 10.22% of Mr. Potter (which was pro-rated to reflect his partial employment with us during 2019).

The actual amount of the 2019 annual bonus paid to each NEO for 2019 performance is set forth above in the Summary Compensation Table in the column titled "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation."

In addition, in March 2019, we granted each of Mr. Paul and Ms. La a one-time cash bonus payment of \$100,000 in connection with their exemplary contributions in connection with certain acquisitions of the company.

# Stock-Based Compensation

In November 2019, our board of directors approved an option grant to Mr. Potter in connection with the commencement of his employment with us. Mr. Potter was granted an option to purchase 1,200,000 Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units. Mr. Potter's option vests and becomes exercisable in substantially equal installments on each of the first five anniversaries of the vesting commencement date subject to Mr. Potter continuing to provide services to us through the applicable vesting date.

In connection with this offering, the options to purchase Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units held by the NEOs will be converted into equivalent options to purchase Corsair Gaming, Inc. common stock and will be assumed by Corsair Gaming, Inc. For example, Mr. Potter's option to purchase 1,200,000 Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units will become an option to purchase 600,000 shares of Corsair Gaming, Inc.'s common stock.

We have adopted, subject to stockholder approval, the 2020 Incentive Award Plan, referred to below as the 2020 Plan, in order to facilitate the grant of equity incentives to directors, employees

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(including our NEOs) and consultants of our company and certain of our affiliates and to enable us to obtain and retain services of these individuals, which is essential to our long-term success. The 2020 Plan will be effective on the day prior to the first public trading date of our common stock. For additional information about the 2020 Plan, please see the section titled "Equity Incentive Plans" below.

# Retirement Savings and Health and Welfare Benefits

We currently maintain a 401(k) retirement savings plan, or 401(k) plan, for our employees, including our NEOs, who satisfy certain eligibility requirements. Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan on the same terms as other full-time employees. We match 100% of a participant's annual eligible contribution to the 401(k) plan, up to 4% of their annual base salary or up to the IRS limit, whichever is lower. We believe that providing a vehicle for tax-deferred retirement savings though our 401(k) plan adds to the overall desirability of our executive compensation package and further incentivizes our employees, including our NEOs, in accordance with our compensation policies. Following the consummation of this offering, we anticipate that our employees will continue to be eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan. The actual amount of the matching contributions awarded to each NEO in 2019 is set forth above in the Summary Compensation Table in the column titled "All Other Compensation."

All of our full-time employees, including our NEOs, are eligible to participate in our health and welfare plans.

# Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits

We determine perquisites on a case-by-case basis and will provide a perquisite to an NEO when we believe it is necessary to attract or retain the NEO. In 2019, we did not provide any perquisites or personal benefits to our NEOs not otherwise made available to our other employees.

### **Executive Compensation Arrangements**

On October 17, 2019, we entered into an offer letter with Mr. Potter setting forth the terms and conditions of his employment. The offer letter provides for an annual base salary of \$450,000 per year. The offer letter provided for the grant of options to purchase 1,200,000 Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units following his employment start date which vests and becomes exercisable in substantially equal installments on each of the first five anniversaries of the vesting commencement date subject to Mr. Potter's continuing to provide services to us through the applicable vesting date. In connection with this offering, this option to purchase Corsair Group (Cayman), LP units will be assumed by the Company and become an option to purchase 600,000 shares of Corsair Gaming, Inc.'s common stock. Mr. Potter has also executed our standard confidential information and invention assignment agreement.

On October 17, 2019, we entered into a severance agreement with Mr. Potter. Mr. Potter's severance agreement provides him with severance in the event we terminate Mr. Potter's employment with us without Cause (as defined below) or resigns for Good Reason (as defined below). The severance provided under the severance agreement provides for (a) twelve months of his base salary and (b) continued healthcare coverage under our medical plan for up to twelve months. In addition, if we terminate Mr. Potter's employment without Cause or he resigns for Good Reason within twelve months following a Change in Control, the severance agreement provides for (a) a lump sum cash payment equal to twelve months of base salary and his target annual bonus, (b) continued healthcare coverage under our medical plan for up to twelve months and (c) full acceleration of the vesting of all of his outstanding equity awards; provided, that, if a Change in Control occurs during the first year of Mr. Potter's employment, only fifty percent of Mr. Potter's outstanding equity awards will be

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accelerated. Mr. Potter must timely execute, and not revoke, a general release of all claims against us and our affiliates to receive the severance payments described above. In addition, if Mr. Potter materially breaches certain restrictive covenant agreements he will forfeit his severance benefits

For purposes of Mr. Potter's severance arrangement, "Cause" is defined as (i) the willful failure to perform his duties and responsibilities or deliberate violation of our policies; (ii) the commission of any act of fraud, embezzlement, dishonesty or any other willful misconduct that has caused or is reasonably expected to result in a material injury to us; (iii) unauthorized use or disclosure of our proprietary information or trade secrets or any other party to whom he owes an obligation as a result of his relationship with us or (iv) willful and material breach of any of his obligations under the severance agreement or any other written agreement or covenant with us. "Good Reason" means, without his express written consent, (i) a material reduction (defined as greater than a ten-percent reduction) in his annual base salary or target bonus, but excluding reductions in connection with an across-the-board reduction of all similarly situated employees' annual base salaries and or bonuses by a percentage at least equal to the percentage which his base salary is reduced accordingly; (ii) a material diminution in his authority, duties or responsibilities; or (iii) a relocation of his principal place of employment to a facility or a location of more than 35 miles from the principal place of employment prior to such change, except for required travel on business to the extent substantially consistent with his business travel obligations prior to such change; provided that none of the events specified above shall constitute Good Reason unless Mr. Potter provides written notice of the occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason within 90 days after the occurrence of such event; and we fail to cure such event within 30 days after receipt of such written notice. If we fail to cure the event, the NEO's termination shall be effective at the end of the 30-day cure period. If we waive our right to cure or we do not cure with the 30-day period, Mr. Potter may resign for Good Reason within 60 days following the earlier date on which we waive our right to cure or the end of the cure period. If Mr. Potter does not resign for Good Reason within such 60-day period, he will waive his right to terminate his employment for the event constituting Good Reason.

On July 1, 2010, we entered into a severance agreement with Mr. Paul. His severance agreement provides him with severance in the event we terminate his employment with us without Cause (as defined below) or he resigns for Good Reason (as defined below), in each case, within 18 months following a Change in Control (as defined below). The Acquisition Transaction constituted a Change in Control for purposes of Mr. Paul's severance agreement. The severance provided under the severance agreement includes (a) a lump sum cash payment equal to two times the sum of his annual base salary plus his target annual bonus amount, (b) continued healthcare coverage under our medical plan for up to two years, and (c) full acceleration of the vesting of all of his outstanding equity awards.

Mr. Paul must timely execute, and not revoke, a general release of all claims against us and our affiliates to receive the severance payments described above. In addition, if Mr. Paul materially breaches certain restrictive covenant agreements he will forfeit his severance

For purposes of Mr. Paul's severance arrangement, "Cause" is defined as (i) the continued failure of Mr. Paul to perform the material duties, responsibilities and obligations of Mr. Paul's position with us after written notice from us identifying the performance deficiencies and a reasonable cure period of at least 30 days, (ii) the commission of any act of fraud, embezzlement or dishonesty by Mr. Paul or Mr. Paul's commission of a felony which is materially damaging to us or our reputation, (iii) any intentional use or intentional disclosure by Mr. Paul of our confidential information or trade secrets which is materially damaging to us or our reputation, (iv) any other intentional misconduct by Mr. Paul which is materially damaging to us or our reputation, Mr. Paul's failure to cure any breach of Mr. Paul's confidentiality agreement after written notice of such breach from us and a reasonable cure period of at least 30 days or (vi) Mr. Paul's material breach of any of Mr. Paul's fiduciary duties as an officer of our company. "Change in Control" means (i) a merger, consolidation or reorganization approved by our stockholders,

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unless securities representing more than 50% of the total combined voting power of the outstanding voting securities of the successor corporation are immediately thereafter beneficially owned, directly or indirectly and in substantially the same proportion, by the persons who beneficially owned our outstanding voting securities immediately prior to such transaction; (ii) the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets to any person, entity or group of persons acting in concert other than a sale, transfer or disposition to an entity, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of which is owned by us or by our stockholders in substantially the same proportion as their ownership of our company immediately prior to such sale; or (iii) the acquisition by any person or related group of persons of beneficial ownership of securities of our company possessing (or convertible into or exercisable for such securities possessing) more than 50% of the total combined voting power of our outstanding voting securities (measured immediately after such acquisition) effected through a direct purchase of those securities from one or more of our stockholders. Finally, "Good Reason" means, without Mr. Paul's express written consent, (i) a material reduction in Mr. Paul's authority, duties or responsibilities; (ii) a material reduction by us of Mr. Paul's base compensation; (iii) a material relocation of Mr. Paul's principal place of service (with the relocation to a facility or a location more than 50 miles from his current location deemed to be material for such purpose); or (iv) our failure to obtain the assumption of Mr. Paul's severance arrangement by any successors, provided that none of the events specified above shall constitute Good Reason unless Mr. Paul provides written notice of the occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason within 90 days after the occurrence of the event; and (B) we fail to cure such event within 30 days after receipt of such written notice.

We have not entered into any material arrangements with Ms. La.

### Separation Agreement

On April 30, 2019, we entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Hawkins, which was amended by that certain second agreement to the terms of separation letter by and between us and Mr. Hawkins that was effective as of November 7, 2019. Mr. Hawkins continued to provide transitional services to us through November 7, 2019. Pursuant to the separation agreements, as consideration for a general release of claims against us and our affiliates and certain confidentiality, cooperation and non-disparagement covenants, we paid Mr. Hawkins \$674,463 on November 29, 2019. This amount includes one year of his annual base salary, a payment of his target annual bonus and one year of his estimated COBRA health insurance coverage. In addition, pursuant to the separation agreement we agreed to accelerate certain of Mr. Hawkins' options and extend the exercise period of his vested options as of his separation date by one year. Further, pursuant to the separation agreement, 175,124 units Mr. Hawkins owned in our direct parent were repurchased at the date of the separation agreement for a total repurchase price of \$569,153 and 262,686 units Mr. Hawkins owns in our direct parent were repurchased at the separation date for a total repurchase price of \$961,431.

# **Equity Compensation Plans**

The following summarizes the material terms of the long-term incentive compensation plan in which our named executive officers will be eligible to participate following the consummation of this offering and the 2017 Equity Incentive Program, referred to as the 2017 Program, under which we have previously made periodic grants of options to our named executive officers, non-employee directors and other key employees. We intend to file with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 covering the shares of our common stock issuable under the 2020 Plan, the 2017 Program and the 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP.

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### 2020 Incentive Award Plan

We have adopted, and will ask our stockholders to approve, the 2020 Plan, which will be effective on the day prior to the first public trading date of our common stock. The principal purpose of the 2020 Plan is to attract, retain and motivate selected employees, consultants and directors through the granting of stock-based compensation awards and cash-based performance bonus awards. The material terms of the 2020 Plan are summarized below.

Share Reserve. Under the 2020 Plan, 5,125,000 shares of our common stock are initially reserved for issuance pursuant to a variety of stock-based compensation awards, including stock options, stock appreciation rights, or SARs, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards and other stock-based awards. The number of shares initially reserved for issuance or transfer pursuant to awards under the 2020 Plan will be increased by an annual increase on the first day of each fiscal year beginning in 2021 and ending in 2030, equal to the lesser of (A) 4% of the shares of stock outstanding (on an as converted basis) on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year and (B) such smaller number of shares of stock as determined by our board of directors; provided, however, that no more than 75,000,000 shares of stock may be issued upon the exercise of incentive stock options.

The following counting provisions will be in effect for the share reserve under the 2020 Plan:

- to the extent that an award terminates, expires or lapses for any reason or an award is settled in cash without the delivery
  of shares, any shares subject to the award (including an award under the 2017 Program) at such time will be available for
  future grants under the 2020 Plan;
- to the extent shares are tendered or withheld to satisfy the grant, exercise price or tax withholding obligation with respect to any award under the 2020 Plan or 2017 Program, such tendered or withheld shares will be available for future grants under the 2020 Plan.
- to the extent shares subject to stock appreciation rights are not issued in connection with the stock settlement of stock appreciation rights on exercise thereof, such shares will be available for future grants under the 2020 Plan;
- to the extent that shares of our common stock are repurchased by us prior to vesting under the 2020 Plan or the 2017 Program so that shares are returned to us, such shares will be available for future grants under the 2020 Plan;
- the payment of dividend equivalents in cash in conjunction with any outstanding awards (including awards under the 2017 Program) will not be counted against the shares available for issuance under the 2020 Plan; and
- to the extent permitted by applicable law or any exchange rule, shares issued in assumption of, or in substitution for, any
  outstanding awards of any entity acquired in any form of combination by us or any of our subsidiaries will not be counted
  against the shares available for issuance under the 2020 Plan.

Administration. The compensation committee of our board of directors is expected to administer the 2020 Plan unless our board of directors assumes authority for administration. The compensation committee must consist of at least three members of our board of directors, each of whom is intended to qualify as a "non-employee director" for purposes of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act and an "independent director" within the meaning of the rules of the applicable stock exchange, or other principal securities market on which shares of our common stock are traded. The

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2020 Plan provides that the board or compensation committee may delegate its authority to grant awards to employees other than executive officers and certain senior executives of the company to a committee consisting of one or more members of our board of directors or one or more of our officers, other than awards made to our non-employee directors, which must be approved by our full board of directors

Subject to the terms and conditions of the 2020 Plan, the administrator has the authority to select the persons to whom awards are to be made, to determine the number of shares to be subject to awards and the terms and conditions of awards, and to make all other determinations and to take all other actions necessary or advisable for the administration of the 2020 Plan. The administrator is also authorized to adopt, amend or rescind rules relating to administration of the 2020 Plan. Our board of directors may at any time remove the compensation committee as the administrator and revest in itself the authority to administer the 2020 Plan. The full board of directors will administer the 2020 Plan with respect to awards to non-employee directors.

Eligibility. Options, SARs, restricted stock, restricted stock units and all other stock-based and cash-based awards under the 2020 Plan may be granted to individuals who are then our officers, employees or consultants or are the officers, employees or consultants of certain of our subsidiaries. Such awards also may be granted to our directors. Only employees of our company or certain of our subsidiaries may be granted incentive stock options, or ISOs.

Awards. The 2020 Plan provides that the administrator may grant or issue stock options, SARs, restricted stock, restricted stock units, other stock-based or cash-based awards and dividend equivalents, or any combination thereof. Each award will be set forth in a separate agreement with the person receiving the award and will indicate the type, terms and conditions of the award.

- Nonstatutory Stock Options, or NSOs, will provide for the right to purchase shares of our common stock at a specified
  price which may not be less than fair market value on the date of grant, and usually will become exercisable (at the
  discretion of the administrator) in one or more installments after the grant date, subject to the participant's continued
  employment or service with us and/or subject to the satisfaction of corporate performance targets and individual
  performance targets established by the administrator. NSOs may be granted for any term specified by the administrator
  that does not exceed ten years.
- Incentive Stock Options, or ISOs, will be designed in a manner intended to comply with the provisions of Section 422 of the Code and will be subject to specified restrictions contained in the Code. Among such restrictions, ISOs must have an exercise price of not less than the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant, may only be granted to employees, and must not be exercisable after a period of ten years measured from the date of grant. In the case of an ISO granted to an individual who owns (or is deemed to own) at least 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our capital stock, the 2020 Plan provides that the exercise price must be at least 110% of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant and the ISO must not be exercisable after a period of five years measured from the date of grant.
- Restricted Stock may be granted to any eligible individual and made subject to such restrictions as may be determined by
  the administrator. Restricted stock, typically, may be forfeited for no consideration or repurchased by us at the original
  purchase price if the conditions or restrictions on vesting are not met. In general, restricted stock may not be sold or
  otherwise transferred until restrictions are removed or expire. Purchasers of restricted stock, unlike recipients of options,
  will have voting rights and will have the right to receive dividends, if any, prior to the time when the restrictions lapse,
  however.

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extraordinary dividends will generally be placed in escrow, and will not be released until restrictions are removed or expire.

- Restricted Stock Units may be awarded to any eligible individual, typically without payment of consideration, but subject to
  vesting conditions based on continued employment or service or on performance criteria established by the administrator.
  Like restricted stock, restricted stock units may not be sold, or otherwise transferred or hypothecated, until vesting
  conditions are removed or expire. Unlike restricted stock, stock underlying restricted stock units will not be issued until the
  restricted stock units have vested, and recipients of restricted stock units generally will have no voting or dividend rights
  prior to the time when vesting conditions are satisfied.
- Stock Appreciation Rights, or SARs, may be granted in connection with stock options or other awards, or separately. SARs granted in connection with stock options or other awards typically will provide for payments to the holder based upon increases in the price of our common stock over a set exercise price. The exercise price of any SAR granted under the 2020 Plan must be at least 100% of the fair market value of a share of our common stock on the date of grant. SARs under the 2020 Plan will be settled in cash or shares of our common stock, or in a combination of both, at the election of the administrator.
- Other Stock or Cash Based Awards are awards of cash, fully vested shares of our common stock and other awards
  valued wholly or partially by referring to, or otherwise based on, shares of our common stock. Other stock or cash based
  awards may be granted to participants and may also be available as a payment form in the settlement of other awards, as
  standalone payments and as payment in lieu of base salary, bonus, fees or other cash compensation otherwise payable
  to any individual who is eligible to receive awards. The plan administrator will determine the terms and conditions of other
  stock or cash based awards, which may include vesting conditions based on continued service, performance and/or other
  conditions
- Dividend Equivalents represent the right to receive the equivalent value of dividends paid on shares of our common stock
  and may be granted alone or in tandem with awards other than stock options or SARs. Dividend equivalents are credited
  as of dividend payments dates during the period between a specified date and the date such award terminates or expires,
  as determined by the plan administrator. In addition, dividend equivalents with respect to shares covered by a
  performance award will only be paid to the participant at the same time or times and to the same extent that the vesting
  conditions, if any, are subsequently satisfied and the performance award vests with respect to such shares.

Any award may be granted as a performance award, meaning that the award will be subject to vesting and/or payment based on the attainment of specified performance goals.

Change in Control. In the event of a change in control, unless the plan administrator elects to terminate an award in exchange for cash, rights or other property, or cause an award to accelerate in full prior to the change in control, such award will continue in effect or be assumed or substituted by the acquirer, provided that any performance-based portion of the award will be subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable award agreement. In the event the acquirer refuses to assume or replace awards granted, prior to the consummation of such transaction, awards issued under the 2020 Plan will be subject to accelerated vesting such that 100% of such awards will become vested and exercisable or payable, as applicable. The administrator may also make appropriate adjustments to awards under the 2020 Plan and is authorized to provide for the acceleration, cash-out, termination, assumption,

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substitution or conversion of such awards in the event of a change in control or certain other unusual or nonrecurring events or transactions

Adjustments of Awards. In the event of any stock dividend or other distribution, stock split, reverse stock split, reorganization, combination or exchange of shares, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, recapitalization, repurchase or any other corporate event affecting the number of outstanding shares of our common stock or the share price of our common stock that would require adjustments to the 2020 Plan or any awards under the 2020 Plan in order to prevent the dilution or enlargement of the potential benefits intended to be made available thereunder, the administrator will make appropriate, proportionate adjustments to: (i) the aggregate number and type of shares subject to the 2020 Plan; (ii) the number and kind of shares subject to outstanding awards and terms and conditions of outstanding awards (including, without limitation, any applicable performance targets or criteria with respect to such awards); and (iii) the grant or exercise price per share of any outstanding awards under the 2020 Plan.

Amendment and Termination. The administrator may terminate, amend or modify the 2020 Plan at any time and from time to time. However, we must generally obtain stockholder approval to the extent required by applicable law, rule or regulation (including any applicable stock exchange rule). Notwithstanding the foregoing, an option may be amended to reduce the per share exercise price below the per share exercise price of such option on the grant date and options may be granted in exchange for, or in connection with, the cancellation or surrender of options having a higher per share exercise price without receiving additional stockholder approval.

No incentive stock options may be granted pursuant to the 2020 Plan after the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the 2020 Plan, and no additional annual share increases to the 2020 Plan's aggregate share limit will occur from and after such anniversary. Any award that is outstanding on the termination date of the 2020 Plan will remain in force according to the terms of the 2020 Plan and the applicable award agreement.

### 2017 Equity Incentive Program

On November 13, 2017, the general partner of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP adopted the 2017 Program. In connection with the Reorganization, the 2017 Program was assumed by Corsair Gaming, Inc. and all outstanding equity awards under the 2017 Program were converted into equivalent awards in respect of our common stock. The 2017 Program was amended and restated to generally provide, among other items, that awards granted thereunder are options to purchase shares of our common stock (instead of options to purchase units of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP) and to replace all references to Corsair Group (Cayman), LP with references to Corsair Gaming, Inc. Following this offering, and in connection with the effectiveness of our 2020 Plan, no further awards will be granted under the 2017 Program. However, all outstanding awards under the 2017 Program will continue to be governed by their existing terms under the 2017 Program. Upon the circumstances set forth under the description of our 2020 Plan, shares subject to outstanding awards under the 2017 Program will be added to the share reserve of the 2020 Plan.

Administration. The general partner of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP administered the 2017 Program; however, the general partner could delegate the administration of the 2017 Program to the CEO, the advisory board of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP or one or more committees. Subject to the terms and conditions of the 2017 Program, the administrator has the power to determine the terms of awards, including the recipients, timing, award agreement and amounts of such awards. Following this offering, the compensation committee of our board of directors is expected to administer the 2017 Program unless our board of directors assumes authority for its administration.

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Units Available for Award. The maximum number of units which may be issued or transferred under the 2017 Program is 21,053,276. Such amount is reduced by the aggregate of all units previously issued (and not forfeited and canceled) pursuant to the 2017 Program. In addition, unit awards that expire, are forfeited, are terminated without the issuance of units or are settled for cash may be used for new awards under the 2020 Plan.

Eligibility. Employees, officers, non-employee directors, independent contractors, and consultants and agents are eligible to participate in the 2017 Program.

Types of Award. The 2017 Program provides for the grant of Unit Awards (as defined in the 2017 Program), which include options. Options are the only awards outstanding under the 2017 Program. Such options are not intended to be "incentive stock options" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code.

Options. The exercise price of options granted under the 2017 Program must generally be equal to at least the fair market value of a unit on the date of grant. The term of an option may not exceed 10 years. The administrator will determine the methods of payment of the exercise price of an option, which may include cash, the actual or constructive transfer of units having a value at the time of exercise equal to the total exercise price owed for at least six months or by a combination of such methods or other form of payment acceptable to the administrator. Subject to the provisions of the 2017 Program, the administrator determines the remaining terms of the options. Following this offering, and in connection with the effectiveness of our 2020 Plan, no further options will be granted under the 2017 Program. However, all outstanding options will continue to be governed by their existing terms under the 2017 Program.

Non-Transferability of Awards. Unless the administrator provides otherwise, the 2017 Program generally does not allow for the transfer of awards and a recipient may only exercise such an award during his or her lifetime.

Corporate Transaction. The 2017 Program provides that in the event of certain significant corporate transactions, which lead to changes in the capitalization of the Company or the shares of stock issued by the Company, including without limitation by reason of a recapitalization, merger, spin-off, split-off, split-up, consolidation, combination or exchange of units, reorganization, liquidation or acquisition by any person or company of more than 50% of the total interests of our then-outstanding equity, each outstanding award will be treated as the administrator determines. Such determination may provide that such awards will be (i) assumed by the surviving corporation or its parent, (ii) substituted by the surviving corporation or its parent for a new award, (iii) canceled in exchange for a payment equal to an amount in cash or other property with a value equal to the amount that could have been obtained upon the exercise of such award, or if such award is "underwater" canceled for no consideration, if any, (iv) canceled in exchange for a replacement award or (v) accelerated prior to the consummation of the corporate transaction and cancelled for no consideration if not exercised.

*Drag-Along Rights*. Unit awards granted under the 2017 Program will be subject to recoupment in accordance with the provisions of the 2017 Program and pursuant to applicable law and listing requirements.

# 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

We have adopted, and will ask our stockholders to approve, the ESPP, which will be effective upon the day prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement to which this prospectus relates. The ESPP is designed to allow our eligible employees to purchase shares of our common stock, at semi-annual intervals, with their accumulated payroll deductions. The material terms of the ESPP are summarized below.

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Components. The ESPP is comprised of two distinct components in order to provide increased flexibility to grant options to purchase shares under the ESPP to U.S. and to non-U.S. employees. Specifically, the ESPP authorizes (1) the grant of options to U.S. employees that are intended to qualify for favorable U.S. federal tax treatment under Section 423 of the Code, (the "Section 423 Component"), and (2) the grant of options that are not intended to be tax-qualified under Section 423 of the Code to facilitate participation for employees located outside of the United States who do not benefit from favorable U.S. tax treatment and to provide flexibility to comply with non-U.S. law and other considerations (the "Non-Section 423 Component"). Where possible under local law and custom, we expect that the Non-Section 423 Component generally will be operated and administered on terms and conditions similar to the Section 423 Component.

Administration. Subject to the terms and conditions of the ESPP, our compensation committee will administer the ESPP. Our compensation committee can delegate administrative tasks under the ESPP to the services of an agent and/or employees to assist in the administration of the ESPP. The administrator will have the discretionary authority to administer and interpret the ESPP. Interpretations and constructions of the administrator of any provision of the ESPP or of any rights thereunder will be conclusive and binding on all persons. We will bear all expenses and liabilities incurred by the ESPP administrator.

Share Reserve. The maximum number of shares of our common stock which are authorized for sale under the ESPP is equal to the sum of (a) 1,025,000 shares of common stock and (b) an annual increase on the first day of each year beginning in 2021 and ending in 2030, equal to the lesser of (i) 1% of the shares of common stock outstanding (on an as converted basis) on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year and (ii) such number of shares of common stock as determined by our board of directors; provided, however, no more than 20,000,000 shares of our common stock may be issued under the ESPP. The shares reserved for issuance under the ESPP may be authorized but unissued shares or reacquired shares.

Eligibility. Employees eligible to participate in the ESPP for a given offering period generally include employees who are employed by us or one of our subsidiaries on the first day of the offering period, or the enrollment date. Our administrator has the discretion to exclude from participation our employees (and, if applicable, any employees of our subsidiaries) who customarily work less than five months in a calendar year or are customarily scheduled to work less than 20 hours per week will not be eligible to participate in the ESPP. Finally, an employee who owns (or is deemed to own through attribution) 5% or more of the combined voting power or value of all our classes of stock or of one of our subsidiaries will not be allowed to participate in the ESPP.

Participation. Employees will enroll under the ESPP by completing a payroll deduction form permitting the deduction from their compensation of at least 1% of their compensation but not more than 15% of their compensation. Such payroll deductions will be expressed as a whole number percentage, and the accumulated deductions will be applied to the purchase of shares on each purchase date. However, a participant may not purchase more than 30,000 shares in each offering period and may not subscribe for more than \$25,000 in fair market value of shares of our common stock (determined at the time the option is granted) during any calendar year. The ESPP administrator has the authority to change these limitations for any subsequent offering period.

Offering. Under the ESPP, participants are offered the option to purchase shares of our common stock at a discount during a series of successive offering periods, the duration and timing of which will be determined by the ESPP administrator. However, in no event may an offering period be longer than 27 months in length.

The option purchase price will be the lower of 85% of the closing trading price per share of our common stock on the first trading date of an offering period in which a participant is enrolled or 85% of

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the closing trading price per share on the purchase date, which will occur on the last trading day of each offering period.

Unless a participant has previously canceled his or her participation in the ESPP before the purchase date, the participant will be deemed to have exercised his or her option in full as of each purchase date. Upon exercise, the participant will purchase the number of whole shares that his or her accumulated payroll deductions will buy at the option purchase price, subject to the participation limitations listed above

A participant may cancel his or her payroll deduction authorization at any time prior to the end of the offering period. Upon cancellation, the participant will have the option to either (i) receive a refund of the participant's account balance in cash without interest or (ii) exercise the participant's option for the current offering period for the maximum number of shares of common stock on the applicable purchase date, with the remaining account balance refunded in cash without interest. Following at least one payroll deduction, a participant may also decrease (but not increase) his or her payroll deduction authorization once during any offering period. If a participant wants to increase or decrease the rate of payroll withholding, he or she may do so effective for the next offering period by submitting a new form before the offering period for which such change is to be effective.

A participant may not assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of (other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution) payroll deductions credited to a participant's account or any rights to exercise an option or to receive shares of our common stock under the ESPP, and during a participant's lifetime, options in the ESPP shall be exercisable only by such participant. Any such attempt at assignment, transfer, pledge or other disposition will not be given effect.

Adjustments upon Changes in Recapitalization, Dissolution, Liquidation, Merger or Asset Sale. In the event of any increase or decrease in the number of issued shares of our common stock resulting from a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, combination or reclassification of the common stock, or any other increase or decrease in the number of shares of common stock offered without receipt of consideration by us, we will proportionately adjust the aggregate number of shares of our common stock offered under the ESPP, the number and price of shares which any participant has elected to purchase under the ESPP and the maximum number of shares which a participant may elect to purchase in any single offering period. If there is a proposal to dissolve or liquidate us, then the ESPP will terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed dissolution or liquidation, and any offering period then in progress will be shortened by setting a new purchase date to take place before the date of our dissolution or liquidation. We will notify each participant of such change in writing at least ten business days prior to the new exercise date. If we undergo a merger with or into another corporation or sell all or substantially all of our assets, each outstanding option will be assumed or an equivalent option substituted by the successor corporation or the parent or subsidiary of the successor corporation. If the successor corporation refuses to assume the outstanding options or substitute equivalent options, then any offering period then in progress will be shortened by setting a new purchase date to take place before the date of our proposed sale or merger. We will notify each participant of such change in writing at least ten business days prior to the new exercise date.

Amendment and Termination. Our board of directors may amend, suspend or terminate the ESPP at any time. However, the board of directors may not amend the ESPP without obtaining stockholder approval within 12 months before or after such amendment to the extent required by applicable laws.

### CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a description of transactions since January 1, 2017 in which the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and in which any of our directors, executive officers or holders of more than 5% of our capital stock, or an affiliate or immediate family member thereof, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

### **Investor Rights Agreement**

In connection with this offering, we intend to enter into the Investor Rights Agreement. The Investor Rights Agreement will grant EagleTree the right to designate the chairman of our board of directors for so long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 20% of our common stock. EagleTree will also be able to nominate five directors to our board of directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 50% of our common stock, four directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 30% and less than 50% of our common stock, three directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 30% and less than 40% of our common stock, two directors as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 20% and less than 30% of our common stock, and one director so long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 10% and less than 20% of our common stock, archange to the size of our board of directors requires approval by a majority of the EagleTree director designees. In addition, in the event a vacancy on the board of directors is created by the resignation of an EagleTree director designee. If there are no EagleTree director designees will have the right to have the vacancy will be filled by a nominee designated by EagleTree. As long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 50% of our common stock, directors may be removed with or without cause upon a majority vote of our stockholders. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, as long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own at least 20% of our common stock, EagleTree director designees will serve on our compensation committee and nominating and corporate governance committee, subject to applicable Nasdaq rules.

In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws will permit, for as long as affiliates of EagleTree maintain beneficial ownership of at least 50% of our outstanding common stock, stockholder action by majority written consent, special meetings to be called by a majority of stockholders and amendments to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws to be approved by a majority of our stockholders.

The Investor Rights Agreement will be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

# **Registration Rights Agreement**

We also intend to enter into a registration rights agreement, or the Registration Rights Agreement, with EagleTree, certain stockholders, and other persons who may become party thereto. Subject to certain conditions, the Registration Rights Agreement provides certain affiliates of EagleTree with two "demand" registrations per year in the initial 12 months following the date of our initial public offering and three "demand" registrations per year from and after the date that is 12 months after our initial public offering; provided, that if any time after the 12 months following this offering we are not eligible to file a Form S-3 shelf registration statement or for any other reason the "demand" registration statement is required to be filed on Form S-1, we will only be required to effect "two" demand registrations per year. In addition, we are required to file a shelf registration statement to register EagleTree's shares whenever we are eligible to file a Form S-3 shelf registration statement,

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and we are required to file an automatic shelf registration statement to the extent that we are qualified to do so. Under the Registration Rights Agreement, all holders of registrable securities party thereto are provided with customary unlimited "piggyback" registration rights following an initial public offering, with certain exceptions. The Registration Rights Agreement also provides that we will pay certain expenses of these holders relating to such registrations and indemnify them against certain liabilities which may arise under the Securities Act

The Registration Rights Agreement will be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

# Reorganization

In connection with the Reorganization, we will enter into Exchange Agreements with certain holders of EagleTree units whereby they will exchange their units in EagleTree for our common stock. Mr. Paul will enter into one of these Agreements and his units in EagleTree will be exchanged for our common stock. See "Prospectus Summary—The Reorganization and Acquisition Transaction".

### **EagleTree Credit Facilities Holdings**

Affiliates of EagleTree hold \$4.0 million of the outstanding principal amount of the Second Lien Term Loan. Andrew J. Paul, our Chief Executive Officer, previously held \$4.0 million of the outstanding principal of the Second Lien Term Loan. However, in the fourth quarter of 2019, Mr. Paul sold \$2.0 million of this interest to an entity owned and controlled by Jason Cahilly, one of the members of our board of directors, and the remaining \$2.0 million to an unrelated third party. We subsequently repaid all outstanding balances on the Second Lien Term Loan and consequently none of our directors, officers or holders of more than 5% of our capital stock holds any of our indebtedness.

# **Director and Executive Officer Compensation**

Please see "Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation" for information regarding compensation of directors and executive officers.

### **Severance Agreements**

We have entered into a severance agreement with each of Messrs. Paul, Potter and Hawkins. For more information regarding this agreement, see "Executive Compensation—Summary Compensation Table." Mr. Hawkins' severance agreement was superseded and replaced by the separation agreement he entered into April 30, 2019.

The severance agreements are filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

# Separation Agreement

We have entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Hawkins. For more information regarding this agreement, see "Executive Compensation—Separation Agreement."

The separation agreement will be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

# Indemnification Agreements and Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

We have entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers. These agreements will require us to, among other things, indemnify each director and

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executive officer to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, including indemnification of expenses such as attorneys' fees incurred by the director or executive officer in any action or proceeding, including any action or proceeding by or in right of us, arising out of the person's services as a director or executive officer. We have obtained an insurance policy that insures our directors and officers against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under applicable securities laws.

#### Other Transactions

Samuel R. Szteinbaum, one of our directors, was also a director of one of our vendors. On October 23, 2018, Mr. Szteinbaum notified the vendor's board of directors of his decision to retire and leave the board of the vendor, effective at the time of the notification. Mr. Szteinbaum remains one of our directors. The vendor sold inventory to us for which we paid \$12.9 million for the Predecessor period from January 1, 2017 through August 27, 2017, \$10 million for the Successor period from August 28, 2017 through December 31, 2017, and \$25.3 million for the Successor period from January 1, 2018 to October 23, 2018. We had an outstanding balance due to the vendor of \$4.4 million as of December 31, 2017.

A company affiliated with Eagletree provides management and consulting services relating to our business and operations. We incurred \$0.2 million for the Successor period from August 28, 2017 through December 31, 2017, \$0.3 million for 2018 and 2019, and \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, which covers travel and out-of-pocket expenses related to such services. The unpaid services was \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2019 and June 30, 2020. This agreement is being terminated with respect to our company upon the consummation of this offering.

Mr. Cahilly, through one of his companies, entered into a service agreement to serve as our business management consultant. We incurred \$0.1 million of consulting fees under this service agreement for the Successor period from August 28, 2017 through December 31, 2017, \$0.1 million for 2018 and 2019, and \$62,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The unpaid services were \$30,000 as of December 31, 2018 and 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

### **Policies and Procedures for Related Party Transactions**

Our board of directors will adopt upon consummation of this offering a written related person transaction policy to set forth the policies and procedures for the review and approval or ratification of related person transactions. This policy will cover, with certain exceptions set forth in Item 404 of Regulation S-K, any transaction, arrangement or relationship, or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships, in which we were or are to be a participant, where the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 and a related person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest, including, without limitation, purchases of goods or services by or from the related person or entities in which the related person has a material interest, indebtedness, guarantees of indebtedness and employment by us of a related person.

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As provided by our audit committee charter to be effective upon consummation of this offering, our audit committee will be responsible for reviewing and approving in advance the related party transactions covered by our related transaction policies and procedures. This policy will cover, with certain exceptions set forth in Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act, any transaction, arrangement or relationship, or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships in which we were or are to be a participant, where the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 and a related person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest, including without limitation purchases of goods or services by or from the related person or entities in which the related person has a material interest, indebtedness, guarantees of indebtedness and employment by us of a related person. In reviewing and approving any such transactions, our audit committee is tasked to consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including but not limited to whether the transaction is on terms comparable to those that could be obtained in an arm's length transaction with an unrelated third party and the extent of the related person's interest in the transaction. All of the transactions described in this section occurred prior to the adoption of this policy.

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### PRINCIPAL AND SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table contains information about the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of August 1, 2020, (i) immediately prior to the consummation of this offering and after the Reorganization and (ii) as adjusted to the sale of shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus by:

- each person, or group of persons, known to us who beneficially owns more than 5% of our capital stock;
- · each named executive officer;
- each of our directors;
- all directors and executive officers as a group; and
- the selling stockholders, which are indicated by the stockholder shown as having shares listed in the column "Shares Being Offered" below.

The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned, percentages of beneficial ownership and percentages of combined voting power prior to this offering is based on an assumed 84,349,366 shares of common stock outstanding on August 1, 2020 assuming the Reorganization occurred as of such date. The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned, percentages of beneficial ownership and percentages of combined voting power after this offering is based on 91,849,366 shares of common stock outstanding on August 1, 2020 assuming the Reorganization has occurred as of such date and as further adjusted to reflect the number of shares to be sold in this offering (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares).

Beneficial ownership and percentage ownership are determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and include voting or investment power with respect to shares of stock. This information does not necessarily indicate beneficial ownership for any other purpose. In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of that person, shares of common stock subject to restrictions, options or warrants held by that person that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of August 1, 2020 are deemed outstanding. Such shares are not deemed outstanding for the purposes of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Except as indicated in the footnotes to the following table or pursuant to applicable community property laws, we believe, based on information furnished to us, that each stockholder named in the table has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares set forth opposite such stockholder's name.

When we refer to the "selling stockholder" in this prospectus, we mean the stockholder listed in the table below as offering shares, as well as the pledgees, donees, assignees, transferees, successors and others who may hold any of the selling stockholder's interests

For further information regarding material transactions between us and certain of our stockholders, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

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Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes, the address of each of the individuals named below is: c/o Corsair Gaming, Inc., 47100 Bayside Pkwy, Fremont, CA 94538.

	Benefic	ial Ownership Pric		Beneficial Ownership After this Offering and Reorganization			
Name of Beneficial Owner	Number of Outstanding Shares Beneficially Owned	Number of Shares Exercisable Within 60 Days	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Beneficial Ownership	Shares Being Offered	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Beneficial Ownership
5% and Greater Stockholders:							
Corsair Group (Cayman), LP(1)	77,795,434	_	77,795,434	92.23%	6,500,000	71,295,434	77.62%
Named Executive Officers Directors and Director Nominees:							
Andrew J. Paul	3,307,807	600,000	3,907,807	4.60%		3,907,807	4.23%
Thi L. La	239,816	555,000	794,816	0.94%		794,816	0.86%
Michael G. Potter	_	_	_	_		_	_
George L. Majoros, Jr.(1)	77,795,434	_	77,795,434	92.23%	6,500,000	71,295,434	77.62%
Anup Bagaria(1)	77,795,434	_	77,795,434	92.23%	6,500,000	71,295,434	77.62%
Stuart A. Martin	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Jason Cahilly(2)	6,666	49,796	56,462	0.07%		56,462	0.06%
Samuel R. Szteinbaum	150,556	49,796	200,352	0.24%		200,352	0.22%
Randall J. Weisenburger	6,666	39,796	46,462	0.06%		46,462	0.05%
All directors and executive officers as a group (12 persons)	81,622,718	1,804,388	83,427,106	96.84%		76,927,106	82.14%

<sup>(1)</sup> Consists of 77,795,434 shares of common stock held by Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, or EagleTree. EagleTree-Carbide (GP), LLC, or EagleTree GP, is the sole general partner of EagleTree; EagleTree Partners IV (GP), LP, or EagleTree Partners IV, is the manager of EagleTree CP, and EagleTree Partners IV Ultimate GP, LLC, or EagleTree Ultimate, is the sole general partner of EagleTree Partners IV. Messrs. Bagaria and Majoros are the co-managing members of EagleTree Ultimate. Each of EagleTree GP, EagleTree Partners IV, EagleTree Ultimate and Messrs. Bagaria and Majoros may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of the shares of common stock beneficially owned by EagleTree, but each disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares. The address for EagleTree, EagleTree CP, EagleTree Partners IV and EagleTree Ultimate is c/o Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands KY1-1104. The address for Messrs. Bagaria and Majoros is c/o EagleTree Capital, LP, 1185 Avenue of the Americas, 39th Floor, New York, NY 10036. Messrs. Bagaria, Majoros and Martin are employees of EagleTree Capital, LP, which provides investment advisory services to EagleTree and its affiliates. If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full, EagleTree will sell an additional 2,100,000 shares of common stock. As a result, the EagleTree will own 75.3% of our outstanding common stock after this offering. In the event of a partial exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, the shares to be sold by EagleTree purchase.

pursuant to the option will be proportionately reduced.

(2) Mr. Cahilly owns indirect limited partner equity interests in Corsair Group (Cayman), LP and has a right to acquire additional limited partner equity interests in Corsair Group (Cayman), LP representing, in the aggregate, less than 1% of the limited partner equity interests of Corsair Group (Cayman), LP.

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#### **DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

The following description summarizes the terms of our capital stock, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws. Because it is only a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. For a complete description, you should refer to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, each of which will be in effect upon the consummation of this offering, the forms of which are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Our purpose is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may now or hereafter be organized under the Delaware General Corporation Law, or the DGCL. Upon the consummation of this offering and following the Reorganization, our authorized capital stock will consist of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. As of June 30, 2020, there were outstanding 84,349,366 shares of common stock, on an as-converted basis assuming the completion of the Reorganization, held of record by 40 stockholders. In addition, 10,164,388 shares of our common stock, on an as-converted basis assuming the completion of the Reorganization, were issuable upon exercise of outstanding options granted under the 2017 Program. No shares of preferred stock will be issued or outstanding immediately after the offering contemplated by this prospectus. Unless our board of directors determines otherwise, we will issue all shares of our capital stock in uncertificated form.

We, our executive officers, directors and holders of substantially all of our outstanding securities will sign lock-up agreements with the underwriters that will, subject to certain customary exceptions, restrict the sale of the shares of our common stock and certain other securities held by them for 180 days following the date of this prospectus. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC may, in its sole discretion and at any time without notice, release all or any portion of the shares or securities subject to any such lock-up agreements. See "Underwriting" for a description of these lock-up agreements.

#### **Common Stock**

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters on which stockholders are entitled to vote generally, including the election or removal of directors. The holders of our common stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors. Upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up and after payment in full of all amounts required to be paid to creditors and to the holders of preferred stock having liquidation preferences, if any, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to receive pro rata our remaining assets available for distribution. Holders of our common stock do not have preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The common stock will not be subject to further calls or assessment by us. There will be no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All shares of our common stock that will be outstanding at the time of the completion of this offering will be fully paid and non-assessable. The rights, powers, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock will be subject to those of the holders of any shares of our preferred stock we may authorize and issue in the future.

#### **Preferred Stock**

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will authorize our board of directors to establish one or more series of preferred stock, including convertible preferred stock. Unless required by law, the authorized shares of preferred stock will be available for issuance without further action by stockholders. Our board of directors will be able to determine, with respect to any series of preferred

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stock, the powers including preferences and relative participations, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, of that series, including, without limitation:

- the designation of the series;
- the number of shares of the series, which our board of directors may, except where otherwise provided in the preferred stock designation, increase (but not above the total number of authorized shares of the class) or decrease (but not below the number of shares then outstanding);
- · the dividend amount and rate of the series, if any, and whether dividends will be cumulative or non-cumulative;
- the dates at which dividends, if any, will be payable;
- the redemption rights and price or prices, if any, for shares of the series;
- the terms and amounts of any sinking fund, if any, provided for the purchase or redemption of shares of the series;
- the amounts payable on, and the preferences, if any, of shares of the series in the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of our company;
- whether the shares of the series will be convertible into or exchangeable for shares of any other class or series, or any
  other security, of our company or any other corporation, and, if so, the specification of the other class or series or other
  security, the conversion or exchange price or prices or rate or rates, any adjustments thereof, the date or dates as of
  which the shares will be convertible or exchangeable and all other terms and conditions upon which the conversion or
  exchange may be made;
- restrictions on the issuance of shares of the same series or of any other class or series;
- · the voting rights, if any, of the holders of the series, and
- any other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of each series of preferred stock, and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such shares, all as may be determined from time to time by our board of directors and stated in the preferred stock designation for such preferred stock.

We will be able to issue a series of preferred stock that could, depending on the terms of the series, impede or discourage an acquisition attempt or other transaction that some, or a majority, of the holders of our common stock might believe to be in their best interests or in which the holders of our common stock might receive a premium for their common stock over the market price of the common stock. In addition, the issuance of preferred stock may adversely affect the rights of holders of our common stock by restricting dividends on the common stock, diluting the voting power of the common stock or subordinating the liquidation rights of the common stock. As a result of these or other factors, the issuance of preferred stock may have an adverse impact on the market price of our common stock.

## Dividends

The DGCL permits a corporation to declare and pay dividends out of "surplus" or, if there is no "surplus," out of its net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and/or the preceding

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fiscal year. "Surplus" is defined as the excess of the net assets of the corporation over the amount determined to be the capital of the corporation by the board of directors. The capital of the corporation is typically calculated to be (and cannot be less than) the aggregate par value of all issued shares of capital stock. Net assets equal the fair value of the total assets minus total liabilities. The DGCL also provides that dividends may not be paid out of net profits if, after the payment of the dividend, remaining capital would be less than the capital represented by the outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of assets.

The declaration, amount and payment of any future dividends will be at the sole discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors may take into account general and economic conditions, our financial condition and results of operations, our available cash and current and anticipated cash needs, capital requirements, contractual, legal, tax and regulatory restrictions and implications on the payment of dividends by us to our stockholders or by our subsidiaries to us, including restrictions under our existing credit facilities and other indebtedness we may incur, and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness." In addition, because we are a holding company and have no direct operations, we will only be able to pay dividends from funds we receive from our subsidiaries.

We currently expect to retain all future earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business and have no current plans to pay dividends.

#### **Annual Stockholder Meetings**

Our amended and restated bylaws will provide that annual stockholder meetings will be held at a date, time and place, if any, as exclusively selected by our board of directors, our Chief Executive Officer or the chairman of the board of directors. To the extent permitted under applicable law, we may conduct meetings by remote communications, including by webcast.

# Anti-Takeover Effects of Certain Provisions of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Amended and Restated Bylaws and Delaware Law.

Certain provisions of Delaware law and our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws that will become effective immediately prior to the consummation of this offering contain provisions that could make the following transactions more difficult: acquisition of us by means of a tender offer; acquisition of us by means of a proxy contest or otherwise; or removal of our incumbent officers and directors. It is possible that these provisions could make it more difficult to accomplish or could deter transactions that stockholders may otherwise consider to be in their best interest or in our best interests, including transactions that might result in a premium over the market price for our shares.

These provisions, summarized below, are expected to discourage coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. These provisions are also designed to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of increased protection of our potential ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure us outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging these proposals because negotiation of these proposals could result in an improvement of their terms.

#### Delaware Anti-Takeover Statute

We will opt out of Section 203 of the DGCL in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, which prevents stockholders holding more than 15% of our outstanding common stock from engaging in certain business combinations involving us unless certain conditions are satisfied.

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However, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include similar provisions that we may not engage in certain business combinations with interested stockholders for a period of three years following the time that the stockholder became an interested stockholder, subject to certain conditions. The existence of this provision may have an anti-takeover effect with respect to transactions not approved in advance by the board of directors, such as discouraging takeover attempts that might result in a premium over the market price of our common stock.

Pursuant to the terms of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, EagleTree, its affiliates and any of their respective direct or indirect transferees will not be considered an interested stockholders for purposes of this provision.

#### Undesignated Preferred Stock

The ability to authorize undesignated preferred stock pursuant to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will make it possible for our board of directors to issue preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change control of us. These and other provisions may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in control or management of our Company.

#### Special Stockholder Meetings

Our amended and restated bylaws will provide that a special meeting of stockholders may be called at any time by the Secretary at the direction of the board of directors or the Chairman of our Board of Directors; provided, however, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws will provide that the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock are permitted to cause special meetings of our stockholders to be called for so long EagleTree and its affiliates hold, in the aggregate, at least 50% of the voting power of all outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors.

#### Requirements For Advance Notification Of Stockholder Nominations And Proposals

Our amended and restated bylaws will establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors, other than nominations made by or at the direction of the board of directors or a committee of the board of directors. These notice requirements will not apply to nominations of directors by EagleTree and its affiliates in accordance with the Investor Rights Agreement for as long as the Investor Rights Agreement is in effect.

#### Stockholder Action by Majority Written Consent

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that the stockholders may act by majority written consent without a meeting; *provided, however,* that when EagleTree and its affiliates hold, in the aggregate, less than 50% of our outstanding common stock, any action required or permitted to be taken by stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of our stockholders.

#### Classified Board; Election and Removal of Directors; Filling Vacancies

Effective upon consummation of this offering, our board of directors will be divided into three classes. The directors in each class will serve for a three-year term, one class being elected each year by our stockholders, with staggered three-year terms. Only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of our stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their

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respective three-year terms. Because our stockholders do not have cumulative voting rights, our stockholders holding a majority of the shares of common stock outstanding will be able to elect all of our directors.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that directors may be removed with or without cause upon the affirmative vote of a majority of our outstanding common stock; provided, however, at any time when EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own, in the aggregate, less than 50% of our outstanding common stock entitled to vote at an election of directors, directors may only be removed for cause and only by the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66-2/3% of our out outstanding common stock. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will also provide that, subject to the rights granted to one or more series of preferred stock then outstanding or the rights granted to EagleTree under the Investor Rights Agreement, any vacancies on our Board of Directors will be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director or by the stockholders; provided, however, at any time when EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own, in the aggregate, less than 50% of our outstanding common stock, subject to the rights granted to one or more series of preferred stock then outstanding or the rights granted to EagleTree under the Investor Rights Agreement, any newly created directorship on the Board of Directors that results from an increase in the number of directors and any vacancy occurring on the Board of Directors may only be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director (and not by the stockholders). So long as EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own, in the aggregate, at least 20% of our outstanding common stock, the Investor Rights Agreement and our amended and restated bylaws will provide that the Board will not increase or decrease the size of our Board of Directors without the affirmative vote or consent of a majority of the EagleTree directors. The Investor Rights Agreement and our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will also provide that any vacancy resulting from the resignation, death, disability or removal of an EagleTree director can only be filled by the affirmative vote or consent of the EagleTree directors or, if no so such directors then remain on the Board, EagleTree.

For more information on the classified board, see "Management—Composition of the Board of Directors." This system of electing and removing directors and filling vacancies may tend to discourage a third-party from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, because it generally makes it more difficult for stockholders to replace a majority of the directors.

#### Choice of Forum

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the exclusive forum for any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; any action asserting a breach of fiduciary duty; any action asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to the DGCL, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws; or any action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will also provide that the federal district courts of the Unites States will be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action against us or any of our directors, officers, employees or agents and arising under the Securities Act. Although our amended and restated certificate of incorporation contain the choice of forum provision described above, it is possible that a court could find that such a provision is inapplicable for a particular claim or action or that such provision is unenforceable. The choice of forum provision requiring that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware be the exclusive forum for certain actions would not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Exchange Act.

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#### Amendment of Charter Provisions

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that so long as EagleTree and its affiliates own, in the aggregate, at least 50% of our outstanding common stock, any amendment, alteration, change, addition, rescission or repeal of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will require the affirmative vote of a majority of our outstanding common stock. At any time when EagleTree and its affiliates beneficially own, in the aggregate, less than 50% of our outstanding common stock, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will require the affirmative vote by the holders of at least two-thirds of our outstanding common stock for any amendment, alteration, change, addition, rescission or repeal of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation; provided that, irrespective of EagleTree's ownership, the affirmative vote of holders of at least two-thirds of our outstanding common stock is required to amend certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation, including those provisions changing the size of the board of directors, the removal of certain directors, the availability of action by majority written consent of the stockholders or the restriction on business combinations with interest stockholders, among others.

The provisions of the DGCL, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws could have the effect of discouraging others from attempting hostile takeovers and, as a consequence, they may also inhibit temporary fluctuations in the market price of our common stock that often result from actual or rumored hostile takeover attempts. These provisions may also have the effect of preventing changes in our management. It is possible that these provisions could make it more difficult to accomplish transactions that stockholders may otherwise deem to be in their best interests.

#### Corporate Opportunity

Under Delaware law, officers and directors generally have an obligation to present to the company they serve business opportunities which the company is financially able to undertake and which falls within the company's business line and are of practical advantage to the company, or in which the company has an actual or expectant interest. A corollary of this general rule is that when a business opportunity comes to an officer or director that is not one in which the company has an actual or expectant interest, the officer is generally not obligated to present it to the company. Potential conflicts of interest may arise when officers and directors learn of business opportunities that would be of material advantage to a company and to one or more other entities of which they serve as officers, directors or other fiduciaries.

Section 122(17) of the DGCL permits a company to renounce, in advance, in its certificate of incorporation or by action of its board of directors, any interest or expectancy of a company in certain classes or categories of business opportunities. Where business opportunities are so renounced, certain officers and directors will not be obligated to present any such business opportunities to the company. Under the provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, none of EagleTree or any of its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates, or any of their officers, directors, agents, stockholders, members or partners will have any duty to refrain from engaging, directly or indirectly, in the same business activities, similar business activities or lines of business in which we operate. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no officer or director of ours who is also an officer, director, employee, managing director or other affiliate of EagleTree will be liable to us or our stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty by reason of the fact that any such individual was presented with a corporate opportunity, other than specifically in their capacity as one of our officers or directors, and ultimately directs such corporate opportunity to EagleTree instead of us or does not communicate information regarding a corporate opportunity to us that the officer, director, employee, managing director or other affiliate has directed to EagleTree. For instance, a director of our company who also

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serves as a director, officer, partner, member, manager or employee of EagleTree, or any of its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates may pursue certain acquisitions or other opportunities that may be complementary to our business and, as a result, such acquisition or other opportunities may not be available to us. As of the date of this prospectus, this provision of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will relate only to the EagleTree director designees. We expect that our board of directors will initially consist of eight directors, three of whom will initially be EagleTree director designees. These potential conflicts of interest could seriously harm our business if attractive corporate opportunities are allocated by EagleTree to itself or its respective portfolio companies, funds or other affiliates instead of to us.

#### Limitations on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

The DGCL authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties, subject to certain exceptions. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include a provision that, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, eliminates the personal liability of directors to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director. The effect of these provisions will be to eliminate the rights of us and our stockholders, through stockholders' derivative suits on our behalf, to recover monetary damages from a director for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, including breaches resulting from grossly negligent behavior. However, exculpation will not apply to any director if the director has acted in bad faith, knowingly or intentionally violated the law, authorized illegal dividends or redemptions or derived an improper benefit from his or her actions as a director.

Further, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws will provide that we must indemnify and advance expenses to our directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL. We also will be expressly authorized to carry directors' and officers' liability insurance providing indemnification for our directors, officers and certain employees for some liabilities. We believe that these indemnification and advancement provisions and insurance will be useful to attract and retain qualified directors and officers.

The limitation of liability, indemnification and advancement provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions also may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. In addition, your investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

There is currently no pending material litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, officers or employees for which indemnification is sought.

#### Listing

Our common stock has been approved for listing on Nasdag under the symbol "CRSR."

#### Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Equiniti Trust Company. The transfer agent and registrar's address is 1110 Centre Point Curve, Suite 101, Mendota Heights, Minnesota 55120-4101.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS**

#### First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement

On August 28, 2017, we entered into a syndicated First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement ("First Lien") with various financial institutions. The First Lien originally provided a \$235 million term loan ("First Lien Term Loan") for a business acquisition and to repay existing indebtedness of the acquired company and a \$50 million revolving line-of-credit ("Revolver"). The First Lien and the Revolver matures on August 28, 2024 and August 28, 2022, respectively.

Subsequently, we entered into several amendments to the First Lien and the principal amount of the First Lien Term Loan was increased by \$10 million in 2017 and increased by \$115 million in each of 2018 and 2019, primarily to fund various business acquisitions and operation needs. The First Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a rate equal to, at our election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus a margin of 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. The Revolver initially bore interest at a rate equal to, at our election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. As a result of the First Lien amendment in October 2018, the First Lien term loan and Revolver margin were both changed to range from 2.75% to 3.25% for base rate loans and to range from 3.75% to 4.25% for Eurodollar loans, based on our net leverage ratio.

Additionally, new contingent repayment provisions were added in the First Lien amendment in October 2018. Five business days after a qualified initial public offering ("IPO") of our stock, we will be required to prepay all amounts (principal and interest) outstanding under the Second Lien term loan. Concurrently, the Company will also be required to prepay the First Lien Term Loan in an amount equal to the IPO proceeds, less the amount used to repay the Second Lien Term Loan, multiplied by 50%.

The amendments to the First Lien were accounted for as loan modifications.

We may prepay the First Lien Term Loan and the Revolver at any time without premium or penalty other than customary LIBOR breakage.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2019 and June 30, 2020, the outstanding principal amount of the First Lien Term Loan was \$356.3 million, \$467.3 million and \$463.5 million, respectively. We repaid the principal amount of \$3.1 million, \$4.0 million and \$3.8 million under First Lien Term Loan in 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020. As of December 31, 2018, there was a \$27.0 million balance outstanding under the revolver. As of December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, there was no outstanding balance on the Revolver.

#### Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement

On August 28, 2017, we entered into a syndicated Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement ("Second Lien") with various financial institutions. The Second Lien initially provided a \$65 million term loan ("Second Lien Term Loan"), with a maturity date of August 28, 2025, for a business acquisition and for general corporate operations purposes. The Second Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a base rate equal to that of the First Lien loan, plus a margin of 7.25% for base rate loans and 8.25% for Eurodollar loans.

In October 2017, we entered into an amendment to the Second Lien and the principal amount of the Second Lien Term Loan was reduced by \$15 million and the applicable interest rate margins for both the base rate loans and Eurodollar loans were increased by 0.25%. The amendment to the Second Lien was accounted for as a loan modification.

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We may prepay the Second Lien Term Loan any time after the first and second anniversary without premium or penalty. Additionally, new contingent repayment provisions were added in the First Lien amendment in October 2018. Five business days after a qualified initial public offering ("IPO") of our stock, we will be required to prepay all amounts (principal and interest) outstanding under the Second Lien term loan.

We prepaid the principal amount of \$15 million under the Second Lien Term Loan in October 2017. On June 1, 2020, with the excess cash on hand, we paid down an additional \$10.0 million of Second Lien Term Loan.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2019 and June 30, 2020, the outstanding principal amount of the Second Lien was \$50 million, \$50 million and \$40 million, respectively.

On August 6, 2020, we paid down \$15.0 million of Second Lien Term Loan and aggregate principal amount outstanding on the loan was reduced to \$25.0 million. On September 4, 2020, we prepaid an additional \$25.0 million of the outstanding principal on the Second Lien Term Loan with excess cash on hand. Following this repayment, the Second Lien Term Loan was fully repaid and all obligations and covenants thereunder were terminated.

Our obligations under the First Lien are secured by substantially all of our personal property assets and those of our material subsidiaries, including intellectual property and equity interests in subsidiaries. The First Lien Term Loan includes customary restrictive covenants that impose operating and financial restrictions on us and our subsidiaries, including restrictions on their ability to take actions that could be in the our best interests. These restrictive covenants include operating covenants restricting, among other things, the ability to incur additional indebtedness, effect certain acquisitions or make other fundamental changes. As of June 30, 2020, we were in compliance with all the covenants of the First Lien and Second Lien Term Loan.

In addition, the First Lien Term Loan contains events of default that include, among others, non-payment of principal, interest or fees, breach of covenants, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, cross defaults to certain other indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency events, material judgments and events constituting a change of control. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a payment or bankruptcy event of default, interest on the obligations may accrue at an increased rate and the lenders may accelerate our obligations under the First Lien Term Loan, except that such acceleration is automatic in the case of bankruptcy and insolvency events of default.

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#### SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for shares of our common stock. We cannot predict the effect, if any, future sales of shares of common stock, or the availability for future sale of shares of common stock, will have on the market price of shares of our common stock prevailing from time to time. Future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market or the perception that such sales might occur may adversely affect market prices prevailing from time to time. Furthermore, there may be sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market after the existing legal and contractual restrictions lapse. This may adversely affect the prevailing market price and our ability to raise equity capital in the future. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to This Offering—Future sales of our common stock in the public market could cause our stock price to fall."

Upon completion of this offering, we will have a total of 91,849,366 shares of our common stock outstanding assuming the issuance of 7,500,000 shares of common stock by us in this offering. Of the outstanding shares, the shares sold or issued in this offering, including the shares offered by the selling stockholders, will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except that any shares held by our affiliates, as that term is defined under Rule 144 of the Securities Act, may be sold only in compliance with the limitations described below. The remaining outstanding 75.1 million shares of common stock held by our existing stockholders and certain of our directors and officers, after this offering will be deemed restricted securities under the meaning of Rule 144 and may be sold in the public market only if registered or if they qualify for an exemption from registration, including the exemptions pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, which we summarize below.

#### Lock-Up Agreements

There are approximately 88.0 million shares of common stock (including options) held by executive officers, directors and our existing stockholders (including the selling stockholders), who are subject to lock-up agreements for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, under which they have agreed not to sell or otherwise dispose of their shares of common stock or any securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive shares of common stock, subject to certain exceptions. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC may, in its sole discretion and at any time without notice, release all or any portion of the shares subject to any such lock-up agreements, provided that if any party is granted an early release of a percentage of their shares, then the other parties to the lock-up agreements shall be released with respect to the same percentage of shares held by such parties, subject to certain exemptions. See "Underwriting."

Prior to the consummation of this offering, certain of our employees, including our executive officers, and/or directors may enter into written trading plans that are intended to comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act. Sales under these trading plans would not be permitted until the expiration of the lock-up agreements relating to the offering described above.

Following the lock-up periods set forth in the agreements described above, and assuming that the representatives of the underwriters do not release any parties from these agreements, all of the shares of our common stock that are restricted securities or are held by our affiliates as of the date of this prospectus will be eligible for sale in the public market in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

#### **Rule 144**

In general, under Rule 144, as currently in effect, an affiliate who beneficially owns shares that were purchased from us, or any affiliate, at least six months previously, is entitled to sell, upon the

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expiration of the lock-up agreement described in "Underwriting," within any three-month period beginning 180 days after the date of this prospectus, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of 1% of our then-outstanding shares of common stock, which equals approximately 0.9 million shares immediately after this offering, or the average reported weekly trading volume of our common stock on Nasdaq during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice of the sale on Form 144.

Sales under Rule 144 by our affiliates or persons selling shares on behalf of our affiliates are also subject to certain manner of sale provisions, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us. The sale of these shares, or the perception that sales will be made, may adversely affect the price of our common stock after this offering because a large number of shares would be, or would be perceived to be, available for sale in the public market.

Following this offering, a person who is not deemed to be or have been an affiliate of ours at the time of, or at any time during the three months preceding, a sale and who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least six months, may sell such shares subject only to the availability of current public information about us, and any such person who has beneficially owned restricted shares of our common stock for at least one year may sell such shares without restriction.

We are unable to estimate the number of shares that will be sold under Rule 144 since this will depend on the market price for our common stock, the personal circumstances of the stockholder and other factors.

#### **Rule 701**

In general, under Rule 701, as currently in effect, any of our employees, directors, officers, consultants or advisors who purchase shares from us in connection with a compensatory stock or option plan or other written agreement before the effective date of this offering is entitled to resell such shares 90 days after the effective date of this offering in reliance on Rule 144.

Securities issued in reliance on Rule 701 are restricted securities and, subject to the lock-up agreement described above, beginning 90 days after the date of this prospectus, may be sold by persons other than "affiliates," as defined in Rule 144, subject only to the manner of sale provisions of Rule 144 and by "affiliates" under Rule 144 without compliance with its one-year minimum holding period requirement.

#### **Registration Rights**

Based on the number of shares outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and after giving effect to the Reorganization, after the consummation of this offering, assuming the selling stockholders sell 6.5 million shares and there is no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, the holders of approximately 71.3 million shares of our common stock, or their transferees, will, subject to any lock-up agreements they have entered into, be entitled to certain rights with respect to the registration of the offer and sale of those shares under the Securities Act. For a description of these registration rights, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Registration Rights." If the offer and sale of these shares are registered, they will be freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act.

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### Registration Statements on Form S-8

We intend to file one or more registration statements on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register all shares of our common stock subject to outstanding stock options and the shares of stock subject to issuance under the 2020 Plan and the ESPP. Any such Form S-8 registration statement will automatically become effective upon filing. Accordingly, shares registered under such registration statements will be available for sale in the open market.

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#### MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS

The following discussion is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock issued pursuant to this offering, but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all potential tax effects. The effects of other U.S. federal tax laws, such as estate and gift tax laws and any applicable state, local or non-U.S. tax laws are not discussed. This discussion is based on the Code, Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, and published rulings and administrative pronouncements of the IRS, in each case in effect as of the date hereof. These authorities may change or be subject to differing interpretations. Any such change or differing interpretation may be applied retroactively in a manner that could adversely affect a Non-U.S. Holder. We have not sought and will not seek any rulings from the IRS regarding the matters discussed below. There can be no assurance the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position to that discussed below regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock.

This discussion is limited to Non-U.S. Holders that hold our common stock as a "capital asset" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address all U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to a Non-U.S. Holder's particular circumstances, including the impact of the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income. In addition, it does not address consequences relevant to Non-U.S. Holders subject to special rules, including, without limitation:

- U.S. expatriates and former citizens or long-term residents of the United States;
- persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- persons holding our common stock as part of a hedge, straddle or other risk reduction strategy or as part of a conversion transaction or other integrated investment;
- · banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions;
- brokers, dealers or traders in securities;
- "controlled foreign corporations," "passive foreign investment companies" and corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax;
- partnerships or other entities or arrangements treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes (and investors therein);
- tax-exempt organizations or governmental organizations;
- · persons deemed to sell our common stock under the constructive sale provisions of the Code;
- persons who hold or receive our common stock pursuant to the exercise of any employee stock option or otherwise as compensation;
- · tax-qualified retirement plans; and
- "qualified foreign pension funds" as defined in Section 897(I)(2) of the Code and entities all of the interests of which are held by qualified foreign pension funds.

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If an entity treated as a partnership or other pass-through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner or beneficial owner in the partnership or other pass-through entity will depend on the status of the partner or beneficial owner, the activities of the partnership or other pass-through entity and certain determinations made at the level of the partner or beneficial owner. Accordingly, partnerships and other pass-through entities holding our common stock and the partners or beneficial owners in such partnerships or other pass-through entities should consult their tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences to them.

THIS DISCUSSION IS NOT TAX ADVICE. INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE APPLICATION OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS TO THEIR PARTICULAR SITUATIONS AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF OUR COMMON STOCK ARISING UNDER THE U.S. FEDERAL ESTATE OR GIFT TAX LAWS OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAXING JURISDICTION OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE INCOME TAX TREATY.

#### Definition of a Non-U.S. Holder

For purposes of this discussion, a "Non-U.S. Holder" is any beneficial owner of our common stock that is neither a "U.S. person" nor an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. A U.S. person is any person that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is or is treated as any of the following:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- · a corporation created or organized under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source; or
- a trust that (i) is subject to the primary supervision of a U.S. court and all substantial decisions of which are subject to the control of one or more "United States persons" (within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) or (ii) has a valid election in effect to be treated as a United States person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

#### **Distributions**

As described in the section titled "Dividend Policy," we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. However, if we do make distributions of cash or property on our common stock, such distributions will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. Amounts not treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes will constitute a return of capital and first be applied against and reduce a Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its common stock, but not below zero. Any excess will be treated as capital gain and will be treated as described below under "—Sale or Other Taxable Disposition."

Subject to the discussion below regarding effectively connected income, dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the dividends (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty, provided the Non-U.S. Holder furnishes a valid IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable documentation) certifying qualification for the lower treaty rate). A Non-U.S. Holder that does not timely furnish the required documentation, but that qualifies for a reduced treaty rate, may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding their entitlement to benefits under any applicable tax treaties.

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If dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder maintains a permanent establishment in the United States to which such dividends are attributable), the Non-U.S. Holder will be exempt from the U.S. federal withholding tax described above. To claim the exemption, the Non-U.S. Holder must furnish to the applicable withholding agent a valid IRS Form W-8ECI, certifying that the dividends are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States.

Any such effectively connected dividends will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular rates applicable to U.S. persons. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation also may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on such effectively connected dividends, as adjusted for certain items. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding any applicable tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

#### Sale or Other Taxable Disposition

Subject to the discussion below regarding backup withholding, a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on any gain realized upon the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder maintains a permanent establishment in the United States to which such gain is attributable);
- the Non-U.S. Holder is a nonresident alien individual present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the disposition and certain other requirements are met; or
- our common stock constitutes a U.S. real property interest, or USRPI, by reason of our status as a U.S. real property holding corporation, or USRPHC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Gain described in the first bullet point above generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular rates applicable to U.S. persons. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation also may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on such effectively connected gain, as adjusted for certain items.

Gain described in the second bullet point above will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty), which may be offset by certain U.S. source capital losses of the Non-U.S. Holder (even though the individual is not considered a resident of the United States), provided the Non-U.S. Holder has timely filed U.S. federal income tax returns with respect to such losses.

With respect to the third bullet point above, we believe we currently are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a USRPHC. Because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends, however, on the fair market value of our USRPIs relative to the fair market value of our non-U.S. real property interests and our other business assets, there can be no assurance we currently are not a USRPHC or will not become one in the future. Even if we are or were to become a USRPHC, gain arising from the sale or other taxable disposition by a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if our common stock is "regularly traded," as defined by applicable Treasury

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Regulations, on an established securities market, and such Non-U.S. Holder owned, actually and constructively, 5% or less of our common stock throughout the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of the sale or other taxable disposition or the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period.

Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding any applicable tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

#### Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of dividends on our common stock will not be subject to backup withholding, provided the Non-U.S. Holder certifies its non-U.S. status, such as by furnishing a valid IRS Form W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E or W-8ECI, or otherwise establishes an exemption. However, information returns are required to be filed with the IRS in connection with any distributions on our common stock paid to the Non-U.S. Holder, regardless of whether such distributions constitute dividends or whether any tax was actually withheld. In addition, proceeds of the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock within the United States or conducted through certain U.S.-related brokers generally will not be subject to backup withholding or information reporting if the applicable withholding agent receives the certification described above or the Non-U.S. Holder otherwise establishes an exemption. Proceeds of a disposition of our common stock conducted through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker that does not have certain enumerated relationships with the United States generally will not be subject to backup withholding or information reporting.

Copies of information returns that are filed with the IRS may also be made available under the provisions of an applicable treaty or agreement, to the tax authorities of the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides or is established.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against a Non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS

#### Additional Withholding Tax on Payments Made to Foreign Accounts

Withholding taxes may be imposed under Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code (such Sections commonly referred to as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, or "FATCA") on certain types of payments made to non-U.S. financial institutions and certain other non-U.S. entities. Specifically, a 30% withholding tax may be imposed on dividends on, or, subject to the proposed Treasury Regulations discussed below, gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of, our common stock paid to a "foreign financial institution" or a "non-financial foreign entity" (each as defined in the Code), unless (i) the foreign financial institution undertakes certain diligence and reporting obligations, (ii) the non-financial foreign entity either certifies it does not have any "substantial United States owners" (as defined in the Code) or furnishes identifying information regarding each substantial United States owner, or (iii) the foreign financial institution or non-financial foreign entity otherwise qualifies for an exemption from these rules. If the payee is a foreign financial institution and is subject to the diligence and reporting requirements in (i) above, it must enter into an agreement with the U.S. Department of the Treasury requiring, among other things, that it undertake to identify accounts held by certain "specified United States persons" or "United States owned foreign entities" (each as defined in the Code), annually report certain information about such accounts, and withhold 30% on certain payments to non-compliant foreign financial institutions and certain other account holders. Foreign financial institutions located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the United States governing FATCA may be subject to different rules.

Under the applicable Treasury Regulations and administrative guidance, withholding under FATCA generally applies to payments of dividends on our common stock. While withholding under

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FATCA would have applied also to payments of gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock beginning on January 1, 2019, proposed Treasury Regulations eliminate FATCA withholding on payments of gross proceeds entirely. Taxpayers generally may rely on these proposed Treasury Regulations until final Treasury Regulations are issued.

Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of withholding under FATCA to their investment in our common stock.

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#### **UNDERWRITING**

We and the selling stockholders have entered into an underwriting agreement with Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, Barclays Capital Inc. and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC as representatives of the several underwriters, each of which have severally agreed to purchase the number of shares indicated in the following table:

Underwriters	Number of Shares
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	
Barclays Capital Inc.	
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	
Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc.	
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	
Cowen and Company, LLC	
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	
Wedbush Securities Inc.	
Academy Securities, Inc.	
Total	14,000,000

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares being offered by us and the selling stockholders, if any are taken, other than the shares covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

The underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional 2,100,000 shares from the selling stockholders to cover sales by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than the total number set forth in the table above. They may exercise that option for 30 days. If any shares are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwriters by us. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase 2,100,000 additional shares from the selling stockholders.

### Paid by Us

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$
	Paid by Selling Stockholders	

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per share from the initial public offering price. After the initial offering of the shares, the representatives may change the offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

We, the selling stockholders and our officers, directors, and holders of substantially all of our common stock have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or

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hedge any of their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of the representatives. This agreement does not apply to any existing employee benefit plans. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale" for a discussion of certain transfer restrictions.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the shares. The initial public offering price has been negotiated among us, the selling stockholders and the representatives. Among the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price of the shares, in addition to prevailing market conditions, will be our historical performance, estimates of our business potential and earnings prospects, an assessment of our management and the consideration of the above factors in relation to market valuation of companies in related businesses.

Our common stock has been approved to be quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "CRSR".

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering, and a short position represents the amount of such sales that have not been covered by subsequent purchases. A "covered short position" is a short position that is not greater than the amount of additional shares for which the underwriters' option described above may be exercised. The underwriters may cover any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to cover the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional shares pursuant to the option described above. "Naked" short sales are any short sales that create a short position greater than the amount of additional shares for which the option described above may be exercised. The underwriters must cover any such naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own accounts, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the common stock. As a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time. These transactions may be effected on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

This prospectus contains general information only and does not take account of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular person. It does not contain any securities recommendations or financial product advice. Before making an investment decision, investors need to consider whether the information in this prospectus is appropriate to their needs, objectives and circumstances, and, if necessary, seek expert advice on those matters.

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We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$7.0 million. We have agreed to reimburse the underwriters for certain expenses in an amount up to \$

We and the selling stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the issuer and to persons and entities with relationships with the issuer, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the issuer (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

#### **European Economic Area and United Kingdom**

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area and the United Kingdom, each a Relevant State, no common shares have been offered or will be offered pursuant to the offering to the public in that Relevant State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the common shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation), except that offers of common shares may be made to the public in that Relevant State at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Regulation:

- (a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined under the Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined under the Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the representatives for any such offer; or
- (c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of common shares shall require the company or any representative to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer to the public" in relation to any common shares in any Relevant State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any common shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for any common shares, and the expression "Prospectus Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

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#### **United Kingdom**

Each Underwriter has represented and agreed that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended, the "FSMA")) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the shares in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the company or the selling stockholders; and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the shares in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

#### Canada

The securities may be sold in Canada only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions, and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of the securities must be made in accordance with an exemption form, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this prospectus (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Pursuant to section 3A.3 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts (NI 33-105), the underwriters are not required to comply with the disclosure requirements of NI 33-105 regarding underwriter conflicts of interest in connection with this offering.

#### **Hong Kong**

The shares may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance") or which do not constitute an invitation to the public within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), or Securities and Futures Ordinance, or (ii) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the shares may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" in Hong Kong as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made thereunder.

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#### Singapore

This prospectus supplement has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus supplement and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined under Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore, or the SFA) under Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor, the securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation shall not be transferable for six months after that corporation has acquired the shares under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer in that corporation's securities pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, (3) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Regulation 32 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Shares and Debentures) Regulations 2005 of Singapore, or Regulation 32.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an accredited investor, the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferable for six months after that trust has acquired the shares under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer that is made on terms that such rights or interest are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction (whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets), (3) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA. or (6) as specified in Regulation 32.

Solely for the purposes of its obligations pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA, we have determined, and hereby notify all relevant persons (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018), that the shares are "prescribed capital markets products" (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018) and Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).

#### Japan

The securities have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended), or the FIEA. The securities may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the benefit of any resident of Japan (including

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any person resident in Japan or any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan) or to others for reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the benefit of any resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the FIEA and otherwise in compliance with any relevant laws and regulations of Japan.

#### Australia

No placement document, prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document has been lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, or ASIC, in relation to the offering. This prospectus does not constitute a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document under the Corporations Act 2001, or the Corporations Act, and does not purport to include the information required for a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document under the Corporations Act.

Any offer in Australia of the shares may only be made to persons, which we refer to as the Exempt Investors, who are "sophisticated investors" (within the meaning of section 708(8) of the Corporations Act), "professional investors" (within the meaning of section 708(11) of the Corporations Act) or otherwise pursuant to one or more exemptions contained in section 708 of the Corporations Act so that it is lawful to offer the shares without disclosure to investors under Chapter 6D of the Corporations Act.

The shares applied for by Exempt Investors in Australia must not be offered for sale in Australia in the period of 12 months after the date of allotment under the offering, except in circumstances where disclosure to investors under Chapter 6D of the Corporations Act would not be required pursuant to an exemption under section 708 of the Corporations Act or otherwise or where the offer is pursuant to a disclosure document which complies with Chapter 6D of the Corporations Act. Any person acquiring shares must observe such Australian on-sale restrictions.

#### Switzerland

This document is not intended to constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase or invest in the shares. The shares may not be publicly offered, directly or indirectly, in Switzerland within the meaning of the Swiss Financial Services Act ("FinSA") and no application has or will be made to admit the shares to trading on any trading venue (exchange or multilateral trading facility) in Switzerland. Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the shares constitutes a prospectus pursuant to the FinSA, and neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the shares may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland.

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# **LEGAL MATTERS**

Latham & Watkins LLP, Menlo Park, California, which has acted as our counsel in connection with this offering, will pass upon the validity of the common stock being offered by this prospectus. The underwriters have been represented by Cooley LLP, Palo Alto, California. Jones Day served as counsel to EagleTree as selling stockholders.

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#### **EXPERTS**

The combined consolidated financial statements of Corsair Gaming, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for the years then ended, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing. The audit report covering the December 31, 2019 financial statements refers to a change in the method of accounting for revenue recognition.

The consolidated financial statements for SCUF Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries as of December 18, 2019 and for the period from January 1, 2019 through December 18, 2019, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of Cherry Bekaert LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

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#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and its exhibits, certain portions of which are omitted as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information pertaining to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement, including its exhibits and the financial statements, notes and schedules filed as a part of that registration statements contained in this prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or other document referred to in those documents are not necessarily complete, and in each instance we refer you to the copy of the contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or other document. Each of these statements is qualified in all respects by this reference.

The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants, such as Corsair Gaming, Inc., that file electronically with the SEC.

As a result of this offering, we will become subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance with this law, will file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These periodic reports, proxy statements and other information will be available for inspection and copying at the SEC's public reference facilities and the website of the SEC referred to above. We also maintain a website at www.corsair.com. Upon completion of this offering, you may access these materials free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Information contained on our website is not a part of this prospectus and the inclusion of our website address in this prospectus is an inactive textual reference only.

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#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors Corsair Gaming, Inc.:

#### **Opinion on the Combined Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined consolidated balance sheets of Corsair Gaming, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related combined consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively, the combined consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the combined consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the combined consolidated financial statements, the Company has changed its method of accounting for revenue recognition as of January 1, 2019 due to the adoption of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

These combined consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the combined consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2007.

/s/ KPMG LLP San Francisco, California

May 13, 2020, except as to Note 1, which is as of September 18, 2020.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Combined Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	De	cember 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2019		une 30, 2020 naudited)
Assets					,-	, , , , ,
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	25,639	\$	48,165	\$	107,421
Restricted cash		2,281		3,552		3,664
Accounts receivable, net		122,042		202,334		219,653
Inventories		149,022		151,063		144,386
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		17,298	_	24,696		28,425
Total current assets		316,282		429,810		503,549
Property and equipment, net		12,473		15,365		14,692
Goodwill		226,679		312,750		310,682
Intangible assets, net		247,812		291,027		271,772
Restricted cash, noncurrent		_		230		230
Other assets		7,747		10,536		25,979
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	810,993	\$	1,059,718	\$1,	126,904
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	154,842	\$	182,025	\$	197,476
Borrowings from credit lines		27,000		_		_
Current portion of debt, net		1,611		2,364		15,457
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		35,630		115,541		152,655
Total current liabilities	_	219,083	_	299,930		365,588
Debt, net including related party balance of \$7,641, \$5,779 and \$5,800 as of December 31, 2018,		,				,
December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively		394,106		503.448		477.761
Deferred tax liabilities		34,690		33,820		31,657
Other liabilities, noncurrent		412		5,745		11,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES		648,291		842,943		886,398
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)						
Stockholders' Equity:						
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value: 100,000,000 shares authorized, 75,896,147, 84,079,366 and 84,349,366 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and						
June 30, 2020, respectively		8		8		8
Additional paid-in capital		258,238		324,968		328,588
Accumulated deficit		(93,161)		(106,030)		(82,213)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,383)		(2,171)		(5,877)
Total Stockholders' Equity	_	162,702	_	216,775	_	240,506
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	810,993	\$	1,059,718	\$1,	126,904

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Combined Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Net revenue	\$ 937.553	¢ 1 007 174	(Unaudited) \$ 486.247	(Unaudited)
Cost of revenue	7,	\$ 1,097,174 872,887	\$ 486,247 392,640	\$ 688,925
	744,858			505,239
Gross profit	192,695	224,287	93,607	183,686
Operating expenses:	04.000	07.547	40.000	00.000
Product development	31,990	37,547	18,899	23,383
Sales, general and administrative	138,915	163,033	76,181	110,556
Total operating expenses	170,905	200,580	95,080	133,939
Operating income (loss)	21,790	23,707	(1,473)	49,747
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(32,680)	(35,548)	(17,944)	(18,946)
Other (expense) income, net	183	(1,558)	(1,078)	(52)
Total other expense, net	(32,497)	(37,106)	(19,022)	(18,998)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(10,707)	(13,399)	(20,495)	30,749
Income tax (expense) benefit	(3,013)	5,005	4,570	(6,932)
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,720)	\$ (8,394)	\$ (15,925)	\$ 23,817
Net income (loss) per share				
Basic	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.28
Diluted	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.28
Weighted-average shares used to compute net income (loss) per share				
Basic	75,457,693	76,223,451	75,881,321	84,088,872
Diluted	75,457,693	76,223,451	75,881,321	86,201,471

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Combined Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (In thousands)

	Year Ended December 31, 2018		mber 31, December 31, Ended June 30, Ende			December 31, Ended June 30, 2019		
Net income (loss)	\$	(13,720)	\$	(8,394)	\$ `	(15,925)	\$ `	23,817
Other comprehensive gain (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of zero tax		(706)		490		2		(3,595)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss from long-term intercompany loans, net of tax benefit of \$300 and \$55 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2019, and \$5 and \$104 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020,								
respectively		(1,520)		(278)		(22)		(111)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(15,946)	\$	(8,182)	\$	(15,945)	\$	20,111

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Combined Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (In thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Shares(1)	Stock Amount(1		dditional Paid- in Capital(1)	(Ad	Retained Earnings ccumulated Deficit)(1)	nulated Other hensive Loss(1)	Total ockholders' Equity(1)
Balance, December 31, 2017	75,024,637	\$ 8		249,251	\$	5,559	\$ (157)	\$ 254,661
Issuance of common stock in relation to acquisition	868,260	_	_	6,226		_	` <u>_</u>	6,226
Issuance of common stock under								ĺ
employee option plan	3,250	_	-	10		_	_	10
Dividends paid to common stockholders	_	_	-	_		(85,000)	_	(85,000)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	-	2,751		_	_	2,751
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	-	_		_	(2,226)	(2,226)
Net loss						(13,720)	 <u></u>	 (13,720)
Balance, December 31, 2018	75,896,147	\$ 8	\$	258,238	\$	(93,161)	\$ (2,383)	\$ 162,702
Cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting standard (Note 2)	_	_		_		(3,686)	_	(3,686)
Issuance of common stock in relation to acquisitions	4 222 075			10.000		(2,222)		, ,
	1,322,075		_	10,000			_	10,000
Issuance of common stock under employee option plan	34,000	_	-	124		_	_	124
Issuance of common stock for capital contribution from stockholders	7.046.049			53.500				F2 F00
		_				(700)	_	53,500
Repurchase of common stock (Note 11)	(218,905)	_	-	(742)		(789)	_	(1,531)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	-	3,848		_		3,848
Other comprehensive gain	_	_	-	_		(0.004)	212	212
Net loss						(8,394)		 (8,394)
Balance, December 31, 2019	84,079,366	\$ 8	3 \$	324,968	\$	(106,030)	\$ (2,171)	\$ 216,775
Issuance of common stock to directors (unaudited)	20,000	_	-	145		_	_	145
Issuance of common stock under								
employee option plan (unaudited)	250,000	_	-	965		_	_	965
Stock-based compensation (unaudited)	_	_	-	2,510		_	_	2,510
Other comprehensive loss (unaudited)	_	_	-	· –		_	(3,706)	(3,706)
Net income (unaudited)	_	_		_		23,817	_	23,817
Balance, June 30, 2020 (unaudited)	84,349,366	\$ 8	\$	328,588	\$	(82,213)	\$ (5,877)	\$ 240,506

<sup>(1)</sup> In connection with the Reorganization, the Parent's equity transactions and activity set forth in this Combined Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity have been presented and revised, as applicable, to the common share equivalents of the Company from the earliest period presented as the activities of the Parent represent the entire activities of the Company and nothing else. The Parent's units have been revised to the Company's common share equivalents using the ratio of the Company's issued and outstanding shares immediately post-Reorganization to the Parent's issued and outstanding units immediately post-Reorganization but prior to the unit exchanges discussed in Note 1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Combined Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands)

Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by Agustment (loss) to net cash provided by Agustment (loss) to net cash agustment (loss) to net			ear Ended cember 31, 2018		ear Ended ecember 31, 2019	mber 31, Ended June 30, 2019 2019		Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	
Net income (loss) in cerebral provided by operating activities: stoch-based compensation consolient entincome (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: stock-based compensation						(U	naudited)	(U	naudited)
Adjustments for reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:  Stock-based compensation  Stock-based compensation  5,670  7,384  3,577  4,364  Amonization of Intangible assets  30,883  30,123  16,144  16,839  Debt issuance costs amonization  34,20  2,989  1,552  1,282  Loss on partial debt estinguishment  ———————————————————————————————————		•	(42.720)	•	(0.204)	æ	(45.005)	æ	22.047
Stock-based compensation		Ф	(13,720)	Þ	(8,394)	Ф	(15,925)	ф	23,617
Sinck-based compensation									
Depreciation			2 751		3 848		1 946		2 655
Amortization of intangible assets									
Debt issuance costs amortization   3,420   2,889   1,552   1,282   1			- ,						
Loss on partial debt extinguishment							- /		
Change in fair Value on interest rate cap contracts         —         —         —         25           Accretion of deferred purchase consideration         327         —         —         —         52           Loss on disposal of property and equipment         357         52         38         —           Loss on disposal of property and equipment         357         52         38         —           Loss (gain) on foreign exchange         (957)         26         83         3000           Provision for doubful accounts         237         167         —         726           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         —         —         —         726           Changes in operating assets and italities:         —         —         —         720         1.071           Prepaid expenses and other assets         (10,869)         1(1,619)         323         5,163         Accounts receivable         —         1,030         1,071         Prepaid expenses and other assets         1,1071         Prepaid expenses and other assets         1,1071         7,203         1,071         Prepaid expenses and other assets         1,1071         3,030         1,071         2,328         1,000         1,618         1,023         3,525         1,528         3,000					_,000		.,002		, -
Accretion of deferred purchase consideration   -			_		_		_		
Change in fair value of contingent earn-out consideration   1,555   1,52   3,8   1,555   1,5			327		_		_		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment   357   52   38   38   36   38   36   38   36   38   36   38   38			_		(592)		_		
Deferred income taxes			357				38		_
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange									(1.531)
Provision for doubtful accounts   Changes in operating assets and liabilities:   Accounts receivable   (7,339)	Loss (gain) on foreign exchange						. , ,		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							_		
Accounts receivable   (7,339) (48,033) 4,032 (18,291)   Inventories (29,753) 15,711 7,7203 1,071   Prepaid expenses and other assets (10,869) (16,19) 323 5,163   Accounts payable 25,835 16,203 (16,053) 15,228   Other liabilities and accrued expenses (3,413) 30,773 5,037 23,881   Net cash provided by operating activities   Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired (30,210) (126,104) (148) — Payment of deferred consideration — (10,300) (10,300) — (10,300									
Inventories			(7,339)		(48.033)		4,032		(18.291)
Prepaid expenses and other assets									
Accounts payable Other liabilities and accrued expenses (3,413) 30,773 5,037 23,881 Net cash provided by operating activities 422 37,103 3,250 75,008 Cash flows from investing activities:  Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired (30,210) (126,104) (148) ————————————————————————————————————									
Other liabilities and accrued expenses   (3,413)   30,773   5,037   23,881   Net cash provided by operating activities   422   37,103   3,250   75,608									
Net cash provided by operating activities   422   37,103   3,250   75,608									
Cash flows from investing activities:   Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired   (30,210)   (126,104)   (148)   — Payment of deferred consideration   — (10,300)   (10,300)   — Purchase of property and equipment   (8,345)   (8,848)   (5,362)   (3,006)   Purchase of intangible asset   — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — (175)   — — — (175)   — — — — — (175)   — — — — — — — — (175)   — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				_					
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired   (30.210)   (128.104)   (148)   — Payment of deferred consideration   — (10,300)   (10,300)   — (10,300)   (10,300)   — (10,3	, , , ,			_	01,100	_	0,200		10,000
Payment of deferred consideration			(30.210)		(126 104)		(148)		_
Purchase of property and equipment   (8,345)   (8,848)   (5,362)   (3,006)   Purchase of intangible asset			(50,210)						_
Purchase of intangible asset			(9.345)		,				(3.006)
Net cash used in investing activities   (38,555)   (145,427)   (15,810)   (3,006)			(0,343)				(5,302)		(3,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:   Proceeds from issuance of debt, net   113,575   113,885	<u> </u>	_	(20 EEE)	_	-	_	(15 910)		(3.006)
Proceeds from issuance of debt, net  Repayment of debt issuance costs Repayment of offering costs Repayment of debt issuance of common stock to common stockholders Repayment of offering costs Repayment of debt issuance of common stock to common stockholders Repayment of offering costs Repayment of debt issuance of common stock to common stockholders Repayment of offering costs in cost of stock options Repayment of debt issuance of common stock options Repayment of offering costs in cluded in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u> </u>		(36,333)		(145,427)		(13,610)		(3,000)
Repayment of debt   (3,088) (3,969) (1,875) (13,820)   Payment of debt issuance costs   (1,836) (2,450)   — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			440 575		440.005				
Payment of debt issuance costs   C1,836   C2,450   C3,000   C4,000   C4,0					-,		(4.075)		(40,000)
Borrowings from (repayments of) line of credit, net							(1,875)		(13,820)
Payment of offering costs   (3,307)   (245)   (62)   (269)							<u> </u>		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to common stockholders									(360)
Cash dividends paid to common stockholders         (85,000)         — <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(3,307)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(02)</td><td></td><td>(209)</td></th<>			(3,307)				(02)		(209)
Repurchase of common stock			(95,000)		53,500		_		_
Proceeds from exercise of stock options         10         124         27         965           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities         47,354         132,314         (1,979)         (13,124)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash         (331)         37         (89)         (110)           Increase (decrease) in cash         8,890         24,027         (14,628)         59,368           Cash and restricted cash at the beginning of the period         19,030         27,920         27,920         51,947           Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period         \$ 27,920         \$ 51,947         \$ 13,292         \$ 111,315           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:           Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         5         2,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         5         5,126         571         (561)         6,819           Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660			(65,000)		(1 521)		(F60)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			10						
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash         (331)         37         (89)         (110)           Increase (decrease) in cash         8,890         24,027         (14,628)         59,368           Cash and restricted cash at the beginning of the period         19,030         27,920         27,920         51,947           Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period         \$27,920         \$51,947         \$13,292         \$111,315           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:           Cash paid for interest         \$28,865         \$32,842         \$16,470         \$16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         \$2,660         \$927         \$1,227         \$1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         —           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         —         —         —           Deferr	•	_		_		_		_	
Increase (decrease) in cash   8,890   24,027   (14,628)   59,368   Cash and restricted cash at the beginning of the period   19,030   27,920   27,920   51,947   Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period   \$27,920   \$51,947   \$13,292   \$111,315   Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:    Cash paid for interest   \$28,865   \$32,842   \$16,470   \$16,900   Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes   6,122   571   (561)   6,819   Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:    Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end   \$2,660   \$927   \$1,227   \$1,544   Susuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions   6,226   10,000   — — — — Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)   10,331   7,641   — — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions   — — — 962   — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses   1,989   2,255   2,174   3,201	, , , ,	_		_					
Cash and restricted cash at the beginning of the period         19,030         27,920         27,920         51,947           Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period         \$ 27,920         \$ 51,947         \$ 13,292         \$ 111,315           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:           Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660         \$ 927         \$ 1,227         \$ 1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         962         —           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         962         —           Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses         1,989         2,255         2,174         3,201	5 5								
Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period         \$ 27,920         \$ 51,947         \$ 13,292         \$ 111,315           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:           Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660         \$ 927         \$ 1,227         \$ 1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         1,834           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         —         962         —           Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses         1,989         2,255         2,174         3,201			-,						,
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:           Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:         Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660         \$ 927         \$ 1,227         \$ 1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         —           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         962         —           Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses         1,989         2,255         2,174         3,201	Cash and restricted cash at the beginning of the period		19,030	_	27,920		27,920		51,947
Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:           Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660         \$ 927         \$ 1,227         \$ 1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         1,834           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         962         —           Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses         1,989         2,255         2,174         3,201	Cash and restricted cash at the end of the period	\$	27,920	\$	51,947	\$	13,292	\$	111,315
Cash paid for interest         \$ 28,865         \$ 32,842         \$ 16,470         \$ 16,900           Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes         6,122         571         (561)         6,819           Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:           Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end         \$ 2,660         \$ 927         \$ 1,227         \$ 1,544           Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions         6,226         10,000         —         —           Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)         10,331         7,641         —         —           Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions         —         —         —         1,834           Forward contract on common stock repurchase         —         —         962         —           Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses         1,989         2,255         2,174         3,201	Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:								
Cash paid for (refund of) income taxes 6,122 571 (561) 6,819  Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:  Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end \$ 2,660 \$ 927 \$ 1,227 \$ 1,544  Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions 6,226 10,000 — —  Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5) 10,331 7,641 — —  Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — — — 1,834  Forward contract on common stock repurchase — — 962 — —  Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201		\$	28 865	\$	32 842	\$	16 470	\$	16 900
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:  Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end \$ 2,660 \$ 927 \$ 1,227 \$ 1,544 Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions 6,226 10,000 — — — Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5) 10,331 7,641 — — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — — — — 1,834 Forward contract on common stock repurchase — — — 962 — — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses — 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201		•			- ,-	•	-, -		
activities:  Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end \$ 2,660 \$ 927 \$ 1,227 \$ 1,544 Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions 6,226 10,000 — — Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5) 10,331 7,641 — — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — 1,834 Forward contract on common stock repurchase — — — — 962 — — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201			-,				(== //		2,2.0
Equipment purchased and unpaid at period end \$ 2,660 \$ 927 \$ 1,227 \$ 1,544 Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions 6,226 10,000 — — Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5) 10,331 7,641 — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —									
Issuance of common stock relating to business acquisitions 6,226 10,000 — — — Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5) 10,331 7,641 — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — — 1,834 Forward contract on common stock repurchase — — — 962 — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses — 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201		\$	2.660	\$	927	\$	1,227	\$	1,544
Deferred purchase consideration (Note 5)  10,331 7,641 — — Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — Forward contract on common stock repurchase — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses  1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201				-		-	,	-	,-
Measurement period adjustment relating to business acquisitions — — — 1,834 Forward contract on common stock repurchase — 962 — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201					-,		_		_
Forward contract on common stock repurchase — 962 — Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201					,		_		1,834
Deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201			_		_		962		_
expenses 1,989 2,255 2,174 3,201									
			1,989		2,255		2,174		3,201
			_				_		194

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 1. Description of Business

The term "Company," as used in these notes, means Corsair Gaming, Inc.

Corsair Gaming, Inc. (formerly known as Corsair Acquisition (US), Inc.), a Delaware corporation, together with its subsidiaries ("Corsair" or the "Company"), designs, markets and distributes gaming peripherals including keyboards, mice and gaming headsets, computer cases, power supply units, cooling systems and fans, high-performance DRAM modules, USB flash drives, solid-state drives, console gaming accessories, gaming personal computer systems, gaming laptops and accessories. The Company's products are primarily sold through a network of distributors and retailers (including etailers), and some direct to consumers through its websites.

#### Reorganization

On September 15, 2020, a corporate reorganization (the "Reorganization") was consummated whereby the Company now owns directly and indirectly all of the operating subsidiaries and assets of Corsair that had been owned by Corsair Group (Cayman), LP (the "Parent") and Corsair Group (US), LLC, a minority interest holder. The Parent is a limited partnership domiciled in the Cayman Islands. The Parent and Corsair Group (US), LLC are under common control of the affiliates of EagleTree Capital, LP, a private equity investment firm. Prior to the Reorganization, the North American and international operations of the Company were conducted by certain operating subsidiaries held by separate entities, Corsair Gaming, Inc. and Corsair Holdings (Lux) S.à r.l. (or "Corsair Luxco"), respectively, each of which was substantially owned by and under common control of the Parent.

The Reorganization was comprised of a series of steps as set forth below:

- . The Parent acquired the minority interest held by Corsair Group (US), LLC in exchange for its own units.
- Corsair Gaming, Inc. acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Corsair Luxco from the Parent in exchange for its own stock.
- In order for management and certain other partnership unit holders of the Parent to hold the Company's common stock directly, the Company entered into exchange agreements with such holders to exchange the Parent's units for shares of the Company's common stock on a pro rata basis to their holdings in the Parent prior to the Reorganization.
- The Parent's 2017 Equity Incentive Program was assumed by the Company and all of the outstanding options to acquire
  units under the Parent's 2017 Equity Incentive Program were converted into options to purchase the Company's common
  stock on a pro rata basis with an adjusted exercise price to reflect the assumption.
- The Company implemented a 1-for-28,693.596843964 stock split resulting in there being 84,405,366 shares of our common stock outstanding and 10,029,388 options outstanding to purchase the Company's common stock as of September 15, 2020.

As all legal entities included in the Reorganization are under common control of the Parent, all steps of the Reorganization were accounted for as a combination of entities under common control.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Unless otherwise indicated, the accompanying combined consolidated financial statements and related notes that reference the Company's capitalization, including other matters relating to equity, share, and per share information, have been retroactively revised to reflect the Reorganization for all periods presented. Accordingly, references in the footnotes related to transactions entered into by the Parent involving the Parent's units or options to purchase the Parent's units have been revised as common share equivalents of the Company and options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock using the ratio of the Company's issued and outstanding shares immediately post-Reorganization to the Parent's issued and outstanding units immediately post-Reorganization but prior to the unit exchanges described above.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The Company's combined consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). These combined consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries and have been prepared using the Company's historical basis in determining the assets and liabilities and the results of the Company's operations. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The Company has no involvement with variable interest entities.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of combined consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the combined consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Such estimates include, but are not limited to, the valuation of common stock, intangible assets, accounts receivable, sales return reserves, reserves for customer incentives, warranty reserves, inventory, derivative instruments, stock-based compensation, and the valuation of deferred income tax. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgment. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Illiquid credit markets, volatile equity, foreign currency, declines in consumer spending and global health emergencies increase the uncertainty inherent in such estimates and assumptions. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates.

In January 2020, a novel strain of coronavirus was identified in China, resulting in shutdowns of manufacturing and commerce, as well as global travel restrictions to contain the virus. The impact has since extended to other regions around the world. As of the date of issuance of the combined consolidated financial statements, the Company is not aware of any specific event or circumstance that would require updates to the Company's estimates and judgments or revisions to the carrying value of its assets or liabilities. These estimates may change, as new events occur and additional information is obtained, and are recognized in the combined consolidated financial statements as soon as they become known. Actual results could differ from those estimates and any such differences may be material to the combined consolidated financial statements.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

#### Corrections of Immaterial Frrors

Certain amounts previously reported as of December 31, 2017 have been corrected as a result of several immaterial misstatements that were identified during the preparation of the Company's 2018 and 2019 combined consolidated financial statements. These corrections, in aggregate, resulted in a \$3.7 million increase in the retained earnings as of December 31, 2017.

#### Segments

The Company defines its segments as those operations the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), determined to be the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, regularly reviews to analyze performance and allocate resources. The Company measures the results of segments using each segment's net revenue and gross profit, as determined by the information regularly reviewed by the CODM.

The Company continually monitors and reviews its segment reporting structure in accordance with ASC 280, Segment Reporting, ("Topic 280") to determine whether any changes have occurred that would impact its reportable segments. With effect from the fourth quarter of 2019, as a result of a change in the way the Company's CODM reviews and allocates resources to the operating segments, the Company's segment reporting assessment concluded that its gaming PC memory operating segment no longer met the definition of an operating segment under Topic 280 and became a component within the gaming PC components operating segment. Therefore, to align with the objective of Topic 280 and present the Company's disaggregated financial information consistent with the management approach, beginning with fiscal year 2019, the Company reports its financial performance, including revenue and gross profit based on two reportable segments:

- Gamer and Creator Peripherals (previously defined as Gaming PC Peripherals), which includes keyboards, mice, mousepads, gaming headsets and gaming chairs, gamer and creator streaming gear including game and video capture hardware, video production accessories and docking stations, and following our SCUF acquisition, console gaming accessories including controllers; and
- Gaming Components and Systems (now includes the Gaming PC Memory component), which includes PSUs, cooling solutions including custom cooling products, computer cases, prebuilt and custom built gaming PCs and laptops, and high performance memory components such as DRAM modules.

Comparative period financial information for fiscal year 2018 by reportable segment has been recast to conform with current presentation. Refer to Note 15 for further information.

#### Cash and Restricted Cash

The Company had \$2.3 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.9 million of total restricted cash deposits as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively. The restricted cash serves as collateral for certain bank guarantees, customer deposits and security deposits.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and restricted cash reported within the combined consolidated balance sheets that sums to the total as shown in the combined consolidated statements of cash flows.

	Dec	December 31, 2018			
			(In the	usands)	(Unaudited)
Cash	\$	25,639	`\$	48,165	\$107,421
Restricted cash—short term		2,281		3,552	3,664
Restricted cash—noncurrent		_		230	230
Total cash and restricted cash	\$	27,920	\$	51,947	\$ 111,315

#### Accounts Receivable, net

The Company records accounts receivable from contracts with customers at the invoiced amount when it has an unconditional right to consideration, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of customers to make payments. The Company bases its allowance on regular assessments of its customers' liquidity and financial condition through analysis of information obtained from credit rating agencies, financial statement review and historical collection trends.

Under ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition" ("Topic 605"), sales return reserves of \$9.4 million was included within accounts receivable, net as of December 31, 2018. Subsequent to the adoption of ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("Topic 606"), such balances are presented on a gross basis as refund liability of \$15.1 million included in other liabilities and accrued expenses and as sales return asset of \$5.7 million included in prepaid and other current assets.

Under Topic 605, revenue reserves for certain customer incentive programs totaling \$17.1 million were included within accounts receivable, net as of December 31, 2018. Subsequent to the adoption of Topic 606, such balances are presented as accrued customer incentive programs included in other liabilities and accrued expenses. Refer to subsection "Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: Adoption of ASC Topic 606" in this footnote for a detailed discussion on the impact of adopting the new accounting standard.

The allowance is recorded as sales, general and administrative expense in the Company's combined consolidated statements of operations. Additional allowances may be required if the liquidity or financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable. The Company maintains cash with various financial institutions that may at times exceed federally insured limits. Management believes that the financial institutions are financially sound and the Company has not experienced any losses.

The Company's customers that accounted for 10% of total accounts receivable, net were as follows:

	As of December 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2019	As of June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
Customer A	35%	34%	37%
Customer B	13%	20%	12%

The Company had one customer that accounted for 10% of more of total net revenue as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2019	Six Months Ended <u>June 30, 2019</u> (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended <u>June 30, 2020</u> (Unaudited)
Customer A	22%	25%	27%	27%

### Inventories

Inventories primarily consist of finished goods and to a lesser extent component parts, which are purchased from contract manufacturers and component suppliers. Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value using the weighted average cost method of accounting. The Company assesses the valuation of inventory balances including an assessment to determine potential excess and/or obsolete inventory. The Company may be required to write down the value of inventory if estimates of future demand and market conditions indicate estimated excess or obsolete inventory. For the periods presented, the Company has not experienced significant write-downs.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value accounting is applied to all financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the combined consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis. The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings from credit lines and other liabilities and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to their short-term maturities. Management believes that the long-term debt bearing variable interest rates represents the prevailing market rates for instruments with similar characteristics; accordingly, the carrying value of this instrument approximates its fair value. Refer to note 3 regarding the fair value of the Company's other financial assets and liabilities.

#### Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment additions are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Major improvements that extend the life, capacity or improve the safety of an asset are capitalized, while maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets:

Manufacturing equipment	2 – 5 years
Computer equipment, software and office equipment	3 – 5 years
Furniture and fixtures	2 – 7 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term or the useful lives of the improvements

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Property, plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. An impairment charge will be recognized in the event the net book value of such assets exceeds the future undiscounted cash flows attributable to the asset group. No impairment charges were recorded in the periods presented.

#### **Business Combinations**

The Company accounts for acquisitions using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires that the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, contractual contingencies and contingent consideration are recorded at the date of acquisition at their respective fair values. Goodwill is recorded when consideration paid in a purchase acquisition exceeds the fair value of the net assets acquired.

#### Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. Identifiable intangible assets with finite lives are carried at cost and amortized using a method that reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up or, if that pattern cannot be reliably determined, using a straight-line amortization method. Amortization expense related to patents is included in cost of revenues. Amortization expense related to developed technology is included in product development costs. Amortization expense related to customer relationships, trade name and non-compete agreements is included in sales, general and administrative costs.

For definite-live intangible assets, the Company evaluates the recoverability of intangible assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of these assets is measured by a comparison of the carrying amounts to the future undiscounted cash flows the assets are expected to generate. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, an impairment charge is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. No such impairment charges were recorded in the periods presented.

The Company tests for goodwill impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis at October 1, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset is more likely than not impaired. For the annual goodwill impairment test, the Company elects to perform the quantitative impairment test. The ultimate outcome of the goodwill impairment test for a reporting unit should be the same whether the Company chooses to perform the qualitative assessment or proceeds directly to the quantitative impairment test.

The quantitative impairment test compares the recoverability of goodwill measured at the reporting unit level to the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill. The fair value of the reporting unit, which is measured based upon, among other factors, market multiples for comparable companies as well as a discounted cash flow analysis. If the recorded value of the assets, including goodwill, and liabilities ("net carrying value") of each reporting unit exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss may be required to be recognized. Further, the extent the net carrying value of the Company as a whole is greater than its fair value in the aggregate, all, or a significant portion of its goodwill may be considered impaired. The Company performed its 2019 annual goodwill impairment assessment and determined that no impairment existed as of the date of the impairment test.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

No impairment charges were recorded in the periods presented. Refer to note 6 for additional information regarding the Company's goodwill and intangible assets.

### Warranty Reserve

All of the Company's products are covered by warranty to be free from defects in material and workmanship for periods ranging from six months to five years, and for life-time for memory products. The Company's warranty does not provide a service beyond assuring that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and is generally not sold separately. At the time of sale, an estimate of future warranty costs is recorded as a component of cost of revenue and a warranty liability is recorded for estimated costs to satisfy the warranty obligation. The Company's estimate of costs to fulfill its warranty obligations is based on historical experience and expectations of future costs to repair or replace.

### Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

From time to time, the Company enters into derivative instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts, to minimize the short-term impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on certain foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, and interest rate cap contracts, to minimize the Company's exposure to interest rate movements on the Company's variable rate debts. The foreign currency forward contracts generally mature within three to four months and the interest rate cap contracts mature within two years. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for trading purposes. The derivative instruments are recorded at fair value in prepaid expenses and other current assets or other liabilities and accrued expenses on the combined consolidated balance sheets. The Company does not designate such instruments as hedges for accounting purposes, accordingly, changes in the value of these contracts are recognized in each reporting period in other (expense) income, net in the combined consolidated statements of operations.

#### **Deferred Issuance Costs and Debt Discounts**

Costs incurred in obtaining long-term financing paid to parties other than creditors are considered a debt issuance cost. Amounts paid to creditors are recorded as a reduction in the proceeds received by the creditor and are considered a discount on the issuance of debt. Deferred issuance costs and debt discounts are amortized over the terms of the long-term financing agreements using the effective-interest method and recorded as a deduction of the carrying amount of the debt in the combined consolidated balance sheets. Deferred issuance costs of the Company's revolving line of credit are recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets and other assets, according to the timing of amortization.

# **Deferred Offering Costs**

Deferred offering costs, which include legal, accounting, printer and filing fees, related to Initial Public Offering ("IPO") are capitalized. The deferred offering costs will be offset against proceeds from the IPO upon the effectiveness of the offering. In the event the offering is terminated, all capitalized deferred offering costs will be immediately expensed. As of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, \$5.3 million, \$5.8 million and \$7.0 million of deferred offering costs were capitalized, respectively, which are included in the other assets on the combined consolidated balance sheets.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company's products are primarily sold through a network of distributors and retailers (including etailers), and some direct to consumers. The Company sells mainly hardware products, such as gamer and creator peripherals, gaming components and systems and gaming PC memory, which may include embedded software that function together. Hardware devices are generally plug and play, requiring no configuration and little or no installation.

Under Topic 605, the Company recognized revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, title has transferred, the price becomes fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Evidence of an arrangement existed when there is a customer contract or a standard customer purchase order. The Company considered delivery complete when title and risk of loss transfer to the customer, which is generally upon shipment, but no later than physical receipt by the customer. The Company's revenue recognition policies were consistent worldwide.

On January 1, 2019 the Company adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of December 31, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported under Topic 605. Under Topic 606, the Company determines revenue recognition through the following steps:

- identification of the contract, or contracts, with the customer
- · identification of the performance obligations in the contract
- · determination of the transaction price
- · allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and
- · recognition of revenue when, or as the performance obligation is fulfilled

With the adoption of Topic 606, the Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies performance obligations under the terms of its contracts, and control of its products is transferred to its customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive from its customers in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue is recognized at a point in time when control of the products is transferred to the customer which generally occurs upon shipment or delivery to customer. The Company's revenue recognition policies are consistent worldwide.

The impact of the adoption of Topic 606 on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements is discussed in the "Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: Adoption of ASC Topic 606" section below.

The Company's products are primarily sold through a network of distributors and retailers (including etailers) worldwide. Substantially all revenue recognized by the Company relates to contracts with distributors and retailers to sell gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems. These products are hardware devices, which may include embedded software that function together, and are considered as one performance obligation. Hardware devices are generally plug and play, requiring no configuration and little or no installation. Revenue is recognized at a point in time when

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

control of the products is transferred to the customer which generally occurs upon shipment or delivery to customer. The Company reports revenue net of any required taxes collected from customers and remitted to government authorities, with the collected taxes recorded as other liabilities and accrued expenses until remitted to the relevant government authority. Shipping and handling costs associated with outbound freight after control over a product has transferred to a customer are accounted for as a fulfillment cost and are included as part of the Company's distribution costs recorded under sales, general and administrative expenses. The Company generally provides a warranty on products that provides assurance that our products conform to published specifications. Such assurance-type warranties are not deemed to be separate performance obligations from the product, and costs associated with providing the warranties are accrued in accordance with ASC 460-10, *Guarantees*.

The Company offers return rights and customer incentive programs. Customer incentive programs include special pricing arrangements, promotions, rebates and volume-based incentives.

The Company has agreements with certain customers that contain terms allowing price protection credits to be issued in the event of a subsequent price reduction. The Company's decision to make price reductions is influenced by product life cycle stage, market acceptance of products, the competitive environment, new product introductions and other factors. Accruals for estimated expected future pricing actions are recognized at the time of sale based on analysis of historical pricing actions by customer and by product, inventories owned by and located at distributors and retailers, current customer demand, current operating conditions, and other relevant customer and product information, such as stage of product life-cycle.

The transaction price received by the Company from sales to its distributors and retailers is calculated as selling price net of variable consideration which may include product returns, price protection, and the Company's estimate of claims for customer incentive programs related to current period product revenue.

Rights of return vary by customer and range from the right to return products to limited stock rotation rights allowing the exchange of a percentage of the customer's quarterly purchases. Estimates of expected future product returns qualify as variable consideration and are recorded as a reduction of the transaction price of the contract at the time of sale based on historical return trends. Return trends are influenced by product life cycle status, new product introductions, market acceptance of products, sales levels, the type of customer, seasonality, product quality issues, competitive pressures, operational policies and procedures, and other factors. Return rates can fluctuate over time but are sufficiently predictable to allow the Company to estimate expected future product returns.

The Company normally requires payments from customers within 30 to 90 days from invoice date. The Company does not generally modify payment terms on existing receivables. The Company's contracts with customers typically do not include significant financing components as the period between the satisfaction of the performance obligations and timing of payment are generally within one year.

Customer incentive programs are considered variable consideration, which the Company estimates and records as a reduction to revenue at the time of sale based on historical experience and forecasted incentives. Certain customer incentives require management to estimate the percentage of those programs which will not be claimed or will not be earned by customers based on historical experience and on the specific terms and conditions of particular programs. The percentage of these customer programs that will not be claimed or earned is commonly referred to as "breakage". The

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Company accounts for breakage as part of variable consideration, subject to constraint, and records the estimated impact in the same period when revenue is recognized at the expected value. Significant management judgment and estimates are used to determine the amount of variable consideration to be recognized, as well as any subsequent adjustments to it, such that it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue will not occur.

During the year ended December 31, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company did not recognize any material revenue adjustment related to performance obligations satisfied in prior periods as a result of changes in estimated variable consideration. Because performance obligations in the Company's contracts with customers relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, the Company has elected to apply the optional exemption to not disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period.

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of product costs (including costs of contract manufacturers), inbound freight costs from manufacturers to the Company's distribution hubs, as well as inter-hubs shipments, duties and tariffs, warranty replacement costs, costs to process and rework returned items, depreciation of tooling equipment, warehousing costs, excess and obsolete inventory write-downs, certain allocated costs related to facilities and IT department, and personnel-related expenses and other operating expenses related to supply chain logistics.

#### **Distribution Costs**

Distribution costs, recorded as a component of sales, general and administrative expenses, include the costs to operate two of the Company's distribution hubs internally and the costs paid to third party logistics providers to operate the Company's remaining four distribution hubs. Distribution costs also include the costs of shipping products to customers through third party carriers. Amounts billed to customers for shipping and handling of products are recorded in net revenue. The Company does not consider distribution costs to be part of the costs to bring its products to the finished condition and therefore records such distribution costs as sales, general and administrative expense rather than in cost of revenue.

### **Product Development Costs**

Product development costs are generally expensed as incurred and reported in the combined consolidated statements of operations. Product development costs consist primarily of the costs associated with the design and testing of new products and improvements to existing products. These costs relate primarily to compensation of personnel and consultants involved with product design, definition, compatibility testing and qualification. To date, almost all of the software development costs have been expensed as incurred because the period between achieving technological feasibility and the release of the software has been short and development costs qualifying for capitalization have been insignificant.

### **Advertising Costs**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are included as a component of sales, general and administrative expense in the combined consolidated statements of operations. Advertising and promotion expenses were \$8.7 million, \$11.3 million, \$4.8 million and \$8.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

### Stock-Based Compensation

U.S. GAAP requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all stock-based awards, including options, using a fair-value based method. The Company estimates the fair value of option awards on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model. Stock-based compensation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period based on awards ultimately expected to vest. The Company has elected to recognize actual forfeitures by reducing the employee stock-based compensation in the same period as the forfeitures occur.

### Nonmonetary Transactions

The Company has sales and purchases of inventory with its manufacturers, which are accounted for as nonmonetary transactions. Upon sale of raw materials to the manufacturer, for the inventories on-hand with the manufacturer where there is an anticipated reciprocal purchase by the Company, the Company will record prepaid inventories and accrued liabilities as a nonmonetary transaction. When the Company transacts the reciprocal purchase of inventory from the manufacturer, the Company will record payable to the manufacturer at the repurchase price, which replaces the initial nonmonetary transaction and inventory will be reflected at carrying value, which includes the costs for the raw materials and the incremental costs charged by the manufacturer for additional work performed on the inventory. Because of the inventory transaction, as of June 30, 2020, the Company recognized \$5.7 million prepaid inventory and \$8.3 million accrued liabilities in the combined consolidated balance sheet related to its nonmonetary transactions with its manufacturers.

Because the transactions are nonmonetary, they have not been included in the combined consolidated statements of cash flows pursuant to ASC 230, Statement of Cash Flows.

# Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has a 401(k) defined contribution plan covering all eligible employees. The 401(k) plan allows for voluntary contributions by plan participants and provides for discretionary contributions by the Company as determined annually by the board of directors. The discretionary amounts may comprise a matching contribution (a designated percentage of a participant's voluntary contribution) and/or a discretionary profit sharing contribution based on participant compensation. The Company contributed \$0.9 million, \$1.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

### Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the tax and financial reporting bases of the Company's assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in future years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced through the establishment of a valuation allowance, if, based upon available evidence, it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company is subject to foreign income taxes on its foreign operations. All deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current in the combined consolidated financial statements.

#### Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained on examination based on the technical merit of the position. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on examination, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount, which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

The Company considers many factors when evaluating and estimating its tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments. The Company recognizes interest charges and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of the income tax (expense) benefit.

# Foreign Currency

For subsidiaries that have non-U.S. dollar functional currencies, the Company translates the assets and liabilities of these subsidiaries using period-end exchange rates. Revenues and expenses are translated using average exchange rates in effect during the reporting period. Cumulative translation gains and losses are included as a component of stockholders' equity in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

The Company remeasures monetary assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses are included in other (expense) income, net in the combined consolidated statements of operations and the amounts were \$(0.4) million, \$1.4 million, \$(0.7) million and \$30 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. Gains and losses on long-term intercompany loans not intended to be repaid in the foreseeable future are recorded in other comprehensive loss.

# Net Income (Loss) per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share and diluted net income (loss) per share are computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, without consideration of potential dilutive securities. Diluted net income per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, adjusted to include the incremental shares expected to be issued for assumed exercise of options under the treasury stock method.

#### **Emerging Growth Company Status**

The Company was and remained an emerging growth company ("EGC"), as defined in the JOBS Act, up to December 31, 2019 although its 2019 annual gross revenue exceeded \$1.07 billion. According to the rule under the Securities Act of 1933, the Company will continue to be treated as an EGC for the purposes of disclosure requirement accommodations in its initial registration statement until the earlier of:

- (a) The date on which the Company consummates its initial public offering, or
- (b) The end of the one-year period beginning on December 31, 2019.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Under the JOBS Act, EGCs can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private companies. Through December 31, 2019, the Company had elected to use this extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until the earlier of the date it (i) is no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opt out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. As a result, the Company's combined consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates. Beginning on January 1, 2020, the Company adopts new or revised accounting standards issued by their respective effective dates for public companies.

Refer to the "Other Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements" section below for the Company's recently adopted accounting pronouncements.

### Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: Adoption of ASC Topic 606

The Company adopted Topic 606 using the cumulative effect method for all contracts not completed as of January 1, 2019. As a result, the Company recognized the cumulative effect of applying the new revenue standard as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as of January 1, 2019. Prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the Company's historical accounting under ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition* (Topic 605).

Results for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with historic accounting standards under Topic 605.

As a result of the adoption of the new standard, the Company recorded a reduction to accumulated deficit as of January 1, 2019 and reclassified accrued sales return liabilities and accrued customer incentive programs from accounts receivable, net to accrued and other current liabilities and other current assets.

The cumulative effect of the changes to the combined consolidated balance sheet from the adoption of Topic 606 were as follows (in thousands):

	De	As of December 31, 2018		Effect of Adoption of Topic 606		Adoption		As of anuary 1, 2019
Assets:								
Accounts receivable, net	\$	122,042	\$	26,527	\$	148,569		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		17,298		5,674		22,972		
Deferred Tax Assets		445		746		1,191		
Liability and Stockholders' Equity:								
Income Tax Payable		3,572		(333)		3,239		
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		32,058		36,966		69,024		
Accumulated deficit	\$	(93,161)	\$	(3,686)	\$	(96,847)		

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Net Reduction to Accumulated Deficit as of January 1, 2019

Under Topic 605, accrued customer incentive programs were recognized as a reduction of revenue at the later of when the related revenue was recognized or when the program was offered to the customer. Under Topic 606, these programs qualify as variable consideration and are recorded as a reduction of the transaction price at the contract inception based on the expected value method. The Company is required to estimate for these programs ahead of commitment date if customary business practice creates an implied expectation that such activities will occur in the future.

Under Topic 606, variable consideration must be estimated at the outset of the arrangement, subject to the constraint guidance to ensure that a significant revenue reversal will not occur. As a result, upon adoption of Topic 606, estimated breakage for accruals of certain customer incentive programs is recognized sooner as compared to Topic 605.

#### Balance Sheet Reclassifications

Under Topic 605, the gross amount of accrued revenue reserves for sales returns of \$15.1 million, net of expected returned inventory and rework costs of \$5.7 million, was included within accounts receivable, net as of December 31, 2018. Subsequent to the adoption of Topic 606, such balances are presented in the combined consolidated balance sheet, on a gross basis as accrued liability from returns of \$15.1 million included in other liabilities and accrued expenses and as returned assets of \$5.7 million included in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Under Topic 605, revenue reserves for certain customer incentive programs totaling \$17.1 million, were included within accounts receivable, net as of December 31, 2018. Subsequent to the adoption of Topic 606, such balances are presented as accrued customer incentive programs included in other liabilities and accrued expenses in the combined consolidated balance sheet.

The adoption of Topic 606 did not have an impact over the total cash flows from operating, investing, or financing activities.

#### Contract Assets

Contract assets represent amounts that have been recognized as revenue but for which the Company did not have the unconditional right to invoice the customer. The Company did not have contract assets as of January 1, 2019, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020.

Contract Liabilities (Deferred Revenue and Unearned Revenue)

The Company's deferred revenue consists primarily of amounts that have been shipped and invoiced but not recognized as revenue as of period end because control of the inventory has not passed to the customer. Revenue will be recognized when the customer has obtained control of the inventory sold. The Company did not have any deferred revenue as of January 1, 2019, and the balance as of December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020 was \$3.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. This increase is due to the Company's recent acquisitions.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

The Company's unearned revenue consists of payments received from customers in advance of product shipment for webstore orders. These orders are generally shipped within two weeks from order date. The unearned revenue balance as of December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020 was \$1.3 million and \$12.2 million, respectively.

Deferred revenue and unearned revenue are included in other liabilities and accrued expenses on the combined consolidated balance sheets

Impact on Combined Consolidated Financial Statements

The following tables summarize the impact of adopting Topic 606 on the Company's combined consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 and combined consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019 (in thousands, unaudited):

		Year Ended December 31, 2019							
		As reported under Topic 606		If reported under Topic 605		ect of change			
Net Revenue	\$	1,097,174	\$	1,098,018	\$	(844)			
			As of Dec	ember 31, 2019					
	As	As reported under Topic 606		If reported under Topic 605		Effect of change			
Assets:									
Accounts receivable, net	\$	202,334	\$	157,934	\$	44,400			
Prepaid and other current assets		24,696		13,514		11,182			
Deferred tax assets		1,646		900		746			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:									
Income tax payable		8,524		8,857		(333)			
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		107,017		45,825		61,192			
Total stockholders' equity	\$	216.775	\$	221.306	\$	(4.531)			

### Other Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-16, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The Company adopted the new standard on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2018. Prior periods were not retrospectively adjusted. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes by requiring that deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018, and retrospectively applied the standard to all periods presented. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This ASU change aspects of accounting for share-based payment award transactions including accounting for income taxes, the classification of excess tax benefits and the classification of employee taxes paid when shares are withholding purposes on the combined consolidated statement of cash flows, forfeitures, and minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018 and has elected to record forfeitures when they occur. The change in accounting principle with regards to forfeitures was adopted using a modified retrospective approach. As a result of the adoption, the Company no longer records the excess tax benefits related to equity compensation as an increase to additional paid-incapital and records such excess tax benefits as a reduction of income tax expense. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-16, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory.* It requires an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2019. The adoption did not have a material impact on its combined consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, which changes the definition of a business to assist with evaluating when a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2019. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Intangibles – Goodwill and other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. The ASU simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating the second step of the goodwill impairment test. The second step measures goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. Under the new guidance, a company will record an impairment charge based on the excess of a reporting unit's carrying amount over its fair value. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2020. The adoption of this new standard did not have a material impact on its combined consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting, which provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-09, Codification Improvements. ASU No. 2018-09 provides amendments to a wide variety of topics in the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification, which applies to all reporting entities within the scope of the affected accounting guidance. The transition and effective date guidance are based on the facts and circumstances of each amendment. Some of the amendments in ASU No. 2018-09 do not require transition guidance and were effective upon issuance of ASU No. 2018-09. However, many of the amendments do have transition guidance with effective dates for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2019. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract. The amendments in ASU 2018-15 align the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. As permitted by ASU 2018-15, the Company early-adopted this standard on a prospective basis beginning January 1, 2019. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In July 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-07, Codification Updates to SEC Sections — Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Final Rule Releases No. 33-10532, Disclosure Update and Simplification, and Nos. 33-10231 and 33-10442, Investment Company Reporting Modernization and Miscellaneous Updates (SEC Update). ASU 2019-07 aligns the guidance in various SEC sections of the Codification with the requirements of certain SEC final rules. ASU 2019-07 was effective immediately upon issuance. The adoption of ASU 2019-07 did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)*, to modify certain disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820. The Company adopted this standard effective January 1, 2020. The adoption of this new standard did not have a material impact on its combined consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases*, and subsequent updates (collectively, referred to as Accounting Standard Codification 842 or Topic 842). Topic 842 requires a lessee to recognize right of use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities for a lease with terms longer than 12 months on the consolidated balance sheets and to disclose key information related to the leasing arrangements.

On January 1, 2020, the Company adopted Topic 842 using the modified retrospective method, applying Topic 842 to all leases existing at the date of initial application. The Company elected to use the effective date as the date of initial application. Consequently, prior period balances and disclosures have not been restated. The Company elected the package of transitional practical expedients, which among other provisions, allows the Company to carry forward prior conclusions about lease identification and classification. In addition, for operating leases, the Company elected to account for lease and non-lease components as a single lease component. The Company also made an accounting policy election not to apply the recognition guidance of Topic 842 to record all leases that, at the lease commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less on the consolidated balance sheet.

The adoption of Topic 842 had a material impact to the Company's combined consolidated balance sheet but did not have an impact on the Company's combined consolidated statement of operations or cash flows. As a result of adopting Topic 842 as of January 1, 2020, the Company recognized lease liabilities of \$17.9 million and a corresponding ROU assets of \$17.7 million. See Note 16, Leases, for additional information.

# Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, Not Yet Adopted

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740), to simplify various aspects related to the accounting for income taxes. The new guidance is effective for the

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Company beginning in year 2021. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects of this new guidance on its combined consolidated financial statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)*, to provide optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. The new guidance is applicable for the Company, at its election, beginning March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. The Company has debts and revolving line of credit with interest payments that are correlated to a reference rate, and it is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance and the potential effects it could have on its combined consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP established a framework for measuring fair value and a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to measure fair value. This framework maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the observable inputs be used when available. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It applies to both items recognized and reported at fair value in the combined consolidated financial statements and items disclosed at fair value in the notes to the combined consolidated financial statements.

Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the transparency of inputs as follow:

Level 1—Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the measurement date. A quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market provides the most reliable fair value measurement because it is directly observable to the market

Level 2—Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active market, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the report date. The nature of these securities includes investments for which quoted prices are available but traded less frequently and investments that are fair valued using other securities, the parameters of which can be directly observed.

Level 3—Securities that have little to no pricing observability as of the report date. These securities are measured using management's best estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value are not observable and require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Company. The categorization of a financial instrument within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and does not necessarily correspond to the Company's perceived risk of that instrument.

Goodwill, intangible assets, and property, plant and equipment, are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. However, if certain triggering events occur (or tested at least annually for goodwill) such that a non-financial instrument is required to be evaluated for impairment and an

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

impairment is recorded to reduce the non-financial instrument's carrying value to the fair value as a result of such triggering events, the non-financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for the period such triggering events occur. See Note 2 to the combined consolidated financial statements for additional information about how the Company tests various asset classes for impairment.

The following tables summarize the hierarchy of fair value measurements of the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis:

	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2018							
	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets Other using Identical Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			Total		
Liabilities:				,	,			
Deferred cash consideration in connection with a business acquisition— Elgato(1)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,448	\$	10,448
Foreign currency forward contracts(2)		_		131		_		131
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	131	\$	10,448	\$	10,579

<sup>(1)</sup> The fair value of Elgato deferred cash consideration (Refer to note 5 for further details on this acquisition) is determined using a discount rate of 6.6%. This discount rate approximated the Company's borrowing rate under the revolving line of credit and represents a Level 3 input under the fair value hierarchy.

<sup>(2)</sup> The fair value of the forward contracts is based on similar exchange traded derivatives and the related asset or liability is, therefore, included within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2019							
	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets Other using Identical Observable Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)		in Active Markets using Identical Assets		Unol I (L	inificant oservable nputs evel 3)		Total
Liabilities:								
Contingent consideration in connection with a business acquisition— Origin(1)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,964	\$	3,964
Deferred cash consideration in connection with a business acquisition— SCUF(2)		_		_		1,638		1,638
Deferred cash consideration in connection with a business acquisition— Origin(3)		_		_		1,411		1,411
Foreign currency forward contracts(4)		_		335		_		335
Total liabilities	\$		\$	335	\$	7,013	\$	7,348

	Fair Value Measurements as of June 30, 2020							
	in A Ma using I As	d Prices Active rkets Identical sets vel 1)	Obs In	nificant other ervable puts ovel 2) (Unauc	Unok lı (L	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)		Total
				(In thous				
Assets:								
Interest rate cap contract(4)	\$	_	\$	100	\$	_	\$	100
Foreign currency forward contracts(4)		_		22		_		22
Total assets	\$		\$	122	\$		\$	122
Liabilities:								
Contingent consideration in connection with a business acquisition— Origin(1)	\$		¢		\$	1,934	\$	1,934
Deferred cash consideration in connection with a business acquisition—	φ		φ		φ	1,904	φ	1,954
SCUF(2)		_		_		1,638		1,638
Deferred cash consideration in connection with a business acquisition— Origin(3)		_		_		1,458		1,458
Foreign currency forward contracts(4)		_		282		-, 700		282
Total liabilities	\$		\$	282	\$	5,030	\$	5,312

The fair value of the Origin earn-out liability (Refer to note 5 for further details on this acquisition) is estimated using a Monte Carlo Simulation, a simulation-based measurement technique with significant inputs that are not observable in the market and thus represents a level 3 fair value measurement. The significant inputs in the fair value measurement not supported by market activity included the expected future standalone EBITDA growth of Origin during the earn-out period, appropriately discounted by a risk adjustment factor, considering the uncertainties associated with the obligation, its associated volatility, and calculated in accordance with the terms of the Unit Purchase Agreement for this acquisition. Significant changes of these significant inputs, in isolation or in combination, would result in a material change in fair value estimates. The interrelationship between these inputs is not considered significant. The fair value of the Origin earn-out liability is remeasured at every reporting period and the change in fair value is recorded to sales, general and administrative expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded \$0.6 million credit to sales, general and administrative expenses. During the vear ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded \$0.6 million credit to sales, general and administrative expenses. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, there is no material change in the fair value of the remaining earn-out liability that is contingent upon Origin's 2020 standalone EBITDA results. The Origin contingent consideration balance as of June 30, 2020 also included \$0.3 million related to the Company's finalization of pre-acquisition sales tax liabilities owed to the Origin's sellers according to the error agreement. The measurement and this balance will be settled together with the Origin 2020 earn-out liability in 2021. The fair value of the SCUF contingent consideration is determined abased on the Company's estimates of acquired tax benefits owed to SCUF's se

<sup>(3)</sup> 

the Company's borrowing rate under the revolving line of credit and represented a Level 3 input under the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of the forward contracts and interest rate cap contract are based on similar exchange traded derivatives and the related asset or liability is, therefore, included within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### 4. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk relating to its ongoing business operations and uses derivative financial instruments, principally foreign currency forward contracts, to reduce the risk. The notional principal amount of outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts was \$8.0 million, \$18.3 million and \$19.1 million as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively, none of which have been designated as hedging instruments during the periods presented. The fair value gain (loss) recognized in other (expense) income, net in relation to these derivative instruments was \$0.1 million, \$(0.2) million, \$(0.4) million and \$(69) thousand for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

In April 2020, the Company purchased interest rate cap contracts for \$0.5 million with a notional amount of \$465 million to manage its exposure to interest rate movements on the Company's variable rate debt when 3-month LIBOR exceeds 1.0%. Refer to note 8 for further information relating to the interest rates on the Company's debts. The interest rate cap contracts mature on June 30, 2022 and none of which have been designated as hedging instruments. Accordingly, the Company recognized a \$0.4 million net loss for the change in fair value of the interest rate contracts in interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

#### 5. Business Combinations

# 2019 Acquisitions

#### **SCUF Acquisition**

On December 19, 2019 (the "SCUF Acquisition Closing Date"), one of the Company's subsidiaries entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Scuf Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively "SCUF") and acquired 100% of their equity interests. SCUF, headquartered in Georgia, U.S., specializes in delivering high-performance accessories and customized gaming controllers for console and PC used by top professional as well as casual gamers. The Company believes that the SCUF Acquisition will enhance the Company's product and service offering to both console and PC gamers.

Because the acquired companies met the definition of a business, the SCUF acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination using the acquisition method of accounting.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, SCUF contributed \$6.4 million of revenue and \$1.7 million of net loss.

Subsequent to the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date, the Company recorded measurement period adjustments which reduced the purchase price, inventories and goodwill by \$1.5 million, \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, and accordingly, the SCUF total adjusted purchase consideration was \$136.3 million. The SCUF purchase consideration consisted of (i) \$128.2 million cash consideration (including the payment of SCUF's transaction costs and debt on behalf of SCUF), (ii) \$8.0 million equity consideration (an issuance of 2,110,818 units of the Parent, which following the Reorganization represents 1,055,408 shares of the Company), (iii) \$1.6 million estimated contingent cash consideration relating to the Company's expected utilization of the acquired SCUF tax liabilities or tax benefits relating to pre-acquisition SCUF results over the next 4 years of tax filings, (iv) additional

cash earn-out based on the achievement of certain SCUF standalone EBITDA target for 2019 and the ability of SCUF to renew a licensing agreement with a certain vendor, and these contingent cash earn-outs were determined to have zero value based on the assessment of the outcome of these contingent events on the acquisition date, and (v) net of \$1.5 million contingent cash consideration paid on the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date that is expected to be returned by the Sellers to the Company to fund an incentive payment to certain ex-SCUF employees who joined the Company and are required to remain in employment through a contractual service period. The purchase price is subject to further adjustments of certain net working capital items within 12 months of the SCUF Acquisition Closing Date.

### Preliminary purchase price allocation

The following table summarizes the preliminary allocation of the purchase consideration to the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The allocation of the purchase price was based upon a preliminary valuation, and the Company's estimates and assumptions are subject to change within the measurement period. The primary areas of the purchase price allocation that are not yet finalized consist of federal and state income tax and other tax considerations and the valuation of identifiable intangible assets acquired. The Company will continue to reflect measurement period adjustments to purchase price allocation, if any, in the period in which the adjustments are recognized. Final determination of the fair values may result in adjustments to the values presented in the following table:

	(In t	thousands)
Assets acquired:		
Cash	\$	6,947
Accounts receivable		4,587
Inventories		12,800
Prepaid and other assets		1,377
Identifiable Intangible assets		71,890
Property and equipment		2,927
Other assets		40
Liabilities assumed:		
Accounts payable		(9,182)
Sales tax payable		(5,533)
Deferred revenue		(3,752)
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		(8,416)
Deferred tax liabilities		(10,015)
Net identifiable net assets acquired	\$	63,670
Goodwill		72,642
Net assets acquired	\$	136,312

The excess of the purchase price over the preliminary net tangible assets and preliminary intangible assets was recorded as goodwill. Goodwill of \$72.6 million, derived from the SCUF acquisition, is primarily related to the value of the acquired workforce and the ability to design and generate revenue from future technology and customers. The goodwill and identifiable intangible assets are not deductible for tax purposes.

The fair value of the inventory acquired was estimated using the expected selling price of the inventory, then deducting direct selling expenses and a reasonable allocation of profit to a likely buyer.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

The difference between the fair value of the inventories and the amount recorded by SCUF immediately before the acquisition date is \$1.5 million, which is recognized in cost of revenue in the combined consolidated statements of operations upon the sale of the acquired inventory.

The following table summarizes the components of identifiable intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of the acquisition date:

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Useful Life
	(In thousands)	(In years)
Patents	\$ 30,500	8
Developed technology	18,600	6
Customer Relationships	590	5
Trade name	22,200	15
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$ 71,890	

Intangible assets acquired as a result of the SCUF Acquisition are being amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of amortization, which reflect the pattern in which the economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up. Amortization of patent and developed technology are included in cost of revenue and product development expense, respectively. Amortization of customer relationships and trade names are included in sales, general and administrative expense in the combined consolidated statements of operations.

The fair value of licensed portfolio was estimated using the excess earnings method, which converts projected revenues and costs into cash flows. The unlicensed patent portfolio was valued using royalty rates method. The economic useful life was determined based on the remaining life of the patents. The fair value assigned to developed technology was determined using the multi-period excess-earnings method. The developed technology relates to existing SCUF products. The economic useful life was determined based on the technology cycle related to developed technology of existing SCUF products, as well as the cash flows anticipated over the forecasted periods. Customer relationships represent the fair value of future projected revenue that will be derived from sales of products to existing customers of SCUF. The economic useful life was determined based on historical customer attrition rates and industry benchmarks. Trade name relates to the "SCUF" brand. The economic useful life was determined based on the expected life of the trade name and the cash flows anticipated over the forecasted periods. The fair values of trade name were estimated using the relief-from-royalty method, which estimates the cost savings that accrue to the owner of the intangible assets that would otherwise be payable as royalties or license fees on revenues earned through the use of the asset. The Company believes the fair value of the intangible assets recorded above approximates the amounts a market participant would pay for these intangible assets as of the acquisition date.

#### **Origin Acquisition**

On July 22, 2019 (the "Origin closing date"), one of the Company's subsidiaries acquired all the equity interests in Origin PC Corporation ("Origin"). Origin, based in Florida, U.S., specializes in delivering hand-built, personalized PCs. The Company believes the integration of Origin's expertise in personalized custom gaming systems and Corsair's strength in performance PC hardware and the iCUE software ecosystems enhances and expands the Company's product and service offering to PC gamers.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Origin met the definition of a business, and therefore this acquisition is accounted for as a business combination.

Subsequent to the Origin closing date, the Company recorded measurement period adjustments which increased purchase price by \$0.2 million and reduced other liabilities and accrued expenses by \$0.3 million and goodwill by \$0.1 million, and accordingly, the Origin total adjusted purchase consideration was \$13.8 million. The Origin purchase consideration consisted of (i) \$5.5 million cash consideration (including the payment of Origin's transaction costs and debt on behalf of Origin), (ii) \$2.0 million equity consideration provided by the Company (which was immediately exchanged for 533,333 units of the Parent, which following the Reorganization represents 266,667 shares of the Company), (iii) \$1.4 million deferred cash consideration payable 18 months after closing, not contingent on any future conditions, (iv) \$4.6 million of additional cash earn-out based on the achievement of certain Origin standalone EBITDA targets for 2019 and 2020, and (v) \$0.3 million estimated contingent cash consideration relating to the Company's finalization of preacquisition sales tax liabilities owed to the Origin's sellers according to the terms of the Origin purchase agreement.

The final allocation of the Origin purchase consideration to the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date is as follows:

	(In th	nousands)
Assets acquired:		
Cash, net of cash acquired	\$	376
Accounts receivable		1,379
Inventories		4,445
Prepaid and other assets		309
Identifiable intangible assets (customer relationship with estimated 6 years of useful life)		1,000
Property and equipment		140
Liabilities assumed:		
Accounts payable		(2,670)
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		(3,033)
Other liabilities, noncurrent		(447)
Net identifiable assets acquired		1,499
Goodwill		12,270
Net assets acquired	\$	13,769

The goodwill and identifiable intangible assets are deductible for tax purposes.

The estimated fair value of Origin's contingent earn-out decreased from \$4.6 million at acquisition date to \$4.0 million at December 31, 2019, primarily resulted from Origin's lower-than-expected EBITDA for the projected 2020 earn-out period. The reduction in fair value of \$0.6 million is recorded as a reduction to sales and general administrative expenses in the combined consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019. The earn-out liability of \$2.4 million contingent upon Origin's 2019 standalone EBITDA was fully paid in April 2020. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, there is no material change in the fair value of the remaining earn-out liability that is contingent upon Origin's 2020 standalone EBITDA results.

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

### 2018 Acquisition

### Elgato Acquisition

On June 6, 2018, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") with Elgato Systems GmbH and Elgato Systems LLC (collectively "Elgato Sellers") for the purchase of certain assets and the assumption of certain liabilities related to Elgato's gaming business. Elgato is the leading provider of hardware and software for content creators, based in Munich, Germany. The addition of Elgato's portfolio of gamer and creator streaming accessory products and solutions allows the Company to enter into the game streaming and video production market.

Elgato met the definition of business, and therefore this acquisition is accounted for as a business combination.

The Elgato acquisition consummated on July 2, 2018 (the "Elgato closing date") and the fair value of the total purchase consideration was approximately \$46.6 million, consisting of (i) \$30.2 million cash consideration, (ii) \$6.2 million equity consideration (an issuance of 1,736,521 units of the Parent, which following the Reorganization represents 868,260 shares of the Company), and (iii) \$10.2 million deferred cash consideration payable 6 months after closing, not contingent on any future conditions. The deferred cash consideration was paid out in January 2019.

Revenue and gross margin associated with the acquired Elgato business from the date of acquisition through December 31, 2018 was approximately \$25.4 million and \$11.0 million, respectively. It is not practicable to determine net income included in the Company's 2018 statement of operations relating to Elgato since the date of acquisition because it has been fully integrated into the Company's operations, and the operating results of Elgato can therefore not be separately identified.

The final allocation of the Elgato purchase consideration to the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date is as follows:

	(In th	iousands)
Assets acquired:		
Inventories	\$	4,283
Prepaid and other assets		548
Identifiable Intangible assets		19,342
Liabilities assumed:		
Sales return reserves		(500)
Other current liabilities and accrued expenses		(540)
Net identifiable assets acquired		23,133
Goodwill		23,487
Net assets acquired	\$	46,620

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Measurement period adjustments recorded for Elgato acquisition were not material.

The following table summarizes the components of identifiable intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of acquisition date:

	Fair Value	Useful Life
	(In thousands)	(In years)
Developed technology	\$ 10,769	5
In-process research and development	748	5
Trade name	7,825	15
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$ 19,342	

The fair value assigned to developed technology and in-process research and development were determined using the multiperiod excess-earnings method. The economic useful life was determined based on the expected life of the developed technology and the cash flows anticipated over the forecasted periods. The fair value assigned to trade name was determined using the relief-from-royalty approach, where the owner of the asset realizes a benefit from owning the intangible asset rather than paying a rental or royalty rate for use of the asset. The economic useful life of trade name relates to the "Elgato" brand was determined based on the expected life of the trade name and the cash flows anticipated over the forecasted periods. The acquired identifiable intangible assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life, which approximates the pattern in which these assets are utilized. Goodwill of \$23.5 million, derived from the Elgato acquisition, is primarily related to synergies arising from the acquisition and the value of the acquired workforce. The goodwill and identifiable intangible assets are deductible for tax purposes.

#### Acquisition-related costs

The Company incurred acquisition-related cost of approximately \$1.5 million, \$2.0 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively, and these costs are recorded in sales, general and administrative expenses in the combined consolidated statement of operations.

### Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

The following unaudited pro forma financial information combines the unaudited combined consolidated results of operations as if the acquisition of SCUF had occurred at the beginning of the periods presented:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	ix Months led June 30, 2019
	·	(unaudited) (in thousands)	
Net revenue	\$ 1,013,761	\$ 1,165,502	\$ 516,302
Net loss	(19,362)	(24,598)	(21,939)

The unaudited pro forma adjustments primarily include amortization for intangible assets acquired, the purchase accounting effect on contract liabilities assumed and inventory acquired, acquisition-related costs and interest expense related to financing arrangements. The unaudited pro

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

forma combined consolidated information is provided for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition and any borrowings undertaken to finance the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the periods presented.

Pro forma financial information for Origin acquisition is not included in the table above because the effects of the acquisition is not material to the Company's combined consolidated statements of operations individually or in aggregate for each year.

### 6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the difference between the purchase price and the estimated fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is allocated among and evaluated for impairment at the reporting unit level, which is defined as an operating segment or one level below an operating segment. The Company has four reporting units: Gaming Peripherals, Gaming Components, Gaming Memory and Gaming Systems. The Gamer and Creator Peripherals segment represents the Gaming Peripherals reporting unit, and the Gaming Components and Systems segment represents the Gaming Components, Gaming Memory and Gaming Systems reporting units.

The following table summarizes the activity in the Company's goodwill by reportable segment (in thousands):

	Gaming Components and Systems	Gamer and Creator Peripherals	Total
December 31, 2017 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 133,045	\$ 70,077	\$203,122
Addition from business acquisition	57	23,574	23,631
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates	(39)	(35)	(74)
December 31, 2018	\$ 133,063	\$ 93,616	\$226,679
Addition from business acquisitions	12,317	73,778	86,095
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates	(5)	(19)	(24)
December 31, 2019	\$ 145,375	\$ 167,375	\$312,750
Measurement period adjustments (unaudited)	(47)	(1,023)	(1,070)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates (unaudited)	(31)	(967)	(998)
June 30, 2020 (unaudited)	\$ 145,297	\$ 165,385	\$310,682

<sup>(1)</sup> The balances as of December 31, 2017 have been corrected for immaterial misstatements. Refer to Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Corrections of Immaterial Errors" for more information.

Intangible assets, net consist of the following:

		December 31, 2018						
	Weighted Average Useful Life	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period in Years	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization (In thousands)	Net Carrying Amount			
Intangible assets:								
Developed technology	3.3 years	3.3	\$ 25,153	\$ 10,578	\$ 14,575			
Trade name	15 years	14.5	7,825	261	7,564			
Customer relationships	10 years	8.7	216,869	29,153	187,716			
Non-competition agreements	4.4 years	3.4	3,110	1,074	2,036			
Total finite-life intangibles		8.4	252,957	41,066	211,891			
In-process research and development	n/a	n/a	491	_	491			
Indefinite life trade name	Indefinite life	_	35,430	_	35,430			
Total intangible assets			\$ 288,878	\$ 41,066	\$ 247,812			

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the gross amount of intangible assets increased \$19.3 million as a result of the Elgato acquisition.

		December 31, 2019							
	Weighted Average Useful Life	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period in Years	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization (In thousands)	Net Carrying Amount				
Developed technology	4.5 years	3.4	\$ 44,243	\$ 17,536	\$ 26,707				
Trade name	15.0 years	14.6	30,253	833	29,420				
Customer relationships	10.0 years	7.6	218,459	50,916	167,543				
Patent	7.9 years	7.9	30,721	130	30,591				
Non-competition agreements	4.4 years	2.6	3,110	1,774	1,336				
Total finite-life intangibles		7.7	326,786	71,189	255,597				
Indefinite life trade name	Indefinite life	_	35,430	_	35,430				
Total intangible assets			\$ 362,216	\$ 71,189	\$ 291,027				

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the gross amount for intangible assets increased \$1.0 million and \$72.2 million as a result of the Origin and SCUF acquisitions, respectively.

	<u></u>	June 30, 2020							
	Weighted Average Useful Life	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period in Years	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization (Unaudited) (In thousands)	Net Carrying Amount				
Developed technology	5.6 years	4.8	\$ 44,243	\$ 20,238	\$ 24,005				
Trade name	15.0 years	14.1	29,774	1,825	27,949				
Customer relationships	10.0 years	7.1	218,447	61,903	156,544				
Patent	7.9 years	7.4	28,720	1,960	26,760				
Non-competition agreements	5.0 years	2.1	3,110	2,026	1,084				
Total finite-life intangibles		7.7	324,294	87,952	236,342				
Indefinite life trade name	Indefinite life	_	35,430	_	35,430				
Total intangible assets			\$ 359,724	\$ 87,952	\$271,772				

The Company recognized amortization expense of intangible assets in the accompanying combined consolidated statements of operations as follows:

	Dece	Year Ended December 31, 2018		December 31, December 31,		Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	J	Months Ended une 30, 2020 naudited)
				(In thousa	ands)			
Cost of revenue	\$	_	\$	130	\$ —	\$	1,900	
Product development		8,147		6,958	4,637		2,702	
Sales, general and administrative		22,746		23,035	11,507		12,237	
Amortization of intangible assets	\$	30,893	\$	30,123	\$16,144	\$	16,839	

The estimated future amortization expense of intangible assets as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Amounts
	(In thousand
2020	\$ 33,83
2021	33,83
2022	33,68
2023	32,32
2024	31,02
Thereafter	90,93
Total	\$ 255,55

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

# 7. Balance Sheet Components

### Accounts Receivable, net:

	December 31, 2018		2019		June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	
			(In t	housands)		
Accounts receivable	\$	148,917	\$	202,546	\$	220,608
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(349)		(212)		(955)
Rebates(1)		(17,119)		· —		· —
Sales return reserves(1)	<u> </u>	(9,407)				
Accounts receivable, net	\$	122,042	\$	202,334	\$	219,653

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2018, under Topic 605, reserves for certain customer incentive programs and the reserves for sales returns, on a net basis, were included within accounts receivable, net. As of December 31, 2019, under Topic 606, such balances are presented on a gross basis in other liabilities and accrued expenses in the combined consolidated balance sheet. Refer to Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting policies—Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: Adoption of ASC Topic 606, for detailed information on the impact on the balance sheet reclassifications from the adoption of Topic 606.

# Inventories

	Dec	cember 31, 2018	December 31, 2019		_	June 30, 2020	
			(In ti	housands)	(U	naudited)	
Raw materials	\$	22,514	\$	25,547	\$	30,017	
Work in progress		5,366		2,690		9,232	
Finished goods		121,142		122,826		105,137	
Inventories	\$	149,022	\$	151,063	\$	144,386	

# Property and Equipment, Net

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2019		 une 30, 2020 naudited)
			(In th	ousands)	
Manufacturing equipment	\$	11,917	\$	15,291	\$ 17,036
Computer equipment, software and office equipment		4,417		6,958	8,140
Furniture and fixtures		875		2,602	2,814
Leasehold improvements		1,676		3,544	4,200
Total property and equipment	\$	18,885	\$	28,395	\$ 32,190
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(6,412)		(13,030)	(17,498)
Property and equipment, net	\$	12,473	\$	15,365	\$ 14,692

#### Other Liabilities and Accrued Expenses

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2019			une 30, 2020
			(In th	ousands)	(Ur	naudited)
Accrued reserves for customer incentive programs(1)	\$	_	\$	36,582	\$	33,670
Accrued reserves for sales return(1)		_		24,610		27,872
Accrued payroll and related expense		8,353		10,638		18,031
Deferred and unearned revenue		_		4,222		13,571
Income tax payable		3,573		8,524		9,973
Sales and use taxes and value-added tax liabilities		995		8,591		8,613
Lease liabilities, current		_		_		6,386
Warranty reserves		2,581		3,991		5,005
Deferred and contingent purchase consideration(2)(3)		10,448		2,397		3,454
Other		9,680		15,986		26,080
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	\$	35,630	\$	115,541	\$	152,655

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2018, under Topic 605, reserves for certain customer incentive programs and the reserves for sales returns, on a net basis, were included within accounts receivable, net. As of December 31, 2019, under Topic 606, such balances are presented on a gross basis in other liabilities and accrued expenses in the combined consolidated balance sheet. Refer to Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting policies—Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: Adoption of ASC Topic 606, for detailed information on the impact on the balance sheet reclassifications from the adoption of Topic 606.

### Warranty Reserve

Changes in warranty obligation, which are included as a component of accrued liabilities in the combined consolidated balance sheets, are as follows:

	Dece	December 31, December		er Ended ember 31, 2019 (In thousa	Jı (Un	Months Ended une 30, 2019 audited)	J.	Months Ended une 30, 2020 audited)
Warranty obligation at beginning of period(1)	\$	2,570	\$	2,581	\$	2,581	\$	3,991
Balance assumed from business combinations		167		595		_		_
Warranty provision related to products shipped		2,410		5,996		2,836		3,469
Deductions for warranty claims processed		(2,566)		(5,181)		(2,642)		(2,455)
Warranty obligation at end of period	\$	2,581	\$	3,991	\$	2,775	\$	5,005

<sup>(1)</sup> The beginning balance for the year ended December 31, 2018 has been corrected for immaterial misstatements. Refer to Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Corrections of Immaterial Errors" for more information.

<sup>(2)</sup> As of December 31, 2018, the deferred cash consideration of €9.0 million related to the Elgato acquisition, which was not contingent on any future conditions, was paid on January 3, 2019. Refer to note 5 for further details.

<sup>(3)</sup> As of December 31, 2019, the estimated obligation for the Origin earn-out payment related to Origin's 2019 standalone financial target of \$2.4 million was fully paid in the second quarter of 2020. As of June 30, 2020, the estimated obligation for Origin remaining deferred and contingent consideration was approximately \$3.5 million, in aggregate, and this is expected to be paid in 2021.

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# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

#### 8. Debt

First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement

On August 28, 2017, the Company entered into a syndicated First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement ("First Lien") with various financial institutions. The First Lien originally provided a \$235 million term loan ("First Lien Term Loan") for a business acquisition and to repay existing indebtedness of the acquired company and a \$50 million revolving line-of-credit ("Revolver"). The First Lien and the Revolver matures on August 28, 2024 and August 28, 2022, respectively.

Subsequently, the Company entered into several amendments to the First Lien and the principal amount of the First Lien Term Loan was increased by \$10 million in 2017 and increased by \$115 million in each of 2018 and 2019, primarily to fund various business acquisitions and operation needs. The First Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus a margin of 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. The Revolver initially bore interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's election, either the (a) greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) sum of the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.5%, (iii) one month LIBOR plus 1.0% and (iv) 2%, plus 3.5%, or (b) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1.0%, plus a margin of 4.5%. As a result of the First Lien amendment in October 2018, the First Lien term loan and Revolver margin were both changed to range from 2.75% to 3.25% for base rate loans and to range from 3.75% to 4.25% for Eurodollar loans, based on the Company's net leverage ratio.

Additionally, new contingent repayment provisions were added in the First Lien amendment in October 2018. Five business days after a qualified initial public offering ("IPO") of the Company's stock, the Company will be required to prepay all amounts (principal and interest) outstanding under the Second Lien term loan. Concurrently, the Company will also be required to prepay the First Lien Term Loan in an amount equal to the IPO proceeds, less the amount used to repay the Second Lien Term Loan, multiplied by 50%.

The amendments to the First Lien were accounted for as loan modifications.

The Company may prepay the First Lien Term Loan and the Revolver at any time without premium or penalty other than customary LIBOR breakage. According to the Consolidated Excess Cash Flow clause as defined in the First Lien Term Loan agreement, in April 2020, the Company prepaid \$2.6 million of the First Lien Term Loan.

The Company incurred debt issuance costs in connection with the First Lien Term Loan and its related amendments, in aggregate, of \$1.0 million, \$2.3 million and \$0.2 million in 2018, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and these costs are amortized over the term of the First Lien Term loan using an effective interest rate method. There were no debt issuance costs incurred for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of the First Lien Term Loan:

	December 31, 2018	2019	June 30, 2020
			(Unaudited)
		(In thousands)	
Principal amount outstanding	\$ 356,300	\$ 467,332	\$ 463,513
Less: Debt discount, net of amortization	(3,538)	(3,850)	(3,434)
Less: Debt issuance costs, net of amortization	(4,804)	(5,825)	(5,531)
Carrying amount	\$ 347,958	\$ 457,657	\$ 454,548

Under the First Lien Term Loan, the Company recorded interest expense of \$24.4 million, \$26.3 million, \$13.4 million and \$14.9 million, including amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts of \$2.5 million, \$2.1 million, \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. The interest expense for the First Lien Term Loan for the six months ended June 30, 2020 also included \$52 thousand of loss from partial debt extinguishment from writing off a portion of the unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs relating to the \$2.6 million debt prepayment in April 2020.

The Company also incurred debt issuance costs in connection with the Revolver of \$2.0 million in 2017 and additional \$150 thousand each in 2018 and 2019. There were no such debt issuance costs incurred for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020. These costs are recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets and other assets in the combined consolidated balance sheets and amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the Revolver. The debt issuance costs for Revolver, net of amortization was \$1.4 million, \$1.1 million and \$0.8 million as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The following table summarizes the draws and repayments of the Revolver:

	 Year Ended		End	x Months ed June 30, 2019 naudited)	End	ix Months led June 30, 2020 Jnaudited)	
Beginning balance	\$ _	\$	27,000`	\$	27,000	\$	_
Draws	364,300		475,300		230,200		35,500
Repayments	(337,300)		(502,300)		(229,700)		(35,500)
Ending balance	\$ 27,000	\$		\$	27,500	\$	

The Company recorded interest expense of \$2.0 million, \$3.3 million, \$1.6 million and \$0.3 million, including amortization of issuance costs of \$0.5 million, \$0.5 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively, under the Revolver.

Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement

On August 28, 2017, the Company also entered into a syndicated Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement ("Second Lien") with various financial institutions. The Second Lien initially

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

provided a \$65 million term loan ("Second Lien Term Loan"), with a maturity date of August 28, 2025, for a business acquisition and for general corporate operations purposes. The Second Lien Term Loan initially carried interest at a base rate equal to that of the First Lien loan, plus a margin of 7.25% for base rate loans and 8.25% for Eurodollar loans.

In October 2017, the Company entered into an amendment to the Second Lien and the principal amount of the Second Lien Term Loan was reduced by \$15 million and the applicable interest rate margins for both the base rate loans and Eurodollar loans were increased by 0.25%. The amendment to the Second Lien was accounted for as a loan modification.

The Company may prepay the Second Lien Term Loan any time after the first and second anniversary without premium or penalty. On June 1, 2020, the Company prepaid \$10.0 million of the Second Lien Term Loan and subsequently on August 6, 2020, the Company prepaid an additional \$15.0 million with its excess cash on hand. Accordingly, \$14.5 million (\$15.0 million principal net of \$0.5 million of unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs) of the Second Lien Term Loan balance at June 30, 2020 was reclassified from the debt, noncurrent portion to the debt, current portion on the Company's combined consolidated balance sheet.

On September 4, 2020, the Company prepaid an additional \$25.0 million of the outstanding principal on the Second Lien Term Loan with excess cash on hand. Following this repayment, the Second Lien Term Loan was fully repaid and all obligations and covenants thereunder were terminated.

The Company incurred debt issuance costs in connection with the Second Lien Term Loan and its related amendment of \$2.2 million in 2017 and these costs are amortized over the term of the Second Lien Term loan using an effective interest rate method. No debt issuance costs were incurred in connection with the Second Lien Term Loan for all periods presented.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of the Second Lien Term Loan:

	December 2018		nber 31, 019		une 30, 2020 audited)
		(In thou	sands)	•	•
Principal amount outstanding	\$ 50,0	00 \$	50,000	\$	40,000
Less: Debt discount, net of amortization	(5	72)	(471)		(341)
Less: Debt issuance costs, net of amortization	(1,6	69)	(1,374)		(990)
Carrying amount	\$ 47,7	59 \$ 4	48,155	\$	38,669

Under the Second Lien Term Loan, the Company recorded interest expense of \$5.7 million, \$5.9 million, \$3.0 million and \$3.0 million, including amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts of \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. The interest expense for the Second Lien Term Loan for the six months ended June 30, 2020 also included \$0.3 million of loss from partial debt extinguishment from writing off a portion of the unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs relating to the \$10.0 million debt prepayment in June 2020.

The Company's obligations under the First Lien and Second Lien are secured by substantially all of its personal property assets and those of its subsidiaries, including their intellectual property. Also

# COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

pledged as security are all shares held in the majority-owned subsidiaries. The First Lien and Second Lien Term Loans include customary restrictive covenants that impose operating and financial restrictions on the Company, including restrictions on its ability to take actions that could be in the Company's best interests. These restrictive covenants include operating covenants restricting, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, effect certain acquisitions or make other fundamental changes. The Company was in compliance with all of the covenants as of June 30, 2020.

In addition, the First Lien and Second Lien contain events of default that include, among others, non-payment of principal, interest or fees, breach of covenants, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, cross defaults to certain other indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency events, material judgments and events constituting a change of control. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an event of default, interest on the obligations may accrue at an increased rate in the case of a non-payment or bankruptcy and insolvency and the lenders may accelerate the Company's obligations under the First Lien Term Loan, except that acceleration will be automatic in the case of bankruptcy and insolvency events of default.

The following table summarizes the interest expense recognized for the First Lien and Second Lien:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018		 ar Ended ember 31, 2019 (In thous	(U	x Months Ended lune 30, 2019 naudited)	J	Months Ended une 30, 2020 naudited)
Contractual interest expense for First Lien and Second Lien Term Loan	\$	27,395	\$ 29,757	\$	15,080	\$	16,506
Contractual interest expense for Revolver		1,500	2,758		1,310		16
Amortization of debt discount		1,046	946		484		453
Amortization of debt issuance costs		2,258	2,043		1,069		889
Loss on partial debt extinguishment		_	_		_		392
Total interest expense recognized	\$	32,199	\$ 35,504	\$	17,943	\$	18,256

Notwithstanding the subsequent voluntary prepayments described above, the estimated future principal payments under the Company's total long-term debt as of June 30, 2020 are as follows (unaudited):

	 Amounts thousands)
2020 (remaining six months)	\$ 15,952
2021	4,771
2022	4,771
2023	4,771
2024	448,249
Thereafter	25,000
Total debt	\$ 503,514
Less: Discount and debt issuance costs	 (10,296)
Total Debt, net of discount and debt issuance costs	\$ 493,218
Presented on the combined consolidated balance sheet under:	 
Current portion of debt, net	\$ 15,457
Debt, net	\$ 477,761

### 9. Commitments and Contingencies

# **Purchase Obligations**

As of December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, the Company had outstanding non-cancellable long-term purchase commitments of \$1.9 million and \$5.0 million, respectively.

# Letters of Credit

As of December 31, 2018 and 2019, the Company issued two letters of credit totaling \$1.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, to two suppliers in exchange for increased credit limits. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company issued an additional \$0.5 million letter of credit to another supplier. As of June 30, 2020, the Company had three letters of credits outstanding, totaling \$2.0 million. No amounts have been drawn upon the letters of credit.

### Indemnification

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may provide indemnifications of varying scope and terms with respect to certain transactions. The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with directors and certain officers and employees that will require the Company, among other things, to indemnify them against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors, officers or employees. No demands have been made upon the Company to provide indemnification under such agreements, and thus, there are no claims that the Company is aware of that could have a material effect on the Company's combined consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations, or statements of cash flows. The Company currently has directors' and officers' insurance.

### 10. Stockholders' Equity

On March 29, 2018, the Parent declared to its unitholders a special one-time cash dividend of \$85.0 million, in the aggregate, based on the number of units outstanding on the declaration date. The dividend was distributed out of the Company's assets on the same day.

On December 19, 2019, the Parent issued 14,092,098 units, which following the Reorganization represents 7,046,049 shares of the Company's common stock, as a result of a capital call, for a total capital contribution of \$53.5 million to fund the acquisition of SCUF.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, the Parent issued 1,736,521 units and 2,644,151 units, which following the Reorganization represents 868,260 and 1,322,075 shares of the Company's common stock, respectively, as part of the consideration for acquisitions. The units had an estimated fair value of \$6.2 million and \$10.0 million at the time of issuance, respectively. Refer to Note 5 for additional information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

On September 15, 2020, the Company completed a Reorganization through a series of steps as discussed in Note 1. In connection with the Reorganization, the Company filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation which authorizes 100,000,000 shares of common stock of the Company for issuance, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

#### 11. Equity Incentive Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

### 2017 Equity Incentive Plan

In 2017, the Parent adopted an Equity Incentive Program (the "2017 Equity Incentive Program"). The 2017 Equity Incentive Program was administered by the General Partner, EagleTree-Carbide (GP), LLC, who determines the types of awards to be granted, the number of units subject to the awards, the exercise price and the vesting requirements. Only the Company's employees and directors participated in this program in all the periods presented herewith. Under the 2017 Equity Incentive Program, 21,053,276 units (which following the Reorganization represents 10,526,638 shares of the Company's common stock), in aggregate, of the Parent's units have been reserved for the issuance of unit awards. No options will be exercisable more than 10 years after the date of grant. An exercise price per unit may not be less than 100% of the fair market value per unit on the date of grant. Options generally vest 20% annually over five years from the vesting commencement date.

In connection with the Reorganization discussed in Note 1, the Parent's 2017 Equity Incentive Program was assumed by the Company and all the outstanding options to acquire units under the Parent's 2017 Equity Incentive Program were converted into options to purchase the Company's common stock on a pro rata basis with an adjusted exercise price to reflect the assumption. No other modifications were made to the options. No further options will be granted under the 2017 Equity Incentive Program following the Reorganization. Following the completion of the Reorganization, on September 15, 2020, there were 10,029,388 options outstanding to purchase the Company's common stock.

Following the Reorganization, on September 15, 2020, the Company's board approved the new 2020 Incentive Award Incentive Plan and the 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan and both plans are subject to shareholder approval. Under the 2020 Incentive Award Plan, 5,125,000 shares of common stock have been initially reserved for the issuance of share awards. Under the 2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, 1,025,000 shares of common stock have been initially reserved for the issuance of share awards.

### **Unit Award Repricing**

On July 18, 2018, the Parent approved a modification to all unexercised unit awards outstanding as of July 18, 2018 that were granted prior to the dividend distribution that occurred on March 29, 2018. The exercise price of the modified unit awards was reduced by \$0.56 per unit. The reduction in the exercise price is equal to the one-time cash dividend, distributed on March 29, 2018, on a per unit basis. The Parent modified the exercise price of 14,570,000 unit awards, which following the Reorganization represents 7,285,000 stock options of the Company, granted as part of the 2017 Equity Incentive Program and held by 84 employees.

This modification resulted in incremental stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$4.8 million, which is being recognized by the Company over the then remaining requisite service period of 4.1 years from the modification date.

### Separation Agreement with an Executive

On April 30, 2019, the Company entered into a Separation agreement with an executive. The terms of the Separation agreement included cash compensation of approximately \$0.7 million that was paid on November 7, 2019. In addition, certain terms of the executive's outstanding unit awards were modified resulting in incremental stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$0.4 million. The cash compensation and incremental stock-based compensation expense were fully recognized in 2019.

### **Common Stock Options Activity**

Unless otherwise indicated, the Parent's unit award activities and related information are summarized and presented in this section for all periods presented as the equivalents of the Company's stock options following the Reorganization.

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activities and related information for the periods presented:

Outstanding Options		erage ercise	Weighted- Average Remaining Contract Term (In years)	Intri	ggregate nsic Value nousands)
7,150,000	\$	4.98	9.9	\$	6,006
737,500		7.23			
(3,250)		2.97			
(181,250)		4.80			
7,703,000		4.18	8.9		19,615
1,935,000		7.78			
(34,000)		3.63			
(814,000)		5.34			
8,790,000		4.86	8.1		24,949
1,699,388		7.86			
(250,000)		3.86			
(75,000)		4.64			
10,164,388	\$	5.38	8.1	\$	39,060
2,777,388	\$	4.21	7.4	\$	13,912
	7,150,000 737,500 (3,250) (181,250) 7,703,000 1,935,000 (34,000) (814,000) 8,790,000 1,699,388 (250,000) (75,000) 10,164,388	Outstanding Options Ex F   7,150,000 \$ 737,500 (3,250) (181,250) 7,703,000 (34,000) (814,000) 8,790,000 1,699,388 (250,000) (75,000) 10,164,388 \$	Options         Price           7,150,000         \$ 4.98           737,500         7.23           (3,250)         2.97           (181,250)         4.80           7,703,000         4.18           1,935,000         7.78           (34,000)         3.63           (814,000)         5.34           8,790,000         4.86           1,699,388         7.86           (250,000)         3.86           (75,000)         4.64           10,164,388         \$ 5.38	Outstanding Options         Weighted Average Exercise Price         Average Remaining Contract Contract Term (In years)           7,150,000         \$ 4.98         9.9           737,500         7.23         (3.250)           (3,250)         2.97         (181,250)           4.80         7,703,000         4.18         8.9           1,935,000         7.78         (34,000)         3.63           (814,000)         5.34         8.790,000         4.86         8.1           1,699,388         7.86         (250,000)         3.86         (75,000)         4.64           10,164,388         \$ 5.38         8.1	Outstanding Options         Weighted-Average Exercise Price         Average Contract Contract Contract (In years)         Agency Intriduction (In the price of the

The weighted average grant-date fair value of the stock options granted for the years ended December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 was \$2.51, \$2.88, \$2.75 and \$3.11 per option, respectively.

As of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, the unrecognized stock-based compensation costs were \$13.1 million, \$13.2 million and \$15.8 million, respectively, which are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.78, 3.48 years and 3.53 years, respectively.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation in the accompanying combined consolidated statements of operations as follows:

	-	ear Ended cember 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019		Ended	Months I June 30, 2019 nudited)	Ende	Months d June 30, 2020 audited)
0 1 5	•	400	•		ousanus)	00	•	400
Cost of revenue	\$	162	\$	197	\$	93	\$	132
Product development		407		567		275		304
Sales, general and administrative		2,182		3,084		1,578		2,219
Stock-based compensation	\$	2,751	\$	3,848	\$	1,946	\$	2,655

The Company computed the fair value of the options on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model, with the following valuation assumptions:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018		Year End December 2019		Ende	Months d June 30, 2019 audited)	Ended 2	Months June 30, 020 udited)
Weighted average grant date fair value per common stock	\$	6.88	\$	7.59	\$	7.37	\$	7.78
Weighted average expected term in years		6.48	(	5.48		6.47		6.40
Range of expected volatility	33.	4%-35.0%	34.3%-	36.1%	34	1.3%-34.6%	35.	8%-42.8%
Weighted average expected dividend yield		_		_		_		_
Range of risk free interest rate	2	.7%-3.1%	1.4%	-2.6%		1.9%-2.6%	(	0.4%-1.8%

### **Determination of Fair Value**

The fair value of each common stock option grant was determined by the Company using the method and assumptions discussed below. Each of these inputs is subjective and generally requires significant judgment and estimation by management.

The estimated grant-date fair value of all of the Company's stock-based awards was calculated based on the following assumptions:

Expected Term—The expected term represents the period that stock-based awards are expected to be outstanding. The expected term for option grants is determined using the simplified method. The simplified method deems the term to be the average of the time-to-vesting and the contractual life of the stock-based awards.

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## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Expected Volatility—Since the Company does not have a trading history for its common stock, the expected volatility was derived from the historical stock volatilities of comparable peer public companies within its industry that are considered to be comparable to the Company's business over a period equivalent to the expected term of the stock-based awards.

Risk-Free Interest Rate—The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the date of grant for zero-coupon U.S. Treasury notes with maturities approximately equal to the stock-based awards' expected term.

Expected Dividend Rate—The expected dividend is zero as, other than the declaration and payments of a special one-time cash dividend of \$85.0 million in March 2018, the Company has not paid nor does it anticipate paying any dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future.

Fair Value of Common Stock—The fair value of the Company's common stock is determined by the Company's board of directors because there is no public market for the Company's common stock. The Company's board of directors determines the fair value of the common stock by considering a number of objective and subjective factors, including having valuations of its common stock performed by an unrelated valuation specialist, valuations of comparable peer public companies, operating and financial performance, the lack of liquidity of the Company's stock, and general and industry-specific economic outlook.

The expense is recognized over the requisite service period.

### 12. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Following the Reorganization, all share and per share information in this section has been revised as common share equivalents of the Company. The following table summarizes the calculation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share attributable to the Company's common stockholders during the periods presented:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
		(In thousands, except shar	e and per share amounts)	
Numerator				
Net income (loss), basic and diluted	\$ (13,720)	\$ (8,394)	<u>\$ (15,925)</u>	\$ 23,817
Denominator				
Weighted-average shares used to compute net				
income (loss) per share, basic	75,457,693	76,223,451	75,881,321	84,088,872
Effect of dilutive options(1)	<u></u> _	<u></u> _	<u></u> _	2,112,599
Weighted-average shares used to compute net				
income (loss) per share, diluted	75,457,693	76,223,451	75,881,321	86,201,471
Net income (loss) per share, basic	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.28
Net income (loss) per share, diluted	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.28

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## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

(1) As a result of the Company's net loss, dilutive ordinary share equivalents of approximately 1.3 million, 1.9 million and 1.7 million options were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and for the six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

Potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share if their inclusion is anti-dilutive. The following table shows the weighted-average outstanding securities considered anti-dilutive and therefore excluded from the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
Options	2,647,008	1,673,618	1,948,997	3,191,249

### 13. Income Taxes

Income (loss) before income tax consists of the following:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	
	(In thou	usands)	
Domestic	\$ (15,887)	\$ (18,407)	
Foreign operations	5,180	5,008	
Loss before income tax	\$ (10,707)	\$ (13,399)	

Income tax (expense) benefit consists of the following:

	Dec	December 31, 2018		mber 31, 2019
		(In thou	sands	)
United States federal taxes:				
Current	\$	(1,029)	\$	(2,177)
Deferred		(209)		5,948
State taxes:				
Current		(113)		(529)
Deferred		(64)		1,421
Foreign taxes:				
Current		(4,888)		(3,824)
Deferred		3,290		4,166
Income tax (expense) benefit	\$	(3,013)	\$	5,005

## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

The income tax (expense) benefit differs from the amount which would result by applying the applicable statutory deferral rate to income before income taxes as follows:

	•	ear ended cember 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2019
		(In thou	isands)
Provision at federal statutory rate	\$	1,581	\$ 2,814
State taxes		423	911
Change in valuation allowance		(5,411)	719
Expired capital losses and tax credits		368	_
Foreign rate differential		439	300
Net operating loss		_	2,557
Effect of change in tax rate on deferred tax assets		(245)	(469)
Tax on undistributed foreign earnings		_	(1,520)
Other		(168)	(307)
Income tax (expense) benefit	\$	(3,013)	\$ 5,005

The significant variations in the change in valuation allowance in 2019 represent a release of valuation allowance due to increased deferred tax liability generated by acquired intangible assets from the SCUF acquisition. The disclosure for foreign rate differential reflects the impact of the effective tax rate benefit from operations in jurisdictions where the applicable foreign tax rate is lower than the U.S. statutory rate. The Company was not subject to any tax holidays or tax holiday terminations subject to disclosure during these periods that impacted loss per share.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities comprise the following:

	As of December 31, 2018		As of ember 31, 2019
	 (In thou	usands)	
Deferred tax assets:			
Accrued expenses and reserves	\$ 3,368	\$	12,516
Equity-based compensation	825		1,720
NOL and capital losses	12,917		14,461
Interest expense carryover	1,613		3,628
Tax credits	2,124		1,339
Cumulative transaction adjustment	 300		355
Total deferred tax assets	 21,147		34,019
Less valuation allowance	(13,335)		(12,615)
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Intangible assets	(42,027)		(53,382)
Other Control of the	(31)		(195)
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$ (34,246)	\$	(32,173)

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## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

The Company has established a valuation allowance of \$13.3 million and \$12.6 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2019, respectively, against its net deferred tax assets. The Company determines its valuation allowance on deferred tax assets by considering both positive and negative evidence in order to ascertain whether it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will be realized. Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, if any, the timing and amount of which are uncertain. Due to the history of losses the Company has generated in the past, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance on its federal, U.S. state, and Luxembourg deferred tax assets.

In December 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Acts ('Tax Act') was enacted into law. The Act revised the business interest expense limitation. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, IRC §163(j) limits the deduction for business interest to the sum of business interest income and 30 percent of adjusted taxable income without regard to business interest expense or income; and net operating loss deduction. Limited interest is carried forward indefinitely. In 2019, the Company's interest expense of \$2.5 million is subject to limitation. State conformity to this provision is applied on a jurisdiction-by jurisdiction basis.

The Act extended and modified IRC §168(k) bonus depreciation provisions, allowing businesses to immediately deduct 100% of the cost of eligible property in the year it is placed in service, through 2022. The amount of allowable bonus depreciation is then phased down over four years: 80% will be allowed for property placed in service in 2023, 60% in 2024, 40% in 2025, and 20% in 2026. The Company has taken bonus depreciation of approximately \$2.6 million in the current year. State conformity to this provision and is applied on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction basis.

On December 22, 2017, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin 118 ("SAB 118"), which provides guidance on accounting for tax effects of the Act. SAB 118's measurement period closed on December 22, 2018, one year from the Act's enactment. In accordance with SAB 118, the Company took a provisional amount of bonus tax depreciation following the provisions under IRC §168(k) as of December 31, 2017. Upon finalization in 2018, the provisional adjustment did not change, resulting in no adjustment to tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Act's impact on the Company's state income tax rate was less than 1 percent.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards for federal, state and foreign tax purposes of \$31.3 million, \$29.8 million, and \$18.2 million. The federal net operating losses will begin to expire starting in 2031. The state net operating losses will begin to expire starting in 2031. The foreign losses begin to expire in 2021. Certain tax attributes are subject to an annual limitation as a result of the Company's investment in certain subsidiaries of its predecessor, Corsair Components (Cayman) Ltd., in August 2017, which constitutes a change of ownership as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company does not expect the tax attributes to be materially affected by the Company's annual limitation.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$0.5 million of cumulative unrecognized tax benefits. \$0.4 million of these unrecognized tax benefits will favorably impact the Company's effective tax rate in future periods to the extent benefits are recognized. As of December 31, 2019, the Company expects to reduce its unrecognized tax benefits by \$0.4 million in the next 12 months. The expected decrease to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits is related to an income tax examination of one of our foreign subsidiaries.

## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

The Company files income tax returns with the U.S. federal government, various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions including China, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Slovenia, Taiwan, United Kingdom and Vietnam. The Company's tax returns in U.S., various U.S. states and foreign jurisdictions remain open to examination from 2013 to 2018.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act was enacted and signed into U.S. law to provide economic relief to individuals and businesses facing economic hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Changes in tax laws or rates are accounted for in the period of enactment and as a result, the Company has recorded additional income tax benefits of \$0.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2020 resulting from the enactment of the CARES Act.

#### 14. Related-Party Transactions

One of the Company's directors was a director of one of the Company's vendors. On October 23, 2018, this director has notified the vendor's board of directors of his decision to retire and leave the board and was effective at the time of notification. This director remains a director of the Company. The vendor sold inventory to the Company for which the Company paid \$25.3 million for the period from January 1, 2018 to October 23, 2018.

A company affiliated with the general partner, EagleTree-Carbide (GP), LLC provides management and consulting services relating to the business and operations of the Company. The Company incurred \$0.3 million, \$0.3 million, \$46 thousand and \$0.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively, which covers travel and out-of-pocket expenses related to such services. The unpaid services were \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

One of the Company's directors, through one of his companies, entered into a service agreement to serve as a business management consultant for the Company. The Company incurred \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million, \$48 thousand and \$62 thousand of consulting fees under the service agreement for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. The unpaid services were \$30 thousand as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The Company entered into a lease agreement with a business entity owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and recorded associated rent expense of \$54 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019, and \$27 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The lease was suspended on January 1, 2020 and has not been renewed since. The Company provided a security deposit of \$5 thousand as collateral for the lease. As of December 31, 2018, the unpaid rent balance included in the accounts payable was \$5 thousand. There were no unpaid rent balances as of December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020.

As discussed in Note 8, the Company has a Second Lien Term Loan outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and 2019. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and an affiliate of the Parent both held \$4.0 million of the outstanding principal balance of the Second Lien Term Loan as of December 31, 2018. During 2019, the Company's Chief Executive Officer disposed 50% of his principal balance to a company owned by one of the Company's directors, and the remaining 50% to an unrelated third party. The total net carrying value of the net Second Lien Term Loan balance held by all related parties was

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## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

\$7.6 million, \$5.8 million and \$5.8 million as of December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Subsequently, by September 4, 2020, the Company fully paid off the remaining outstanding balance of the Second Lien Term Loan and as a result, there is no debt held by related parties since September 4, 2020. Refer to note 8 for further details.

### 15. Segment and Geographic Information

The Company has two reportable segments: gamer and creator peripherals and gaming components and systems.

The results of the reportable segments are derived directly from the Company's reporting system and are based on the methods of internal reporting which are not necessarily in conformity with GAAP. Management measures net revenue and gross profit to evaluate the performance of, and allocate resources to, each of the segments. Management does not use asset information to assess performance and make decisions regarding allocation of resources.

Prior to fiscal year 2019, the Company operated its business in three reportable segments – gaming PC peripherals, gaming PC components and gaming PC memory. With effect from the fourth quarter of 2019, gaming PC memory was no longer reviewed and assessed separately by the Company's CODM as an operating segment for resource allocation purposes. To align with the objective of Topic 280 and present the Company's disaggregated financial information consistent with the management approach, the gaming PC memory operating segment is included as a component within the gaming PC components operating segment. Beginning with fiscal year 2019, the Company reports its financial performance based on two reportable segments:

- Gamer and Creator Peripherals (previously defined as Gaming PC Peripherals), which includes keyboards, mice, mousepads, gaming headsets and gaming chairs, gamer and creator streaming gear including game and video capture hardware, video production accessories and docking stations, and following our SCUF acquisition, console gaming accessories including controllers; and
- Gaming Components and Systems (now includes the Gaming PC Memory component), which includes PSUs, cooling
  solutions including custom cooling products, computer cases, prebuilt and custom built gaming PCs and laptops, and high
  performance memory components such as DRAM modules.

Comparative period financial information for fiscal year 2018 by reportable segment has been recast to conform with current presentation.

## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Financial information for each reportable segment was as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019 Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)		Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	
Net revenue		·	·		
Gaming and Creator Peripherals	\$ 233,536	\$ 294,141	\$ 129,478	\$ 185,976	
Gaming Components and Systems	704,017	803,033	356,769	502,949	
Total net revenue	\$ 937,553	\$ 1,097,174	\$ 486,247	\$ 688,925	
Gross Profit					
Gaming and Creator Peripherals	\$ 73,489	\$ 81,363	\$ 38,286	\$ 60,876	
Gaming Components and Systems	119,206	142,924	55,321	122,810	
Total gross profit	\$ 192,695	\$ 224,287	\$ 93,607	\$ 183,686	

The Company's CODM manages assets on a total company basis, not by operating segments; therefore, asset information and capital expenditures by operating segments are not presented.

## Geographic Information

The following table reflects revenue by geographic area by customer location:

	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
		(In the	ousands)	
Net revenue				
United States	\$ 329,179	\$ 386,944	\$ 174,889	\$ 249,950
Other Americas	57,579	73,312	31,993	50,233
Europe and Middle East	348,798	406,435	173,384	249,734
Asia Pacific	201,997	230,483	105,981	139,008
Total net revenue	\$ 937,553	\$ 1,097,174	\$ 486,247	\$ 688,925

Long-lived assets are comprised primarily of property and equipment, net. The following table presents a summary of property and equipment, net by country:

	Dec	December 31, 31, 2018 2019		June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		
			(In the	usands)		
United States	\$	4,394	\$	6,400	\$	5,987
China		6,363		4,998		5,011
Taiwan		983		2,270		2,453
Other countries		733		1,697		1,241
Property and equipment, net	\$	12,473	\$	15,365	\$	14,692

## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

#### 16. Leases

The Company's lease portfolio consists primarily of real estate facilities under operating leases. The Company determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception. ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at commencement based on the present value of the lease consideration in the contracts over the lease term. The Company applies its incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of the lease consideration in the contracts, as most of its leases do not provide an implicit rate. The Company's incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest it would have to pay on a collateralized basis to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments under similar terms. Because the Company does not generally borrow on a collateralized basis, it applies an estimate of what its collateralized credit rating would be as an input to deriving an appropriate incremental borrowing rate. Certain of the Company's lease agreements include options to extend or renew the lease terms. Such options are excluded from the ROU assets and lease liabilities, unless they are reasonably certain to be exercised. Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Certain lease agreements contain variable lease payments, which primarily include variable costs for warehousing and distribution services related to the Company's outsourced distribution hubs, and to a lesser extent, variable costs related to office common area maintenance charges.

The table below summarizes the components of lease expenses (unaudited):

		ed June 30, 2020
	(In t	housands)
Operating lease expense	\$	4,193
Variable lease expense		2,431
Total lease expense	\$	6,624

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company made \$4.1 million in payments for operating leases included within cash provided by operating activities in its combined consolidated statement of cash flows.

As of June 30, 2020, the weighted-average remaining lease term was 2.9 years and the weighted-average discount rate was 4.5%.

Amounts of future undiscounted cash flows related to operating lease payments over the lease term included in the measurement of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2020 are as follows (unaudited):

	A	mounts
	(In t	housands)
2020 (remaining six months)	\$	3,650
2021		5,923
2022		2,896
2023		1,790
2024		1,183
Thereafter		150
Total	\$	15,592

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## COMBINED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CORSAIR GAMING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2019, as defined under the previous lease accounting guidance of ASC Topic 840, were as follows:

	Amounts
	(In thousands)
2020	\$ 7,525
2021	5,786
2022	2,701
2023	1,584
2024	1,025
Thereafter	<del>-</del>
Total	\$ 18,621

In April 2020, the Company entered into a new warehouse distribution agreement which consists of a lease for the right of use of the warehouse. The lease term of this new contract is 51 months with commencement date scheduled for August 2020 and the total fixed payments for this agreement is approximately \$12.6 million.

## 17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 18, 2020, which is the date that the combined consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

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#### Report of Independent Auditor

The Officers and Directors Scuf Holdings, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Scuf Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 18, 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the period January 1, 2019 through December 18, 2019, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 18, 2019, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period January 1, 2019 through December 18, 2019 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Cherry Bekaert LLP

Atlanta, Georgia May 13, 2020

## SCUF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 18, 2019

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,487,698
Accounts receivable, net	4,587,218
Inventory, net	10,498,581
Income tax receivable	1,086,881
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,514,108
Total Current Assets	24,174,486
Noncurrent Assets:	
Property and equipment, net	1,815,067
Intangible assets, net	35,754,399
Goodwill	19,578,533
Deferred tax asset	359,725
Other long-term assets	40,142
Total Noncurrent Assets	57,547,866
Total Assets	\$ 81,722,352
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 9,424,673
Accrued expenses	21,613,962
Contract liabilities	2,931,620
Income tax payable	800,621
Current portion of long-term debt	445,000
Total Current Liabilities	35,215,876
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-term debt, noncurrent, net of discount and debt issuance costs	45,761,350
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	45,761,350
Total Liabilities	80,977,226
Stockholders' Equity	745,126
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 81,722,352

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## SCUF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 18, 2019

Net sales	\$ 68,326,775
Cost of goods sold	41,829,422
Gross Profit	26,497,353
Operating Expenses:	<u>.</u>
General and administrative	21,998,205
Marketing	6,626,466
Total Operating Expenses	28,624,671
Loss From Operations	(2,127,318)
Other Expenses:	
Interest expense	(5,319,003)
Other expenses, net	(236,274)
Impairment loss	(9,732,985)
Transaction costs	(6,027,001)
Total Other Expenses	(21,315,263)
Loss before income taxes	(23,442,581)
Income tax benefit	4,926,276
Net Loss	(18,516,305)
Other Comprehensive Income:	
Foreign currency translation income	585,995
Comprehensive Loss	\$ (17,930,310)

## **Index to Financial Statements**

# SCUF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 18, 2019

	Common Stock Voting		Capital Paid In Excess of	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Stock	Par Value	Earnings	Income	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	953,550	\$9.50	\$ 25,999,991	\$ (7,664,014)	\$ 162,148	\$ 18,498,134
Stock compensation	_	_	177,302	_	_	177,302
Foreign currency translation income	_	_	_	_	585,995	585,995
Net loss	_	_	_	(18,516,305)	_	(18,516,305)
Balance, December 18, 2019	953,550	\$9.50	\$ 26,177,293	\$(26,180,319)	\$ 748,143	\$ 745,126

## SCUF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 18, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:  Net loss	₾ (40 E40 00E)
	\$ (18,516,305)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:	2 204 400
Depreciation Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,284,100 328,382
Amortization of debt discount	207,874
Amortization of debt discount  Amortization of intangibles	5,365,830
Impairment Loss	9.732.985
Impariment Loss Deferred income taxes	(5,331,362)
Stock compensation	177,302
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	177,502
Accounts receivable	5,846,386
Inventory	(4,918,182)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	336,969
Income tax receivable	(1,086,881)
Other long-term assets	(3,215)
Accounts payable	1,906,944
Accrued expenses	7,436,210
Income tax payable	295,782
Contract liabilities	(894,767)
Net cash from operating activities	3,168,052
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Patents and other intangibles costs	(228,890)
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,190,326)
Net cash from investing activities	(2,419,216)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Payments of long-term debt	(1,500,000)
Net cash from financing activities	(1,500,000)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	(62,873)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(814,037)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	7,301,735
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 6,487,698
	\$ 0,467,090
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for:	¢ 4400000
******	\$ 4,408,999
Income taxes	\$ 133,274

## Note 1-Nature of business and summary of significant accounting policies

**Nature of Business**—Scuf Holdings, Inc. ("Holdings" or "SH") was incorporated in the state of Delaware on December 2, 2016. All references to the "Company" mean Holdings and its subsidiaries:

- Scuf Gaming, Inc. ("SG"), incorporated in the state of Delaware
- · Scuf Gaming International, LLC ("SGI"), incorporated in the state of Georgia
- · Scuf Distribution, LLC ("SD"), incorporated in the state of Georgia
- Scuf Gaming Europe Limited ("SGE"), incorporated in England & Wales
- Ironburg Inventions Limited ("IB"), incorporated in England & Wales
- · Ironmonger Initiatives Limited ("II"), incorporated in England & Wales

The Company designs, manufactures, licenses, and sells advanced feature customized gaming controllers and accessories for use on PlayStation, Xbox, and PC. The Company currently holds over 100 granted patents with further patents pending. The patents are related to functions designed to help gamers utilize more of their hand in a safe ergonomic way. The Company sells its products via an e-commerce platform and indirectly through third parties to customers. In 2018, the Company began selling one of its products through retail stores. The Company's products are used by a majority of professional gamers in major console eSports tournaments.

**Principles of Consolidation**—The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Holdings and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of Accounting—The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the single source of authoritative U.S. GAAP.

**Use of Estimates—**The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**—The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents as of December 18, 2019.

Accounts Receivable—Accounts receivable consists of balances due from contracts with customers for the purchase of product and license royalties' receivable. The Company uses the allowance method of accounting for accounts receivable, whereby accounts receivable are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company assesses the need for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. In determining the adequacy of the allowance, the Company considers the nature of specific receivables, past due status and other factors as necessary. If the Company determines that it is probable receivables will not be collected, the Company will write them off as a charge to the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts as of December 18, 2019 was \$57.328

### Note 1—Nature of business and summary of significant accounting policies—(Continued)

**Debt Issuance Cost**—Debt issuance costs are presented on the consolidated balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of debt liability, consistent with debt discounts or premiums. The costs are amortized to interest expense on a straight-line basis, which approximates the interest method, over the term of the related debt. Unamortized loan costs of \$726,427 will be amortized over the life of the loan and the amortization expense for the period ended December 18, 2019 of \$328,382 is included in interest expense on the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. Future scheduled amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2021 is \$386,735 and \$339,692, respectively. See Note 13.

Revenue Recognition—The Company has adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606) beginning January 1, 2019, which resulted in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transition provision in ASC 606, the Company has adopted the rules retrospectively. Revenue contracts with customers are recognized at the time of completion and shipment of goods. Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for those products or services.

The Company completed an assessment of customer contracts and concluded that the adoption of ASC 606 did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements; therefore, no cumulative-effect adjustment was recorded upon adoption. The disclosures related to revenue recognition have been significantly expanded under the standard, specifically, around the quantitative information about performance obligations and disaggregation of revenue. The expanded disclosure requirements are included in Note 8.

Contract Liabilities—When payment precedes the satisfaction of performance obligations, the Company records a contract liability (deferred revenue) until the performance obligations are satisfied. The Company expects to satisfy its remaining performance obligations associated with \$2,931,620 of contract liability balances within the next twelve months. Revenue recognized in the period ended December 18, 2019 that was included in the beginning contract liability as of December 31, 2018 was \$3,732,228.

Inventories—Inventories consist of raw materials and finished goods and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The Company reports its inventories net of estimated obsolete and slow moving inventory. This reserve is \$3,817,356 as of December 18, 2019. See Note 13 for the impairment charges related to inventory that occurred during the period ended December 18, 2019.

**Shipping and Handling Costs**—Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold and totaled \$8,538,464 for the period ended December 18, 2019.

Foreign Currency Translation—The functional currency for SGE, IB, and II is British Pounds (GBP). At the consolidated financial statement date, the foreign currency financial statements are translated into U.S. dollars for reporting purposes. All balance sheet accounts are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at period-end and income and expense accounts are translated at the average rate for the period. Adjustments resulting from translation are included in accumulated other comprehensive income, which is part of stockholders' equity.

### Note 1—Nature of business and summary of significant accounting policies—(Continued)

**Property and Equipment, Net**—Property and equipment are carried at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows: furniture and equipment, 5-7 years; software, 3-5 years; molds and tooling, 3 years; and leasehold improvements, 25 months to 5 years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the remaining term of the lease. Expenses for ordinary repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred.

**Software in Development—**The Company capitalizes qualifying costs of website development costs. Costs incurred during the application development stage as well as upgrades and enhancements that result in additional functionality are capitalized. Internally developed software costs are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over a period of three years, the expected period of the benefit.

**Patent**—The Company capitalizes costs to apply for and maintain patents. Patent costs are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over a period of nine years.

**Advertising—**The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense for the period ended December 18, 2019 was \$2,656,627 and are included in marketing expense on the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments—Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. To increase the comparability of fair value measures, the following hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value.

Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.

Level 2—Valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3—Valuations based on unobservable inputs reflecting our own assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

The recorded values of cash, accounts receivables, accounts payables, and accrued expenses approximate their fair values because of the relatively short maturity of these financial instruments. Certain debt instruments have been adjusted to fair value (see Note 7).

**Income Taxes—**The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the consolidated financial statement carrying amount of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted

### Note 1—Nature of business and summary of significant accounting policies—(Continued)

tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered in income. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that the tax benefits will not be realized.

The Company recognizes the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position. As of December 18, 2019, the Company has evaluated its income tax positions and determined it has no material uncertain positions requiring an accrual. It is the Company's policy to include any penalties and interest related to uncertain tax positions as income tax expense.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net—Intangible assets subject to amortization consist of patents, trademarks, and license agreements. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Company evaluates goodwill on an annual basis or more frequently if management believes indicators of impairment exist. Such indicators could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. If management concludes that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, management conducts a two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the applicable reporting unit with its carrying value. The Company estimates the fair values of its reporting units using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows, approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, management performs the second step of the goodwill impairment test. The second step of the goodwill impairment test involves comparing the implied fair value of the affected reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying value of that goodwill. The amount, by which the carrying value of the goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, if any, is recognized as an impairment loss. The Company's evaluation of goodwill completed during the period presented resulted in no impairment losses.

Long-lived assets such as property and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. See Note 13 for discussion of the impairment charges related to long-lived assets that occurred during the period ended December 18, 2019.

Warranty Reserve—As of December 18, 2019, the Company provides a warranty of 180 days depending on the type of controller purchased, which starts from the date of delivery. During the warranty period, the Company has the right to repair, replace the controllers, or provide financial remedy to the customer under the terms of the warranty policy. The Company maintains a warranty reserve to cover the liability that may arise from these requirements. The Company's warranty reserve reflects management's best estimates of future warranty claims based on the Company's warranty

### Note 1—Nature of business and summary of significant accounting policies—(Continued)

claims experience to date and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable. It is possible that the Company's estimate will change in the near term. The Company recognizes the liability as accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheet. As of December 18, 2019, the warranty reserve was \$372,112.

The estimate of the Company's future warranty costs, net of supplier recoveries, for the period ended December 18, 2019 was as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ 1,265,300
Warranty expenditures	(1,265,300)
Changes in accrual related to warranties issued during the period	372,112
Ending balance	\$ 372,112

Recent Accounting Pronouncements—In February 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases. ASU 2016-02 is intended to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. The ASU will require organizations that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. The standard will be effective for nonpublic entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020 or January 1, 2021 for the Company, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements. See the Company's operating leases in Note 12.

#### Note 2—Concentrations of credit risk

The Company places its cash on deposit with financial institutions in the United States of America and the United Kingdom. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation provides \$250,000 deposit insurance coverage for substantially all depository accounts in the United States of America. During the year, the Company from time to time may have amounts on deposit in excess of insured limits. As of December 18, 2019, the Company had deposits of \$5,987,698 which exceeded these insured amounts.

The Company purchases inventory from four major vendors who accounted for approximately \$20,146,655, or 67%, of the Company's consolidated inventory purchases for the period ended December 18, 2019. These vendors accounted for approximately 55% of the consolidated accounts payable as of December 18, 2019.

#### Note 3—Related party transactions

As of December 18, 2019, the Company owes \$1,130,881 to the Chief Executive Officer related to an expected tax refund related to periods prior to the Company's acquisition of SGI. This amount is included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheet

The Company periodically purchases inventory from a vendor in which the Chief Executive Officer has a 45% minority equity interest. During the period ended December 18, 2019, the Company purchased \$211,242 of inventory from this vendor.

## Note 3—Related party transactions—(Continued)

The Company has a service agreement with their majority owner in which the majority owner provides a full range of accounting, financial, and administrative support services. The majority owner earned \$554,640 in management fees related to this agreement during the period ended December 18, 2019. The Company owes the majority owner a total of \$1,204,620 in management fees as of December 18, 2019. This amount is included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheet.

#### Note 4—Inventories

Inventories as of December 18, 2019 consisted of the following:

Raw materials	\$ 8,839,804
Finished goods	5,476,133
	14,315,937
Less inventory reserves	(3,817,356)
Inventories, net	\$ 10,498,581

### Note 5-Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment as of December 18, 2019 consisted of the following:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,238,653
Software	1,901,961
Tooling and molds	1,799,617
Leasehold improvements	244,560
Property and equipment, at cost	5,184,791
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,404,196)
	1,780,595
Construction in progress	34,472
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,815,067

Depreciation expense for the period ended December 18, 2019 totaled \$2,284,100.

### Note 6-Goodwill and intangible assets, net

On December 7, 2016, Holdings and SG (Purchaser) entered into an equity purchase agreement with SGI, SD, SGE, IB, and II (collectively the "Predecessor"), and all shareholders and members of these entities for the contribution, purchase, or redemption of all outstanding membership units and shares of the Predecessor (the "transaction"). No adjustment occurred to goodwill during the period ended December 18, 2019 except for the change due to currency translation adjustment of \$148,909.

## Note 6—Goodwill and intangible assets, net—(Continued)

Intangible assets as of December 18, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Useful Lives
Gross carrying amounts:		
Patents	\$ 18,064,447	9 years
Trademarks	5,697,238	7 years
Other intangibles	29,156,356	10 years
	52,918,041	
Less accumulated amortization	(17,163,642)	
Intangible assets, net	\$ 35,754,399	

Amortization expense for the period ended December 18, 2019 totaled \$5,365,830.

Future amortization of intangibles is as follows for the years ending December 18:

2020	\$ 5,946,808
2021	5,736,688
2022	5,736,688
2023	5,687,649
2024	4,931,793
Thereafter	7,714,773
	\$ 35,754,399

### Note 7-Long-term debt and revolving line of credit

Long-term debt at December 18, 2019 consisted of the following:

Senior term debt	\$ 43,610,000
Subordinated promissory note, net of discount	3,322,777
Long-term debt	46,932,777
Less unamortized debt issuance costs	(726,427)
	46,206,350
Less current maturities	(445,000)
	\$ 45,761,350

On December 7, 2016, the Company, through SG, entered into a series of secured notes payable to borrow \$44,500,000 (the "Term Loan"). The Company and its Lenders entered into a First Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "First Amendment") and a Second Amendment to Credit Agreement (collectively the "Amendments to the Credit Agreement") on August 6, 2018 and February 18, 2019, respectively. The Amendments to the Credit Agreements modified the original credit agreement by making adjustments to the original credit agreement, which included certain fees, a modification of the interest rate calculation methodology, and extending the maturity date of the Revolving Loan Facility. The planned maturity date of the Term Loan is December 7, 2021 with annual repayments of \$445,000 (plus any applicable excess cash flow as defined in the credit agreement

## Note 7—Long-term debt and revolving line of credit—(Continued)

related to the Term Loan and the Amendments to the Credit Agreement (collectively the "Credit Agreement")). Under the Credit Agreement, the Term Loan carries interest at an effective interest rate of LIBOR plus 8.5% with a 1.0% minimum plus LIBOR (10.46% at December 18, 2019) calculated monthly. The balance as of December 18, 2019 for the Term Loan was \$43,610,000. The loan is secured by all of the property and assets, including intangible assets, of the Company and its subsidiaries. In addition, the Credit Agreement contains certain restrictions and covenants that require the Company to maintain certain financial covenants such as total leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, and capital expenditures limits as defined in the Credit Agreement. The Company is not aware of any violations of its financial covenants as of December 18, 2019.

The Revolving Loan Facility matured and the balance of \$1,500,000 was fully paid on April 15, 2019.

On December 7, 2016, the Company, through SG, entered into an unsecured note payable in the amount of \$4,000,000 with an effective interest rate of 3.0% calculated annually. The original maturity date is June 7, 2022. In 2016, the Company recorded a purchase accounting fair value adjustment related to this note decreasing its value to \$2,760,000 as of December 7, 2016. This fair value adjustment is the result of the note having a below market interest rate combined with a substantial period until maturity. The difference between the book value and the face value at December 18, 2019 was \$677,223 and is being amortized over the remaining term of the debt as interest expense as follows:

2020		\$ 257,073
2021		286,339
2022		133,811
		\$ 677,223
	Contractual maturities of long-term debt are as follows at December 18, 2019:	
2019		\$ 445,000
2020		445,000
2021		42,720,000
2022		3,322,777
		\$ 46,932,777

See Note 14 for subsequent events.

### Note 8—Revenue

The Company began accounting for revenue in accordance with ASC 606, which they adopted beginning January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The core principle of ASC 606 requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASC 606 defines a five-step process to achieve this core principle and, in doing so, it is possible more judgment and estimates may be required within the

### Note 8—Revenue—(Continued)

revenue recognition process than required under predecessor U.S. GAAP (ASC 605), including identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation.

Pursuant to ASC 606, the Company applies the following the five-step model:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer. A contract with a customer exists when (i) the Company enters into an
  enforceable contract with a customer that defines each party's rights regarding the goods to be transferred and identifies
  the payment terms related to these goods, (ii) the contract has commercial substance and, (iii) the Company determines
  that collection of substantially all consideration for services that are transferred is probable based on the customer's intent
  and ability to pay the promised consideration.
- Identify the performance obligation(s) in the contract. If a contract promises to transfer more than one good or service to a customer, each good or service constitutes a separate performance obligation if the good or service is distinct or capable of being distinct.
- 3. Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchanging the promised goods or services to the customer.
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract. For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, an entity should allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- Recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation. For each performance obligation, an
  entity should determine whether the entity satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time or over time. Appropriate
  methods of measuring progress include output methods and input methods.

The Company has analyzed the provisions of the FASB's ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and have concluded that no changes are necessary to conform with the new standard. The Company's sales contain a single delivery element and revenue is recognized at a single point in time when ownership, risks and rewards transfer.

The Company recognizes revenue primarily from the following types of contracts:

### Product Sales:

The Company sells advanced feature customized gaming controllers and accessories for use on PlayStation, Xbox, and PC online and through distributers.

Product sales revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, which is upon shipment of products. Revenue is recorded net of sales returns and discounts and net of sales taxes

### Note 8—Revenue—(Continued)

not paid by the customer. Sales tax incurred during the period ended December 18, 2019 was \$5,000,000. The Company receives money at the time of the order for online sales and payment is due within 45 days for distributers. The Company recognizes revenue on game sales in the amount it expects to be entitled, that is, net of estimated returns, discounts, and sales taxes not paid by the customer. Coincident with revenue recognition, the Company establishes a liability for expected returns, discounts, and sales taxes not paid by the customer and records an asset (and corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) for its right to recover products from customers on settling the refund liability.

The Company provides a 180-day warranty against manufacturing defects in its controllers sold and records an expense and liability for expected costs related to the obligation. The warranty liability is based on historical sales and product return information, therefore it is reasonably possible that management's estimate will change in the near term.

#### Licensing Transactions:

Licensing transaction include distribution licenses and intellectual property licenses. The Company's licenses are primarily symbolic licenses, with no significant stand-alone functionality. Symbolic licensing fee revenue is recognized over the time period that the Company satisfies its performance obligations, which is generally the term of the licensing agreement. For licensing revenue, revenue is allocated at the time of sale as reported by their licensee. The Company receives payment from vendors 30 to 45 days after each quarter.

#### Other Activity:

The Company also sells gift cards that are redeemable online without a set expiration date. Revenue on gift cards is recognized upon redemption and shipment of the product. Based on history with their gift cards, the Company currently expects substantially all the gift cards to be redeemed, therefore no breakage is currently recognized over the redemption period. Unredeemed gift card balances, included in contract liabilities, were \$210,921 as of December 18, 2019.

#### Disaggregation of Revenue:

The disaggregation of revenue is based on geographical region and contract type. The following table presents revenue from contracts for the period ended December 18, 2019:

	Domestic	International	Total
Product	\$ 32,958,189	\$ 30,413,406	\$ 63,371,595
Licensing	4,955,180		4,955,180
	\$ 37,913,369	\$ 30,413,406	\$ 68,326,775

## Note 9-Income taxes

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"), was signed into law. The Tax Act included substantial changes to the Tax Code. The most significant impact of the Tax Act on the Company was the reduction of the corporate income tax rate from 34% to 21%.

## Note 9—Income taxes—(Continued)

The components of income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended December 18, 2019 is as follows:

Current tax provision:	
Federal	\$ (33,789)
State	7,094
Foreign	431,781
Total current taxes	405,086
Deferred tax provision:	
Federal	(4,525,603)
State	(658,720)
Foreign	(147,039)
Total deferred taxes	(5,331,362)
Provision for income taxes	\$ (4,926,276)

The breakout of the foreign and domestic pre-tax book income (loss) is as follows:

Pre-tax foreign income	\$ 2,577,291
Pre-tax domestic loss	 (26,019,872)
Consolidated pre-tax loss	\$ (23,442,581)

The difference between the provision for income tax benefit and the amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal statutory income tax rates to worldwide income before taxes is summarized below:

U.S. federal statutory rate	\$ (4,922,942)
Increase (decrease) resulting from:	
State income tax, net of federal effect	(826,350)
Nondeductible transaction costs	971,670
M&E and other permanent items	3,817
Foreign rate differential	(256,489)
Return to provision adjustments	231,218
Other	(127,200)
Provision for income tax benefit	\$ (4,926,276)

## Note 9—Income taxes—(Continued)

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 18, 2019 are as follows:

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) relating to:	
Inventory reserves and adjustments	\$ 1,077,363
Sales tax accrual	1,186,277
Unrealized loss on foreign exchange	33,495
Accrued vacation	19,447
Deferred rent	11,382
Warranty reserve	67,694
Georgia tax credit carryforward	53,175
Net operating loss	1,187,548
Accrued bonus	99,429
Other accrued expenses	653,283
Disallowed interest expense carryover	1,460,150
R&D credit carryover	34,731
Total deferred tax assets	5,883,974
Intangible assets	(5,382,874)
Property and equipment differences	(113,039)
Section 263(A) adjustment	(28,336)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(5,524,249)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 359,725

Deferred tax assets represent the future tax benefit of deductible differences and, if it is more likely than not that a tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the deferred tax assets to net realizable value. No valuation allowance is necessary at this time. The Company has a Georgia state net operating loss of \$17.6 million that will not expire.

### Note 10-Stockholders' equity

The Company's equity at December 18, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Common Stock			Preferre	d Stock
	Votin	Voting		oting		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Authorized	1,500,000	\$ 15.00	300,000	\$ 3.00	200,000	\$ 2.00
Issued and outstanding	953,550	\$ 9.50	_	_	_	_
Reserved for stock options	_	_	59,414	_	_	_

### Note 11-Stock options plan

The Company entered into a 2016 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") allowing for the issuance of options to purchase nonvoting common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, up to 50,000 shares. The original agreement was amended with the First and Second Amendment to the

## Note 11—Stock options plan—(Continued)

Plan on March 29, 2018 and January 9, 2019, respectively, which increased the total number of issuable shares to 59,414. Under the Plan, options may be granted to individuals who have contributed or may be expected to contribute materially to the success of the Company or a subsidiary. Options awarded are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant; those option awards generally have a life of ten years. Option awards vest over four years at varying rates.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing method. For the period ended December 18, 2019, the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model were as follows:

Expected volatility	49.81%
Risk-free rate	2.38%
Expected term	7 years
Forfeiture rate	0%

The expected volatility was based on the historical volatility of various comparable public companies. The risk-free rate for the expected term of the options was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The expected term was based on the period of time for which the options are expected to be outstanding.

A summary of the unit option activity under the Plan is presented below:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, January 1, 2019	59,414	\$ 31.36
Granted	300	115.00
Exercised	_	_
Forfeited	(7,867)	44.42
Outstanding, December 18, 2019	51,847	\$ 31.36
Exercisable, December 18, 2019	17,034	\$ 28.88

The following represents a summary of the Company's stock option nonvested activity and related information at January 1, 2019 and for the period ended December 18, 2019:

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested, January 1, 2019	53,739	\$ 15.60
Granted	300	28.26
Forfeited	(7,292)	24.17
Vested	(11,934)	13.90
Nonvested, December 18, 2019	34,813	\$ 14.25

### Note 11—Stock options plan—(Continued)

As of December 18, 2019, there was approximately \$460,901 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the nonvested options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average remaining estimated vesting period of .85 years (see Note 13). The weighted-average remaining contractual term of options outstanding and exercisable as of December 18, 2019 was approximately 7.19 and 7.20 years, respectively.

Stock compensation expense for the period ended was \$177,302 and is included in general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

### Note 12—Operating leases

The Company leases office and warehouse space under noncancelable operating leases in the United States and United Kingdom that expires at various dates through 2022.

Rent expense for the period ended December 18, 2019 was \$661,803 and is included in general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

Future minimum rental payments under all operating leases are as follows for the years ending December 31:

2020	\$ 585,377
2021	558,109
2022	337,491
	\$ 1,480,977

### Note 13—Impairment of Vantage Assets

During the period ended December 18, 2019, the Company had a licensing agreement with one of its customers and the license expired on December 31, 2019. As of the date of this report, the Company does not expect to enter into a new licensing agreement with this customer and as a result of the license expiring, the Company will no longer be able to sell or use the inventory and manufacturing molds specifically related to this product line. The company performed an assessment of the fair value of these assets at December 18, 2019 and determined there was an impairment as the fair value was less than the carrying value and recognized an impairment loss of \$9,732,985 for all inventory, property and equipment, and non-cancellable purchase order liabilities related to this product line in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss for the period ended December 18, 2019.

#### Note 14—Subsequent events

During 2020, a global pandemic called COVID-19 was declared by the World Health Organization. The COVID-19 pandemic will have an impact on the Company's activity, the extent of which is currently not quantifiable. However, it is estimated that the impact, even if is material, will not jeopardize the continuity of operations, as well as the financial commitments assumed.

On December 19, 2019, the Company was acquired by Corsair Memory, Inc. ("Acquirer") for approximately \$137,800,000. As a result of the acquisition, the Company's debt balance of

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## SCUF HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 18, 2019

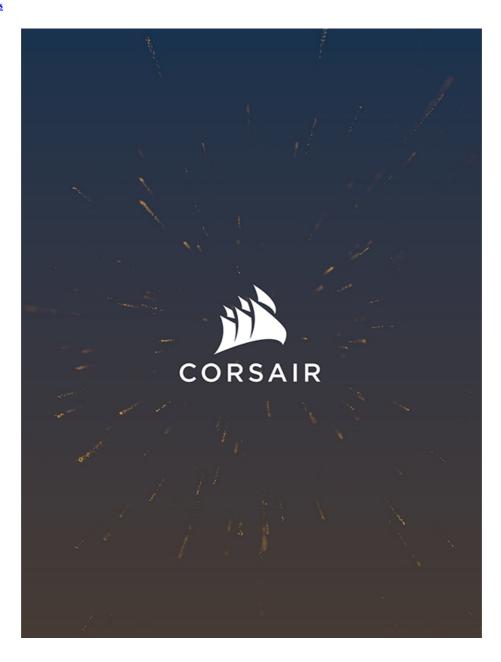
## Note 14—Subsequent events—(Continued)

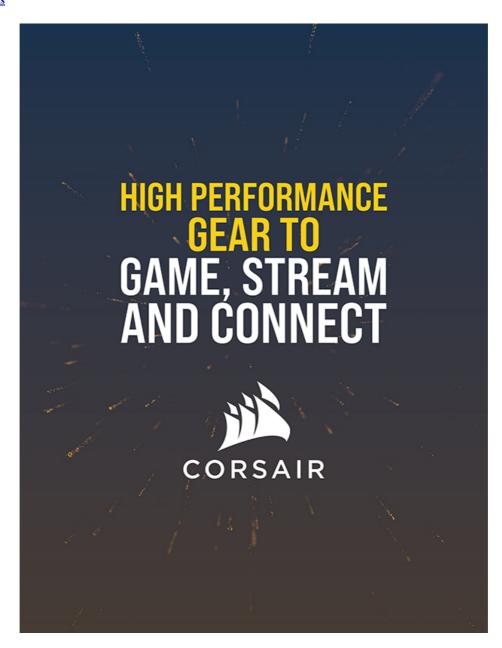
\$46,932,777 was fully paid as of December 19, 2019 and the remaining unamortized debt issuance costs of \$726,427 and net discount of \$677,223 related to the subordinated promissory note were expensed as interest expense. Additionally, the remaining unvested stock options immediately vested on December 19, 2019 resulting in the recognition of the total unrecognized compensation of \$460,901. The total outstanding options were settled by the Acquirer for \$2,513,688. As a result of the transaction, the seller incurred \$6,027,001 of transaction costs that were accrued as of December 18, 2019 as these costs were not for the benefit of the Acquirer and occurred prior to the acquisition.

There were no other material subsequent events which required recognition or additional disclosure in these consolidated financial statements.

The Company evaluated subsequent events through May 13, 2020, the date these consolidated financial statements were available to be issued

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#### PART II

#### Information Not Required In Prospectus

### Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth the expenses payable by the Registrant expected to be incurred in connection with the issuance and distribution of the shares of common stock being registered hereby (other than underwriting discounts and commissions). All of such expenses are estimates, other than the filing and listing fees payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and the Nasdaq Global Select Market (the "Nasdaq") listing fee.

	Amount to
<u>Item</u>	be paid
SEC registration fee	\$ 37,616
FINRA filing fee	\$ 43,970
Nasdaq listing fee	\$ 270,000
Printing and engraving expenses	\$ 1,000,000
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 4,350,066
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 621,838
Blue Sky, qualification fees and expenses	\$ 10,000
Transfer agent fees and expenses	\$ 3,500
Miscellaneous expenses	\$ 663,010
Total	\$ 7,000,000

#### Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") allows a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation will not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the director breached the duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide for this limitation of liability.

Section 145 of the DGCL ("Section 145"), provides, among other things, that a Delaware corporation may indemnify any person who was, is or is threatened to be made, party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of such corporation), by reason of the fact that such person is or was an officer, employee or agent of such corporation or is or was serving at the request of such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was illegal. A Delaware corporation may indemnify any persons who were or are a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit, provided such person acted in good

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faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests, provided further that no indemnification is permitted without judicial approval if the officer, director, employee or agent is adjudged to be liable to the corporation. Where an officer or director is successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any action referred to above, the corporation must indemnify him against the expenses which such officer or director has actually and reasonably incurred.

Section 145 further authorizes a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise, against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the corporation would otherwise have the power to indemnify him or her under Section 145.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include a provision that, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, eliminates the personal liability of directors to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director. The effect of these provisions will be to eliminate the rights of us and our stockholders, through stockholders' derivative suits on our behalf, to recover monetary damages from a director for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, including breaches resulting from grossly negligent behavior. However, exculpation will not apply to any director if the director has acted in bad faith, knowingly or intentionally violated the law, authorized illegal dividends or redemptions or derived an improper benefit from his or her actions as a director. Further, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws will provide that we must indemnify and advance expenses to our directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL. We also will be expressly authorized to carry directors' and officers' liability insurance providing indemnification for our directors, officers and certain employees for some liabilities.

Section 174 of the DGCL provides, among other things, that a director, who willfully or negligently approves of an unlawful payment of dividends or an unlawful stock purchase or redemption, may be held jointly and severally liable for such actions. A director who was either absent when the unlawful actions were approved or dissented at the time may avoid liability by causing his or her dissent to such actions to be entered in the books containing the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors at the time such action occurred or immediately after such absent director receives notice of the unlawful acts.

The indemnification rights set forth above shall not be exclusive of any other right which an indemnified person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, our amended and restated bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

We intend to enter into indemnification agreements with each of our directors and officers pursuant to which we will agree to indemnify our directors and officers against certain liabilities and expenses incurred by such persons in connection with claims made by reason of their being such a director or officer.

We expect to maintain standard policies of insurance that provide coverage (i) to our directors and officers against loss rising from claims made by reason of breach of duty or other wrongful act and (ii) to us with respect to indemnification payments that we may make to such directors and officers.

The proposed form of Underwriting Agreement to be filed as Exhibit 1.1 to this Registration Statement provides for indemnification to us, our directors and officers by the underwriters, and to the underwriters by us, against certain liabilities.

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### Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

The following list sets forth information as to all securities the Company has sold since January 1, 2016, which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"):

In connection with the Acquisition Transaction on August 28, 2017, we issued the following securities:

- Common Stock. (i) 13,404,787 shares of our common stock to EagleTree for aggregate consideration of approximately \$57.4 million and (ii) 2,376,690 shares of our common stock to EagleTree in consideration for the acquisition of 20.194960 shares of Corsair Components, Inc.
- Preferred Securities. 450 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to Corsair Group (US), LLC, an affiliate of EagleTree, for aggregate consideration of \$100,000.

In connection with one of the Registrant's subsidiary's asset purchase agreement with Elgato Systems GmbH and Elgato Systems LLC, the Registrant issued 182,778 shares of its common stock on July 2, 2018 to Elgato Systems GmbH. In connection with one of the Registrant's subsidiary's acquisition of Origin PC, LLC, the Registrant issued 332,558 shares of its common stock on July 22, 2019 to Origin Parent Holdings, Inc. In connection with one of the Registrant's subsidiary's acquisition of SCUF Holdings, Inc., the Registrant issued 7,905,085 shares of its common stock and 402.3 shares of its preferred stock on August 31, 2020 to EagleTree and Corsair Group (USA), LLC, respectively.

In connection with a series of reorganizations to be effected prior to this offering as described in this Registration Statement (the "Reorganization"), the Registrant will issue 16,094 shares of its common stock to existing investors in exchange for shares of its outstanding preferred stock. In addition, in connection with the Reorganization the Registrant will also issue 60,131,374 shares of its common stock to EagleTree.

These transactions were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as they were transactions by an issuer that did not involve a public offering of securities.

In addition, between November 13, 2017 and September 18, 2020, the Registrant granted an aggregate of 11,521,888 stock options to certain of its or its subsidiaries' executives and other employees, which options had exercise prices ranging from \$2.20 to \$7.78 per share. The grants of options described above were made in the ordinary course of business and did not involve any cash payments from the recipients. The options did not involve a "sale" of securities for purposes of Section 2(3) of the Securities Act and were otherwise made in reliance upon Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 701 under the Securities Act.

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## Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

## (a) Exhibits

Exhibit number	Exhibit description		Incorporated by Reference		Filed Herewith
	·	Form	Date	Number	
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement.				Χ
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, currently in effect.				X
3.2	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, to be in effect immediately prior to the consummation of this offering.				Х
3.3	Bylaws, currently in effect.	S-1	August 21, 2020	3.3	
3.4	Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws, to be in effect immediately prior to the consummation of this offering.	S-1	September 14, 2020	3.4	
4.1	Reference is made to exhibits 3.1 through 3.4.				
4.2	Form of Stock Certificate.				X
4.3	Investor Rights Agreement, by and between Corsair Gaming, Inc. and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP.				Х
4.4	Registration Rights Agreement, by and between Corsair Gaming, Inc. and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP.	S-1	September 14, 2020	4.4	
5.1	Opinion of Latham & Watkins LLP.	S-1	September 14, 2020	5.1	
10.1#	Form of Indemnification Agreement to be entered into between Corsair Gaming, Inc. and each of its directors and executive officers.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.1	
10.2#	Corsair Gaming, Inc. Equity Incentive Program				X
10.2(a)#	Form of Unit Award Agreement (U.S. Form) under EagleTree-Carbide Holdings (Cayman), LP Equity Incentive Program	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.2(a)	
10.2(b)#	Form of Unit Award Agreement (Non-U.S. Form) under EagleTree- Carbide Holdings (Cayman), LP Equity Incentive Program	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.2(b)	
10.3#	2020 Incentive Award Plan	S-1	September 14, 2020	10.3	
10.3(a)#	Form of Stock Option Grant Notice and Stock Option Agreement under the 2020 Incentive Award Plan.	S-1	September 14, 2020	10.3(a)	
10.3(b)#	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the 2020 Incentive Award Plan.	S-1	September 14, 2020	10.3(b)	
10.3(c)#	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Grant Notice under the 2020 Incentive Award Plan.	S-1	September 14, 2020	10.3(c)	
10.4#	2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.	S-1	September 14, 2020	10.4	
	11.4				

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Exhibit number	Exhibit description		Incorporated by Reference		Filed Herewith
		Form	Date	Number	
10.5(a)	First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of August 28, 2017, by and among Corsair Group (Cayman), LP and certain of its subsidiaries including the Registrant, Macquarie Capital Funding LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.5(a)	
10.5(b)	Amendment No. 1 to First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of October 3, 2017, by and among Corsair Group (Cayman), LP and certain of its subsidiaries including the Registrant, Macquarie Capital Funding LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.5(b)	
10.5(c)	Amendment No. 2 to First Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2018, by and among Corsair Group (Cayman), LP and certain of its subsidiaries including the Registrant, Macquarie Capital Funding LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.5(c)	
10.6(a)	Second Lien Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of August 28, 2017, by and among Corsair Group (Cayman), LP and certain of its subsidiaries including the Registrant, Macquarie Capital Funding LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.6(a)	
10.6(b)	Amendment No. 1 to Second Lien Credit and Guaranty, dated as of October 3, 2017, by and among Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, Macquarie Capital Funding LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.6(b)	
10.7	Industrial Space Lease, dated as of August 18, 2014, by and among Corsair Memory, Inc. and Osprey Capital Building 50, LLC.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.7	
10.8(a)#	Severance Letter Agreement, dated as July 1, 2010, by and among Corsair Memory, Inc. and Andy Paul.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.8(a)	
10.8(b)#	Severance Letter Agreement, dated as July 1, 2010, by and among Corsair Memory, Inc. and Nick Hawkins.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.8(b)	
10.9#	Separation Agreement, dated April 30, 2019, by and among Corsair Memory, Inc. and Nick Hawkins.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.9	
10.10#	Offer Letter Agreement, dated October 17, 2019, by and among Corsair Gaming Inc., and Michael Potter.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.10	
10.11#	Second Separation Agreement, dated November 7, 2019, by and among Corsair Memory, Inc and Nick Hawkins.	S-1	August 21, 2020	10.11	

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Exhibit number	Exhibit description		Incorporated by Reference		
		Form	Date	Number	
21.1	List of the Registrant's Significant Subsidiaries.	S-1	August 21, 2020	21.1	
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP.				Χ
23.2	Consent of Latham & Watkins LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).	S-1	September 14, 2020	23.2	
23.3	Consent of Cherry Bekaert LLP				Χ
23.4	Consent of Director Nominee				X
24.1	Power of Attorney. Reference is made to the signature page to the Registration Statement.	S-1	August 21, 2020	24.1	

To be filed by amendment.

### (b) Financial statement schedule

All schedules are omitted because the required information is either not present, not present in material amounts or presented within our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and are incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 17. Undertakings

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that:

- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b) (1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriter at the closing specified in the underwriting agreements certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriter to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

<sup>#</sup> Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

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## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement or amendment thereto to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in Fremont, California, on the 18th day of September, 2020.

## Corsair Gaming, Inc.

By: /s/ Andrew J. Paul Name: Andrew J. Paul Title: Chief Executive Officer

## **Power of Attorney**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement or amendment thereto has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated on the 18th day of September, 2020.

Signature	Title		
/s/ Andrew J. Paul Andrew J. Paul	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)		
/s/ Michael G. Potter Michael G. Potter	Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)		
* Gregg A. Lakritz	Vice President, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)		
* Anup Bagaria	Director		
* Jason Cahilly	Director		
* George L. Majoros, Jr.	Director		
* Stuart A. Martin	Director		
* Samuel R. Szteinbaum	Director		
* Randall J. Weisenburger	Director		
*By: /s/ Andrew J. Paul Andrew J. Paul Attorney-in-Fact			

#### Corsair Gaming, Inc.

### Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share

### **Underwriting Agreement**

[•], 2020

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, Barclays Capital Inc. Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC

As representatives (the "Representatives") of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto,

c/o Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282-2198

c/o Barclays Capital Inc. 745 Seventh Avenue New York, New York 10019

c/o Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC 11 Madison Avenue, 4th Floor New York, New York 10010

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), proposes, subject to the terms and conditions stated in this agreement (this "Agreement"), to issue and sell to the Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto (the "Underwriters") an aggregate of [•] shares of common stock ("Stock") of the Company and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP (the "Selling Stockholder") proposes, subject to the terms and conditions stated in this Agreement, to sell to the Underwriters an aggregate of [•] shares and, at the election of the Underwriters, up to [•] additional shares of Stock. The aggregate of [•] shares to be sold by the Company and the Selling Stockholder are herein called the "Firm Shares" and the aggregate of [•] additional shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder are herein called the "Optional Shares". The Firm Shares and the Optional Shares that the Underwriters elect to purchase pursuant to Section 2 hereof are herein collectively called the "Shares".

- 1. (a) The Company represents and warrants to, and agrees with, each of the Underwriters that:
- (i) A registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-[•]) (the "Initial Registration Statement") in respect of the Shares has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"); the Initial Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, each in the form heretofore delivered to you, have been declared effective by the Commission in such form; other than a registration statement, if any,

increasing the size of the offering (a "Rule 462(b) Registration Statement"), filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), which became effective upon filing, no other document with respect to the Initial Registration Statement has been filed with the Commission; and no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Initial Registration Statement, any post-effective amendment thereto or the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, has been issued and, to the Company's knowledge, no proceeding for that purpose has been initiated or threatened by the Commission (any preliminary prospectus included in the Initial Registration Statement or filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(a) of the rules and regulations of the Commission under the Act is hereinafter called a "Preliminary Prospectus"; the various parts of the Initial Registration Statement and the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, including all exhibits thereto and including the information contained in the form of final prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof and deemed by virtue of Rule 430A under the Act to be part of the Initial Registration Statement at the time it was declared effective, each as amended at the time such part of the Initial Registration Statement became effective or such part of the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, became or hereafter becomes effective, are hereinafter collectively called the "Registration Statement"; the Preliminary Prospectus relating to the Shares that was included in the Registration Statement immediately prior to the Applicable Time (as defined in Section 1(a)(iii) hereof) is hereinafter called the "Pricing Prospectus"; such final prospectus, in the form first filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act, is hereinafter called the "Prospectus"; any oral or written communication with potential investors undertaken in reliance on Section 5(d) of the Act or Rule 163B under the Act is hereinafter called a "Testing-the-Waters Communication"; any Testing-the-Waters Communication that is a written communication within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Act is hereinafter called a "Written Testing-the-Waters Communication"; and any "issuer free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 433 under the Act relating to the Shares is hereinafter called an "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus");

- (ii) (A) No order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus has been issued by the Commission, and (B) each Preliminary Prospectus, at the time of filing thereof, conformed in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, and did not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information (as defined in Section 9(b) of this Agreement);
- (iii) For the purposes of this Agreement, the "Applicable Time" is [•]:[•] p.m., New York City time, on the date of this Agreement. The Pricing Prospectus, as supplemented by the information listed on Schedule III(c) hereto, taken together (collectively, the "Pricing Disclosure Package"), as of the Applicable Time, did not, and as of each Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4(a) of this Agreement) will not, include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and each Testing-the-Waters Communication does not conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and each Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, each as supplemented by and taken together with the Pricing Disclosure Package, as of the Applicable Time, did not, and as of each Time of Delivery will not, include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information;

- (iv) The Registration Statement conforms, and the Prospectus and any further amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus will conform, in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and do not and will not, as of the applicable effective date as to each part of the Registration Statement, as of the applicable filing date as to the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto, and as of each Time of Delivery, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information;
- (v) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has, since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus, sustained any material loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus; and, since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, there has not been (x) any change in the capital stock (other than as a result of (i) the exercise, if any, of stock options or the award, if any, of stock options or restricted stock in the ordinary course of business pursuant to the Company's equity plans that are described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus or (ii) the issuance, if any, of stock upon conversion of Company securities as described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus) or long-term debt of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or (y) any Material Adverse Effect (as defined below); as used in this Agreement, "Material Adverse Effect" shall mean any material adverse change or effect, or any development involving a prospective material adverse change or effect, in or affecting (i) the business, properties, general affairs, management, financial position, stockholders' equity or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, except as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus, or (ii) the ability of the Company to perform its obligations under this Agreement, including the issuance and sale of the Shares, or to consummate the transactions contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus;
- (vi) The Company and its subsidiaries have good and marketable title in fee simple to all real property and good and marketable title to all material personal property (other than with respect to Intellectual Property (as defined below) which is addressed exclusively in subsection (xxix)) owned by them, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances and defects except such as are described in the Pricing Prospectus or such as do not materially affect the value of such property and do not interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property by the Company and its subsidiaries; and any real property and buildings held under lease by the Company and its subsidiaries are held by them under valid, subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as are not material and do not materially interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property and buildings by the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (vii) Each of the Company and each of its subsidiaries has been (i) duly organized and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization, with power and authority (corporate and other) to own its properties and conduct its business as described in the Pricing Prospectus, and (ii) duly qualified as a foreign corporation

for the transaction of business and is in good standing under the laws of each other jurisdiction in which it owns or leases properties or conducts any business so as to require such qualification, except, in the case of this clause (ii), where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect, and each subsidiary of the Company has been listed in the Registration Statement:

- (viii) The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus and all of the issued shares of capital stock of the Company, including the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder, have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable and conform to the description of the Stock contained in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and all of the issued shares of capital stock of each subsidiary of the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued, are fully paid and non-assessable and (except, in the case of any foreign subsidiary, for directors' qualifying shares) are owned directly or indirectly by the Company, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, equities or claims, except for such liens or encumbrances described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus;
- (ix) The Shares to be issued and sold by the Company have been duly and validly authorized and, when issued and delivered against payment therefor as provided herein, will be duly and validly issued and fully paid and non-assessable and will conform to the description of the Stock contained in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and the issuance of the Shares is not subject to any preemptive or similar rights;
- (x) The issue and sale of the Shares and the compliance by the Company with this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated in this Agreement and the Pricing Prospectus will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, (A) any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject, (B) the certificate of incorporation or bylaws (or other applicable organizational document) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or (C) any statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their properties, except in the case of clauses (A) and (C) for such violations or defaults that would not individually, or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and no consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any such court or governmental agency or body is required for the issue and sale of the Shares or the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except such as have been obtained under the Act, the approval by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") of the underwriting terms and arrangements, the approval for listing on the Nasdaq Global [Select] Market ("Nasdaq") and such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations or qualifications as may be required under state securities or Blue Sky laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters;
- (xi) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is (i) in violation of its certificate of incorporation or bylaws (or other applicable organizational document), (ii) in violation of any statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their properties, or (iii) in default in the performance or observance of any obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound, except, in the case of the foregoing clauses (ii) and (iii), for such defaults as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect;

- (xii) The statements set forth in the Pricing Prospectus and Prospectus under the caption "Description of Capital Stock", insofar as they purport to constitute a summary of the terms of the Stock, under the caption "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders", and under the caption "Underwriting", insofar as they purport to describe the provisions of the laws and documents referred to therein, are accurate, complete and fair in all material respects;
- (xiii) Other than as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus, there are no legal or governmental proceedings pending to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any officer or director of the Company is a party or of which any property or assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any officer or director of the Company is the subject which, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries (or such officer or director), would individually or in the aggregate have a Material Adverse Effect; and, to the Company's knowledge, no such proceedings are threatened or contemplated by governmental authorities or others;
- (xiv) The Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Shares and the application of the proceeds thereof, will not be an "investment company", as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act");
- (xv) At the time of filing the Initial Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, at the earliest time thereafter that the Company or any offering participant made a bona fide offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) under the Act) of the Shares, and at the date hereof, the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined in Rule 405 under the Act;
- (xvi) Each of KPMG LLP and Cherry Bekaert LLP, which has certified certain financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, is an independent public accounting firm as required by the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder;
- (xvii) The Company maintains a system of internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) that (i) complies with the requirements of the Exchange Act, (ii) has been designed by the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and (iii) is sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (A) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, (B) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain accountability for assets, (C) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization and (D) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences; and the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective and the Company is not aware of any material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting;

(xviii) Since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus, there has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting;

- (xix) The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act; such disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its subsidiaries is made known to the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer by others within those entities; and such disclosure controls and procedures are effective;
  - (xx) This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company;
- (xxi) None of the Company or any of its subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee, affiliate or other person associated with or acting on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has (i) made, offered, promised or authorized any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense or taken any act in furtherance thereof); (ii) made, offered, promised or authorized any direct or indirect unlawful payment; or (iii) violated or is in violation of any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, the Bribery Act 2010 of the United Kingdom or any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption law (collectively, the "Anti-Corruption Laws"). The Company and its subsidiaries have conducted their businesses in compliance with the Anti-Corruption Laws and have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to ensure, and which are reasonably expected to continue to ensure compliance with such laws and with the representation and warranty contained herein;
- (xxii) The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance with the requirements of applicable anti-money laundering laws, including, but not limited to, the Bank Secrecy Act of 1970, as amended by the USA PATRIOT ACT of 2001, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the anti-money laundering laws of the various jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries conduct business (collectively, the "Money Laundering Laws") and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries with respect to the Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened;
- (xxiii) None of the Company or any of its subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is currently the subject or the target of any sanctions administered or enforced by the U.S. Government, including, without limitation, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("OFAC"), or the U.S. Department of State and including, without limitation, the designation as a "specially designated national" or "blocked person," the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury, the United Nations Security Council, or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, "Sanctions"), nor is the Company or any of its subsidiaries located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject or target of Sanctions, and the Company will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any person, or in any country or territory, that, at the time of such funding, is the

subject or the target of Sanctions or (ii) in any other manner that will result in a violation by any person (including any person participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of Sanctions. For the past five years, the Company and its subsidiaries have not knowingly engaged in, are not now knowingly engaged in, and will not engage in, any dealings or transactions with any person, or in any country or territory, that at the time of the dealing or transaction was the subject of Sanctions;

(xxiv) The financial statements included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, together with the related schedules and notes, present fairly in all material respects the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries at the dates indicated and the statement of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries for the periods specified; said financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved. The supporting schedules, if any, present fairly in accordance with GAAP the information required to be stated therein. The selected financial data and the summary financial information included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus present fairly the information shown therein and have been compiled on a basis consistent with that of the audited financial statements included therein. Except as included therein, no historical or pro forma financial statements or supporting schedules are required to be included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus under the Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. All disclosures contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus regarding "non-GAAP financial measures" (as such term is defined by the rules and regulations of the Commission) comply with Regulation G of the Exchange Act and Item 10 of Regulation S-K of the Act, to the extent applicable;

(xxv) There are no off-balance sheet arrangements (as defined in Regulation S-K Item 303(a)(4)(ii)) that may have a material current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources:

(xxvi) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, each Plan (as defined below) has been maintained in compliance with its terms and the requirements of any applicable statutes, orders, rules and regulations, including but not limited to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). For purposes of this paragraph, (x) the term "Plan" means an employee benefit plan, within the meaning of Section 3(3) of ERISA, subject to Title IV of ERISA, but excluding any Multiemployer Plan, for which the Company or any member of its "Controlled Group" (defined as any organization which is a member of a controlled group of corporations within the meaning of Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code) has any liability and (y) the term "Multiemployer Plan" means a multiemployer plan within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA;

(xxvii) Since the date as of which information is given in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, and except as may otherwise be disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, the Company has not (i) issued or granted any securities, other than pursuant to employee benefit plans, stock option plans or other employee compensation plans disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus or pursuant to outstanding options, rights or warrants, (ii) incurred any material liability or obligation, direct or contingent, other than liabilities and obligations which were incurred in the ordinary course of business, (iii) entered into any material transaction not in the ordinary course of business or (iv) declared or paid any dividends on its capital stock;

(xxviii) (A) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is in violation of any applicable statute, law, rule, regulation, ordinance, code, rule of common law or order of or with any governmental agency or body or any court, domestic or foreign, relating to the use, management, disposal or release of hazardous or toxic material, chemical substance, waste, pollutant or contaminant (together, "Hazardous Materials") or relating to pollution, contamination or the protection of the environment or human health or relating to exposure to Hazardous Materials (collectively, "Environmental Laws") applicable to such entity, and (B) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has received any written notice of any actual or alleged violation arising under, relating to or based upon any Environmental Laws, except in the case where the failure to comply or the potential liability or obligation would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxix) The Company and its subsidiaries own, possess, or have licensed or can acquire on reasonable terms (a) adequate rights to use all patents (together with any reissues, continuations, continuations-in-part, divisions, renewals, extensions, counterparts, and reexaminations thereof), provisional applications and other rights in discoveries and inventions, whether patentable or un-patentable, trademarks, service marks, trade names, copyrights, domain names, rights in confidential information and trade secrets, and similar intellectual property rights, and any applications for any of the foregoing (collectively, "Intellectual Property") that are necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses as currently conducted and (b) adequate rights to use, or can obtain on reasonable terms adequate rights to use, all Intellectual Property necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses as proposed to be conducted in the Pricing Prospectus, except in the case of (a) or (b) where the failure to have any of the foregoing would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company or its subsidiaries solely and exclusively own all Intellectual Property owned or purported to be owned by the Company or its Subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company Intellectual Property");

(xxx) To the Company's knowledge, the conduct of the Company's and its subsidiaries' respective businesses as currently conducted and as proposed to be conducted, in each case as described in the Prospectus, have not violated, infringed, misappropriated or conflicted with, and will not violate, infringe, misappropriate or conflict with, in each case except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, any Intellectual Property rights of others;

(xxxi) Except as described in any of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus or as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (A) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by others challenging the validity, enforceability or scope of any Intellectual Property registered in the name of the Company or any of its subsidiaries ("Company Registered Intellectual Property"), except in connection with ordinary course prosecution proceedings with respect thereto, (B) there is no pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by others that the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their products infringes or misappropriates any Intellectual Property or other proprietary rights of others, (C) to the Company's knowledge, no Company Registered Intellectual Property has been obtained or is being used by the Company or any of the subsidiaries in violation of any contractual obligation binding on the Company or any of the subsidiaries, and (D) there is no pending or threatened action, suit, proceeding or claim by the Company or any of its subsidiaries that a third party infringes or misappropriates any of the Company Intellectual Property;

(xxxii) There are no outstanding agreements pursuant to which the Company grants to a third party rights to material Company Intellectual Property that are required to be described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, and the Prospectus and are not described therein in all material respects. The Company and its subsidiaries are not a party to any agreements pursuant to which a third party grants to the Company any rights to Intellectual Property that are material to the Company and are required to be set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package, and the Prospectus and are not described therein in all material respects;

(xxiii) To the extent that the Company or its subsidiaries incorporate any software or other materials distributed under an "open source," or similar licensing model that meets the definition of "open source" promulgated by the Open Source Initiative located online at http://opensource.org/osd (including but not limited to the GNU General Public License, GNU Lesser General Public License and GNU Affero General Public License) ("Open Source Materials") in any product developed or distributed by the Company, the Company and its subsidiaries have used such Open Source Materials in material compliance with the license terms applicable to such Open Source Materials; neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has used or distributed any Open Source Materials in a manner that requires or has required (A) the Company or any of the subsidiaries to permit reverse engineering of any products or services of the Company or any of the subsidiaries, or any software code or other technology owned by the Company or any of the subsidiaries, or any software code or other technology owned by the Company or any of the subsidiaries, to be (i) disclosed or distributed in source code form, (ii) licensed for the purpose of making derivative works, or (iii) redistributed at no charge, except, in the case of each of (A) and (B) above, such as would not have a Material Adverse Effect:

(xxxiv) The Company and its subsidiaries' information technology assets and equipment, computers, systems, networks, hardware, software, websites, applications, and databases (collectively, "IT Systems") to the knowledge of the Company operate and perform in all material respects as required in connection with the operation of the business of the Company and its subsidiaries as currently conducted, and are free and clear of all material bugs, errors, defects, Trojan horses, time bombs, malware and other corruptants. The Company and its subsidiaries: have implemented and maintained commercially reasonable controls, policies, procedures, and safeguards (including, without limitation, an industry-standard information security program), designed to control risks and to maintain and protect their material confidential information and the integrity, availability, and security of all IT Systems and Data (as such term is defined below) and that protect against unauthorized access to the IT Systems and Data and, to the knowledge of the Company, there: (i) have been: no breaches, violations, outages or unauthorized uses of or access to same, and (ii) no incidents under internal review or investigations relating to the same, except as otherwise would not, in each case of (i) or (ii), reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect:

(xxxv) Neither the Company, nor its subsidiaries, nor any of their respective officers, directors and employees, nor any of their respective agents, contractors or licensees (if any), nor any of their respective business operations, is, or has ever been, in violation of any applicable privacy or cybersecurity laws except where the failure to so comply would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company and its subsidiaries (A)

have operated their businesses in a manner compliant, and are presently in compliance, with all privacy and data protection laws, regulations, and industry standards applicable to the Company's and its subsidiaries' collection, use, transfer, protection, disposal, disclosure, handling, and storage of all sensitive and confidential data, including any personal information; (B) have and are in material compliance with policies and procedures that ensure the integrity and security of the data collected, handled or stored by the Company and its subsidiaries in connection with the delivery of its product offerings, (C) have and are in compliance with policies and procedures that (1) ensure privacy and data protection laws are complied with, (2) are designed to safeguard the security, confidentiality, integrity and availability of IT Systems and Data (as defined below) against unauthorized access; and (3) include notification procedures in the case of any breach of security compromising data containing personally identifiable information and (D) have not: (i) experienced any security breaches or other material compromises or outages of any of the Company's information technology and computer systems, networks, hardware, software, sensitive data (including the sensitive, proprietary, or personal data of its customers, employees, suppliers, and vendors maintained by or on behalf of the Company), equipment or technology (collectively, "IT Systems and Data"), and (ii) been notified of, and have no knowledge of any event or condition that would reasonably be expected to result in, any security breach or other material compromise to its IT Systems and Data, except in the case of each of (A), (B), (C), and (D) where the failure to so comply would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxvi) The Company and its subsidiaries possess and are in compliance with all licenses, permits, certificates and other authorizations from, and have made all declarations and filings with, all governmental authorities, required or necessary to own or lease, as the case may be, and to operate their respective properties and to carry on their respective businesses as currently conducted by them or as described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus to be conducted by them ("Permits"), except where the failure to obtain, possess or be in compliance with such Permits would not individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxvii) Except as described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings between the Company and any person that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or any Underwriter for a brokerage commission, finder's fee or other like payment in connection with this offering;

(xxxviii) Except as described in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings between the Company or any subsidiary and any person granting such person the right to require the Company or any subsidiary to file a registration statement under the Act with respect to any securities of the Company or any subsidiary owned or to be owned by such person or to require the Company to include such securities in the securities registered pursuant to the Registration Statement, except for such rights that have been effectively waived; and the holders of outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock are not entitled to preemptive or other rights to subscribe for the Shares that have not been complied with or otherwise effectively waived;

(xxxix) The Company has not and no one acting on its behalf has, other than as contemplated in this Agreement, (i) taken and will not take, directly or indirectly, any action which is designed to or which has constituted or which would reasonably be expected to cause or result in stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company or any subsidiaries to facilitate the sale or resale of the Shares, (ii) sold, bid for, purchased, or paid anyone any compensation for soliciting purchases of, the Shares, or (iii) paid or agreed to pay to any person any compensation for soliciting another to purchase any other securities of the Company or any subsidiaries;

- (x1) The Company and each of its subsidiaries have filed all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns required to be filed through the date of this Agreement or have requested extensions thereof and have paid all taxes required to be paid thereon (except where the failure to file such tax returns or pay such taxes would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, or, except as are currently being contested in good faith and for which reserves required by U.S. GAAP have been created in the financial statements of the Company). No tax deficiency has been determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries received written notice of any tax deficiency that will be assessed or, to the Company's knowledge, has been proposed by any taxing authority, which could reasonably be expected to be determined adversely to the Company or its subsidiaries and which could reasonably be expected to have) a Material Adverse Effect;
- (xli) The Company and its subsidiaries are insured by insurers of recognized financial responsibility against such losses and risks and in such amounts as are, in the Company's judgement, commercially reasonable and customary for the conduct of their collective business; the Company and its subsidiaries are in compliance with the terms of such policies and instruments in all material respects; there are no material claims by the Company or any of its subsidiaries under any such policy or instrument as to which any insurance company is denying liability or defending under a reservation of rights clause; and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has any reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage at reasonable costs from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business at a cost that would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (xlii) No material labor dispute with or disturbance by the employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the Company, is threatened, and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has received written notice of any existing, threatened or imminent labor disturbance by the employees of any of its principal suppliers, manufacturers or contractors that could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and
- (xliii) The statistical and market-related data included in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus are based on or derived from sources that the Company reasonably believes are reliable and accurate in all material respects.
  - (b) The Selling Stockholder represents and warrants to, and agrees with, each of the Underwriters and the Company that:
- (i) All consents, approvals, authorizations and orders necessary for the execution and delivery by the Selling Stockholder of this Agreement and for the sale and delivery of the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder hereunder, have been obtained, except for the registration under the Act of the Shares and such consents, approvals, authorizations and orders as may be required under state securities or Blue Sky laws, the rules and regulations of FINRA or the approval for listing on Nasdaq; and the Selling Stockholder has full right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to sell, assign, transfer and deliver the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder hereunder;

- (ii) The sale of the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder hereunder and the compliance by the Selling Stockholder with this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions herein and therein contemplated will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any statute, indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which the Selling Stockholder is a party or by which the Selling Stockholder is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Selling Stockholder is subject, nor will such action result in any violation of the provisions of the limited partnership agreement of the Selling Stockholder (or similar applicable organizational document) or any statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Selling Stockholder or any of its subsidiaries or any property or assets of the Selling Stockholder, except for any such conflict, breach, violation or default that would not, individually or in the aggregate, affect the validity of the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder or reasonably be expected to materially impair the ability of the Selling Stockholder to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and no consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any such court or governmental body or agency is required for the performance by the Selling Stockholder of its obligations under this Agreement and the consummation by the Selling Stockholder of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement in connection with the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder hereunder, except the registration under the Act of the Shares, the approval by FINRA of the underwriting terms and arrangements, the approval for listing on Nasdaq and such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations or qualifications (x) as may be required under state securities or Blue Sky laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters, (y) that have already been obtained or (z) such that, if not obtained, would not, individually or in the aggregate, affect the validity of the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder or reasonably be expected to materially impair the ability of the Selling Stockholder to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;
- (iii) The Selling Stockholder has, and immediately prior to each Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4 hereof) the Selling Stockholder will have, good and valid title to, or a valid "security entitlement" within the meaning of Section 8-501 of the New York Uniform Commercial Code in respect of, the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholder hereunder at such Time of Delivery, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, equities or claims; and, upon delivery of such Shares and payment therefor pursuant hereto, good and valid title to such Shares, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, equities or claims, will pass to the several Underwriters;
- (iv) On or prior to the date of the Pricing Prospectus, the Selling Stockholder has executed and delivered to the Underwriters an agreement substantially in the form of Annex II hereto;
- (v) The Selling Stockholder has not taken and will not take, directly or indirectly, any action that is designed to or that has constituted or might reasonably be expected to cause or result in stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Shares;

(vi) The Registration Statement and Preliminary Prospectus did, and the Prospectus and any further amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus will, when they become effective or are filed with the Commission, as the case may be, not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; provided that such representations and warranties set forth in this clause (vi) apply, with respect to a Selling Stockholder, only to statements or omissions made in the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and any further amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus that are made in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by the Selling Stockholder expressly for use therein; provided, further, that it is agreed that such information furnished by the Selling Stockholder to the Company consists only of (A) the legal name, address and the number of Shares owned by the Selling Stockholder before and after the offering, (B) any biographical information provided by the Selling Stockholder with regard to representatives of the Selling Stockholder that are members of the board of directors of the Company and (C) the other information with respect to the Selling Stockholder (excluding percentages) which appear in the table (and corresponding footnotes) under the caption "Principal and Selling Stockholders" (such information with respect to the Selling Stockholder, the "Selling Stockholder Information");

- (vii) In order to document the Underwriters' compliance with the reporting and withholding provisions of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 with respect to the transactions herein contemplated, the Selling Stockholder will deliver to you prior to or at the First Time of Delivery a properly completed and executed United States Treasury Department Form W-9 or appropriate Form W-8 (or other applicable form or statement specified by Treasury Department regulations in lieu thereof);
- (viii) The Selling Stockholder will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity, (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any person, or in any country or territory, that, at the time of such funding, is the subject or the target of Sanctions, or in any other manner that will result in a violation by any person (including any person participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of Sanctions, or (ii) in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization of the payment or giving of money, or anything else of value, to any person in violation of any Money Laundering Laws or any applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption laws; and
- (ix) The Selling Stockholder is not prompted by any material information concerning the Company or any of its subsidiaries that is not disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus to sell its Shares pursuant to this Agreement.
- 2. Subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, (a) the Company agrees to issue and sell and the Selling Stockholder agrees to sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company and the Selling Stockholder, at a purchase price per share of \$[•], the number of Firm Shares (to be adjusted by you so as to eliminate fractional shares) determined by multiplying the aggregate number of Firm Shares to be sold by the Company and the Selling Stockholder as set forth opposite their respective names in Schedule II hereto by a fraction, the numerator of which is the aggregate number of Firm Shares to be purchased by such Underwriter as set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Firm Shares to be purchased by all of the Underwriters from the Company and the Selling Stockholder hereunder and (b) in the event and to the extent that the Underwriters shall exercise the election to purchase Optional Shares as provided below, the Company agrees to issue and sell and the Selling Stockholder, as and to the extent indicated in Schedule II hereto agrees, to sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company and the Selling Stockholder, at the purchase price per share set forth in clause (a) of this Section 2 (provided that the purchase price per Optional Share shall be

reduced by an amount per share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Firm Shares but not payable on the Optional Shares), that portion of the number of Optional Shares as to which such election shall have been exercised (to be adjusted by you so as to eliminate fractional shares) determined by multiplying such number of Optional Shares by a fraction, the numerator of which is the maximum number of Optional Shares which such Underwriter is entitled to purchase as set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and the denominator of which is the maximum number of Optional Shares that all of the Underwriters are entitled to purchase hereunder.

The Selling Stockholder, as and to the extent indicated in Schedule II hereto, hereby grants to the Underwriters the right to purchase at their election up to [•] Optional Shares, at the purchase price per share set forth in the paragraph above, for the sole purpose of covering sales of shares in excess of the number of Firm Shares, provided that the purchase price per Optional Share shall be reduced by an amount per share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Firm Shares but not payable on the Optional Shares. Any such election to purchase Optional Shares may be exercised only by written notice from you to the Company and the Selling Stockholder, given within a period of 30 calendar days after the date of this Agreement, setting forth the aggregate number of Optional Shares to be purchased and the date on which such Optional Shares are to be delivered, as determined by you but in no event earlier than the First Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4 hereof) or, unless you, the Company and the Selling Stockholder otherwise agree in writing, earlier than two or later than ten business days after the date of such notice.

3. Upon the authorization by you of the release of the Firm Shares, the several Underwriters propose to offer the Firm Shares for sale upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus.

4. (a) The Shares to be purchased by each Underwriter hereunder, in definitive or book-entry form, and in such authorized denominations and registered in such names as the Representatives may request upon at least forty-eight hours' prior notice to the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall be delivered by or on behalf of the Company and the Selling Stockholder to the Representatives, through the facilities of the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), for the account of such Underwriter, against payment by or on behalf of such Underwriter of the purchase price therefor by wire transfer of Federal (same-day) funds to the account specified by the Company and the Selling Stockholder to the Representatives at least forty-eight hours in advance. The Company and the Selling Stockholder will cause the certificates, if any, representing the Shares to be made available for checking and packaging at least twenty-four hours prior to the Time of Delivery (as defined below) with respect thereto at the office of DTC or its designated custodian (the "Designated Office"). The time and date of such delivery and payment shall be, with respect to the Firm Shares, [•]:[•] a.m., New York City time, on [•], 2020 or such other time and date as the Representatives, the Company and the Selling Stockholder may agree upon in writing, and, with respect to the Optional Shares, 9:30 a.m., New York time, on the date specified by the Representatives in each written notice given by the Representatives of the Underwriters' election to purchase such Optional Shares, or such other time and date as the Representatives, the Company and the Selling Stockholder may agree upon in writing. Such time and date for delivery of the Firm Shares is herein called the "First Time of Delivery", each such time and date for delivery of the Optional Shares, if not the First Time of Delivery, is herein called the "Second Time of Delivery", and each such time and date for delivery is herein called a "Time of Delivery".

(b) The documents to be delivered at each Time of Delivery by or on behalf of the parties hereto pursuant to Section 8 hereof, including the cross receipt for the Shares and any additional documents requested by the Underwriters pursuant to Section 8(m) hereof, will be delivered at the offices of Cooley LLP, 3175 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130 (the "Closing Location"), and the Shares will be delivered at the Designated Office, all at such Time of Delivery. A meeting will be held at the Closing Location at [\*]:[\*] p.m., New York City time, on the New York Business Day next preceding such Time of Delivery, at which meeting the final drafts of the documents to be delivered pursuant to the preceding sentence will be available for review by the parties hereto. For the purposes of this Section 4, "New York Business Day" shall mean each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday which is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are generally authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close

- 5. The Company agrees with each of the Underwriters:
- (a) To prepare the Prospectus in a form approved by you and to file such Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act not later than the Commission's close of business on the second business day following the execution and delivery of this Agreement, or, if applicable, such earlier time as may be required by Rule 430A(a)(3) under the Act; to make no further amendment or any supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus prior to the last Time of Delivery which shall be disapproved by you promptly after reasonable notice thereof; to advise you, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the time when any amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed or becomes effective or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus has been filed and to furnish you with copies thereof; to file promptly all material required to be filed by the Company with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act; to advise you, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus in respect of the Shares, of the suspension of the qualification of the Shares for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, of the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for any such purpose, or of any request by the Commission for the amending or supplementing of the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or for additional information; and, in the event of the issuance of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus or suspending any such qualification, to promptly use its best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of such order;
- **(b)** Promptly from time to time to take such action as you may reasonably request to qualify the Shares for offering and sale under the securities laws of such jurisdictions as you may request and to comply with such laws so as to permit the continuance of sales and dealings therein in such jurisdictions for as long as may be necessary to complete the distribution of the Shares, provided that in connection therewith the Company shall not be required to qualify as a foreign corporation (where not otherwise required) or to file a general consent to service of process in any jurisdiction (where not otherwise required):
- (c) Prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the New York Business Day next succeeding the date of this Agreement and from time to time, to furnish the Underwriters with written and electronic copies of the Prospectus in New York City in such quantities as you may reasonably request, and, if the delivery of a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) is required at any time prior to the expiration of nine months after the time of issue of the Prospectus in connection with the offering or sale of the Shares and if at such time any event shall have occurred as a result of which the Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made when such Prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule

173(a) under the Act) is delivered, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary during such same period to amend or supplement the Prospectus in order to comply with the Act, to notify you and upon the your request to prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter and to any dealer in securities as many written and electronic copies as you may from time to time reasonably request of an amended Prospectus or a supplement to the Prospectus which will correct such statement or omission or effect such compliance; and in case any Underwriter is required to deliver a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) in connection with sales of any of the Shares at any time nine months or more after the time of issue of the Prospectus, upon your request but at the expense of such Underwriter, to prepare and deliver to such Underwriter as many written and electronic copies as you may request of an amended or supplemented Prospectus complying with Section 10(a)(3) of the Act;

(d) To make generally available to its securityholders as soon as practicable (which may be satisfied by filing with the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering Analysis and Retrieval System ("EDGAR")), but in any event not later than sixteen months after the effective date of the Registration Statement (as defined in Rule 158(c) under the Act), an earnings statement of the Company and its subsidiaries (which need not be audited) complying with Section 11(a) of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (including, at the option of the Company, Rule 158):

(e) (1) During the period beginning from the date hereof and continuing to and including the date 180 days after the date of the Prospectus (the "Company Lock-Up Period"), not to (i) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, make any short sale or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or file with or confidentially submit to the Commission a registration statement under the Act relating to, any securities of the Company that are substantially similar to the Shares, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase shares of Stock or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, Stock or any such substantially similar securities, or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Stock or any such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise without the prior written consent of the Representative; provided, however, that the foregoing restrictions shall not apply to (A) the Shares to be sold hereunder, (B) the issuance by the Company of shares of Stock upon the exercise of an option or warrant, in each case, that is outstanding on the date of this Agreement and described in the Pricing Prospectus, (C) the issuance by the Company of Stock or other securities convertible into or exercisable for shares of Stock, in each case pursuant to the Company's stock plans, provided that such stock plans are described in the Pricing Prospectus, (D) any shares of Common Stock or any security convertible into or exercisable for shares of Common Stock issued by the Company in connection with the acquisition by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of not less than a majority or controlling portion of the securities, business, property or other assets of another person or entity or pursuant to an employee benefit plan assumed by the Company in connection with such acquisition, (E) any shares of Common Stock or any security convertible into or exercisable for shares of Common Stock issued by the Company in connection with a transaction with an unaffiliated third party that includes a bona fide commercial relationship (including joint ventures, marketing or distribution arrangements, collaboration agreements or intellectual property license agreements), (F) the filing of any registration statement on Form S-8 relating to any benefit plans or arrangements disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus and the issuance of securities registered pursuant thereto or (G) grants of awards pursuant to equity incentive plans existing on the date of this Agreement and disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus; provided that in the case of clauses (D) or

- (E), the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that the Company may sell or issue or agree to sell or issue pursuant to clauses (D) and (E) shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately following the completion of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided further that in the case of clauses (B), (C), (D) and (E), the Company shall cause each recipient of such securities to execute and deliver to the Representatives, on or prior to the issuance of such securities, a lock-up agreement with substantially the same terms as the lock-up agreements referenced in Section 8(k) of this Agreement for the remainder of the Company Lock-Up Period, and enter stop transfer instructions with the Company's transfer agent and registrar against the transfer of such securities or shares of Common Stock, as applicable; provided further that nothing herein shall prohibit or restrict the Company from making any confidential or non-public submission for registration of any shares of its common stock (provided, in the case of any such confidential or non-public submission, (X) the Company shall give Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC written notice at least two business days prior to such submission, (Y) no public announcement of such confidential or non-public submission shall be made and (Z) no such confidential or non-public submission shall become a publicly available registration statement during the Company Lock-Up Period:
- (2) If Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, in its sole discretion, agrees to release or waive the restrictions set forth in a lock-up letter delivered pursuant to Section 8(j) hereof, in each case, for an officer or director of the Company, and provides the Company with notice of the impending release or waiver at least three business days before the effective date of the release or waiver, the Company agrees to announce the impending release or waiver by a press release substantially in the form of Annex I hereto through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver:
- (f) During a period of three years from the effective date of the Registration Statement, to furnish to its stockholders as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year an annual report (including a balance sheet and statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries certified by independent public accountants) and, as soon as practicable after the end of each of the first three quarters of each fiscal year (beginning with the fiscal quarter ending after the effective date of the Registration Statement), to make available to its stockholders consolidated summary financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries for such quarter in reasonable detail; provided, however, that the Company may satisfy the requirements of this Section 5(g) by filing such information through EDGAR;
- (g) During a period of three years from the effective date of the Registration Statement, to furnish to you copies of all reports or other communications (financial or other) furnished to stockholders, and to deliver to you as soon as they are available, copies of any reports and financial statements furnished to or filed with the Commission or any national securities exchange on which any class of securities of the Company is listed; provided that the Company may satisfy the requirements of this Section 5(g) by filing such information through EDGAR;
- (h) To use the net proceeds received by it from the sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement in the manner specified in the Pricing Prospectus under the caption "Use of Proceeds";
  - (i) To use its best efforts to list for trading the Shares on Nasdaq;

- (j) To file with the Commission such information on Form 10-Q or Form 10-K as may be required by Rule 463 under the Act;
- (k) If the Company elects to rely upon Rule 462(b), the Company shall file a Rule 462(b) Registration Statement with the Commission in compliance with Rule 462(b) by 10:00 p.m., Washington, D.C. time, on the date of this Agreement, and the Company shall at the time of filing either pay to the Commission the filing fee for the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement or give irrevocable instructions for the payment of such fee pursuant to Rule 111(b) under the Act; and
- (I) Upon request of any Underwriter, to furnish, or cause to be furnished, to such Underwriter an electronic version of the Company's trademarks, servicemarks and corporate logo for use on the website, if any, operated by such Underwriter for the purpose of facilitating the on-line offering of the Shares (the "License"); provided, however, that the License shall be used solely for the purpose described above, is granted without any fee and may not be assigned or transferred.
- 6. (a) The Company represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute a "free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 405 under the Act; the Selling Stockholder represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Company and the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute a free writing prospectus; and each Underwriter represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Company and the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute a free writing prospectus required to be filed with the Commission; any such free writing prospectus the use of which has been consented to by the Company and the Representatives is listed on Schedule III(a) or Schedule III(c) hereto;
- (b) The Company has complied and will comply with the requirements of Rule 433 under the Act applicable to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, including timely filing with the Commission or retention where required and legending; and the Company represents that it has satisfied and agrees that it will satisfy the conditions under Rule 433 under the Act to avoid a requirement to file with the Commission any electronic road show;
- (c) The Company agrees that if at any time following issuance of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or Written Testing-the-Waters Communication any event occurred or occurs as a result of which such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or Written Testing-the-Waters Communication would conflict with the information in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances then prevailing, not misleading, the Company will give prompt notice thereof to the Representatives and, if requested by the Representatives, will prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or other document which will correct such conflict, statement or omission:
- (d) The Company represents and agrees that (i) it has not engaged in, or authorized any other person to engage in, any Testing-the-Waters Communications, other than Testing-the-Waters Communications with the prior consent of the Representatives with entities that are qualified institutional buyers as defined in Rule 144A under the Act or institutions that are accredited investors as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(7) or (a)(8) under the Act; and (ii) it has not distributed, or authorized any other person to distribute, any Written Testing-the-Waters Communications, other than those distributed with the prior consent of the Representatives that are listed on Schedule III(d) hereto; and the Company reconfirms that the Underwriters have been authorized to act on its behalf in engaging in Testing-the-Waters Communications;

(e) Each Underwriter represents and agrees that any Testing-the-Waters Communications undertaken by it were with entities that such Underwriter reasonably believes are qualified institutional buyers as defined in Rule 144A under the Act or institutions that are accredited investors as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(7) or (a)(8) under the Act;

7. The Company covenants and agrees with the several Underwriters and the Selling Stockholder that the Company will pay or cause to be paid the following: (i) the fees, disbursements and expenses of each of the Company's counsel, the counsel to the Selling Stockholder and the accountants in connection with the registration of the Shares under the Act and all other expenses in connection with the preparation, printing, reproduction and filing of the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and the Prospectus and amendments and supplements thereto and the mailing and delivering of copies thereof to the Underwriters and dealers; (ii) the cost of printing or producing any agreement among Underwriters, this Agreement, the Blue Sky Memorandum, closing documents (including any compilations thereof) and any other documents in connection with the offering, purchase, sale and delivery of the Shares; (iii) reasonable and documented expenses in connection with the qualification of the Shares for offering and sale under state securities laws as provided in Section 5(b) hereof, including the reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters in connection with such qualification and in connection with the Blue Sky survey (iv) all fees and expenses in connection with listing the Shares on Nasdaq; (v) reasonable and documented filing fees incident to, and the fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters in connection with, any required review by FINRA of the terms of the sale of the Shares; (vi) the cost of preparing stock certificates, if applicable; (vii) the cost and charges of any transfer agent or registrar; (viii) the costs and expenses of the Company relating to investor presentations on any "road show" undertaken in connection with the marketing of the Shares, including, without limitation, expenses associated with the production of road show slides and graphics, fees and expenses of any consultants engaged in connection with the road show presentations with the prior approval of the Company, travel and lodging expenses of the representatives (not including the Underwriters and their representatives) and officers of the Company and any such consultants (not including the Underwriters and their representatives) and the cost of aircraft and other transportation chartered in connection with the road show; and (ix) all other costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder which are not otherwise specifically provided for in this Section; provided that the amount payable by the Company pursuant to subsections (iii) and, solely with respect to fees and disbursements for underwriters' counsel, subsection (v) shall not exceed \$40,000 in the aggregate. It is understood, however, that except as provided in this Section, and Sections 9 and 12 hereof, the Underwriters will pay all of their own costs and expenses, including the fees of their counsel, stock transfer taxes on resale of any of the Shares by them, and any advertising expenses connected with

8. The obligations of the Underwriters hereunder, as to the Shares to be delivered at each Time of Delivery, shall be subject, in their discretion, to the condition that all representations and warranties and other statements of the Company and the Selling Stockholder herein are, at and as of the Applicable Time and such Time of Delivery, true and correct, the condition that the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall have performed all of its and their obligations hereunder theretofore to be performed, and the following additional conditions:

- (a) The Prospectus shall have been filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by the rules and regulations under the Act and in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof; all material required to be filed by the Company pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act shall have been filed with the Commission within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by Rule 433; if the Company has elected to rely upon Rule 462(b) under the Act, the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement shall have become effective by 10:00 p.m., Washington, D.C. time, on the date of this Agreement; no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any part thereof shall have been issued and no proceeding for that purpose shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; no stop order suspending or preventing the use of the Pricing Prospectus, Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; and all requests for additional information on the part of the Commission shall have been complied with to reasonable satisfaction of the Representatives;
- (b) Cooley LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, shall have furnished to you such written opinion or opinions, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you, and such counsel shall have received such papers and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters;
- (c) (i) Latham & Watkins LLP, counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to you their written opinion, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you and (ii) the General Counsel for the Company shall have furnished to you their written opinion, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you;
- (d) (i) Jones Day, counsel for the Selling Stockholder, shall have furnished to you their written opinion, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you; and (ii) Maples and Calder, Cayman Islands counsel for the Selling Stockholder, shall have furnished to you their written opinion, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you;
- (e) On the date of the Prospectus at a time prior to the execution of this Agreement, at 9:30 a.m., New York City time, on the effective date of any post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement filed subsequent to the date of this Agreement and also at each Time of Delivery, each of KPMG LLP and Cherry Bekaert LLP shall have furnished to you their respective letter or letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof, in form and substance satisfactory to you;
- (f) (i) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries shall have sustained since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus, and (ii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Pricing Prospectus there shall not have been any change in the capital stock or long-term debt of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any change or effect, or any development involving a prospective change or effect, in or affecting (x) the business, properties, general affairs, management, financial position, stockholders' equity or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, except as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus, or (y) the ability of the Company to perform its obligations under this Agreement, including the issuance and sale of the Shares, or to consummate the transactions contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus, the effect of which, in any such case described in clause (i) or (ii), is in your judgment so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Shares being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus;

- (g) On or after the Applicable Time (i) no downgrading shall have occurred in the rating accorded the Company's debt securities by any "nationally recognized statistical rating organization", as defined in Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act, and (ii) no such organization shall have publicly announced that it has under surveillance or review, with possible negative implications, its rating of any of the Company's debt securities;
- (h) On or after the Applicable Time there shall not have occurred any of the following: (i) a suspension or material limitation in trading in securities generally on the New York Stock Exchange or on Nasdaq; (ii) a suspension or material limitation in trading in the Company's securities on Nasdaq; (iii) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities declared by either Federal or New York State authorities or a material disruption in commercial banking or securities settlement or clearance services in the United States; (iv) the outbreak or escalation of hostilities involving the United States or the declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war or (v) the occurrence of any other calamity or crisis or any change in financial, political or economic conditions in the United States or elsewhere, if the effect of any such event specified in clause (iv) or (v) in your judgment makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Shares being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus;
  - (i) The Shares to be sold at such Time of Delivery shall have been duly listed for trading on Nasdaq;
- (j) The Company shall have obtained and delivered to the Underwriters executed copies of an agreement from securityholders of the Company representing substantially all of the shares of capital stock of the Company, substantially in the form of Annex II hereto;
- (k) The Company shall have complied with the provisions of Section 5(c) hereof with respect to the furnishing of prospectuses on the New York Business Day next succeeding the date of this Agreement; and
- (I) The Company and the Selling Stockholder shall have furnished or caused to be furnished to you at such Time of Delivery certificates of officers of the Company and of the Selling Stockholder, respectively, satisfactory to you as to the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company and the Selling Stockholder, respectively, herein at and as of such Time of Delivery, as to the performance by the Company and the Selling Stockholder of all of its and their respective obligations hereunder to be performed at or prior to such Time of Delivery, as to such other matters as you may reasonably request, and the Company shall have furnished or caused to be furnished certificates as to the matters set forth in subsections (a) and (f) of this Section 8.
- 9. (a) The Company will indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such Underwriter may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any "roadshow" as defined in Rule 433(h) under the Act (a "roadshow"), any "issuer information" filed or required to be filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act or any

Testing-the-Waters Communication, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and will reimburse each Underwriter for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Underwriter in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred; provided, however, that the Company shall not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or any Testing-the-Waters Communication, in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information.

(b) The Selling Stockholder will indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such Underwriter may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any roadshow or any Testing-the-Waters Communication, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, in each case to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission was made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, or any roadshow or any Testing-the-Waters Communication, in reliance upon and in conformity with the Selling Stockholder Information; and will reimburse each Underwriter for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Underwriter in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred; provided, however, that the Selling Stockholder shall not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information.

(c) Each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, will indemnify and hold harmless the Company and the Selling Stockholder against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities to which the Company or the Selling Stockholder may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, or any roadshow or any Testing-the-Waters Communication, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, in each case to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission was made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, or any roadshow or any Testing-the-Waters Communication, in reliance upon and in conformity with the Underwriter Information; and will reimburse the Company and the Selling Stockholder for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by the Company or the

Selling Stockholder in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred. As used in this Agreement with respect to an Underwriter and an applicable document, "Underwriter Information" shall mean the written information furnished to the Company by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein; it being understood and agreed upon that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the following information in the Prospectus furnished on behalf of each Underwriter: the concession and reallowance figures appearing in the [\*] paragraph under the caption "Underwriting", and the information contained in the [\*] paragraph under the caption "Underwriting".

(d) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this Section 9 of notice of the commencement of any action, such indemnified party shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the indemnifying party under such subsection, notify the indemnifying party in writing of the commencement thereof; provided that the failure to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have under the preceding paragraphs of this Section 9 except to the extent that it has been materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights or defenses) by such failure; and provided further that the failure to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have to an indemnified party otherwise than under the preceding paragraphs of this Section 9. In case any such action shall be brought against any indemnified party and it shall notify the indemnifying party of the commencement thereof, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate therein and, to the extent that it shall wish, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to assume the defense thereof, with counsel satisfactory to such indemnified party (who shall not, except with the consent of the indemnified party, be counsel to the indemnifying party), and, after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party under such subsection for any legal expenses of other counsel or any other expenses, in each case subsequently incurred by such indemnified party, in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation unless (i) such indemnified party shall have reasonably concluded that there may be legal defenses available to it that are different from or in addition to those available to the indemnifying party, (ii) the indemnifying party has failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the indemnified party, or (iii) the named parties in any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both the indemnifying person and the indemnified person and representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interest between them. No indemnifying party shall, without the written consent of the indemnified party, effect the settlement or compromise of, or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to, any pending or threatened action or claim in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sought hereunder (whether or not the indemnified party is an actual or potential party to such action or claim) unless such settlement, compromise or judgment (i) includes an unconditional release of the indemnified party from all liability arising out of such action or claim and (ii) does not include a statement as to or an admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act, by or on behalf of any indemnified party.

(e) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 9 is unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under subsection (a), (b) or (c) above in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholder on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other from the offering of the Shares. If, however, the allocation provided by the immediately preceding

permitted by applicable law, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to such amount paid or payable by such indemnified party in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only such relative benefits but also the relative fault of the Company and the Selling Stockholder on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other in connection with the statements or omissions which resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof), as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholder on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total net proceeds from the offering (before deducting expenses) received by the Company and the Selling Stockholder bears to the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company and the Selling Stockholder on the one hand or the Underwriters on the other and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The Company, the Selling Stockholder and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this subsection (e) were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to above in this subsection (e). The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to above in this subsection (e) shall be deemed to include any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (e), no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the Shares underwritten by it and distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages which such Underwriter has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations in this subsection (e) to contribute are several in proportion to their respective underwriting obligations and not joint.

- (f) The obligations of the Company and the Selling Stockholder under this Section 9 shall be in addition to any liability which the Company and the Selling Stockholder may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each employee, officer and director of each Underwriter and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of the Act and each broker-dealer or other affiliate of any Underwriter; and the obligations of the Underwriters under this Section 9 shall be in addition to any liability which the respective Underwriters may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each officer and director of the Company (including any person who, with his or her consent, is named in the Registration Statement as about to become a director of the Company) and to each person, if any, who controls the Company or any Selling Stockholder within the meaning of the Act.
- 10. (a) If any Underwriter shall default in its obligation to purchase the Shares that it has agreed to purchase hereunder at a Time of Delivery, you may in your discretion arrange for you or another party or other parties to purchase such Shares on the terms contained herein. If within thirty-six hours after such default by any Underwriter you do not arrange for the purchase of such Shares, then the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall be entitled to a further period of thirty-six hours within which to procure another party or other parties satisfactory to you to purchase such Shares on such terms. In the event that, within the respective prescribed periods,

you notify the Company and the Selling Stockholder that you have so arranged for the purchase of such Shares, or the Company or a Selling Stockholder notifies you that it has so arranged for the purchase of such Shares, you or the Company or the Selling Stockholder shall have the right to postpone such Time of Delivery for a period of not more than seven days, in order to effect whatever changes may thereby be made necessary in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, or in any other documents or arrangements, and the Company agrees to file promptly any amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus which in your opinion may thereby be made necessary. The term "Underwriter" as used in this Agreement shall include any person substituted under this Section with like effect as if such person had originally been a party to this Agreement with respect to such Shares.

- (b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by you as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such Shares which remains unpurchased does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all of the Shares to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, then the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase the number of Shares which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder at such Time of Delivery and, in addition, to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase its pro rata share (based on the number of Shares which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder) of the Shares of such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters for which such arrangements have not been made; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default.
- (c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by you, the Company and the Selling Stockholder as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such Shares which remains unpurchased exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all of the Shares to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, or if the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall not exercise the right described in subsection (b) above to require non-defaulting Underwriters to purchase Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters, then this Agreement (or, with respect to the Second Time of Delivery, the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase and of the Selling Stockholder to sell the Optional Shares) shall thereupon terminate, without liability on the part of any non-defaulting Underwriter, the Company or the Selling Stockholder, except for the expenses to be borne by the Company, the Selling Stockholder and the Underwriters as provided in Section 7 hereof and the indemnity and contribution agreements in Section 9 hereof; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default
- 11. The respective indemnities, agreements, representations, warranties and other statements of the Company, the Selling Stockholder and the several Underwriters, as set forth in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of them, respectively, pursuant to this Agreement, shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation (or any statement as to the results thereof) made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or any controlling person of any Underwriter, or the Company, or the Selling Stockholder, or any officer or director or controlling person of the Company, or any controlling person of any Selling Stockholder and shall survive delivery of and payment for the Shares.
- 12. If this Agreement shall be terminated pursuant to Section 10 hereof, neither the Company nor the Selling Stockholder shall then be under any liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 7 and 9 hereof; but, if for any other reason (other than those set forth in clauses (i), (iii), (iv) and (v) of Section 8(g)), any Shares are not delivered by or on behalf of the Company and the Selling Stockholder as provided herein or the Underwriters decline to purchase

the Shares for any reason permitted under this Agreement, the Company and the Selling Stockholder pro rata (based on the number of Shares to be sold by the Company and the Selling Stockholder hereunder) will reimburse the Underwriters through you for all out-of-pocket expenses approved in writing by you, including reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of counsel, reasonably incurred by the Underwriters in making preparations for the purchase, sale and delivery of the Shares not so delivered, but the Company and the Selling Stockholder shall then be under no further liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 7 and 9 hereof.

13. In all dealings hereunder, the Representatives shall act on behalf of each of the Underwriters, and the parties hereto shall be entitled to act and rely upon any statement, request, notice or agreement on behalf of any Underwriter made or given by the Representatives.

All statements, requests, notices and agreements hereunder shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to you as the Representatives (i) in care of Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282, Attention: Registration Department, (ii) in care of Barclays Capital Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Syndicate Registration (Fax: (646) 834-8133), with a copy to the Director of Litigation, Office of the General Counsel, Barclays Capital Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019 and (iii) in care of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC Eleven Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10010-3629, Facsimile: (212) 325-4296, Attention: IBCM-Legal; if to the Company shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to the address of the Company set forth on the cover of the Registration Statement, Attention: Secretary; and if to any Selling Stockholder shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to counsel for the Selling Stockholder at its address set forth in Schedule II hereto; if provided, however, that any notice to an Underwriter pursuant to Section 9(c) hereof shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to such Underwriter at its address set forth in its Underwriters' Questionnaire, or telex constituting such Questionnaire, which address will be supplied to the Company or the Selling Stockholder by you upon request; provided, further, that notices under subsection 5(e) shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to you as the Representatives at Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282, Attention: Control Room. Any such statements, requests, notices or agreements shall take effect upon receipt thereof.

In accordance with the requirements of the USA Patriot Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)), the Underwriters are required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies their respective clients, including the Company, which information may include the name and address of their respective clients, as well as other information that will allow the Underwriters to properly identify their respective clients.

14. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure solely to the benefit of, the Underwriters, the Company and the Selling Stockholder and, to the extent provided in Sections 9 and 11 hereof, the officers and directors of the Company and each person who controls the Company, any Selling Stockholder or any Underwriter, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, and no other person shall acquire or have any right under or by virtue of this Agreement. No purchaser of any of the Shares from any Underwriter shall be deemed a successor or assign by reason merely of such purchase.

- 15. Time shall be of the essence of this Agreement. As used herein, the term "business day" shall mean any day when the Commission's office in Washington, D.C. is open for business.
- 16. The Company and the Selling Stockholder acknowledge and agree that (i) the purchase and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the Company and the Selling Stockholders, on the one hand, and the several Underwriters, on the other, and does not constitute a recommendation, investment advice, or any solicitation of any action by the Underwriters, (ii) in connection therewith and with the process leading to such transaction each Underwriter is acting solely as a principal and not the agent or fiduciary of the Company or any Selling Stockholder, (iii) no Underwriter has assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of the Company or any Selling Stockholder with respect to the offering contemplated hereby or the process leading thereto (irrespective of whether such Underwriter has advised or is currently advising the Company or any Selling Stockholder on other matters) or any other obligation to the Company or any Selling Stockholder except the obligations expressly set forth in this Agreement and (iv) the Company and the Selling Stockholder have consulted its and their own legal, financial and investment advisors to the extent it deemed appropriate. The Company and the Selling Stockholder agree that (x) it will not claim that the Underwriters, or any of them, has rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owes a fiduciary or similar duty to the Company or any Selling Stockholder, in connection with such transaction or the process leading thereto and (y) none of the activities of the Underwriters with respect to any entity or natural person.
- 17. This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and understandings (whether written or oral) between the Company, the Selling Stockholder and the Underwriters, or any of them, with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- 18. This Agreement and any transaction contemplated by this Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related thereto shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without regard to principles of conflict of laws that would result in the application of any other law than the laws of the State of New York. The Company and the Selling Stockholder agree that any suit or proceeding arising in respect of this Agreement or any transaction contemplated by this Agreement will be tried exclusively in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York or, if that court does not have subject matter jurisdiction, in any state court located in The City and County of New York and the Company and the Selling Stockholder agree to submit to the jurisdiction of, and to venue in such courts.
- 19. The Company, the Selling Stockholder and each of the Underwriters hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 20. This Agreement may be executed by any one or more of the parties hereto in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Counterparts may be delivered via facsimile, electronic mail (including any electronic signature covered by the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, the Electronic Signatures and Records Act or other applicable law, e.g., www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

- 21. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Company and the Selling Stockholder are authorized to disclose to any persons the U.S. federal and state income tax treatment and tax structure of the potential transaction and all materials of any kind (including tax opinions and other tax analyses) provided to the Company and the Selling Stockholder relating to that treatment and structure, without the Underwriters imposing any limitation of any kind. However, any information relating to the tax treatment and tax structure shall remain confidential (and the foregoing sentence shall not apply) to the extent necessary to enable any person to comply with securities laws. For this purpose, "tax structure" is limited to any facts that may be relevant to that treatment.
  - 22. Recognition of the U.S. Special Resolution Regimes.
- (a) In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, the transfer from such Underwriter of this Agreement, and any interest and obligation in or under this Agreement, will be effective to the same extent as the transfer would be effective under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement, and any such interest and obligation, were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.
- (b) In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity or a BHC Act Affiliate of such Underwriter becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, Default Rights under this Agreement that may be exercised against such Underwriter are permitted to be exercised to no greater extent than such Default Rights could be exercised under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.
  - (c) As used in this section:
  - "BHC Act Affiliate" has the meaning assigned to the term "affiliate" in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. § 1841(k).
  - "Covered Entity" means any of the following:
    - (i) a "covered entity" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 252.82(b);
    - (ii) a "covered bank" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 47.3(b); or
    - (iii) a "covered FSI" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 382.2(b).
- "Default Right" has the meaning assigned to that term in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §§ 252.81, 47.2 or 382.1, as applicable.
- "U.S. Special Resolution Regime" means each of (i) the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (ii) Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, please sign and return to us one for each of the Company, the Selling Stockholder and each of the Representatives plus one for each counsel counterparts, and upon the acceptance hereof by you, on behalf of each of the Underwriters, this Agreement and such acceptance hereof shall constitute a binding agreement among each of the Underwriters, the Company and the Selling Stockholder. It is understood that your acceptance of this Agreement on behalf of each of the Underwriters is pursuant to the authority set forth in a form of Agreement among Underwriters, the form of which shall be submitted to the Company and the Selling Stockholder for examination, upon request, but without warranty on your part as to the authority of the signers thereof.

[Signature page follows]

Final Form

Corsair Gaming	, Inc.	
Ву:		
Name:		
Title:		

Very truly yours,

Very	truly yours,
Cor	sair Group (Cayman), LP
Ву:	EagleTree-Carbide (GP), LLC, its General Partner
Ву:	EagleTree Partners IV (GP), LP, its Sole Member
·	EagleTree Partners IV Ultimate GP, LLC, its eral Partner
By:	Name: Title:
Ву:	Name: Title:

Зу:	Name:
	Title:
Baro By:	clays Capital Inc.
	Name:
	Title:
٦	lit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC
rec	

Accepted as of the date hereof:

# SCHEDULE I

	Total Number of Firm Shares to be	Number of Optional Shares to be Purchased if Maximum Option
<u>Underwriter</u>	Purchased	Exercised
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	[•]	[•]
Barclays Capital Inc.	[•]	[•]
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	[•]	[•]
Total	<u> </u>	[•]

# SCHEDULE II

	Total Number of Firm Shares to be Sold	Number of Optional Shares to be Sold if Maximum Option Exercised
Corsair Gaming, Inc.	[•]	
Corsair Group (Cayman), LP	[•]	[•]
Total	[•]	[•]

### SCHEDULE III

(a) Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses not included in the Pricing Disclosure Package [Electronic Roadshow dated [•]]

(b) Additional documents incorporated by reference

[None]

(c) Information other than the Pricing Prospectus that comprise the Pricing Disclosure Package

The initial public offering price per share for the Shares is \$[•]

The number of Shares purchased by the Underwriters is  $\[\bullet\]$ 

(d) Written Testing-the-Waters Communications

[None.]

### FORM OF PRESS RELEASE

Corsair	Gaming,	Inc.
[Date]		

Corsair Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") announced today that Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, the lead book-running manager in the Company's recent public sale of [•] shares of common stock, is [waiving] [releasing] a lock-up restriction with respect to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shares of the Company's common stock held by [certain officers or directors] [an officer or director] of the Company. The [waiver] [release] will take effect on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_, and the shares may be sold on or after such date.

This press release is not an offer for sale of the securities in the United States or in any other jurisdiction where such offer is prohibited, and such securities may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from registration under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

## FORM OF LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

[To be distributed separately]

### AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

OF

### EAGLETREE-CARBIDE ACQUISITION CORP.

EAGLETREE-CARBIDE ACQUISITION CORP., a corporation organized and existing and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"), does hereby certify as follows:

- 1. The name of the Corporation is EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp. The original Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on July 19, 2017 under the name EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp.
  - 2. The Corporation has not received any payment for any of its stock.
- 3. This Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation amends and restates the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, has been duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 241 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "<u>DGCL</u>") and has been adopted by the board of directors of the Corporation, acting by written consent in accordance with Section 141(f) of the DGCL.
  - 4. The text of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:
  - FIRST: The name of the Corporation is EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp.

SECOND: The address of the Corporation's registered office in the State of Delaware is Corporation Service Company, 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, New Castle County, and the name of the registered agent of the Corporation in the State of Delaware at such address is Corporation Service Company.

THIRD: The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the DGCL.

FOURTH: The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation has the authority to issue is 1,000 shares, consisting of:

- (i) 550 shares of common stock, with no par value (the "Common Stock"); and
- (ii) 450 shares of preferred stock, with no par value, all of which are hereby designated as "Series A Preferred Stock" (the "Preferred Stock").

A statement of the powers, designations, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock is as follows:

### 1. Common Stock.

- (a) *Dividends*. Subject to the rights of the holders of the Preferred Stock, dividends may be declared and paid in cash, property or otherwise on the Common Stock out of the assets of the Corporation legally available therefor, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board of Directors").
- (b) Liquidation Rights. In the event of any Liquidation and subject to the rights of the holders of Preferred Stock, the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its stockholders shall be distributed among the holders of shares of Common Stock, pro rata based on the number of shares of Common Stock held by each such holder.
- (c) Voting Rights. Except as otherwise provided by law or this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the holders of Common Stock, voting together with the holders of the Preferred Stock as a single class, will have the right to vote or consent to the election and removal of directors, any Liquidation, and for all other corporate purposes. Each holder of Common Stock will be entitled to one vote per share.
  - (d) Equal Rank. All shares of Common Stock will be of equal rank and will be identical in all matters and respects.

### 2. Preferred Stock

- (a) Dividends.
- (1) The holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to receive annual dividends paid in cash, out of funds legally available therefor, at a per share rate equal to 1% of the aggregate Preferred Stock Original Issue Price compounded semi-annually. Such dividends will be payable only when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors. Dividends on the Preferred Stock will be cumulative and will accrue daily, whether or not declared, from and after the Preferred Stock Original Issue Date. Accrued but unpaid dividends in cash, accrued but unpaid dividends will not bear interest.
- (2) All dividends paid on shares of Preferred Stock pursuant to this <u>Section 2(a)</u> will be paid pro rata to the holders entitled thereto. In the event that the funds legally available therefor are insufficient for the payment of the entire amount of dividends payable, subject to the provisions of this <u>Section 2(a)</u>, such funds will be allocated for the payment of dividends with respect to the shares of Preferred Stock pro rata based on the number of shares of Preferred Stock held by each such holder.
- (b) *Priority; Restrictions on Dividends*. The Corporation may not declare or pay any dividend whether in cash, property or otherwise (other than dividends payable in shares of Common Stock) on any Common Stock, unless all accrued but unpaid dividends to which the holders of outstanding shares of Preferred Stock are then entitled pursuant to Section 2(a) have been paid in cash out of funds legally available therefor or declared and that sum of money sufficient for the payment thereof has been set apart for payment.

- (c) Distributions Upon Liquidation, Dissolution or Winding Up. In the event of any Liquidation, before any distribution or payment may be made to the holders of Common Stock in their capacity as such, the holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to be paid, in cash, out of any assets at the time legally available therefor, an amount per share of Preferred Stock equal to the Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference. If, upon any such Liquidation, the assets of the Corporation distributable among the holders of all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock pursuant to this Section 2(c) are insufficient to permit the payment in full to such holders of the preferential amounts to which they are entitled, then the entire assets of the Corporation must be distributed among the holders of Preferred Stock ratably in proportion to the full amounts to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled. Written notice of any Liquidation, stating an estimated payment date and the place where the distributive amounts will be payable, must be given in accordance with Section 2(f) of this ARTICLE FOURTH, not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the payment date stated therein, to the holders of record of the Preferred Stock at their respective addresses as the same appear on the books of the Corporation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth above, such Preferred Stock preferential amounts will be payable only after any indebtedness, including any indebtedness under any senior credit facility of the Corporation, has been repaid in full.
- (d) *Voting Rights*. The holders of Preferred Stock, voting together with the holders of the Common Stock as a single class, will have the right to vote or consent to the election and removal of directors, any Liquidation and for all other corporate purposes. Each holder of Preferred Stock will be entitled to one vote per share.
- (e) Election of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors will initially consist of two members. In addition to any other vote required by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the number of authorized directors may be increased or decreased in the manner provided in the Bylaws of the Corporation.
- (f) Notices. Any notice or other communication provided for herein or given hereunder must be sent by (a) facsimile transmission, (b) electronic mail, (c) personal delivery, (d) first class registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, or (e) overnight courier of national reputation, addressed to the recipient at such recipient's address set forth in the Corporation's records (in the case of notice given by mail or overnight courier) or to such facsimile number or electronic mail address that such recipient has consented to receive notice in accordance with applicable law (in the case of notices given by facsimile transmission or electronic mail). Each such notice communication will be effective (i) if given by facsimile or email, when the successful sending of such facsimile is electronically confirmed or if an email, when electronic evidence of sending and receipt of such email is received, or (ii) if given by any other means specified in the first sentence of this Section 2(f) of this ARTICLE FOURTH, upon delivery.
- (g) Exclusion of Other Rights. Except as may otherwise be required by law, the shares of Preferred Stock do not have any preferences or relative, participating, optional or other special rights, other than those set forth in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.

- (h) Headings of Subdivisions. The headings of the various subdivisions hereof are for convenience of reference only and will not affect the interpretation of any of the provisions hereof.
- (i) Status of Reacquired Shares. Shares of Preferred Stock that have been issued and reacquired by the Corporation in any manner will be deemed cancelled, retired and not subject to re-issuance upon being reacquired.
  - (j) Equal Rank. All shares of Preferred Stock will be of equal rank and will be identical in all matters and respects.
- (k) Certain Definitions. Terms used in this <u>Section 2</u> of this <u>ARTICLE FOURTH</u> that are otherwise not defined have the meanings set forth in <u>Section 3</u> of this <u>ARTICLE FOURTH</u>.
  - 3. <u>Definitions</u>. Unless otherwise stated herein, as used in this <u>ARTICLE FOURTH</u>, the following terms have the following respective meanings:
- "Affiliate" means with respect to a specified Person, any other Person, whether now in existence or hereafter created, directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.
- "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in the City of New York are authorized or required by law or executive order to close.
- "<u>Liquidation</u>" means a Liquidity Event or the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Liquidity Event will not be considered a Liquidation if the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Preferred Stock elect otherwise by written notice sent to the Corporation at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date of any such event.
- "Liquidity Event" means any sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets, or a change of control of the Corporation.
- "Person" means any individual, firm, corporation, business enterprise, trust, association, joint venture, partnership, any foreign, federal, state, municipal or other government or any department, commission, board, bureau, agency, public authority or instrumentality thereof, or any court or arbitrator or other entity, whether acting in an individual, fiduciary or other capacity.
- "Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference" means, as to each share of Preferred Stock, the sum of the Preferred Stock Original Issue Price plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon.

"Preferred Stock Original Issue Date" means the date on which such share of Preferred Stock was issued.

"Preferred Stock Original Issue Price" means \$222.22 per share (as adjusted for stock dividends, stock splits, combinations, recapitalizations and the like).

FIFTH: To the full extent permitted by the DGCL or any other applicable laws presently or hereafter in effect, no director of the Corporation will be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for or with respect to any acts or omissions in the performance of his or her duties as a director of the Corporation. Any repeal or modification of this <u>ARTICLE FIFTH</u> will not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation existing immediately prior to such repeal or modification.

#### SIXTH

- (a) The Corporation shall indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, any person (a "Covered Person") who was or is made or is threatened to be made a party or is otherwise involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person for whom he or she is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer of the Corporation or, while a director or officer of the Corporation, is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or nonprofit entity, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, against all liability and loss suffered and expenses (including attorneys' fees) reasonably incurred by such Covered Person. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, except as otherwise provided in Section (c) of this ARTICLE SIXTH, the Corporation will be required to indemnify a Covered Person in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) commenced by such Covered Person only if the commencement of such proceeding (or part thereof) by the Covered Person was authorized in the specific case by the Board of Directors
- (b) The Corporation shall to the fullest extent not prohibited by applicable law pay the expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a Covered Person in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition, provided, however, that, to the extent required by applicable law, such payment of expenses in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding shall be made only upon receipt of an undertaking by the Covered Person to repay all amounts advanced if it should be ultimately determined that the Covered Person is not entitled to be indemnified under this <u>ARTICLE SIXTH</u> or otherwise.
- (c) If a claim for indemnification under this <u>ARTICLE SIXTH</u> (following the final disposition of such proceeding) is not paid in full within sixty days after the Corporation has received a claim therefor by the Covered Person, or if a claim for any advancement of expenses under this <u>ARTICLE SIXTH</u> is not paid in full within thirty days after the Corporation has received a statement or statements requesting such amounts to be advanced, the Covered Person will thereupon (but not before) be entitled to file suit to recover the unpaid amount of such claim. If successful in whole or in part, the Covered Person will be entitled to be paid the expense of prosecuting such claim to the fullest extent permitted by law. In any such action, the Corporation will have the burden of proving that the Covered Person is not entitled to the requested indemnification or advancement of expenses under applicable law.

- (d) The rights conferred on any Covered Person by this <u>ARTICLE SIXTH</u> are not to be exclusive of any other rights which such Covered Person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws of the Corporation, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.
- (e) The Corporation's obligation, if any, to indemnify or to advance expenses to any Covered Person who was or is serving at its request as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or nonprofit entity will be reduced by any amount such Covered Person may collect as indemnification or advancement of expenses from such other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or non-profit enterprise.
- (f) Any right to indemnification or to advancement of expenses of any Covered Person arising hereunder will not be eliminated or impaired by an amendment to or repeal of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation after the occurrence of the act or omission that is the subject of the civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding for which indemnification or advancement of expenses is sought.
- (g) This <u>ARTICLE SIXTH</u> will not limit the right of the Corporation, to the extent and in the manner permitted by applicable law, to indemnify and to advance expenses to persons other than Covered Persons when and as authorized by appropriate corporate action.

#### SEVENTH:

(a) In recognition and anticipation that (i) certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of EagleTree-Carbide Holdings (US), LLC (the "Original Stockholder"), its Affiliates (as defined below) and certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of EagleTree-Carbide Holdings (Cayman), LP (the "Investing Stockholder" and, together with the Original Stockholder, the "Significant Stockholders") and its Affiliates may serve as directors, officers or agents of the Corporation, (ii) each of the Significant Stockholders and their respective Affiliates, directly or indirectly (including through companies in which such Significant Stockholder or any of its Affiliates is an equityholder, officer, director or affiliate), may now engage and may continue to engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage, the provisions of this ARTICLE SEVENTH are set forth to regulate and define the conduct of certain affairs of the Corporation

with respect to certain classes or categories of business opportunities as they may involve any of the Significant Stockholders, the Non-Employee Directors or their respective Affiliates and the powers, rights, duties and liabilities of the Corporation and its directors, officers and stockholders in connection therewith. No person will be deemed not to be a Non-Employee Director solely by virtue of the payment of a management fee by the Corporation to a Significant Stockholder or one or more of their respective Affiliates.

- (b) None of (i) the Original Stockholder or any of its Affiliates, (ii) the Investing Stockholder or any of its Affiliates, or (iii) any Non-Employee Director (including any Non-Employee Director who serves as an officer of the Corporation, in either his or her director or officer capacities) or his or her Affiliates (the Persons (as defined below) identified in clause (i) through (iii) above being referred to, collectively, as "Identified Persons" and, each individually, as an "Identified Person") shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, have any duty to refrain from directly or indirectly (1) engaging in the same or similar business activities or lines of business in which the Corporation or any of its Affiliates now engages or proposes to engage in or (2) otherwise competing with the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no Identified Person will be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person engages in any such activities. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law and in accordance with Section 122(17) of the DGCL, the Corporation hereby renounces any interest or expectancy in, or right to be offered an opportunity to participate in, any business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for an Identified Person and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, except as provided in Section (c) of this ARTICLE SEVENTH. Subject to said Section (c) of this ARTICLE SEVENTH, in the event that any Identified Person acquires knowledge of a potential transaction or other business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for itself, herself or himself and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, such Identified Person will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, have no duty to communicate or offer such transaction or other business opportunity to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, will not be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty or other duty (contractual or otherwise) as a stockholder, director or officer of the Corporation solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person pursues or acquires such corporate opportunity for itself, herself or himself, or offers or directs such corporate opportunity to another Person, or does not present such corporate opportunity to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates
- (c) The Corporation does not renounce its interest in any corporate opportunity offered to any Non-Employee Director (including any Non-Employee Director who serves as an officer of this Corporation) if such opportunity is expressly offered to such person solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of the Corporation, and the provisions of Section (b) of this ARTICLE SEVENTH will not apply to any such corporate opportunity.
- (d) In addition to and notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u>, a corporate opportunity will not be deemed to be a potential corporate opportunity for the Corporation if it is a business opportunity that (i) the Corporation is neither financially or legally able, nor contractually permitted to undertake, (ii) from its nature, is not in the line of the Corporation's business or is of no practical advantage to the Corporation, or (iii) is one in which the Corporation has no interest or reasonable expectancy.

- (e) For purposes of this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u>, (i) "<u>Affiliate</u>" means (a) in respect of each of the Significant Stockholders, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by such Significant Stockholder, controls such Significant Stockholder, or is under common control with such Significant Stockholder, and shall include any principal, member, director, partner, stockholder, officer, employee or other representative of any of the foregoing (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation), (b) in respect of a Non-Employee Director, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation) and (c) in respect of the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation; and (ii) "<u>Person</u>" means any individual, corporation, general or limited partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, association or any other entity.
- (f) To the fullest extent permitted by law, any Person purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any shares of capital stock of the Corporation will be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u>.
- (e) Neither the amendment, change, alteration nor repeal of this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u>, nor the adoption of any provision of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws of the Corporation, nor, to the fullest extent permitted by DGCL, any modification of law, will eliminate or reduce the effect of this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u> or the rights or any protection afforded under this <u>ARTICLE SEVENTH</u> in respect of any corporate opportunity that an Identified Person acquires knowledge of prior to such amendment, repeal, adoption or modification.
- EIGHTH: For the management of the business and for the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation, and in further definition, limitation and regulation of the powers of the Corporation and of its directors and of its stockholders or any class thereof, as the case may be, it is further provided:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the DGCL, the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors.
  - (b) The Board of Directors has the power to make, adopt, alter, amend, change, add to or repeal the Bylaws of the Corporation.
  - NINTH: Elections of directors need not be by written ballot unless the Bylaws of the Corporation otherwise provide.

TENTH: Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any stockholder, director, officer or other employee of the Corporation to the Corporation or the Corporation's stockholders, (3) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of

the DGCL, or this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws (as either may be amended and/or restated from time to time) or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, or (4) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in shares of capital stock of the Corporation will be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this <u>ARTICLE TENTH</u>.

ELEVENTH: The provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will apply and be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law. If any provision or provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, or the application thereof in any circumstance, is held for any reason whatsoever to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, (i) a suitable and equitable provision will be substituted therefor in order to carry out, so far as may be valid and enforceable, the intent and purposes of such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision, and (ii) the validity, legality and enforceability of such provisions or provisions in any other circumstance and of the remaining provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including, without limitation, each portion of any paragraph of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) will not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned officer of the Corporation has executed this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation on behalf of the Corporation this 28th day of August, 2017.

### EAGLETREE-CARBIDE ACQUISITION CORP.

By: /s/ George L. Majoros, Jr.

Name: George L. Majoros, Jr. Title: President

[Signature Page to A&R Certificate of Incorporation of EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp.]

EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article First thereof so that, as amended, said Article shall be read as follows:

"FIRST: The name of the corporation (the "Corporation") is: Corsair Acquisition (US) Corp."

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ Corporation\ has\ caused\ this\ certificate\ to\ be\ signed\ this\ 1st\ day\ of\ May\ 2018.$ 

By: /s/ George L. Majoros, Jr. Name: George L. Majoros, Jr. Title: President

Corsair Acquisition (US) Corp., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article First thereof so that, as amended, said Article shall read as follows:

"FIRST: The name of the corporation (the "Corporation") is: Corsair Gaming, Inc."

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 4th day of June 2018.

By: /s/ George L. Majoros, Jr.

Name: George L. Majoros, Jr. Title: President

[Signature Page to Amendment to A&R Articles of Incorporation]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article Fourth, the introductory language thereof so that, as amended, said language shall be read as follows:

"The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation has the authority to issue is 1010 shares, consisting of:

(a) 560 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"); and

(b) 450 shares of preferred stock, with no par value, all of which are hereby designated as "Series A Preferred Stock" (the "Preferred Stock").

A statement of the powers, designations, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock is as follows:"

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 12th day of June 2018.

/s/ George L. Majoros, Jr.

Name: George L. Majoros, Jr.
Title: President

[Signature Page to Amendment to Certificate of Corsair Gaming, Inc. re Issuance of Shares]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article Fourth, the introductory language thereof so that, as amended, said language shall be read as follows:

"The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation has the authority to issue is 1020 shares, consisting of:

- (a) 570 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"); and
- (b) 450 shares of preferred stock, with no par value, all of which are hereby designated as "Series A Preferred Stock" (the "Preferred Stock").

A statement of the powers, designations, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock is as follows:"

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 18th day of July, 2019.

By: /s/ Stuart Martin

Name: Stuart Martin

Title: Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer

[Signature Page to Certificate of Amendment (Corsair Gaming)]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article Fourth, the introductory language thereof so that, as amended, said language shall be read as follows:

"The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation has the authority to issue is 1070 shares, consisting of:

- (a) 570 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"); and
- (b) 500 shares of preferred stock, with no par value, all of which are hereby designated as "Series A Preferred Stock" (the "Preferred Stock").

A statement of the powers, designations, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock is as follows:"

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 18th day of December, 2019.

By: /s/ Stuart Martin

Name: Stuart Martin

Title: Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer

[Signature Page to Certificate of Amendment of Corsair Gaming, Inc.]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing the definition of "Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference," in Section 3 of Article Fourth, so that, as amended, said definition shall be read as follows:

"Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference: means, as to each share of Preferred Stock, the sum of \$424.34 plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon."

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 16th day of January, 2020.

By: /s/ Stuart Martin

Name: Stuart Martin

Title: Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation be amended by changing Article Fourth, the introductory language thereof so that, as amended, said language shall be read as follows:

"The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation has the authority to issue is 2,500 shares, consisting of:

- (a) 1,500 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"); and
- (b) 1,000 shares of preferred stock, with no par value, all of which are hereby designated as "Series A Preferred Stock" (the "Preferred Stock").

A statement of the powers, designations, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock is as follows:"

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ Corporation\ has\ caused\ this\ certificate\ to\ be\ signed\ this\ 31st\ day\ of\ August,\ 2020.$ 

By: /s/ Andrew J. Paul
Name: Andrew J. Paul
Title: Chief Executive Officer

[Signature Page to Corsair Gaming Certificate of Amendment]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that Article Fourth of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation be hereby deleted and replaced in its entirety as follows:

"FOURTH: The total number of shares of stock that the Corporation has the authority to issue is 10,000 shares, with a par value of \$0.0001. All such shares are of one class and are common stock.

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 15th day of September, 2020.

By: /s/ Andrew J. Paul
Name: Andrew J. Paul
Title: Chief Executive Officer

[Signature Page to Corsair Gaming Certificate of Amendment for Recap]

Corsair Gaming, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"),

### DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: That the Board of Directors of the Corporation, by the unanimous written consent of its members, filed with the minutes of the Board of Directors, adopted a resolution proposing and declaring advisable the following amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation:

RESOLVED, that Article Fourth of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation be hereby deleted and replaced in its entirety as follows:

"FOURTH: The total number of shares of stock that the Corporation has the authority to issue is 100,000,000 shares, with a par value of \$0.0001. All such shares are of one class and are common stock. Effective as of the date this Certificate of Amendment is filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, each outstanding share of common stock of this Corporation will, automatically and without any action on the part of the respective stockholders thereof, be reclassified, converted and changed into 28,693.596843964 fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001, of this Corporation."

SECOND: That in lieu of a meeting and vote of stockholders, the stockholders of the Corporation have approved and adopted said amendment by written consent in accordance with the provisions of Section 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

THIRD: That the aforesaid amendment was duly adopted in accordance with the applicable provisions of Sections 242 and 228 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this certificate to be signed this 15th day of September, 2020.

By: /s/ Andrew J. Paul
Name: Andrew J. Paul
Title: Chief Executive Officer

[Signature Page to Corsair Gaming Certificate of Amendment for Stock Split]

### SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED

### CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF

### CORSAIR GAMING, INC.

CORSAIR GAMING, INC., a corporation organized and existing by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"), does hereby certify as follows:

- 1. The name of the Corporation is Corsair Gaming, Inc. The original Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation") was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on July 19, 2017 under the name EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp.
- 2. The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending and restating the Certificate of Incorporation in its entirety, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on August 28, 2017.
- 3. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending the name of the Corporation from "EagleTree-Carbide Acquisition Corp." to "Corsair Acquisition (US) Corp.," was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on May 1, 2018.
- 4. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending the name of the Corporation from "Corsair Acquisition (US) Corp." to "Corsair Gaming, Inc.," was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on June 4, 2018.
- 5. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to increase the authorized shares of the Corporation's capital stock and change the par value of the Corporation's capital stock from no par value per share to \$0.0001 par value per share was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on June 12, 2018.
- 6. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to increase the authorized shares of the Corporation's capital stock, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on July 18, 2019.
- 7. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to increase the authorized shares of the Corporation's capital stock, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 18, 2019.
- 8. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to change the definition of "Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference," was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on January 28, 2020.

- 9. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to increase the authorized shares of the Corporation's capital stock and preferred stock, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on August 31, 2020.
- 10. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to recapitalize the Corporation's common and preferred stock into a single class of common stock and increase the amount of authorized shares, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 15, 2020.
- 11. The Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, amending Article IV to increase the authorized shares of the Corporation's capital stock and effectuate a 28,693.596843964 forward stock split, was filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 15, 2020.
- 12. This Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (this "Second A&R Certificate of Incorporation"), amending and restating the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, has been duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 241 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL") and has been adopted by the board of directors of the Corporation, acting by written consent in accordance with Section 141(f) of the DGCL.
  - 13. The text of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

### ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation is "Corsair Gaming, Inc." (hereinafter called the "Corporation")

#### ARTICLE II.

The address of the Corporation's registered office in the State of Delaware is Corporation Service Company, 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, New Castle County, and the name of the registered agent of the Corporation in the State of Delaware at such address is Corporation Service Company.

### ARTICLE III.

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or any applicable successor act thereto, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "*DGCL*").

### ARTICLE IV.

(A) <u>Classes of Stock</u>. The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock that the Corporation is authorized to issue is 305,000,000 shares which shall be divided into two classes of stock to be designated "Common Stock" and "Preferred Stock". The total number of shares of Common Stock that the Corporation is authorized to issue is 300,000,000 shares, par value \$0.0001 per share. The total number of shares of Preferred Stock that the Corporation is authorized to issue is 5,000,000 shares, par value \$0.0001 per share. Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock, the number of authorized shares of any of the Common Stock or Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon irrespective of the provisions of Section 242(b)(2) of the DGCL, and no vote of the holders of any of the Common Stock or Preferred Stock voting separately as a class shall be required therefor.

- (B) <u>Common Stock</u>. The powers, preferences and relative participating, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions of the Common Stock are as follows:
- 1. Ranking. The voting, dividend and liquidation rights of the holders of the Common Stock are subject to and qualified by the rights of the holders of the Preferred Stock of any series as may be designated by the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") upon any issuance of the Preferred Stock of any series.
- 2. <u>Voting.</u> Except as otherwise required by law or this Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (as the same may be amended and/or restated from time to time, including the terms of any Preferred Stock Designation (as defined below), this "Certificate of Incorporation"), each holder of record of Common Stock, as such, shall have one vote for each share of Common Stock which is outstanding in his, her or its name on the books of the Corporation on all matters on which stockholders are entitled to vote generally. Except as otherwise required by law or this Certificate of Incorporation (including any Preferred Stock Designation), the holders of outstanding shares of Common Stock shall have the exclusive right to vote for the election of directors and for all other purposes. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation to the contrary, the holders of Common Stock shall not be entitled to vote on any amendment to this Certificate of Incorporation (including any Preferred Stock Designation) that relates solely to the terms of one or more outstanding series of Preferred Stock if the holders of such affected series are entitled, either separately or together as a class with the holders of one or more other such series, to vote thereon pursuant to this Certificate of Incorporation (including any Preferred Stock Designation) or the DGCL.
- 3. <u>Dividends</u>. Subject to the rights of the holders of Preferred Stock, holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive such dividends and distributions and other distributions in cash, stock or property of the Corporation when, as and if declared thereon by the Board from time to time out of assets or funds of the Corporation legally available therefor.
- 4. <u>Liquidation</u>. Subject to the rights of the holders of Preferred Stock, shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive the assets and funds of the Corporation available for distribution in the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary. A liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, as such terms are used in this Section B(4), shall not be deemed to be occasioned by or to include any consolidation or merger of the Corporation with or into any other person or a sale, lease, exchange or conveyance of all or a part of its assets.

### (C) Preferred Stock.

Shares of Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board is hereby authorized to provide by resolution or resolutions from time to time for the issuance, out of the unissued shares of Preferred Stock, of one or more series of Preferred Stock, without stockholder approval, by filing a certificate pursuant to the applicable law of the State of Delaware (the "*Preferred Stock Designation*"), setting forth such resolution and, with respect to each such series, establishing the number of shares to be included in such series, and fixing the voting powers, full or limited, or no voting power of the shares of such series, and the designation, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, if any, of the shares of each

such series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof. The powers, designation, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights of each series of Preferred Stock, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, if any, may differ from those of any and all other series at any time outstanding. The authority of the Board with respect to each series of Preferred Stock shall include, but not be limited to, the determination of the following:

- 1. the designation of the series, which may be by distinguishing number, letter or title;
- 2. the number of shares of the series, which number the Board may thereafter (except where otherwise provided in the Preferred Stock Designation) increase or decrease (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding);
- 3. the amounts or rates at which dividends will be payable on, and the preferences, if any, of, shares of the series in respect of dividends, and whether such dividends, if any, shall be cumulative or noncumulative;
  - 4. the dates on which dividends, if any, shall be payable;
  - 5. the redemption rights and price or prices, if any, for shares of the series;
  - 6. the terms and amount of any sinking fund, if any, provided for the purchase or redemption of shares of the series;
- 7. the amounts payable on, and the preferences, if any, of, shares of the series in the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation;
- 8. whether the shares of the series shall be convertible into or exchangeable for, shares of any other class or series, or any other security, of the Corporation or any other corporation, and, if so, the specification of such other class or series or such other security, the conversion or exchange price or prices or rate or rates, any adjustments thereof, the date or dates at which such shares shall be convertible or exchangeable and all other terms and conditions upon which such conversion or exchange may be made;
  - 9. restrictions on the issuance of shares of the same series or any other class or series;
  - 10. the voting rights, if any, of the holders of shares of the series generally or upon specified events; and
- 11. any other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of each series of Preferred Stock, and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such shares, all as may be determined from time to time by the Board and stated in the Preferred Stock Designation for such Preferred Stock.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Preferred Stock Designation of any series of Preferred Stock may provide that such series shall be superior or rank equally or be junior to any other series of Preferred Stock to the extent permitted by law.

### ARTICLE V.

- (A) <u>General Powers</u>. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board, except as otherwise provided by law.
- (B) Number of Directors; Election of Directors. Subject to the rights of holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect directors and the rights granted pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | •|, 2020 (as the same may be amended, supplemented, restated and/or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Investor Rights Agreement"), by and between the Corporation and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership ("Corsair LP" and, together with its Affiliates (as defined below in Article X) and its and their successors and assigns (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries), collectively, "EagleTree"), the number of the directors of the Corporation shall be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Board.
- (C) <u>Classes of Directors</u>. Subject to the rights of holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect directors, the Board shall be and is divided into three classes, designated Class I, Class II and Class III. Each class shall consist, as nearly as may be possible, of one third of the total number of directors constituting the entire Board. The Board is authorized to assign members of the Board already in office to Class I, Class II or Class III at the time the Certificate of Incorporation becomes effective. To the extent possible subject to this Article V, the Board will assign all of the directors designated to the Board by Corsair LP to the same class.
- (D) Terms of Office. Subject to the rights of holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect directors, each director shall serve for a term ending on the date of the third annual meeting of stockholders following the annual meeting of stockholders at which such director was elected; provided that each director initially assigned to Class I shall serve for a term expiring at the Corporation's first annual meeting of stockholders held after the effectiveness of this Second A&R Certificate of Incorporation; each director initially assigned to Class II shall serve for a term expiring at the Corporation's second annual meeting of stockholders held after the effectiveness of this Second A&R Certificate of Incorporation; and each director initially assigned to Class III shall serve for a term expiring at the Corporation's third annual meeting of stockholders held after the effectiveness of this Second A&R Certificate of Incorporation; provided further, that the term of each director shall continue until the election and qualification of his or her successor and be subject to his or her earlier death, disqualification, resignation or removal.
- (E) <u>Vacancies</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Second A&R Certificate of Incorporation to the contrary, so long as EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, at least 10% of the voting power of the stock of the Corporation, any vacancy on the Board of Directors shall be filled in accordance with the Investor Rights Agreement. Subject to the rights of holders of any series of Preferred Stock, any newly created directorship that results from an increase in the number of directors or any vacancy on the Board that results from the death, disability, resignation, disqualification or removal of any director or from any other cause shall be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director or by the stockholders; *provided*, *however*, that at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, less than 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, any newly created directorship that results from an increase in the number of directors

or any vacancy on the Board that results from the death, disability, resignation, disqualification or removal of any director or from any other cause shall be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director and shall not be filled by the stockholders. Any director elected to fill a vacancy not resulting from an increase in the number of directors shall hold office for the remaining term of his or her predecessor. For the purposes of this Certificate of Incorporation, beneficial ownership of stock by EagleTree shall be determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or any successor rule.

(F) <u>Removal</u>. Any or all of the directors may be removed from office at any time either with or without cause by the affirmative vote of a majority in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon, voting as a single class; *provided*, *however*, that at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, less than 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, any such director or the entire Board may be removed only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class.

#### ARTICLE VI.

To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL as the same exists or as may hereafter be amended, a director of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. No repeal, modification or amendment of this Article VI, nor the adoption, amendment or modification of any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation, nor, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL or other applicable law, any modification of law, shall apply to or eliminate, reduce or otherwise adversely affect any right or protection of a current or former director of the Corporation existing at the time of such amendment, repeal, adoption or modification with respect to any acts or omissions occurring prior to such amendment, repeal, adoption or modification. If any provision of the DGCL is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of directors shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as so amended.

#### ARTICLE VII.

The Corporation shall indemnify, and advance expenses to, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any person who was or is a party to or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

At any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, at least 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of the then-outstanding shares of stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted and shall be delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to the Corporation's registered office shall be made by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. At any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, less than 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the Corporation must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of such holders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by such holders in lieu thereof; *provided, however*, that any action required or permitted to be taken by the holders of Preferred Stock, voting separately as a series or separately as a class with one or more other such series, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, to the extent expressly so provided by the applicable Preferred Stock Designation relating to such series of Preferred Stock.

#### ARTICLE IX.

Unless otherwise required by law or by the Certificate of Incorporation (including any Preferred Stock Designation), special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time only by the Secretary at the direction of the Board or by the Chairman of the Board, provided, however, that at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, at least 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation for any purpose or purposes shall also be promptly called by the Secretary or by the Chairman of the Board upon the written request of holders of at least 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors. Business transacted at any special meeting of stockholders shall be limited to matters relating to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice of meeting.

#### ARTICLE X.

(A) Corporate Opportunities. In recognition and anticipation that (i) certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of EagleTree and its Affiliates (as defined below) may serve as directors, officers or agents of the Corporation, (ii) EagleTree and its Affiliates, directly or indirectly, may now engage and may continue to engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage, and (iii) members of the Board of Directors who are not employees of the Corporation ("Non-Employee Directors") and their respective Affiliates may now engage and may continue to engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage, the provisions of this Article X are set forth to regulate and define the conduct of certain affairs of the Corporation with respect to certain classes or categories of business opportunities as they may involve any of EagleTree, the Non-Employee Directors or their respective Affiliates and the powers, rights, duties and liabilities of the Corporation and its directors, officers and stockholders in connection therewith.

- (B) None of (i) EagleTree or any of its Affiliates or (ii) any Non-Employee Director (including any Non-Employee Director who serves as an officer of the Corporation in both his or her director and officer capacities) or his or her Affiliates (the Persons (as defined below) identified in (i) and (ii) above being referred to, collectively, as "Identified Persons" and, each individually, as an "Identified Person") shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, have any duty to refrain from directly or indirectly (1) engaging in the same or similar business activities or lines of business in which the Corporation or any of its Affiliates now engages or proposes to engage in or (2) otherwise competing with the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no Identified Person shall be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person engages in any such activities. To the fullest extent permitted by law and in accordance with Section 122(17) of the DGCL, the Corporation hereby renounces any interest or expectancy in, or right to be offered an opportunity to participate in, any business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for an Identified Person and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, except as provided in Section (C) of this Article X. Subject to said Section (C) of this Article XI, in the event that any Identified Person acquires knowledge of a potential transaction or other business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for itself, herself or himself and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, such Identified Person shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, have no duty to communicate or offer such transaction or other business opportunity to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, shall not be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty or other duty (contractual or otherwise) as a stockholder, director or officer of the Corporation solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person pursues or acquires such corporate opportunity for itself, herself or himself, or offers or directs such corporate opportunity to another Person, or does not present such corporate opportunity to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates.
- (C) The Corporation does not renounce its interest in any corporate opportunity offered to any Non-Employee Director (including any Non-Employee Director who serves as an officer of this Corporation) if such opportunity is expressly offered to such person solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of the Corporation, and the provisions of Section (B) of this Article X shall not apply to any such corporate opportunity.
- (D) In addition to and notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Article X, a corporate opportunity shall not be deemed to be a potential corporate opportunity for the Corporation if it is a business opportunity that (i) the Corporation is neither financially or legally able, nor contractually permitted, to undertake, (ii) from its nature, is not in the line of the Corporation's business or is of no practical advantage to the Corporation, or (iii) is one in which the Corporation has no interest or reasonable expectancy.
- (E) For purposes of this Article X and Article V above, (i) "Affiliate" shall mean (a) in respect of EagleTree, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by EagleTree, controls EagleTree, or is under common control with EagleTree, and shall include any principal, member, director, partner, stockholder, officer, employee or other representative of any of the foregoing,

including any Non-Employee Director that is a principal, member, director, partner, officer or employee of any of the foregoing (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation), (b) in respect of a Non-Employee Director, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by such Non-Employee Director (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation) and (c) in respect of the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation; and (ii) "Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, general or limited partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, association or any other entity.

(F) To the fullest extent permitted by law, any Person purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of this Article X.

#### ARTICLE XI.

- (A) Business Combinations; Section 203. The Corporation hereby expressly elects not to be governed by Section 203 of the DGCL.
- (B) <u>Restrictions; Exceptions</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation shall not engage in any business combination (as defined below), at any point in time at which the Common Stock is registered under Section 12(b) or 12(g) of the Exchange Act, with any interested stockholder (as defined below) for a period of three (3) years following the time that such stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless:
- 1. prior to such time, the Board of Directors approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, or
- 2. upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock (as defined below) of the Corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding (but not the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder) those shares owned by (i) persons who are directors and also officers and (ii) employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer, or
- 3. at or subsequent to such time, the business combination is approved by the Board of Directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least sixty-six and two thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the outstanding voting stock of the Corporation which is not owned by the interested stockholder.
  - (C) Definitions. For purposes of this Article XI, references to:
- 1. "affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.
- 2. "associate," when used to indicate a relationship with any person, means: (i) any corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or other entity of which such person

is a director, officer or partner or is, directly or indirectly, the owner of 20% or more of any class of voting stock; (ii) any trust or other estate in which such person has at least a 20% beneficial interest or as to which such person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity; and (iii) any relative or spouse of such person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same residence as such person.

- 3. "business combination," when used in reference to the Corporation and any interested stockholder of the Corporation, means:
- i. any merger or consolidation of the Corporation or any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the Corporation (a) with the interested stockholder, or (b) with any other corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or other entity if the merger or consolidation is caused by the interested stockholder and as a result of such merger or consolidation Section (B) of this Article XI is not applicable to the surviving entity;
- ii. any sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer or other disposition (in one transaction or a series of transactions), except proportionately as a stockholder of the Corporation, to or with the interested stockholder, whether as part of a dissolution or otherwise, of assets of the Corporation or of any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the Corporation which assets have an aggregate market value equal to 10% or more of either the aggregate market value of all the assets of the Corporation determined on a consolidated basis or the aggregate market value of all the outstanding stock of the Corporation;
- iii. any transaction which results in the issuance or transfer by the Corporation or by any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the Corporation of any stock of the Corporation or of such subsidiary to the interested stockholder, except: (a) pursuant to the exercise, exchange or conversion of securities exercisable for, exchangeable for or convertible into stock of the Corporation or any such subsidiary which securities were outstanding prior to the time that the interested stockholder became such; (b) pursuant to a merger under Section 251(g) of the DGCL; (c) pursuant to a dividend or distribution paid or made, or the exercise, exchange or conversion of securities exercisable for, exchangeable for or convertible into stock of the Corporation or any such subsidiary which security is distributed, pro rata to all holders of a class or series of stock of the Corporation subsequent to the time the interested stockholder became such; (d) pursuant to an exchange offer by the Corporation to purchase stock made on the same terms to all holders of said stock; or (e) any issuance or transfer of stock by the Corporation; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in no case under items (c)-(e) of this subsection (iii) shall there be an increase in the interested stockholder's proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the Corporation or of the voting stock of the Corporation (except as a result of immaterial changes due to fractional share adjustments);

iv. any transaction involving the Corporation or any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the Corporation which has the effect, directly or indirectly, of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series,

or securities convertible into the stock of any class or series, of the Corporation or of any such subsidiary which is owned by the interested stockholder, except as a result of immaterial changes due to fractional share adjustments or as a result of any purchase or redemption of any shares of stock not caused, directly or indirectly, by the interested stockholder; or

- v. any receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit, directly or indirectly (except proportionately as a stockholder of the Corporation), of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges, or other financial benefits (other than those expressly permitted in subsections (i)-(iv) above) provided by or through the Corporation or any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary.
- 4. "control," including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under\_common control with," means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting stock, by contract, or otherwise. A person who is the owner of 20% or more of the outstanding voting stock of any corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or other entity shall be presumed to have control of such entity, in the absence of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to the contrary. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a presumption of control shall not apply where such person holds voting stock, in good faith and not for the purpose of circumventing this Section, as an agent, bank, broker, nominee, custodian or trustee for one or more owners who do not individually or as a group have control of such entity.
- 5. "Corsair LP Direct Transferee" means any person that acquires (other than in a registered public offering) directly from Corsair LP or any of its affiliates or successors or any "group," or any member of any such group, to which such persons are a party under Rule 13d-5 of the Exchange Act beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the then-outstanding shares of voting stock of the Corporation.
- 6. "Corsair LP Indirect Transferee" means any person that acquires (other than in a registered public offering) directly from any Corsair LP Direct Transferee or any other Corsair LP Indirect Transferee beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the then-outstanding shares of voting stock of the Corporation.
- 7. "interested stockholder" means any person (other than the Corporation or any direct or indirect majority-owned subsidiary of the Corporation) that (i) is the owner of 15% or more of the then-outstanding shares of voting stock of the Corporation, or (ii) is an affiliate or associate of the Corporation and was the owner of 15% or more of the then-outstanding shares of voting stock of the Corporation at any time within the three (3) year period immediately prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether such person is an interested stockholder; and the affiliates and associates of such person; provided, however, that "interested stockholder" shall not include (a) EagleTree, Corsair LP, any Corsair LP Direct Transferee, any Corsair LP Indirect Transferee or any of their respective affiliates or successors or any "group," or any member of any such group, to which such persons are a party under Rule 13d-5 of the Exchange Act, or (b) any person whose ownership of shares in excess of the 15% limitation set forth herein is the result of any action taken solely by the Corporation, provided, further, that in the case of clause (b) such person shall be an interested stockholder if thereafter such person acquires additional shares of voting stock of the Corporation, except as a result of further corporate action

not caused, directly or indirectly, by such person. For the purpose of determining whether a person is an interested stockholder, the voting stock of the Corporation deemed to be outstanding shall include stock deemed to be owned by the person through application of the definition of "owner" below but shall not include any other unissued stock of the Corporation which may be issuable pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding, or upon exercise of conversion rights, warrants or options, or otherwise.

- 8. "owner," including the terms "own" and "owned," when used with respect to any stock, means a person that individually or with or through any of its affiliates or associates:
  - i. beneficially owns such stock, directly or indirectly; or
  - ii. has (a) the right to acquire such stock (whether such right is exercisable immediately or only after the passage of time) pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding, or upon the exercise of conversion rights, exchange rights, warrants or options, or otherwise; provided, however, that a person shall not be deemed the owner of stock tendered pursuant to a tender or exchange offer made by such person or any of such person's affiliates or associates until such tendered stock is accepted for purchase or exchange; or (b) the right to vote such stock pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding; provided, however, that a person shall not be deemed the owner of any stock because of such person's right to vote such stock if the agreement, arrangement or understanding to vote such stock arises solely from a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to ten (10) or more persons; or
  - iii. has any agreement, arrangement or understanding for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting (except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent as described in item (b) of subsection (ii) above), or disposing of such stock with any other person that beneficially owns, or whose affiliates or associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, such stock.
  - 9. "person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or other entity.
  - 10. "stock" means, with respect to any corporation, capital stock and, with respect to any other entity, any equity interest.
  - 11. "voting stock" means stock of any class or series entitled to vote generally in the election of directors.

#### ARTICLE XII.

The Corporation reserves the right at any time from time to time to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision contained in this Certificate of Incorporation, and any other provisions authorized by the DGCL may be added or inserted, in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by law; and all rights, preferences and privileges of whatsoever nature conferred upon stockholders,

directors or any other persons whomsoever by and pursuant to this Certificate of Incorporation in its present form or as hereafter amended are granted subject to the right reserved in this Article XII. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation or any provision of law that might otherwise permit a lesser vote or no vote, but in addition to any affirmative vote of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock required by law, by this Certificate of Incorporation or by any Preferred Stock Designation, (i) at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, at least 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, an affirmative vote of a majority of the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon shall be required, and (ii) at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, less than 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, an affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the voting power of the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon shall be required, in each case, to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision of this Certificate of Incorporation, or to adopt any new provision of this Certificate of Incorporation; provided, however, that the affirmative vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) in voting power of the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon shall be required to amend, alter, change or repeal, or adopt any provision inconsistent with, any of Article V, Article VI, Article VII, Article VII, Article X, Article X, Article XI, this Article XII and Article XIII, or in each case, the definition of any capitalized terms used therein or any successor provision (including, without limitation, any such article or section as renumbered as a result of any amendment, alteration, change, repeal or adoption of any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation). Any amendment, repeal or modification of any of Article VI, Article VI, Article XI, this Article XII and Article XIII shall not adversely affect any right or protection of any person existing thereunder with respect to any act or omission occurring prior to such amendment, repeal or modification.

#### ARTICLE XIII.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred upon it by law, the Board shall have the power and is expressly authorized to adopt, amend, alter or repeal the Bylaws of the Corporation (the "*Bylaws*") by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors present at a regular or special meeting of the Board at which there is a quorum or by unanimous written consent. The Bylaws also may be adopted, amended, altered or repealed by the stockholders of the Corporation; *provided*, *however*, that in addition to any vote of the holders of any class or series of capital stock of the Corporation required by law or by this Certificate of Incorporation (including any Preferred Stock Designation), (i) at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, at least 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon, shall be required for the stockholders of the Corporation to adopt, amend, alter or repeal the Bylaws and (ii) at any time when EagleTree beneficially owns collectively, in the aggregate, less than 50% in voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote of the holders of at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the voting power of the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon shall be required for the stockholders of the Corporation to adopt, amend, alter or repeal the Bylaws; and provided further, however, that no Bylaws hereafter adopted by the stockholders of the Corporation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board that would have been valid if such Bylaws had not been adopted.

#### ARTICLE XIV.

Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, (a) the Court of Chancery (the "<u>Chancery Court</u>") of the State of Delaware (or, in the event that the Chancery Court does not have jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware) shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action, suit or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation, (ii) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, employee or stockholder of the Corporation to the Corporation or to the Corporation's stockholders, (iii) any action, suit or proceeding arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or the Bylaws or this Restated Certificate (as either may be amended and/or restated from time to time) or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Chancery Court, or (iv) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim against the Corporation governed by the internal affairs doctrine; and (b) subject to the preceding provisions of this Article XIV, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. If any action the subject matter of which is within the scope of clause (a) of the immediately preceding sentence is filed in a court other than the courts in the State of Delaware (a "<u>Foreign Action</u>") in the name of any stockholder, such stockholder shall be deemed to have consented to (x) the personal jurisdiction of the state and federal courts in the State of Delaware in connection with any action brought in any such court to enforce the provisions of clause (a) of the immediately preceding sentence and (y) having service of process made upon such stockholder in any such action by service upon such stockholder's counsel in the Foreign Action as agent for such stockholder.

Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in any security of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to this Article XIV. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this Article XIV shall not apply to suits brought to enforce any liability or duty created by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any other claim for which the federal courts of the United States have exclusive jurisdiction.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

CORSAIR GAMING, INC.
Ву:
Name:
Title:

\_\_\_ day of

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation has been executed this \_



THE BOARD OF THIS CORPORATION HAS THE AUTHORITY TO CREATE AND DETERMINE THE RELATIVE RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES OF CLASSES OR SERIES OF SHARES OF CAPITAL STOCK OTHER THAN COMMON STOCK. THIS CORPORATION WILL FURNISH TO ANY SHAREHOLDER UPON WRITTEN REQUEST SENT TO ITS PRINCIPAL DESCUTIVE OFFICES, AND WITHOUT CHARGE, A FULL STATEMENT OF THE BOARD'S AUTHORITY TO CREATE AND DETERMINE THE RELATIVE RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES OF CLASSES OR SERIES OF SHARES OF CAPITAL STOCK AS WELL AS THE DESGNATIONS, PREFERENCES, UNITATIONS AND RELATIVE RIGHTS OF THE SHARES OF EACH CLASS OR SERIES THEN OUTSTANDING OR AUTHORIZED TO BE ISSUED.

TEN = as tenants by entireties under Uniform Transfers to No. 2 as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in corresponding to the above list.    For value received hereby sell, assign, and transfer use place helper socus securety on other identifies a number of Assigner	The following	g abbreviations, when used in the i	nscription on the face of this certific	ate, shall be construed as though they were
TEN NT - as tenants by entreties				AA - Custodian
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# INVESTOR RIGHTS AGREEMENT

by and among

CORSAIR GAMING, INC.

and

CORSAIR GROUP (CAYMAN), LP

Dated [●], 2020

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### INVESTOR RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This Investor Rights Agreement is entered into on [•], 2020 by and among Corsair Gaming, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Corsair Group (Cayman), LP, a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership ("Corsair LP").

#### RECITALS:

WHEREAS, the Company is currently contemplating an underwritten initial public offering of shares of its Common Stock (as defined below); and

WHEREAS, in connection with, and effective upon, the date of commencement of trading of the Company's Common Stock on a national securities exchange (the "Effective Date"), the Company and Corsair LP wish to set forth certain understandings between such parties, including with respect to certain governance matters.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

#### ARTICLE I

#### **INTRODUCTORY MATTERS**

- 1.1 <u>Defined Terms</u>. In addition to the terms defined elsewhere herein, the following terms have the following meanings when used herein with initial capital letters:
- "Affiliate" means a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls, or is Controlled by, or is under common Control with, another Person. In respect of EagleTree, "Affiliate" shall mean any Person that, directly or indirectly, is Controlled by EagleTree, Controls EagleTree, or is under common Control with EagleTree, and shall include any principal, member, director, partner, stockholder, officer, employee or other representative of any of the foregoing (other than the Company and any entity that is Controlled by the Company).
- "Agreement" means this Investor Rights Agreement, as the same may be amended, supplemented, restated and/or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof.
  - "beneficially own" has the meaning set forth in Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.
  - "Board" means the board of directors of the Company.
- "Business Day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday, federal or New York State holiday or other day on which commercial banks in New York City are authorized or required by law to close.

"Bylaws" means the Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, as the same may be amended and/or restated from time to time.

"Charter" means the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as the same may be amended and/or restated from time to time.

"Common Stock" means the shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of the Company, and any other capital stock of the Company into which such stock is reclassified or reconstituted and any other common stock of the Company.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Control" (including its correlative meanings, "Controlled by" and "under common Control with") means possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies (whether through ownership of securities or any partnership or other ownership interest, by contract or otherwise) of a Person.

"Director" means any member of the Board.

"EagleTree" means, collectively, Corsair LP, together with its Affiliates and its and their successors and assigns (other than the Company and its Subsidiaries).

"EagleTree Designee" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b).

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Governmental Authority." means any nation or government, any state or other political subdivision thereof, and any entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, regulatory or administrative functions of or pertaining to government.

"Law" means any statute, law, regulation, ordinance, rule, injunction, order, decree, governmental approval, directive, requirement, or other governmental restriction or any similar form of decision of, or determination by, or any interpretation or administration of any of the foregoing by, any Governmental Authority.

"Permitted Assigns" means with respect to EagleTree, a Transferee of shares of Common Stock that agrees to become party to, and to be bound to the same extent as its Transferor by the terms of, this Agreement.

"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or other form of business organization, whether or not regarded as a legal entity under applicable Law, or any Governmental Authority or any department, agency or political subdivision thereof.

"Subsidiary." means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity of which: (i) if a corporation, a majority of the total voting power of shares of stock entitled to vote in the election of directors, representatives or trustees thereof is at the time owned or Controlled, directly or indirectly, by that Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof; or (ii) if a limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity, a majority of the total voting power of stock (or equivalent ownership interest) of the limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity is at the time owned or Controlled, directly or indirectly, by any Person or one or more Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof. For purposes hereof, a Person or Persons shall be deemed to have a majority ownership interest in a limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity if such Person or Persons shall be allocated a majority of limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity gains or losses or shall be or Control the managing member, managing director or other governing body or general partner of such limited liability company, partnership, association or other business entity.

"Transfer" (including its correlative meanings, "Transferor", "Transferee" and "Transferred") shall mean, with respect to any security, directly or indirectly, to sell, contract to sell, give, distribute, assign, hypothecate, pledge, encumber, grant a security interest in, offer, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of any economic, voting or other rights in or to such security. When used as a noun, "Transfer" shall have such correlative meaning as the context may require.

1.2 Construction. Interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by the following rules of construction. Unless the context otherwise requires: (a) references to the terms Article, Section, paragraph and Exhibit are references to the Articles, Sections, paragraphs and Exhibits to this Agreement unless otherwise specified; (b) the terms "hereof," "herein," "hereby," "hereto," and derivative or similar words refer to this entire Agreement, including Exhibits hereto; (c) references to "\$" or "Dollars" shall mean United States dollars; (d) the words "include," "includes," "including" and words of similar import when used in this Agreement shall mean "including without limitation," unless otherwise specified; (e) the word "or" shall not be exclusive; (f) references to "written" or "in writing" include in electronic form; (g) provisions shall apply, when appropriate, to successive events and transactions; (h) the headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement; (i) the parties have participated in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement and if an ambiguity or question of interpretation should arise, this Agreement shall be construed as if drafted jointly by the parties thereto and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or burdening either party by virtue of the authorship of any of the provisions in this Agreement; (j) a reference to any Person includes such Person's permitted successors and assigns; (k) references to "days" mean calendar days unless Business Days are expressly specified; (l) the word "will" shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word "shall"; (m) the terms "party", "party hereto", "parties" and "party hereto" shall mean a party to this Agreement and the parties to this Agreement, as applicable, unless otherwise specified; (n) with respect to the determination of any period of time, "from" means "from and including"; and (o) any deadline or time period

Business Day. Any agreement, instrument or statute defined or referred to herein means such agreement, instrument or statute as from time to time may be amended, supplemented, restated or modified, including (in the case of agreements or instruments) by waiver or consent and (in the case of statutes) by succession of comparable successor statutes.

#### ARTICLE II

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### 2.1 Election of Directors.

- (a) Following the Effective Date, Corsair LP shall have the right, but not the obligation, to nominate to the Board a number of designees equal to (i) five Directors, so long as EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 50% or more of the shares of Common Stock, (ii) four Directors, in the event that EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 40% or more, but less than 50%, of the shares of Common Stock, (iii) three Directors, in the event that EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 30% or more, but less than 40%, of the shares of Common Stock and (v) one Directors, in the event that EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20% or more, but less than 30%, of the shares of Common Stock and (v) one Director, in the event that EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 10% or more, but less than 20%, of the shares of Common Stock. Corsair LP shall not have the right to nominate any designees to the Board in the event that EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, less than 10% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. In the event of any increase or decrease in the size of the Board consistent with the requirements of Section 2.4 of this Agreement, the number of Directors for which Corsair LP shall have the right to nominate to the Board pursuant to this Section 2.1(a) shall be automatically adjusted proportionately as closely as possible (rounding up to the next whole Director where necessary) to reflect the proportionate rights of Corsair LP to nominate Directors based on EagleTree's beneficial ownership of the shares of Common Stock set forth in clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) above. The Board shall set forth the determination of such changes consistent with this Section 2.1(a) in its resolution or resolutions effectuating the change in size of the Board and such terms shall automatically be incorporated herein without further action on behalf of the parties hereto.
- (b) The Company agrees, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, to take all necessary and desirable actions (subject to any applicable stock exchange or listing requirements) to include in the slate of nominees recommended by the Board for election at any meeting of stockholders called for the purpose of electing directors the persons designated pursuant to this Section 2.1 and to nominate and recommend each such individual to be elected as a Director as provided herein, and to solicit proxies or consents in favor thereof. The Company is entitled, solely for the purposes set forth in this Section 2.1(b), to identify such individual as an EagleTree Designee pursuant to this Agreement.
- (c) In the event that Corsair LP has nominated fewer than the total number of designees Corsair LP shall be entitled to nominate pursuant to Section 2.1(a), Corsair LP shall have the right, at any time, to nominate such additional designees to which it is entitled, in which case, the Company and the Directors shall take all necessary corporate action, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, to (x) enable Corsair LP to nominate and effect the election

or appointment of such additional individuals, whether by increasing the size of the Board or otherwise, and (y) to effect the election or appointment of such additional individuals nominated by Corsair LP to fill such newly-created directorships or to fill any other existing vacancies. Each such person whom EagleTree actually nominates pursuant to this <u>Section 2.1</u> and whom is thereafter elected to the Board to serve as a Director shall be referred to herein as an "EagleTree Designee".

- (d) In the event that a vacancy is created at any time by the death, retirement or resignation of any EagleTree Designee, the remaining Directors and the Company shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, take all actions necessary at any time and from time to time to cause the vacancy created thereby to be filled by a new designee of Corsair LP, as soon as possible. Such new designee will be chosen by a majority of the EagleTree Designees on the Board at that time or, if there are none, by Corsair LP.
- 2.2 <u>Committee Membership</u>. So long as EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20% or more of the shares of Common Stock, the Company shall take all necessary and desirable actions to cause each of the Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to include in its membership at least one of the EagleTree Designees. Such EagleTree Designee committee member will be chosen by Corsair LP, except to the extent such membership would violate applicable federal securities laws or the listing requirements of any national securities exchange on which the Company's securities are then listed.
- 2.3 Chairman of the Board. So long as EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20% or more of the shares of Common Stock, Corsair LP shall have the right to designate the Chairman of the Board from among the EagleTree Designees. For the avoidance of doubt, if EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, less than 20% of the shares of Common Stock, the Chairman of the Board is not required by this Agreement to be an EagleTree Designee.
- 2.4 Size of Board. As of the Effective Date, the Board shall have established by resolution that the total number of Directors constituting the Board on the Effective Date shall be eight. So long as EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20% or more of the shares of Common Stock, any increases or decreases to the size of the Board will require approval by at least a majority of the EagleTree Designees then serving as Directors or, if no EagleTree Designee is then serving as a Director, the written approval of Corsair LP.
- 2.5 <u>Amendments to the Charter and Bylaws</u>. So long as EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 50% or more of the shares of Common Stock, the Board shall not take any action to cause the Company to amend the provisions in the Charter or Bylaws:
  - (a) providing that Directors may be removed with or without cause upon majority vote of the outstanding shares of Common Stock;
  - (b) changing the size of the Board;

(c) providing for stockholder action by written consent when EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 50% or more of the shares of Common Stock; or

(d) providing for the ability to call special meetings of stockholders when EagleTree beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 50% or more of the shares of Common Stock

2.6 Fees. For so long as the Company is a "controlled company" for purposes of the stock exchange rules, the EagleTree Designees shall not receive any compensation from the Company for their service as directors of the Board (including for service as chairman of the Board) or members of committees of the Board (including for service as chairman of any committee). However, the Company shall pay the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by each EagleTree Designee in connection with performing his or her duties as a member of the Board or any committee thereof, including the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by such person for attending meetings of the Board or any committee thereof or meetings of any board of directors or other similar managing body (and any committee thereof) of any Subsidiary of the Company. In addition, the Company will reimburse EagleTree for reasonable travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred by employees of EagleTree as it relates to Company matters and incurred at the request of the EagleTree Designees; provided that such amount shall not include salaries of such employees, any EagleTree overhead or any costs that are not directly related to Company matters.

#### ARTICLE III

#### INFORMATION

3.1 Books and Records; Access. The Company shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries to, keep proper books, records and accounts, in which full and correct entries shall be made of all financial transactions and the assets and business of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For so long as (x) no EagleTree Designee is then serving as a Director, and (y) EagleTree beneficially owns 3 % or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Company shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries to, permit Corsair LP and its designated representatives, at reasonable times and upon reasonable prior notice to the Company, to inspect, review and/or make copies and extracts from the books and records of the Company or any of such Subsidiaries and to discuss the affairs, finances and condition of the Company or any of such Subsidiaries with the officers of the Company or any such Subsidiary. For so long as (x) no EagleTree Designee is then serving as a Director, and (y) EagleTree beneficially owns 3% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the Company, upon the written request of Corsair LP, shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries to, provide Corsair LP, in addition to other information that might be reasonably requested by Corsair LP from time to time, (i) direct access to the Company's auditors and officers, (ii) the ability to link Corsair LP's systems into the Company's general ledger and other systems in order to enable Corsair LP to retrieve data on a "real-time" basis, (iii) quarter-end reports, in a format to be prescribed by Corsair LP, to be provided within 45 days after the end of each quarter, (iv) copies of all materials provided to the Board (or committee of the Board) at the same time as provided to the Directors (or members of a committee of the Board), (v) access to appropriate officers and directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries at such times as may be requested by Corsair LP, as the case may be, for consultation with Corsair LP with respect to matters relating to the business and affairs of the Company and its Subsidiaries, (vi) information in advance with respect to any significant corporate actions, including, without limitation, extraordinary dividends, stock redemptions or repurchases, mergers, acquisitions or dispositions of assets, issuances of significant amounts of debt or equity and material amendments to the

Charter or Bylaws or the organizational documents of any of its Subsidiaries, and to provide Corsair LP with the right to consult with the Company and its Subsidiaries with respect to such actions, (vii) flash data, in a format to be prescribed by Corsair LP, to be provided within ten days after the end of each quarter and (viii) to the extent otherwise prepared by the Company, operating and capital expenditure budgets and periodic information packages relating to the operations and cash flows of the Company and its Subsidiaries (all such information so furnished pursuant to this <u>Section 3.1</u>, the "<u>Information</u>"). The Company agrees to consider, in good faith, the recommendations of Corsair LP in connection with the matters on which the Company is consulted as described above. Subject to <u>Section 3.2</u>, Corsair LP (and any party receiving Information from Corsair LP) shall receive Information and shall maintain the confidentiality of such Information, and the Company shall not be required to disclose any privileged Information of the Company so long as the Company has used its commercially reasonable efforts to enter into an arrangement pursuant to which it may provide such information to Corsair LP without the loss of any such privilege.

3.2 Sharing of Information. Individuals associated with EagleTree may from time to time serve on the Board or the equivalent governing body of the Company's Subsidiaries. The Company, on its behalf and on behalf of its Subsidiaries, recognizes that such individuals (i) shall from time to time receive non-public information concerning the Company and its Subsidiaries, and (ii) may (subject to the obligation to maintain the confidentiality of such information in accordance with Section 3.1) share such information with EagleTree, EagleTree's direct and indirect investors and other individuals associated with EagleTree. Such sharing shall be for the dual purpose of facilitating support to such individuals in their capacity as Directors (or members of the governing body of any Subsidiary) and enabling EagleTree and its direct and indirect investors to better evaluate the Company's performance and prospects. The Company, on behalf of itself and its Subsidiaries, hereby irrevocably consents to such sharing.

#### ARTICLE IV

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 4.1 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall terminate on the earlier to occur of (i) such time as EagleTree no longer beneficially owns 3% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock and (ii) the delivery of a written notice by Corsair LP to the Company requesting that this Agreement terminate
- 4.2 <u>Notices</u>. Any notice provided for in this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be either personally delivered, sent by electronic transmission or sent by reputable overnight courier service (charges prepaid) to the Company at the address set forth below and to any other recipient at the address indicated on the Company's records, or at such address or to the attention of such other Person as the recipient party has specified by prior written notice to the sending party. Notices shall be deemed to have been given hereunder when delivered personally, sent by electronic transmission or upon actual delivery by reputable overnight courier service (as indicated in such courier service's records).

The Company's address is:

Corsair Gaming, Inc. 47100 Bayside Parkway Fremont, CA 94538 Attention: Michael Potter Email: michael.potter@corsair.com

Corsair LP's address is:

c/o Corsair Group (Cayman), LP 1185 Avenue of the Americas, 39th Floor New York, NY 10036 Attention: Anup Bagaria and George Majoros Email: ab@eagletree.com; gm@eagletree.com

- 4.3 <u>Amendment; Waiver</u>. This Agreement may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified only by a written instrument executed by the Company and the other parties hereto. Neither the failure nor delay on the part of any party hereto to exercise any right, remedy, power or privilege under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or privilege preclude any other or further exercise of the same or of any other right, remedy, power or privilege, nor shall any waiver of any right, remedy, power or privilege with respect to any occurrence be construed as a waiver of right, remedy, power or privilege with respect to any other occurrence. No waiver shall be effective unless it is in writing and is signed by the party asserted to have granted such waiver.
- 4.4 <u>Further Assurances</u>. The parties hereto shall sign such further documents, cause such meetings to be held, resolutions passed, exercise their votes and do and perform and cause to be done such further acts and things necessary, proper or advisable in order to give full effect to this Agreement and every provision hereof. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company shall not directly or indirectly take any action that is intended to, or would reasonably be expected to result in, Corsair LP being deprived of the rights contemplated by this Agreement.
- 4.5 <u>Assignment</u>. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding on the parties hereto and their respective successors and Permitted Assigns. This Agreement may not be assigned without the express prior written consent of the other parties hereto, and any attempted assignment, without such consents, shall be null and void; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Corsair LP shall be entitled to assign, in whole or in part, to any of its Permitted Assigns without such prior written consent any of its rights hereunder.
- 4.6 <u>Third Parties</u>. Except as provided for in <u>Section 3.2</u> with respect to individuals associated with EagleTree, this Agreement does not create any rights, claims or benefits inuring to any person that is not a party hereto nor create or establish any third party beneficiary hereto.

- 4.7 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to principles of conflict of laws thereof.
- 4.8 <u>Jurisdiction</u>; <u>Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. In any judicial proceeding involving any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement, each of the parties unconditionally accepts the jurisdiction and venue of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or, if the Court of Chancery does not have subject matter jurisdiction over this matter, the Superior Court of the State of Delaware (Complex Commercial Division), or if jurisdiction over the matter is vested exclusively in federal courts, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, and the appellate courts to which orders and judgments thereof may be appealed. In any such judicial proceeding, the parties agree that in addition to any method for the service of process permitted or required by such courts, to the fullest extent permitted by law, service of process may be made by delivery provided pursuant to the directions in <u>Section 4.2</u>. EACH OF THE PARTIES HEREBY WAIVES TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING INVOLVING ANY DISPUTE, CONTROVERSY OR CLAIM ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT.
- 4.9 Specific Performance. Each party hereto acknowledges and agrees that in the event of any breach of this Agreement by any of them, the other parties hereto would be irreparably harmed and could not be made whole by monetary damages. Each party accordingly agrees to waive the defense in any action for specific performance that a remedy at law would be adequate and that the parties, in addition to any other remedy to which they may be entitled at law or in equity, shall be entitled to specific performance of this Agreement without the posting of any bond.
- 4.10 Entire Agreement. This Agreement sets forth the entire understanding of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof. There are no agreements, representations, warranties, covenants or understandings with respect to the subject matter hereof or thereof other than those expressly set forth herein and therein. This Agreement supersedes all other prior agreements and understandings between the parties with respect to such subject matter.
- 4.11 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to any Person or circumstance or in any jurisdiction, shall be held to be invalid or unenforceable to any extent, (i) the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby, and each other provision hereof shall be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law, (ii) as to such Person or circumstance or in such jurisdiction such provision shall be reformed to be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law and (iii) the application of such provision to other Persons or circumstances or in other jurisdictions shall not be affected thereby.
- 4.12 <u>Table of Contents</u>, <u>Headings and Captions</u>. The table of contents, headings, subheadings and captions contained in this Agreement are included for convenience of reference only, and in no way define, limit or describe the scope of this Agreement or the intent of any provision hereof.

- 4.13 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement and any amendment hereto may be signed in any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one Agreement (or amendment, as applicable). Counterparts may be delivered via electronic mail (including pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, e.g., www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.
  - 4.14 Effectiveness. This Agreement shall become effective upon the Effective Date.
- 4.15 No Recourse. Notwithstanding anything that may be expressed or implied in this Agreement or otherwise, and notwithstanding the fact that Corsair LP is an exempted limited partnership, each party hereto covenants, agrees and acknowledges that no recourse under this Agreement or any documents or instruments delivered by any Person pursuant hereto or otherwise shall be had against any of EagleTree or any of its former, current or future direct or indirect equity holders, Controlling Persons, stockholders, directors, officers, employees, agents, Affiliates, members, financing sources, managers, general or limited partners or assignees (each a "Related Party" and collectively, the "Related Parties"), in each case other than (subject, for the avoidance of doubt, to the provisions of this Agreement) each party hereto or any of its respective assignees under this Agreement, whether by the enforcement of any assessment or by any legal or equitable proceeding, or by virtue of any applicable law, it being expressly agreed and acknowledged that no personal liability whatsoever shall attach to, be imposed on or otherwise be incurred by any of the Related Parties, as such, for any obligation or liability of any party hereto or any of its respective assignees under this Agreement or any documents or instruments delivered by any Person pursuant hereto for any claim based on, in respect of or by reason of such obligations or liabilities or their creation; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 4.15 shall relieve or otherwise limit the liability of any party hereto or any of its respective assignees for any breach or violation of its obligations under such agreements, documents or instruments.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, III	le parties nereto nave executed this .	Agreement on the day an	a vear mist above written.

CORSAIR GAMING, INC.

By:	
	Name:
	Title:

CORSAIR GROUP	(CAVMAN) LP
CONSAIN GROUI	(CALMAI), LI

EagleTree-Carbide (GP), LLC, its General Partner EagleTree Partners IV (GP), LP, its Sole Member EagleTree Partners IV Ultimate GP, LLC, its General Partner By:

By:

By:

Name: Title:

# CORSAIR GAMING, INC. EQUITY INCENTIVE PROGRAM

WHEREAS, Corsair Group (Cayman), LP (the "Partnership") adopted the Program in 2017;

WHEREAS, in connection with a reorganization among the Partnership and its affiliates (the "Reorganization"), the Partnership assigned to Corsair Gaming, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and the Company assumed from the Partnership, the Program and all outstanding Awards granted under the Program (the date of such assignment and assumption, the "Effective Date"); and

WHEREAS, the Company will not make any new Awards under the Program following the Effective Date.

- NOW, THEREFORE, the Company will maintain the Program (as set forth herein) to govern the terms of the Awards granted to selected Employees, directors, independent contractors, consultants and/or agents of the Company or its Affiliates prior to the Effective Date.
- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. Terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein will have the meanings specified in the applicable Award Agreement or as set forth below:
  - "Acquiror" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).
- "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by or is under common Control with such Person.
  - "Approved Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).
  - "Award" means any right granted under the Program, including a grant of Options.
- "Award Agreement" means a written unit award agreement entered into between the Partnership and a holder of an Award evidencing the terms and conditions of such Award and which has been assumed by the Company in connection with the Reorganization. Each Award Agreement will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Program.
- "CEO" means the Company's Chief Executive Officer or another officer of the Company specifically authorized from time to time by the Compensation Committee to exercise approval rights under the Program.
- "Change of Control" means any transaction or series of transactions in which any independent Third Party in the aggregate acquires more than 50% of the equity interests of the Company (whether by merger, liquidation, consolidation, reorganization, combination, sale or transfer of Shares or Company equity securities or otherwise). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change of Control shall not occur for purposes of this Program unless such Change of Control constitutes a "change in control event' under Section 409A of the Code.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Compensation Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### "Continuous Service" means:

(a) in the case of a Grantee who is an Employee, that the service of such Grantee as an Employee of the Company or its Affiliates is not interrupted or terminated for any reason, including death or disability. The Compensation Committee will have the power to determine in its sole discretion whether Continuous Service will be considered interrupted in the case of (i) any leave of absence, including sick leave, military leave, maternity leave or any other personal leave or change in status to a director or consultant, (ii) intercompany transfers between the Company, its Affiliates and their successors, and (iii) any transaction to which the Company is a party. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (A) the service of an Employee will not be deemed to be interrupted for any period for which the Employee is eligible for payments under the short-term disability plan for Employees of the Company generally or as otherwise required by law (such period, a "Disability Period") and (B) any Disability Period will not count toward any period required to satisfy any vesting requirement under an Award, except as approved by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion; and

(b) in the case of a Grantee who is not an Employee, such additional conditions as to forfeiture that the Compensation Committee may determine in its sole discretion and are set forth in the Grantee's Award Agreement.

"Control" (including the terms "Controlled by" and "under common Control with") means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management policies or affairs of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Drag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(b).

"Drag-Along Right" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Drag-Along Stockholder" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a)

"Employee" means any natural person employed by the Company or any Affiliate of the Company. Neither service as a director or consultant, nor payment of a director's or consultant's fee, will be sufficient in and of themselves to constitute "employment" by the Company or any of its Affiliates.

"Exercise Price" means the purchase price payable upon exercise of an Option as set forth in the applicable Grantee's Award Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" means, as of any given day, (a) the Public Market Value per Share if the Share is traded or quoted on any Stock Exchange or any over-the-counter market or (b) if the Share is not traded or quoted on any Stock Exchange or any over-the-counter market on the day as of which the determination of Fair Market Value is to be made pursuant to the Program, the amount determined solely and definitively by the Compensation Committee to be the fair market value of a Share, in its sole discretion.

"Grantee" means any recipient of an Award.

"Option" means the right to purchase Shares upon exercise of an option granted pursuant to this Program.

"Optionee" means the optionee named in an agreement evidencing an outstanding Option.

"Original Incentives" has the meaning set forth in Section 7(b).

"Partnership Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Agreement of Exempted Limited Partnership Agreement of Corsair Group (Cayman) LP (as currently in effect and as may be amended from time to time).

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association, trust, unincorporated organization or other entity.

"Program" means this Equity Incentive Program.

"Public Market Value" means, as of any given day, the reported per Share closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on which such Shares are traded or quoted (or, if there is no reported closing price on that day, then on the last preceding day on which such a closing price was reported) or if the Shares are traded or quoted in the over-the-counter market, the average of the closing bid and asked prices of such Shares, in each case for the five trading days prior to but excluding the day on which the determination of Public Market Value is to be made pursuant to the Program (or, if there is no reported trades on a particular trading day in such five-day period, the most recent period of five trading days on which there are reported trades).

"Repurchase Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c).

"Repurchase Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(b).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Seller" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c).

"Stock Exchange" means the New York Stock Exchange, The Nasdaq Global Select Market or any other national securities exchange or dealer quotation system.

"Subcommittee" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(c).

"Subsidiary" of a Person means another Person whose results of operations are required by U.S. GAAP to be consolidated with the results of operations of the first Person.

"Successor Award" means Awards made by the Compensation Committee as contemplated by Section 3(a).

"Surrendered Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c).

"Third Party." means a prospective third party purchaser of equity interests of the Company in an arm's-length transaction where such purchaser is not the Company, the Partnership, or any of their respective Affiliates.

"Shares" means shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of the Company.

- "U.S. GAAP" means accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.
- 2. <u>Administration</u>. (a) The Program will be administered by the Compensation Committee unless and until the Compensation Committee delegates administration to a Subcommittee, the Board of Directors of the Company or the CEO as provided in Section 2(c).
  - (b) The Compensation Committee will have the power, subject to, and within the limitations of, the express provisions of the Program:
  - (i) To determine from time to time (A) which Persons will be granted Awards, provided, that such Persons are officers, Employees, independent contractors or non-employee directors of the Company or of any of its Affiliates; provided further, that Awards may be granted only to eligible persons who are not employed by the Company or a Subsidiary if such persons perform substantial services for the Company or a Subsidiary, in each case, subject to the limitations set forth in Rule 701 of the Securities Act, (B) when and how each Award will be granted, (C) the number of Awards, (D) the class of Shares to which such Award is made and (E) the other terms of each Award granted (which need not be identical), including the time or times when an Award will vest or be exercisable;

- (ii) To construe and interpret the Program and to establish, amend and revoke rules and regulations for the Program's administration. The Compensation Committee, in the exercise of this power, may (A) correct any defect, omission or inconsistency in the Program or in any Award Agreement in a manner and to the extent it may deem necessary or expedient to make the Program fully effective (and it will be the sole and final judge of such expediency) and (B) make any other determination that the Compensation Committee is authorized to make under the Program (including without limitation any determination under Section 4(b));
  - (iii) To amend the Program as provided in Section 7(i); and
- (iv) To exercise such powers and to perform such acts as the Compensation Committee deems necessary or expedient to promote the best interests of the Company which are not in conflict with the express terms of the Program.
- (c) The Compensation Committee may, but will not be required to, delegate administration of the Program to the CEO, the Board of Directors of the Company or one or more committees appointed by the Compensation Committee (a "Subcommittee"). The Subcommittee will have, in connection with the administration of the Program, the powers theretofore possessed by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee may abolish any Subcommittee at any time and revert in the Compensation Committee the administration of the Program.
- (d) None of the directors or direct or indirect stakeholders of the Company, the CEO or any other Person acting pursuant to authority delegated by the Compensation Committee will be personally liable for any action or determination under the Program. Accordingly, by accepting an Award, a Grantee will be deemed without further action to have irrevocably agreed that no claim or demand may be made hereunder or in respect of any Award against any Person other than the Company itself.
- 3. <u>Awards</u>. (a) <u>Successor Awards</u>. Any portion of an Award that is forfeited or cancelled for any reason may be awarded by the Compensation Committee to another Grantee. Any such award is hereafter referred to as a "<u>Successor Award</u>." The provisions hereof applicable to Awards will also apply to Successor Awards, and as used herein the term "<u>Awards</u>" will include any Successor Awards and any Award amended as herein contemplated.
- (b) <u>Conditions Applicable to Awards</u>. All Awards, including Options, will be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Program and to such other conditions as are reflected in the Award Agreement. The following provisions are also applicable to all Awards:
  - (i) <u>Requirement of Employment or other Engagement</u>. If the Grantee's Continuous Service terminates prior to the fulfillment of the conditions for vesting of Awards, as set forth in the specific Award Agreement, all Awards held by the Grantee that are still subject to vesting will be forfeited and will be deemed without further action to have been immediately transferred to the Company. Such Awards will revert to and again become available for issuance as Successor Awards under the Program in accordance with Section 3(b).

However, the Compensation Committee may provide for partial or complete exceptions to this requirement as it deems equitable.

- (ii) <u>Consideration</u>. By accepting an Award, a Grantee will be deemed without further action to have irrevocably agreed that he or she has not been given any consideration (including without limitation past services or continued employment) for an Award.
- (c) Options. The Compensation Committee may, from time to time and upon such terms and conditions as it may determine, authorize the granting of Options. Each such grant will be subject to all of the requirements contained in Section 3(b), the following provisions and such other terms as the Compensation Committee may determine.
  - (i) Each grant will specify the number of Shares to which it pertains, subject to the limitations set forth in this Program.
  - (ii) Each grant will specify an Exercise Price per Share, which may not be less than the Fair Market Value on the Date of Grant (as set forth in the applicable Award Agreement), as determined by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion. The Exercise Price may be payable (A) in cash, (B) by the actual or constructive transfer to the Company of Shares owned by the Optionee for at least six months having a value at the time of exercise equal to the total Exercise Price, or (C) by a combination of such methods of payment or by any other method of payment determined by the Compensation Committee. Any grant may provide for deferred payment of the Exercise Price from the proceeds of sale through a broker on a date satisfactory to the Company of some or all of the Shares to which such exercise relates or such other methods approved by the Compensation Committee.
  - (iii) Each grant will specify the period or periods of Continuous Service by the Optionee with the Company necessary before the Options or installments thereof will become exercisable at or after grant and may provide for earlier exercise of the Option, including without limitation in the event of a Change of Control or similar event.
  - (iv) Options granted under this Program will be options that are not intended to qualify as "incentive stock options" under Section 422 of the Code or any successor provision.
  - (v) Except as otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee, no Option will be transferable by the Optionee except by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Except as otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee, Options will be exercisable during the Optionee's lifetime only by the Optionee or, in the event of the Optionee's legal incapacity to do so, the Optionee's guardian or legal representative acting on behalf of the Optionee in a fiduciary capacity under state law and court supervision.

- (vi) No Option will be exercisable more than ten years after the Date of Grant.
- (vii) The Compensation Committee may provide for the payment of dividend equivalents with respect to Options granted under this Program and may provide for deferred issuances or settlement of any such dividend equivalents and interest paid on deferred amounts, in each case subject to Section 409A of the Code.
- (viii) Any Award Agreement may specify performance conditions that must be satisfied as a condition to the exercise or early exercise of the Option.

Nothing in this Section 3(c) limits the authority of the Compensation Committee pursuant to any other provisions hereof in respect of any type of Award other than Options.

- 4. <u>Shares Available for Awards</u>. (a) <u>Shares Subject to Issuance or Transfer</u>. The aggregate number of Shares that may be issued or transferred under the Program shall not exceed 10,029,388 Shares (subject to adjustment as contemplated by Section 4(b)), which number represents the aggregate number of Shares subject to outstanding Awards immediately following the Reorganization. For the avoidance of doubt, no new Awards will be granted under the Program following the Effective Date.
- (b) Adjustments Upon Changes in Capitalization or Other Events. Subject to the other provisions of this Section 4(b), upon changes in the capitalization of the Company or the Shares, including without limitation by reason of a Change of Control, recapitalization, merger, spin-off, split-off, split-up, consolidation, combination or exchange of Shares, reorganization or liquidation, distribution or such other event as the Compensation Committee determines to require action as hereafter provided, including without limitation a Change of Control involving the Company or its Affiliates, the number, type or class of Shares available under the Program as to which Awards may be made (both in the aggregate and to any one Grantee), the number, type or class of Shares under each then-outstanding Award or such other term of any Award as the Compensation Committee determines to require action as hereafter provided will be correspondingly adjusted by the Compensation Committee if and to the extent that the Compensation Committee determines in its sole discretion, that such adjustment is appropriate to equitably reflect such event. In no event, however, will any change be required as the result of the Company's issuance of Shares under this Program or of Common or Preferred Shares or other equity securities to any Person in a transaction not otherwise described in this Section 4(b) for value determined by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion to constitute fair consideration therefor. Further, upon the occurrence of any transaction described in this Section 4(b), the Compensation Committee, in its sole discretion, may take any of the following actions (in each case to the extent that any such action would not cause the award to fail to comply with Section 409A of the Code):
  - (i) Provide that any Award will vest and, to the extent applicable, be exercisable as to all Shares covered thereby, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Program or the provisions of such Award;

- (ii) Provide for the cancellation of any vested Award (including any Award vested pursuant to Section 4(b)(i)) in exchange for either an amount of cash or other property with a value equal to the amount that could have been obtained upon the exercise or settlement of such Award or realization of the Grantee's rights had such Award been currently exercisable, payable and fully vested, as applicable; provided that, if the amount that could have been obtained upon the exercise or settlement of such Award or realization of the Grantee's rights, in any case, is equal to or less than zero, then such Award may be terminated without payment;
- (iii) Provide that such Award be assumed by the successor or survivor corporation, or a parent or Subsidiary thereof, or be substituted for by awards covering the equity of the successor or survivor corporation, or a parent or Subsidiary thereof, with appropriate adjustments as to the number and kind of shares or units and applicable exercise or purchase price, in all cases, as determined by the Compensation Committee;
- (iv) Provide for the cancellation of all or any portion of outstanding Awards in exchange for a replacement award or replacement awards to be granted under a replacement program or replacement programs of the Company or any of Affiliates providing such terms and conditions as the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion, deems equitable to reflect any of the events described in this Section 4(b); or
  - (v) Any combination of the foregoing.
- 5. <u>Drag-Along Rights</u>. (a) If the Compensation Committee determines, in its sole discretion, that it would be in the best interests of the Company to engage in a Change of Control or to otherwise realize the investment in the Company through a sale of the Shares to a Third Party purchaser (any such sale, an "<u>Approved Sale</u>," and any such Third Party purchaser, an "<u>Acquiror</u>"), then the Compensation Committee will have the right (the "<u>Drag-Along Right</u>"), subject to all of the provisions of this Section 5, to require each Grantee (each, a "<u>Drag-Along Stockholder</u>") to sell, transfer and deliver or cause to be sold, transferred and delivered to such Acquiror the same percentage of Shares held by such Grantee as is equal to the percentage of Shares held by the Partnership that is being sold to the Acquiror, and each Drag-Along Stockholder will agree to and will be bound by the same terms, provisions and conditions in respect of such Approved Sale as are applicable to the Partnership and to raise no objection to such Approved Sale. Each Drag-Along Stockholder will further agree to (i) take all necessary actions (including executing documents) in connection with the consummation of the proposed transaction as may be reasonably requested of it by the Compensation Committee and (ii) appoint the Compensation Committee as its attorney in fact to do the same on its behalf. If the Approved Sale is structured as a (A) de-

registration of the Company in order to transfer and continue the Company in another jurisdiction, including in order to effect a merger or consolidation of the Company in such foreign jurisdiction, each Drag-Along Stockholder will, if requested, provide their consent to the de-registration and transfer of the Company and waive any and all dissenters' rights, appraisal rights or similar rights, to the extent there are any, in connection with any such merger or consolidation or (B) sale of Shares, each Drag-Along Stockholder will agree to sell all of its Shares or rights to acquire Shares on the terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee (or its pro rata portion thereof if such Approved Sale involves less than all of the Shares). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Compensation Committee may determine in its sole discretion to sell all or any portion of the assets of the Company (including the equity securities of the Company) or its Subsidiaries. Following any such asset sale, the Compensation Committee will cause the Company to promptly distribute the net proceeds of such asset sale to the Grantee and the other investors in the Company on a pro rata basis (based on their respective ownership of outstanding Shares).

- (b) If the Compensation Committee desires to exercise its Drag-Along Rights, it will give written notice to the Drag-Along Stockholders ("<u>Drag-Along Notice</u>") of the transfer or sale, setting forth the name and address of the Acquiror, the date on which such transaction is proposed to be consummated (which will be not less than 20 calendar days after the date such Drag-Along Notice is given) and the proposed amount of consideration and copies of any form of agreement proposed to be executed in connection therewith.
  - (c) In connection with any Approved Sale:
  - (i) each Drag-Along Stockholder will agree to bear its pro rata portion of the costs of any Approved Sale to the extent such costs are not otherwise paid by the Company or the Acquiror;
  - (ii) Grantee will not be required to make any representations or warranties or, except as set forth below, to provide any indemnities in connection with an Approved Sale other than with respect to title to any Shares being conveyed, the absence of any liens thereon and its authority to enter into and consummate the sale;
    - (iii) Grantee will not be required to be bound by any non-solicitation, non-competition or similar restrictive covenants; and
  - (iv) any indemnification provided by the Grantees (other than with respect to the representations referenced in Section 5(c)(ii)) will be based on the relative purchase price being received by each Grantee in the Approved Sale (in their capacity as a Grantee), either on a several, not joint, basis or solely with recourse to an escrow established for the benefit of the proposed purchaser (each Grantee's contributions to such escrow to be on a pro rata basis in accordance with the proceeds received from such sale (in their capacity as a Grantee)), it being understood and agreed that any such indemnification obligation of a Grantee (including for this purpose any indemnification obligation in respect of the representations referenced in Section 5(c)(ii)) will in no event exceed the net proceeds to such Grantee from such Approved Sale.

- (d) In the event that the Compensation Committee determines in its sole discretion that it would be in the interests of the Company to engage in a Change of Control involving the Partnership, the Compensation Committee will make appropriate arrangements to ensure that the Grantees will be entitled to transfer their Shares in connection with such Change of Control at the same time, for the same price per Share and subject to the same terms and conditions, as the [limited partners of the Partnership.
- 6. Redemption or Transfer of Awards. (a) Upon any termination of a Grantee's Continuous Service with the Company for any reason or no reason, the Company may elect, at any time within the later of (i) one year after such termination or (ii) 90 days following the exercise of any vested Option, to redeem or to require Grantee or Grantee's permitted successors to transfer and assign to the Company's designee, and Grantee or Grantee's permitted successors or assigns will in any such case sell, all or any portion of the vested Awards and/or Shares issued thereunder owned by Grantee or Grantee's permitted successors or assigns in accordance with this Section 6. Except as may be otherwise provided in an Award Agreement, the price at which such ested Awards and/or Shares issued thereunder may be redeemed or transferred will be an amount equal to the product of (A) the Fair Market Value of such Shares issued or issuable thereunder as of the date of such termination of such Continuous Service less any applicable Exercise Price, multiplied by (B) the number of vested or exercisable Awards and/or Shares issued thereunder so redeemed or transferred.
- (b) If the Company elects to exercise its right to compulsorily redeem vested or exercisable Awards and/or Shares issued thereunder pursuant to this Section 6, the Company will deliver a written redemption notice (a "Redemption Notice") to Grantee or Grantee's permitted successor or assign to such effect.
- (c) The vested or exercisable Awards and/or Shares issued thereunder that are specified in the Redemption Notice as being subject to compulsory redemption (the "Surrendered Shares") will be redeemed within 10 business days after the determination of the Fair Market Value (the "Redemption Date"). On the Redemption Date, Grantee or Grantee's permitted successor or assign (the "Seller") will, in respect of such Surrendered Shares (i) represent and warrant to the Company that the Seller has good and valid title to such Surrendered Shares free and clear of any liens, except as provided in this Program, and (ii) to the extent the Company is not then holding the applicable certificates (if any) in trust, deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates representing the Surrendered Shares owned by the Seller on such date against payment by the Company of the redemption amount payable to the Seller, in cash or check. All certificates (if any) for Surrendered Shares will be duly endorsed in favor of the Company by the Seller in whose name such certificate or certificates is registered, or be accompanied by a duly executed Shares or security assignment in favor of the Company, in each case, with the signature thereon guaranteed by a

commercial bank or trust company or a member of a national securities exchange. If any Seller fails to deliver such certificate or certificates to the Company within the time required, the Company will cause its books and records to show that the applicable Surrendered Shares are bound by the provisions of this Section 6 and that the Surrendered Shares, until transferred to the Company, will not be entitled to any proxy, dividend or other rights from the date by which such certificate or certificates should have been delivered to the Company.

- 7. General Provisions. (a) Prohibitions Against Transfer. The Awards and any Shares issued thereunder (or any interest therein), may not be assigned, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred except as expressly permitted herein, in the Award Agreement, or in any other agreement entered into by Grantee and the Company relating to such Shares. The Compensation Committee may, in its sole discretion, grant to or withhold from any Grantee rights to transfer or convey the Shares issued thereunder and will not unreasonably withhold its approval of a Grantee's transfer of Shares issued thereunder to a trust established for charitable or estate planning purposes so long as (i) such Grantee is the sole trustee and, accordingly, has sole voting and other dispositive powers over the Shares issued thereunder to be so transferred and (ii) the terms of the trust expressly acknowledge and agree to the limitations herein and in the applicable Award Agreement. Each certificate for Shares and Awards issued or transferred under an Award will contain a legend giving appropriate notice of the restrictions applicable to the Shares and such Award. The Compensation Committee may, in its sole discretion, require that such certificates be placed into escrow with the Company.
- (b) <u>Substitute Awards</u>. The Compensation Committee may make an Award to an employee of another company who becomes eligible for the receipt of Awards by reason of a merger, consolidation, acquisition of Shares or property, Share exchange, reorganization or liquidation involving the Company in substitution for a stock or unit option, stock or unit appreciation right, performance award or other equity award previously granted by such company (the "<u>Original Incentives</u>"). The terms and conditions of the substitute Award may vary from the terms and conditions required by the Program and from those of the Original Incentives. The Compensation Committee will prescribe the exact provisions of the substitute Awards, preserving the provisions of the Original Incentives to the extent required.
- (c) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of the Program or Award Agreement, or any term or condition of any Award granted or form executed or to be executed thereunder, or any application thereof to any Person or circumstances is invalid, such provision, term, condition or application will to that extent be void (or, in the discretion of the Compensation Committee, such provision, term or condition may be amended so as to avoid such invalidity or failure), and will not affect the other provisions, terms or conditions or applications thereof, and to this extent such provisions, terms and conditions are severable.
- (d) Effectiveness of Award. No Award will be valid until an Award Agreement is duly executed by the Company and the Grantee. Thereafter, such Award will be effective as of the effective date set forth in the Award Agreement.

- (e) Compliance with Law. The Program and the obligations of the Company hereunder will be subject to all applicable laws and to approvals by any governmental or regulatory agency as may be required. Nothing herein will be deemed to require the Company to apply for or to obtain any listing, registration, qualification or other action to issue Shares or any other consideration thereunder. The Company may require that certificates evidencing Awards or Shares delivered pursuant to any Award made hereunder bear a legend indicating that the sale, transfer or other disposition thereof by the holder is prohibited except in compliance with the Securities Act. By accepting an Award, a Grantee will be deemed to have represented and warranted that such Person is acquiring the Award and/or Shares subject to the Award, as the case may be, for his or her own account for investment and not with any present intention of selling or otherwise distributing the same.
- (f) <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Program will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to its choice of law provisions that would result in the application of another jurisdiction's law to this Program.
- (g) Statutorily Required Withholding Taxes. No Shares will be delivered under the Program to any Grantee or successor Grantee upon any grant, exercise, or settlement of an Award until such Grantee or successor Grantee has made arrangements acceptable to the Compensation Committee for the satisfaction of any statutorily required foreign, federal, state, or local income and employment tax or other withholding obligations, including, without limitation, obligations incident to the receipt of Shares. Upon grant of an Award or such other time as to which withholding may be required by law, the Company will withhold or collect from Grantee an amount in cash sufficient to satisfy such tax obligations. The Compensation Committee may, in its discretion and subject to such rules as the Compensation Committee may adopt, permit the Grantee to satisfy, in whole or in part, any withholding tax obligation which may arise in connection with the grant, exercise, or settlement of an Award by surrendering to the Company, or by electing to have the Company withhold, Shares having a Fair Market Value equal to the amount of the withholding tax (but only to the extent that such action would not result in an accounting compensation charge for financial reporting purposes with respect to the Shares used to satisfy the statutorily required withholding unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee) or provide that the Company will be responsible for all or a portion of such taxes.
- (h) Other Tax Matters. The Program is intended to be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code and will be construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent. Grants under this Plan will be treated in a manner that will be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code, including proposed, temporary or final regulations or any other guidance issued by the Secretary of Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service with respect thereto (the "Guidance"). Any provision of the Program that would cause a grant or any other payment under the Program to fail to be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code will have no force and effect until amended to be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code (which amendment may be retroactive to the extent permitted by the Guidance).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein will create any obligation by the Company or any of its Affiliates to any participant should any grant or other payment fail to be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code.

- (i) Amendments. Without limiting the generality or effect of any other provision contained herein, including, without limitation, the authority granted to the Compensation Committee pursuant to Section 2, the Program or the Award Agreements collectively may be amended in any respect the Compensation Committee deems necessary or advisable without the consent of any Grantee; provided that such amendment applies on substantially the same terms to all then-existing and any subsequently entered into Award Agreements. Any such amendment will be binding on the Company and all Grantees, and no Grantee will have any cause of action against the Company or any other Person for any action taken by such Person in reliance upon or as a result of any such amendment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any amendment to the Program requires stockholder approval in order to comply with applicable law or the Stock Exchange upon which the Company's Shares are then listed, then such amendment shall be subject to approval of the stockholders of the Company and will not be effective unless and until such approval has been obtained.
- (j) Foreign Employees. In order to facilitate the grant of any Award under this Program, the Compensation Committee may provide for such special terms for Options to Grantees who are foreign nationals or who are employed by the Company outside of the United States, as the Compensation Committee may consider necessary or appropriate to accommodate differences in local law, tax policy or custom. Moreover, the Compensation Committee may approve such supplements to or amendments, restatements or alternative versions of this Program as it may consider necessary or appropriate for such purposes, without thereby affecting the terms of this Program as in effect for any other purpose, and the secretary or other appropriate officer of the Company may certify any such document as having been approved and adopted in the same manner as this Program. No such special terms, supplements, amendments or restatements, however, shall include any provisions that are inconsistent with the terms of this Program as then in effect unless this Program could have been amended to eliminate such inconsistency without further approval by the stockholders of the Company.

# Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Corsair Gaming, Inc.:

We consent to the use of our report on the combined consolidated balance sheets of Corsair Gaming, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related combined consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes, included herein and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the prospectus. Our report refers to a change in the method of accounting for revenue recognition as of January 1, 2019. Our report refers to a change in the method of accounting for revenue recognition as of January 1, 2019.

/s/ KPMG LLP San Francisco, California September 18, 2020

# Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the inclusion in this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of Corsair Gaming, Inc. of our report dated May 13, 2020, with respect to our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Scuf Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 18, 2019 and for the period January 1, 2019 through December 18, 2019.

We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ Cherry Bekaert LLP

Atlanta, Georgia September 18, 2020

## CONSENT OF DIRECTOR NOMINEE

Corsair Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (the "Registration Statement") with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), in connection with the initial public offering ("IPO") of its common stock. In connection with the IPO, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to being named as a nominee to the board of directors of the Company in the Registration Statement, as may be amended from time to time. I also consent to the filing of this consent as an exhibit to such Registration Statement and any amendments thereto.

Dated: September 18, 2020

By: /s/ Diana Bell

Diana Bell